## Please use python3 to execute the code.

In this problem, since it is similar to the previous one with 2 features and two classes 0 and 1. Here I use previous code with little variation in extracting the data form the csv files. All the conditions of bayesian classification are used as they were used in the previous problem.

For the performance analysis, I use the confusion matrix which is defined as M = [[true 0, false 1], [false 0, true 1]] and classification percentage.

Here this code was analysed for various cases as follows:

```
Case a: cov_0 = cov_1 = cov_1 = cov_1 = cov_1 = cov_2 = cov_3 = cov_4 = cov_3 = cov_4 = cov_
0.5*(cov[0][1] + cov[1][1]):
                                   the confusion matrix: [[47 0], [ 3 40]]
                                    the classification percentage of 0 and 1 resp.: 94.0 100.0
Case b : cov_0 = cov_1 = cov_1 = cov_1 = cov_1 = cov_2 = [a,0], [0,b] where cov_1 = cov_2 = cov_3 = cov_4 = cov_4 = cov_3 = cov_4 
cov[0][1] and b = cov[1][1]:
                                   the confusion matrix: [[50 1], [0 39]]
                                   the classification percentage of 0 and 1 resp.: 100.0 97.5
Case c-0: cov_0 = cov_1 = cov:
                                   the confusion matrix: [[50 1], [0 39]]
                                    the classification percentage of 0 and 1 resp.: 100.0 97.5
Case c-1: cov_1 = cov_0:
                                   the confusion matrix: [[50 1], [0 39]]
                                   the classification percentage of 0 and 1 resp.: 100.0 97.5
Case c-2: cov 0 = cov 1:
                                   the confusion matrix: [[45 0], [5 40]]
                                    the classification percentage of 0 and 1 resp.: 90.0 100.0
Case d: cov 0 and cov 1 are the true values calculating from the data:
                                    the confusion matrix: [[50 0], [0 40]]
                                   the classification percentage of 0 and 1 resp.: 100.0 100.0
```

From the above cases it is clear that using the true values of covariance matrices give the highest accuracy and it is 100%.