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Comp 4320 Homework 2

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- I. Transport layer protocols: TCP for HTTP and UDP for DNS

 Application layer protocols: HTTP and DNS
- 2. Time elapsed = DRTTs + Ti + RTT1 + RTT2 + ... + RTTN
- 3. a) Time elapsed = 2RTTs + 8Ti + RTT1 + RTT2 + ... + RTTN
 - b) Time elapsed = QRTTs + 3Ti + RTT1 + RTT2 + ... + RTTN
 - c) Time elapsed = 2RTTs + Ti + RTT1 + RTT2 + ... + RTTN
- 4. Tp: propagation delay

parallel download via parallel instances of nonpersistent HTTP:
$$\left(\frac{940}{430} + T_P + \frac{240}{430} + T_P + \frac{240}{430} + T_P + \frac{320000}{430} + T_P\right) + \left(\frac{340}{430/6} + T_P + \frac{340}{430/6} + T_P\right)$$

$$+\frac{240}{420/l_0} + T_P + \frac{32000}{420/l_0} + T_P$$
 => $\delta T_P + 5345.33$ seconds

parallel download via parallel instances of persistent HTTP:
$$\left(\frac{940}{430} + T_P + \frac{340}{430} + T_P + \frac{340}{430} + T_P + \frac{320000}{430} + T_P \right) + \left(\frac{340}{430} + T_P + \frac{330000}{430} + T_P \right)$$

 \Rightarrow [16Tp + 5338.50 second persistent HTTP does not show significant gains over the nonpersistent case.

- 5. a) Yes, Tom gains more shares of the bandwidth due to having more connections
 - b) Yes so that he keeps more shares of the bandwidth

(b. a) L/R: 15000000 birts/sec = 0.045 sec

average access delay: $\frac{0.05}{1.000}$ = 0.5 sec

average response time: 2 + 0.5 seconds = 2.5 seconds

Traffic intensity: 20 requests /sec (0.045 sec/requests) = 0.9

b) average access delay. $\frac{0.045}{1-(0.66)(0.9)} = 0.1123$ seconds average response time for each misses: 0.1123 seconds probability of response time for each 0.33 prob. of response time for each misses 0.33 average response time: $0(0.33) + 0.1123(0.66) \Rightarrow 1.39$ seconds