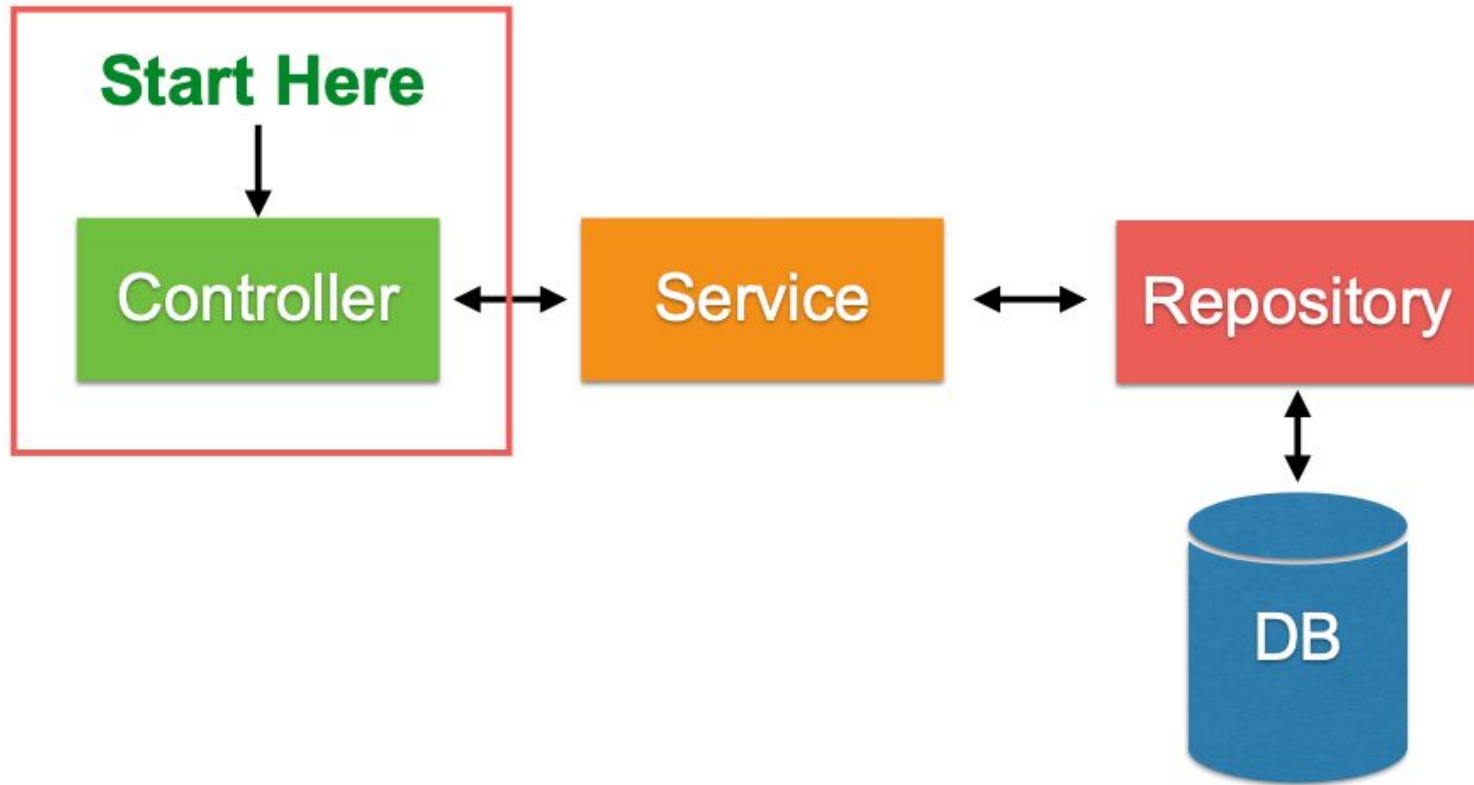


Spring Framework

Create first RESTful API

Basic structure of Spring Boot



1. Create REST Controller

HelloController.java

```
@RestController
public class HelloController {

    @GetMapping("/hello/{name}")
    public Hello sayHi(@PathVariable String name) {
        return new Hello("Hello, " + name);
    }
}
```

2. Create model class

Hello.java

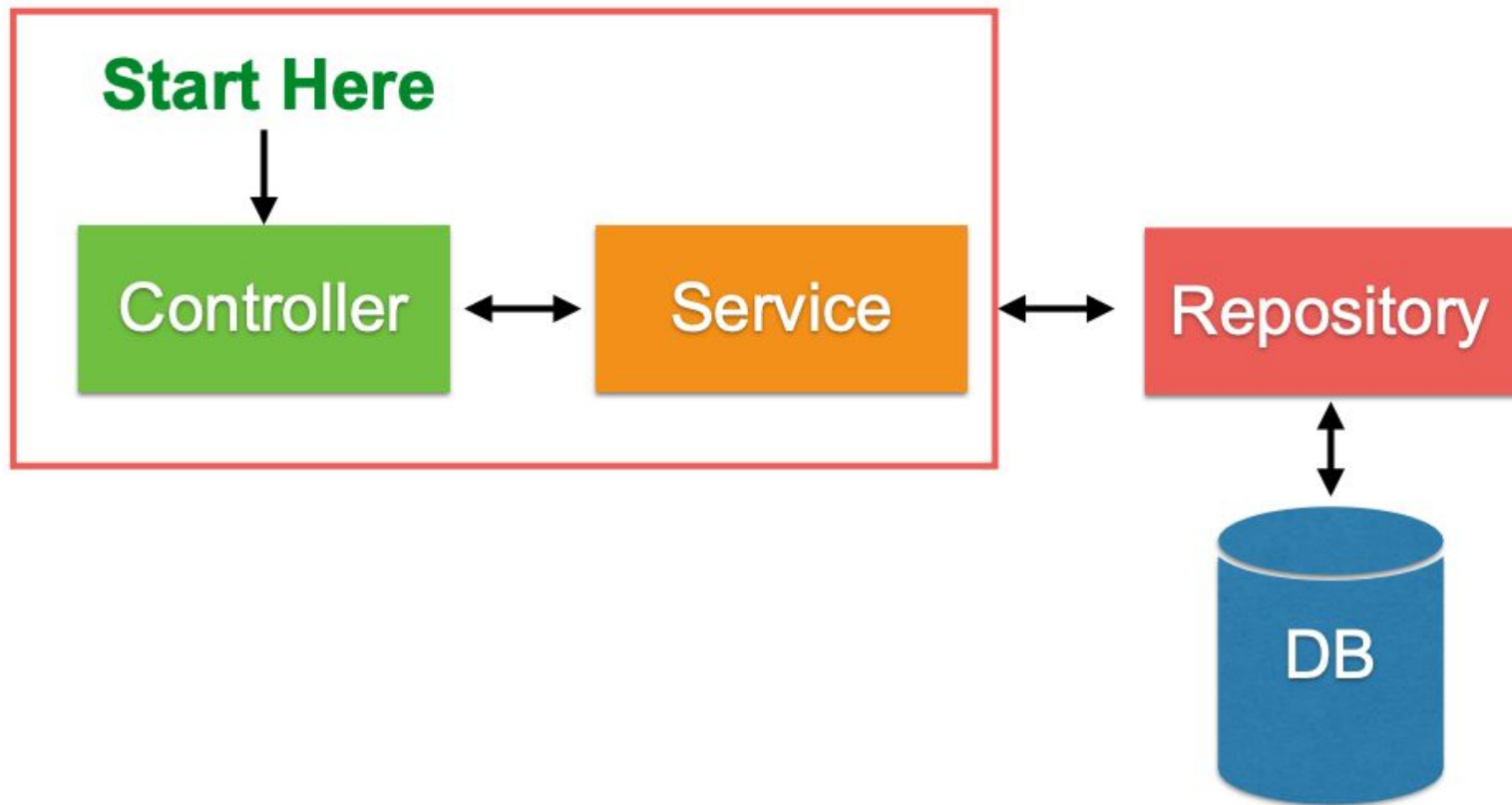
```
public class Hello {  
    private String message;  
  
    Hello(String message) {  
        this.message = message;  
    }  
  
    public String getMessage() {  
        return message;  
    }  
  
    public void setMessage(String message) {  
        this.message = message;  
    }  
}
```

3. Compile and Packaging

\$mvnw clean package

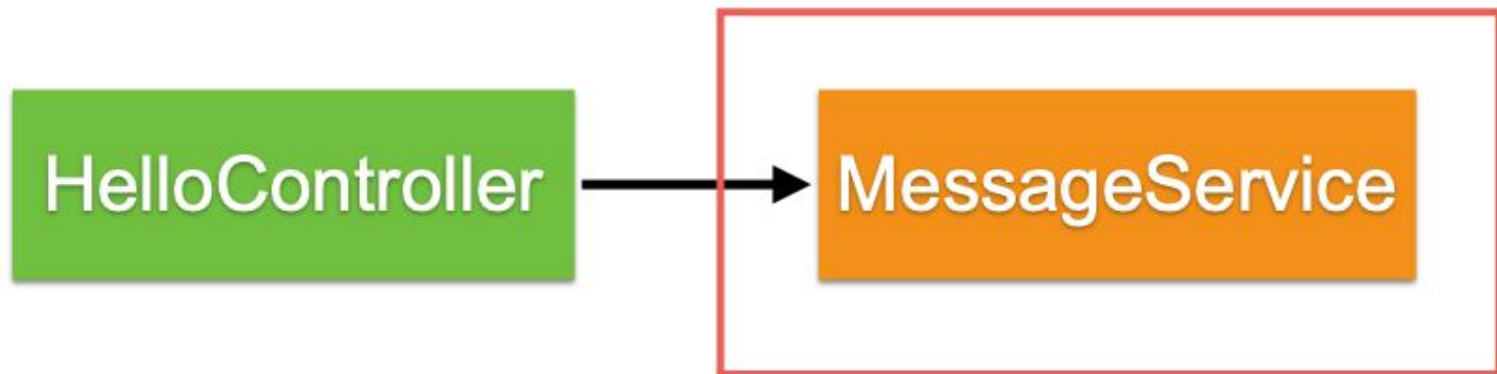
Move business logic to service

Working with service

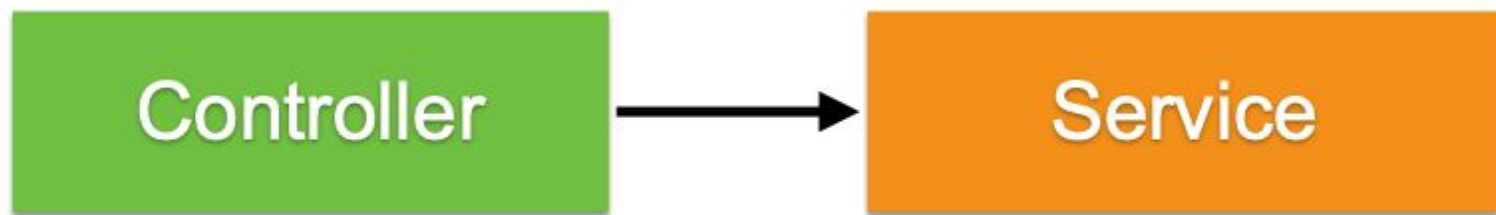


Move business logic to service

Service class or interface ?



Data Model for service ?

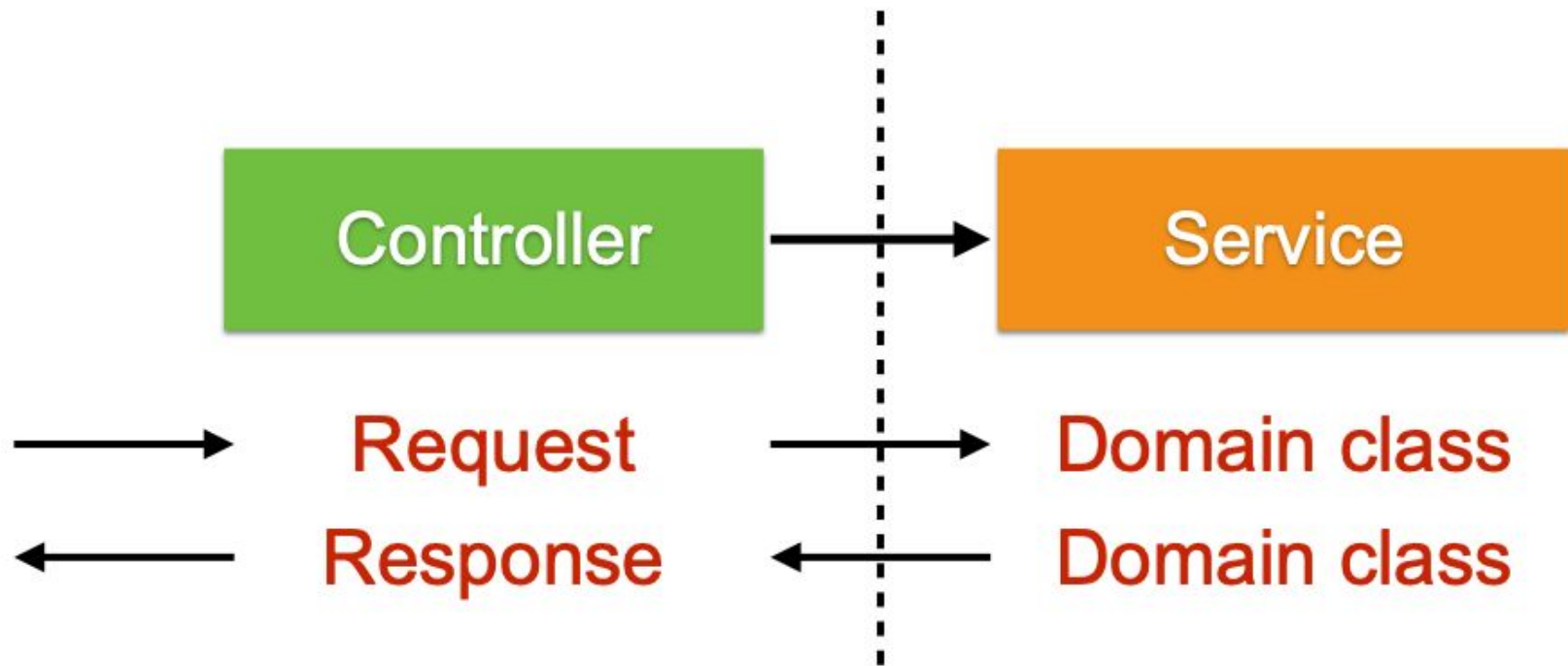


→ Request
← Response

Data Model ?

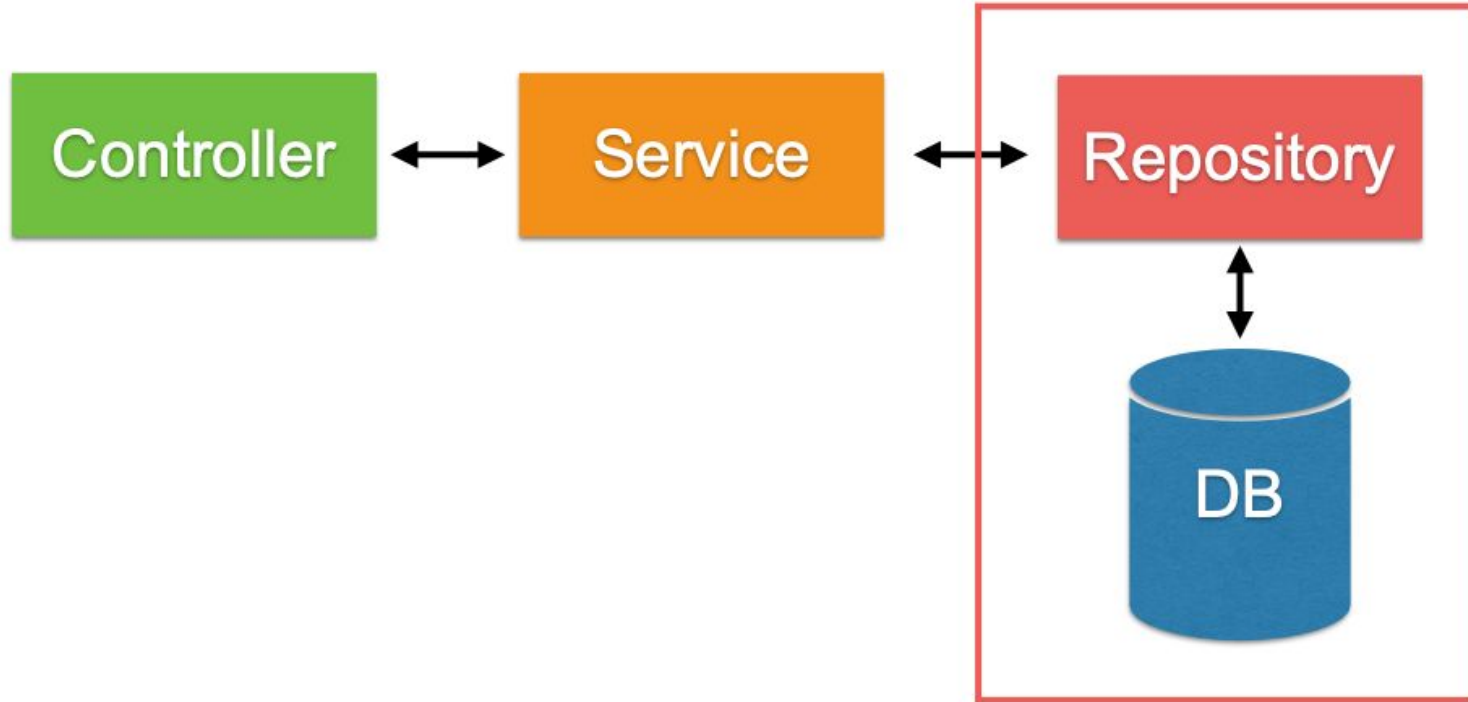


Data Model ?

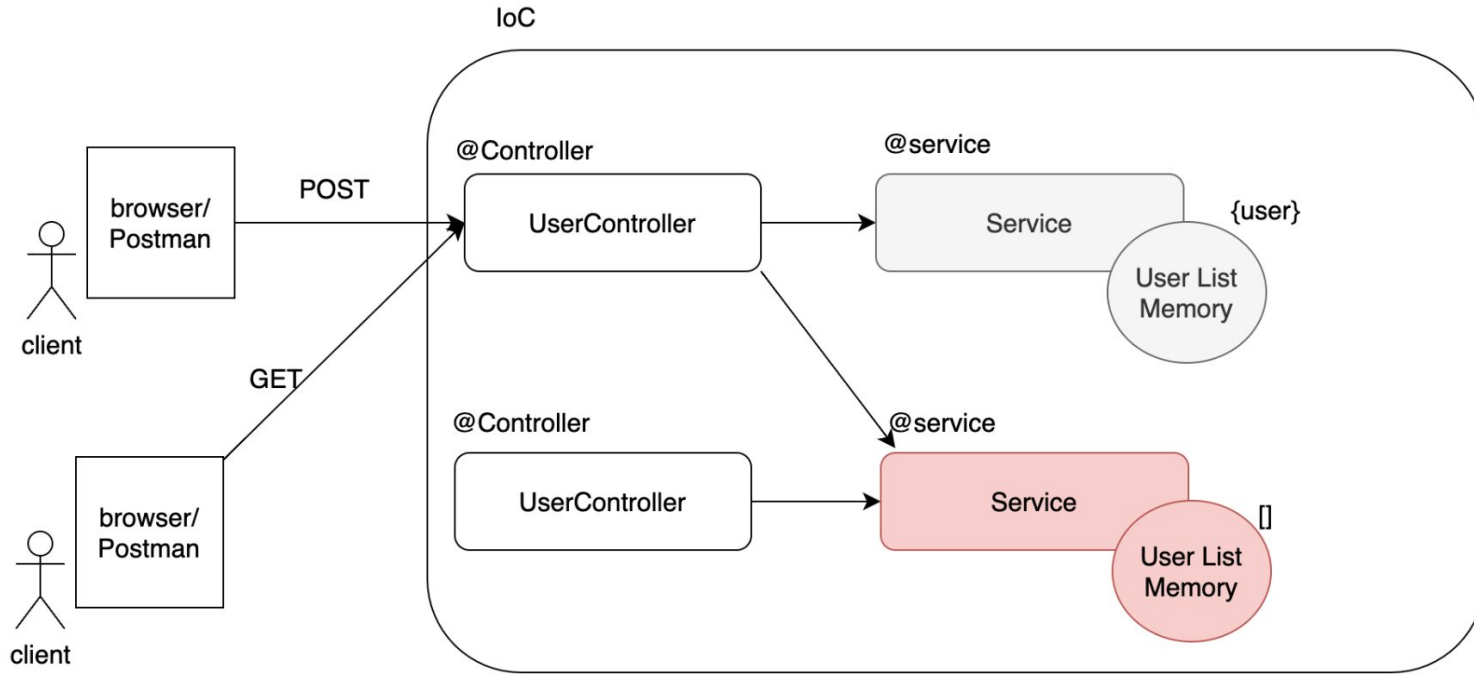


Working with Repository

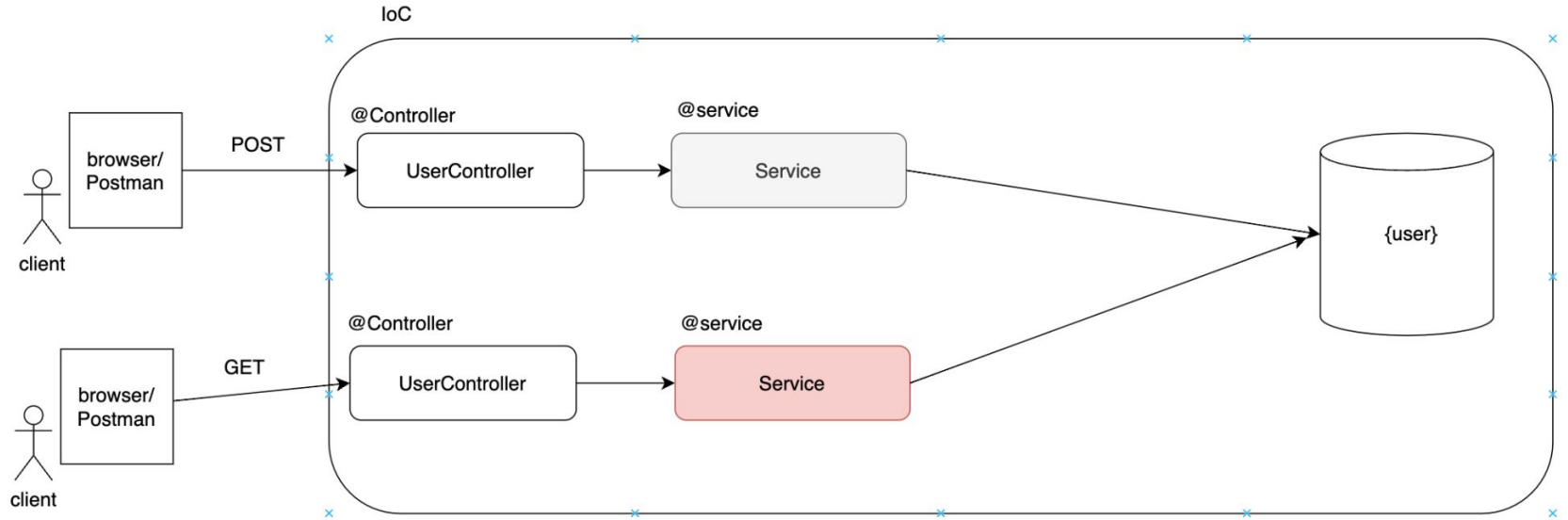
Working with repository



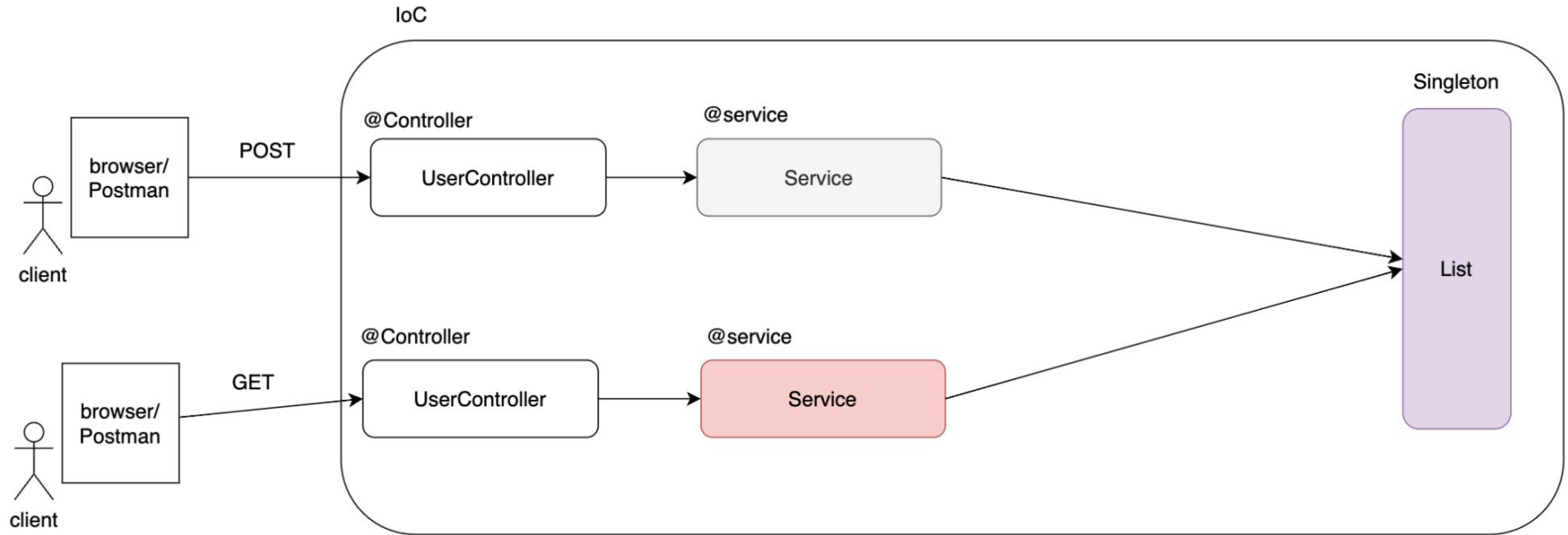
```
@Service
public class UserService {
    List users = new ArrayList<String>();
}
```



```
@Service
public class UserService {
    List users = new ArrayList<String>();
}
```




```
@Service
public class UserService {
    List users = new ArrayList<String>();
}
```



@Configuration

Indicates that the class can be used by the Spring IoC container as a source of bean definitions.

classes are processed by the Spring container to generate bean definitions and service requests for those beans at runtime.

```
public class MySingletonBean {  
    public void logMessage(String message) {  
        System.out.println("Message: " + message);  
    }  
}
```

Singleton

Ensures that a bean is instantiated only once in the Spring container.

Singleton beans are created only once and the same instance is returned for each subsequent request in the same Spring container.

```
@Configuration  
public class AppConfig {  
    @Bean  
    public MySingletonBean mySingletonBean() {  
        return new MySingletonBean();  
    }  
}
```

10 minutes

Break 10:35

User story

As a User,
I want User service API
So that I can a CRUD operation to user data

Design RESTFul APIs

Method	Path	Description
GET	/users	Get all users
GET	/users/{id}	Get user by id
POST	/users	Create new user
PUT	/users/{id}	Update user
DELETE	/users/{id}	Delete user by id

1. Create REST Controller

UserController.java

```
@RestController
public class UserController {

    @GetMapping("/users")
    public List<UserResponse> getAllUsers() {
        List<UserResponse> userResponseList = new ArrayList<>();
        userResponseList.add(new UserResponse(1,"demo 1", 30));
        userResponseList.add(new UserResponse(2,"demo 2", 35));
        return userResponseList;
    }
}
```

2. Create model class

UserResponse.java

```
public class UserResponse {  
    private int id;  
    private String name;  
    private int age;  
  
    public UserResponse() {  
    }  
  
    public UserResponse(int id, String name, int age) {  
        this.id = id;  
        this.name = name;  
        this.age = age;  
    }  
}
```


Open in browser

<http://localhost:8080/users>

```
[  
  {  
    "id": 1,  
    "name": "demo 1",  
    "age": 30  
  },  
  {  
    "id": 2,  
    "name": "demo 2",  
    "age": 35  
  }  
]
```

Create more APIs

Get user by id

Create a new user

Update user by id

Delete user by id

Get user by id

GET /users/{id}

```
@GetMapping("/users/{id}")  
public UserResponse getUserById(@PathVariable int id) {  
    UserResponse userResponse = new UserResponse(id, "Demo", 40);  
    return userResponse;  
}
```

Create a new user

POST /users

```
@PostMapping("/users")
public UserResponse createNewUser(@RequestBody UserRequest newUser)
{
    UserResponse newUserResponse = new UserResponse(
        1,
        newUser.getName(),
        newUser.getAge());
    return newUserResponse;
}
```

Update user by id

PUT /users/{id}

```
@PutMapping("/users/{id}")
public UserResponse updateUser(@RequestBody UserRequest newUser,
                              @PathVariable int id) {
    // TODO
    // 1. find by id
    // 2. found => update user
    // 3. not found => ?? (create ? or throw error)
    UserResponse updatedUserResponse = new UserResponse(
        id,
        newUser.getName(),
        newUser.getAge());
    return updatedUserResponse;
}
```

Delete user by id

DELETE /users/{id}

```
@DeleteMapping("/users/{id}")  
public void deleteUser(@PathVariable int id) {  
    // TODO  
}
```

Postgres

services:

postgres:

image: postgres:15.3-alpine

container_name: postgresql

volumes:

- ./postgresdata:/data/db

ports:

- \${POSTGRES_PORT}:5432

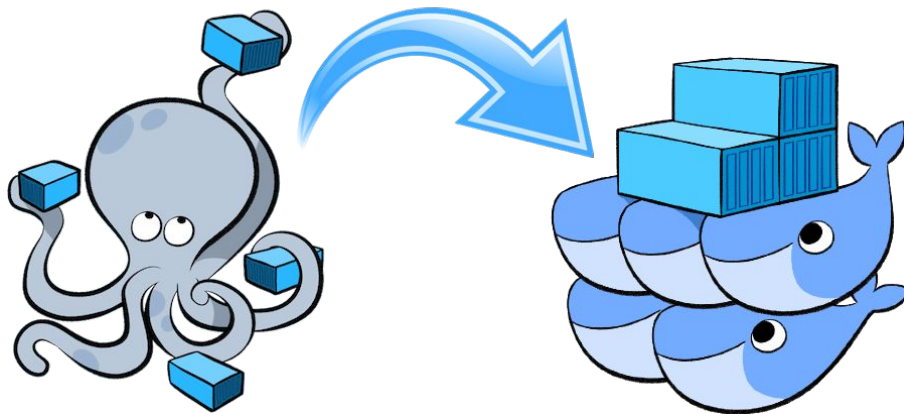
environment:

- POSTGRES_DB=\${POSTGRES_DB}

- POSTGRES_USERNAME=\${POSTGRES_USERNAME}

- POSTGRES_PASSWORD=\${POSTGRES_PASSWORD}

docker-compose.yml



Take a break [Lunch]

