Topic 182

In many countries where capital punishment has been abolished there has been a corresponding rise in violent crime rates. For this reason, many governments are considering its reintroduction as a form of deterrent. Should Capital Punishment be reintroduced? Give specific reasons to explain your choice.

1. Brainstorming

Agree

prevent corruptions decrease re-crime rates

Disagree

violation of person's right to be respected innocent people can be punished possibility of reformation happiness of the society

2. Outlining

- Introduction
- capital punishment : long history
- changed view toward capital punishment
- Opinion : disagree
- Body
- 1. accidental punishments
- innocent people punished instead of criminals
- impossible to retrieve the situation
- 2. abused for political purposes
- one political party conquers the nation
- capital punishment -> obliterate opponents
- 3. possibility to completely change the criminal
- mental therapies and activities
- dignity, democracy
- Conclusion

3. Essay Writing

It is not an exaggeration to say that capital punishment has always shared its history with humanity. Nothing else could have been more effective for punishing the criminals than showing a true horror of death to them. However, nowadays, in which most of the humanity are educated and aware of the cruelty of death, view towards capital punishment has altered. Most nations and individuals inveigh against the implementation of such punishing method, with assertion that better alternatives may exist rather than just killing. Following the current, I also disagree with the policy.

First and foremost, unreasonable sacrifices of innocents can be involved by capital punishment. The police sometimes make erroneous investigations and deductions towards criminals. In unfortunate cases, guiltless people are suspected as criminals of severe crimes which deserve death. Consequently, they are sentenced a death, and found innocent long time after the death. The occasion is irreversible; nobody is able to return back life of innocents who have already passed away and cope with all of the aftermaths which influenced the family and nearby friends of them. Even if the real criminal is successfully detected, it is not likely for the circumstance to recover. Although it is an unusual occasion, the presence of the capital punishment extensively magnifies the potential threats of being involved to death that the public has to risk.

Second of all, method of executing criminals are sometimes abused for political purposes; it appears as a means of expanding authorities of certain political parties or individuals. If one of them possesses power large enough to monopolize jurisdiction as well as legislative and administrative power, they are in ideal condition to abuse capital punishment. Revolutionists, political parties, and citizens protesting for the sake of emergence of a new government are targeted as a sacrifice only because they appeared as obstacles for the pre-existing government to strengthen the authority. As a result, they are gradually eliminated under the policy of capital punishment even though their actions were not actually a crime.

Last but not least, implementing capital punishment soon means giving up a possibility for the criminals to contemplate about his mistakes and adapt to the society as innocent people. Although the possibility is extremely minute, there are still a number of alternatives available including mental therapies and activities that give motivations for the criminals to improve their attitudes. Just killing the criminals without providing any opportunity to refine themselves is a

violation of a human's dignity, which is a violation of democratic thinking.

In conclusion, revival of capital punishment should be deterred owing to the risks of killing innocents, concerns about being misused in inappropriate purposes, and denying the chances for self-improvements.

4. Speaking

In my opinion, implementation of capital punishment should not be promoted.

First and foremost, it involves unreasonable deaths of innocents. Although it is an unusual occasion, it is irreversible after guiltless people are suspected as criminals. It also results in adverse effects to the nearby friends and family of the punished people.

Second of all, certain political groups can abuse the policy in order to expand their authority. If rebellions are detected, they are able to kill those who leaded, even though their actions aren't a crime. Then, they are able to justify their action under the policy of capital punishment.