

$$f_i(x) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{\frac{p}{2}} |\Sigma_i|^{\frac{1}{2}}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu_i)^T \Sigma_i^{-1} (x-\mu_i)} \quad i: \text{class index}$$

$$\Sigma_1 = \Sigma_2 = \Sigma \quad f_1(x) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{\frac{p}{2}} |\Sigma|^{\frac{1}{2}}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu_1)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x-\mu_1)} \quad f_2(x) = \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{\frac{p}{2}} |\Sigma|^{\frac{1}{2}}} e^{-\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu_2)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x-\mu_2)}$$

$$\frac{f_1(x)}{f_2(x)} \geq 1 = \frac{e^{-\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu_1)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x-\mu_1)}}{e^{-\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu_2)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x-\mu_2)}} \geq 1$$

$$= \exp \left\{ -\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu_1)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x-\mu_1) + \frac{1}{2}(x-\mu_2)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x-\mu_2) \right\} \geq 1$$

$$\log \left\{ \frac{f_1(x)}{f_2(x)} \right\} \geq 0$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu_1)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x-\mu_1) + \frac{1}{2}(x-\mu_2)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x-\mu_2) \geq 0$$

$$\Sigma: \text{symmetric} \quad \Sigma^{-1} = (\Sigma^{-1})^T$$

$$\frac{1}{2}(x-\mu_1)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x-\mu_1) \leq \frac{1}{2}(x-\mu_2)^T \Sigma^{-1} (x-\mu_2)$$

$$\underbrace{(x-\mu_1)^T}_{(1 \times p)} \underbrace{\Sigma^{-1}}_{(p \times p)} \underbrace{(x-\mu_1)}_{(p \times 1)} \leq \underbrace{(x-\mu_2)^T}_{(1 \times p)} \underbrace{\Sigma^{-1}}_{(p \times p)} \underbrace{(x-\mu_2)}_{(p \times 1)} \in \mathbb{R} \quad \text{Mahalanobis Distance}$$

$$= (x^T - \mu_1^T) \{ \Sigma^{-1} x - \Sigma^{-1} \mu_1 \} \leq (x^T - \mu_2^T) \{ \Sigma^{-1} x - \Sigma^{-1} \mu_2 \}$$

$$= \cancel{x^T x} - x^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_1 - \mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} x + \mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_1 \leq \cancel{x^T x} - x^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_2 - \mu_2^T \Sigma^{-1} x + \mu_2^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_2$$

$$= -x^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_1 - \mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} x + x^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_2 + \mu_2^T \Sigma^{-1} x \leq \mu_2^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_2 - \mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_1$$

$$\underbrace{-(\mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} x)^T - \mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} x}_{\ominus} + (\mu_2^T \Sigma^{-1} x)^T + (\mu_2^T \Sigma^{-1} x) \leq \mu_2^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_2 - \mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_1$$

$$-2\mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} x + 2\mu_2^T \Sigma^{-1} x \leq \mu_2^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_2 - \mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_1$$

$$-(\mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} - \mu_2^T \Sigma^{-1}) x \leq \frac{1}{2} \{ \mu_2^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_2 - \mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_1 \}$$

$$(\mu_1 - \mu_2)^T \Sigma^{-1} x \geq \frac{1}{2} (\mu_1^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_1 - \mu_2^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_2)$$

$$(\mu_1 - \mu_2)^T \Sigma^{-1} x \geq \frac{1}{2} \{ (\mu_1 - \mu_2)^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_1 + (\mu_1 - \mu_2)^T \Sigma^{-1} \mu_2 \}$$