Pontificia Universidad Católica del Perú Faculty of Science and Engineering

Intro to LLMs and Agents

Homework 2 - Solutions

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1 Questions and Answers

1.1 Question 1

Which of the following metrics is the correct one to evaluate LLaMA 3 intrinsically in the next-token-prediction task?

- F1 Score
- BLEU
- Perplexity
- Accuracy

Perplexity is the standard metric for language modeling tasks (i.e., next token prediction). It measures how "surprised" the model is by the real sequence.

1.2 Question 2

What is the difference between Cross-Attention and Causal Attention?

Causal attention is an attention mechanism that involves a single sequence, where each token has access to the previous tokens, but not the future ones. It is common in autoregressive models like GPT and is used for text generation. Cross-Attention is another attention mechanism that involves two sequences: a source and a target (typically the encoder and decoder in a seq2seq model). In this case, the target sequence has access not only to its own generated tokens, but also the tokens from the source sequence - representing a "crossing" of information between the two. It is used in translation and text summarization tasks.

1.3 Question 3

Which of the following Preference Optimization algorithms requires a dedicated (or separate) reward model?

- Direct Preference Optimization
- Proximal Preference Optimization (PPO)

Inspired by Proximal Policy Optimization, PPO requires training a separate reward model to guide the main policy.

1.4 Question 4

Which of the following generation techniques randomly samples one word at each step? Mark all that apply.

- Greedy Decoding
- Nucleus Sampling
- Top-K Decoding

• Beam Search

Both use sampling (top-p or restricting to top-k most probable tokens). Greedy Decoding and Beam Search do not introduce randomness.

1.5 Question 5

Which prompting technique is most suitable to generate a step-by-step solution for an algebraic problem?

- Zero-shot prompting
- Chain of Thought
- Tree of Thought
- [START] text [SEP] text [EXTRACT]

Chain of Thought explicitly elicits intermediate reasoning steps, which is ideal for mathematical or logical problem solving.