



ACM/ICPC Template Manual

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Contents

0	Math	1
0.1	Pow	1
0.2	Matrix	1
0.3	Gcd _{Lcm}	1
0.4	FFT	1
0.5	NTT	2
0.6	FWT	4
0.7	Inv	4
0.8	Prim _{Pre}	5
0.9	Factor _{Divide}	6
0.10	Lucas	7
0.11	Polya	8
0.12	Gauss	9
0.13	Matrix _{Tree}	9
1	String Processing	12
1.1	Z-Box	12
1.2	Hash	12
1.3	AC	13
1.4	PT	15
1.5	SAM	16
2	Data Structure	19
2.1	Bit _{Tree}	19
2.2	Block	19
2.3	Line _{TreeUnion}	20
2.4	Tree _{Cut}	21
2.5	President _{Tree}	23
3	Graph Theory	25
3.1	Bipartite _{GraphMatching}	25
3.2	Point _{Divide}	27
4	Computational Geometry	29
4.1	Scanning _{Line}	29
4.2	Convex _{hull}	30
4.3	Circle	34
5	Dynamic Programming	35
5.1	Math _{Bit}	35
5.2	Region	35
6	Others	37
6.1	Mod	37
6.2	Three _{Divide}	37
6.3	Mo _{Algorithm}	37
6.4	Simulated _{Annealing}	38

0 Math

0.1 Pow

```
1 long long pow(long long a,int k,long long mod)
2 {
3     long long b=1;
4     while(k){if(k&1) b=b*a%mod;a=a*a%mod;k>>=1;}
5     return b;
6 }
```

0.2 Matrix

```
1 struct Mat{long long m[3][3];Mat(){memset(m,0,sizeof(m));}};
2 Mat multi(const Mat &a,const Mat &b)
3 {
4     Mat c;
5     for(int i=0;i<3;i++)
6         for(int j=0;j<3;j++)if(a.m[j][i]!=0)
7             for(int k=0;k<3;k++)if(b.m[i][k]!=0)
8                 c.m[j][k]=(c.m[j][k]+a.m[j][i]*b.m[i][k]%MOD)%MOD;
9     return c;
10 }
11 Mat pow(Mat &a,int k)
12 {
13     Mat b;
14     for(int i=0;i<3;i++) b.m[i][i]=1;
15     while(k){if(k&1) b=multi(b,a);a=multi(a,a);k>>=1;}
16     return b;
17 }
```

0.3 Gcd_{LCM}

```
1 long long gcd(long long x,long long y){return y==0?x:gcd(y,x%y);}
2 long long lcm(long long x,long long y){return x/gcd(x,y)*y;}
```

0.4 FFT

```
1 const int MAX=1<<17;
2 const double PI=acos(-1.0);
3 typedef complex<double> C;
4 map<int,int>mp;map<int,int>::iterator p;
5 C a1[MAX],a2[MAX],a3[MAX],ans[MAX];int n,L,cnt[MAX];
6 void rader(C *c_)
7 {
8     for(int i=1,j=L/2,k;i<L-1;++i)
9     {
10         if(i<j) swap(c_[i],c_[j]);
11         k=L/2;
12         while(j>=k){j-=k;k/=2;}
13         if(j<k) j+=k;
14     }
15 }
16 void fft(C *c_,int v)
17 {
18     rader(c_);
```

```

19     for(int i=2;i<=L;i<=1)
20     {
21         C wn(cos(-2.0*v*PI/i),sin(-2.0*v*PI/i));
22         for(int j=0;j<L;j+=i)
23         {
24             C w(1,0);
25             for(int k=j;k<j+i/2;++k)
26             {
27                 C u=c_[k];
28                 C t=w*c_[k+i/2];
29                 c_[k]=u+t;
30                 c_[k+i/2]=u-t;
31                 w=w*wn;
32             }
33         }
34     }
35     if(v==1) for(int i=0;i<L;++i) c_[i].real(c_[i].real()/L);
36 }
37 int main()
38 {
39     int x;scanf("%d",&x);mp.clear();
40     for(int i=0;i<n;++i)
41     {
42         scanf("%d",&x);x+=20000;
43         if(mp[x]) ++mp[x];
44         else mp[x]=1;
45     }
46     for(p=mp.begin();p!=mp.end();++p) a1[p->first]=a2[p->first*2]=a3[p->first*3]=C(p->
second,0);L=MAX;
47     /*L=1;while(L<L1<<1||L<L2<<1) L<=1;
48     L=L1+L2-1;while(ans[L]<=0&&L>0) --L;*/
49     fft(a1,1);fft(a2,1);fft(a3,1);
50     for(int i=0;i<L;++i) ans[i]=a1[i]*a1[i]*a1[i]-a1[i]*a2[i]*3.0+a3[i]*2.0;
51     fft(ans,-1);
52     for(int i=0;i<L;++i)
53     {
54         long long tmp=(long long)(ans[i].real()+0.5)/6;
55         if(tmp) printf("%d : %I64d\n",i-60000,tmp);
56     }
57     return 0;
58 }

```

0.5 NTT

```

1  /* MOD:469762049099824435301004535809 ;this problem need pow*/
2  const int g=3;//in this problem
3  long long fact[MAX],inv[MAX],bit[MAX],a[MAX<<1],b[MAX<<1],c[MAX],ni;int t,n,L;
4  void init()
5  {
6      fact[0]=inv[0]=bit[0]=1;
7      for(int i=1;i<MAX;i++)
8      {
9          fact[i]=fact[i-1]*i%MOD;
10         inv[i]=inv[i-1]*pow(i,MOD-2,MOD)%MOD;
11         bit[i]=bit[i-1]*2%MOD;
12     }
13 }
14 void rader(long long *f_)

```

```

15 {
16     int i,j,k;
17     for(i=1,j=L/2;i<L-1;++i)
18     {
19         if(i<j) swap(f_[i],f_[j]);
20         k=L/2;
21         while(j>=k){j-=k;k>=>=1;}
22         if(j<k) j+=k;
23     }
24 }
25 void ntt(long long *f_,int t)
26 {
27     rader(f_);
28     for(int i=2;i<=L;i<=>=1)
29     {
30         long long wn=pow(g,(MOD-1)/i,MOD);
31         if(t== -1) wn=pow(wn,MOD-2,MOD);
32         for(int j=0;j<L;j+=i)
33         {
34             long long e=1;
35             for(int k=j;k<j+i/2;++k)
36             {
37                 long long u=f_[k];
38                 long long v=e*f_[k+i/2]%MOD;
39                 f_[k]=(u+v)%MOD;
40                 f_[k+i/2]=(u-v+MOD)%MOD;
41                 e=e*wn%MOD;
42             }
43         }
44     }
45     if(t== -1) for(int i=0;i<L;++i) f_[i]=f_[i]*ni%MOD;
46 }
47 int main()
48 {
49     init();scanf("%d",&t);
50     while(t--)
51     {
52         memset(a,0,sizeof(a));memset(b,0,sizeof(b));
53         scanf("%d",&n);L=1;
54         while(L<n<<1) L<=>=1;
55         ni=pow(L,MOD-2,MOD);
56         for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) scanf("%I64d",&c[i]);
57         sort(c+1,c+n+1,greater<long long>());
58         for(int i=0;i<n;++i)
59         {
60             a[i]=bit[n-i]*inv[i]%MOD;
61             b[i]=c[n-i]*fact[n-i-1]%MOD;
62         }
63         ntt(a,1);ntt(b,1);
64         for(int i=0;i<L;++i) a[i]=a[i]*b[i]%MOD;
65         ntt(a,-1);
66         long long r=inv[2],ans=0;
67         for(int i=1;i<=n;++i)
68         {
69             ans=(ans+a[n-i]*inv[i-1]%MOD*r%MOD)%MOD;
70             r=r*inv[2]%MOD;
71             printf("%I64d ",ans);
72         }
73     }

```

```

74     return 0;
75 }

```

0.6 FWT

```

1  /* opt=1/-1,n=1<<? */
2  void FWT_or(int *a,int opt)
3  {
4      for(int i=1;i<N;i<=1)
5          for(int p=i<<1,j=0;j<N;j+=p)
6              for(int k=0;k<i;++k)
7                  if(opt==1)a[i+j+k]=(a[j+k]+a[i+j+k])%MOD;
8                  else a[i+j+k]=(a[i+j+k]+MOD-a[j+k])%MOD;
9  }
10 void FWT_and(int *a,int opt)
11 {
12     for(int i=1;i<N;i<=1)
13         for(int p=i<<1,j=0;j<N;j+=p)
14             for(int k=0;k<i;++k)
15                 if(opt==1)a[j+k]=(a[j+k]+a[i+j+k])%MOD;
16                 else a[j+k]=(a[j+k]+MOD-a[i+j+k])%MOD;
17 }
18 void FWT_xor(int *a,int opt)
19 {
20     for(int i=1;i<N;i<=1)
21         for(int p=i<<1,j=0;j<N;j+=p)
22             for(int k=0;k<i;++k)
23             {
24                 int X=a[j+k],Y=a[i+j+k];
25                 a[j+k]=(X+Y)%MOD;a[i+j+k]=(X+MOD-Y)%MOD;
26                 if(opt==1)a[j+k]=1ll*a[j+k]*inv2%MOD,a[i+j+k]=1ll*a[i+j+k]*inv2%MOD;
27             }
28 }

```

0.7 Inv

```

1  long long ex_gcd(long long a,long long b,long long &x,long long &y)
2  {
3      if(a==0&&b==0) return -1;
4      if(b==0){x=1;y=0;return a;}
5      long long d=ex_gcd(b,a%b,y,x);
6      y-=a/b*x;
7      return d;
8  }
9  long long inv(long long a,long long n)
10 {
11     long long x,y;
12     long long d=ex_gcd(a,n,x,y);
13     if(d==1) return (x%n+n)%n;
14     else return -1;
15 }
16 long long inv_(long long a,long long m)
17 {
18     if(a==1) return 1;
19     return inv_(m%a,m)*(m-m/a)%m;
20 }
21 long long inv_(long long a,long long mod){return pow(a,mod-2,mod);}

```

```

22 void inv_(){inv[0]=inv[1]=1;for(int i=2;i<MAX;++i) inv[i]=((MOD-MOD/i)*inv[MOD%i])%MOD;
    ;}

```

0.8 Prim_{pre}

```

1  int euler(int n)
2  {
3      int ans=n;
4      for(int i=2;i*i<=n;i++)if(n%i==0)
5      {
6          ans-=ans/i;
7          while(n%i==0) n/=i;
8      }
9      if(n>1) ans-=ans/n;
10     return ans;
11 }
12 /* phi and prim*/
13 bool mark[MAX];int phi[MAX],prim[MAX],tot;
14 void phi_prim(int n)
15 {
16     memset(mark,0,sizeof(mark));
17     phi[1]=1;tot=0;
18     for(int i=2;i<=n;i++)
19     {
20         if(!mark[i]){prim[++tot]=i;phi[i]=i-1;}
21         for(int j=1;j<=tot;j++)
22         {
23             int x=prim[j];
24             if(i*x>n) break;
25             mark[i*x]=1;
26             if(i%x==0){phi[i*x]=phi[i]*x;break;}
27             else phi[i*x]=phi[i]*phi[x];
28         }
29     }
30 }
31 /* mo and du*/
32 const int MAX=1e7+5;
33 bool vis[MAX];int prim[MAX],mu[MAX],fac[MAX],tot,pcnt;
34 map<long long,long long>dp;
35 void moblus()
36 {
37     mu[1]=1;tot=0;
38     for(int i=2;i<MAX;i++)
39     {
40         if(!vis[i]) {prim[tot++]=i;mu[i]=-1;}
41         for(int j=0;j<tot&&i*prim[j]<MAX;j++)
42         {
43             vis[i*prim[j]]=1;
44             if(i%prim[j]) mu[i*prim[j]]=-mu[i];
45             else {mu[i*prim[j]]=0;break;}
46         }
47     }
48     for(int i=2;i<MAX;++i) mu[i]+=mu[i-1];//phi same
49 }
50 long long M(long long x)
51 {
52     if(x<MAX) return mu[x];
53     if(dp[x]) return dp[x];

```

```

54     long long sum=1;//sum=0 phi->x*(x+1)/2;
55     for(long long l=2,r;l<=x;l=r+1)
56     {
57         r=x/(x/l);
58         sum-=M(x/l)*(r-l+1);
59         //sum+=M(x/l)*(r-l+1)
60     }
61     return dp[x]=sum;//dp[x]=x*(x+1)/2-sum
62 }

```

0.9 Factor_{Divide}

```

1  /* get n! divide :need pow.cpp prim.cpp */
2  int fac[MAX];
3  void factor(int a,int b)
4  {
5      memset(fac,0,sizeof(fac));int i;
6      for(i=1;i<=prim[0]&&prim[i]<=a;i++)
7      {
8          int tmp=a;
9          while(tmp){fac[i]+=tmp/prim[i];tmp/=prim[i];}
10     }
11     fac[0]=i;
12     for(i=1;i<=prim[0]&&prim[i]<=b;i++)
13     {
14         int tmp=b;
15         while(tmp){fac[i]-=tmp/prim[i];tmp/=prim[i];}
16     }
17     for(i=1;i<=prim[0]&&prim[i]<=a-b;i++)
18     {
19         int tmp=a-b;
20         while(tmp){fac[i]-=tmp/prim[i];tmp/=prim[i];}
21     }
22 }
23 long long C(int a,int b)
24 {
25     factor(a,b);long long c=1;
26     for(int i=1;i<fac[0];i++) if(fac[i]) c=c*pow(prim[i],fac[i],MOD)%MOD;
27     return c;
28 }
29 /* get n divide */
30 int fac[MAX][2],facnt;
31 int factor(long long x)
32 {
33     memset(fac,0,sizeof(fac));facnt=0;
34     long long tmp=x;
35     for(int i=1;prim[i]<=tmp/prim[i];i++)
36     {
37         fac[facnt][1]=0;
38         if(tmp%prim[i]==0)
39         {
40             fac[facnt][0]=prim[i];
41             while(tmp%prim[i]==0){fac[facnt][1]++;tmp/=prim[i];}
42             facnt++;
43         }
44     }
45     if(tmp!=1){fac[facnt][0]=tmp;fac[facnt++][1]=1;}
46     return facnt;

```


47 }

0.10 Lucas

```

1 long long n,m,MOD,fact[MAX];
2 inline long long inv_(long long a)
3 {
4     if(a==1) return 1;
5     return inv_(MOD%a)*(MOD-MOD/a)%MOD;
6 }
7 inline void init()
8 {
9     fact[0]=1;
10    for(int i=1;i<=MOD;i++) fact[i]=(fact[i-1]*i)%MOD;
11 }
12 inline long long C(long long a,long long b)
13 {
14     if(b>a) return 0;
15     return fact[a]*inv_(fact[a-b]*fact[b]%MOD)%MOD;
16 }
17 inline long long lucas(long long a,long long b)
18 {
19     if(a<MOD&& b<MOD) return C(a,b);
20     return lucas(a/MOD,b/MOD)*C(a%MOD,b%MOD)%MOD;
21 }
22 int main()
23 {
24     int t;scanf("%d",&t);
25     while(t-->0)
26     {
27         scanf("%I64d%I64d%I64d",&n,&m,&MOD);init();
28         printf("%I64d\n",lucas(n+m,m));
29     }
30     return 0;
31 }
32 /* Chinese Left -MOD=m1*m2*m3...mx need pow.cpp*/
33 #include<bits/stdc++.h>
34 using namespace std;
35 const int MAX=1e5+5;
36 long long n,m,k,MOD,ans[MAX],m1[MAX];
37 inline long long C(long long a,long long b)
38 {
39     if(b>a) return 0;
40     long long x=1,y,z;
41     for(int i=1;i<=b;++i)
42     {
43         y=(a+i-b)%MOD;
44         z=i%MOD;
45         x=x*(y*pow(z,MOD-2,MOD)%MOD)%MOD;
46     }
47     return x;
48 }
49 inline long long lucas(long long a,long long b)
50 {
51     if(a<MOD&& b<MOD) return C(a,b);
52     return lucas(a/MOD,b/MOD)*C(a%MOD,b%MOD)%MOD;
53 }
54 long long ex_gcd(long long a,long long b,long long &x,long long &y)

```

```

55 {
56     if(b==0){x=1;y=0;return a;}
57     long long d=ex_gcd(b,a%b,y,x);
58     y-=a/b*x;
59     return d;
60 }
61 long long muli(long long a,long long b,long long mod)
62 {
63     a=(a%mod+mod)%mod;
64     b=(b%mod+mod)%mod;
65     long long ret=0;
66     while(b)
67     {
68         if(b&1){ret+=a;if(ret>=mod)ret-=mod;}
69         b>>=1;a<<=1;
70         if(a>=mod) a-=mod;
71     }
72     return ret;
73 }
74 long long china()
75 {
76     long long M=1,d,y,x=0;
77     for(int i=0;i<k;++i) M*=m1[i];
78     for(int i=0;i<k;++i)
79     {
80         long long w=M/m1[i];
81         ex_gcd(m1[i],w,d,y);
82         x=(x+muli(muli(y,w,M),ans[i],M));
83     }
84     return (x+M)%M;
85 }
86 int main()
87 {
88     int t;scanf("%d",&t);
89     while(t--)
90     {
91         scanf("%I64d%I64d%I64d",&n,&m,&k);
92         for(int i=0;i<k;++i) scanf("%I64d",&m1[i]);
93         for(int i=0;i<k;++i) {MOD=m1[i];ans[i]=lucas(n,m);}
94         printf("%I64d\n",china());
95     }
96     return 0;
97 }

```

0.11 Polya

```

1  /* rotate */
2  for(i=1;i*i<n;++i)
3  {
4      if(n%i) continue;
5      ans+=euler(n/i)%p*pow(n%p,i-1,p)%p+euler(i)%p*pow(n%p,n/i-1,p)%p;
6  }
7  if(i*i==n) ans+=euler(i)%p*pow(n%p,i-1,p)%p;
8  /* rotate+Symmetric */
9  for(i=1;i*i<n;++i)
10 {
11     if(n%i) continue;
12     ans+=euler(n/i)*pow_(3,i)+euler(i)*pow_(3,n/i);

```

```

13 }
14 if(i*i==n) ans+=euler(i)*pow_(3,i);
15 ans/=n;
16 ans+=(pow_(3,(n+1)/2)+pow_(3,n/2+1))/2;

```

0.12 Gauss

```

1  /*x[]:ans      equ=var=n;*/
2  const double eps=1e-11;
3  double a[MAX][MAX],x[MAX];
4  int equ,var,n=20;
5  bool gauss()
6  {
7      int i,j,k,col,max_r;
8      for(k=0,col=0;k<equ&&col<var;++k,++col)
9      {
10         max_r=k;
11         for(i=k+1;i<equ;++i) if(fabs(a[i][col])>fabs(a[max_r][col])) max_r=i;
12         if(fabs(a[max_r][col])<eps) return 0;
13         if(k!=max_r)
14         {
15             for(j=col;j<var;++j) swap(a[k][j],a[max_r][j]);
16             swap(x[k],x[max_r]);
17         }
18         x[k]/=a[k][col];
19         for(j=col+1;j<var;++j) a[k][j]/=a[k][col];
20         a[k][col]=1.0;
21         for(i=0;i<equ;++i) if(i!=k)
22         {
23             x[i]-=x[k]*a[i][col];
24             for(j=col+1;j<var;++j) a[i][j]-=a[k][j]*a[i][col];
25             a[i][col]=0.0;
26         }
27     }
28     return 1;
29 }

```

0.13 Matrix_{Tree}

```

1  const int MAX=1e2+5;const long long MOD=1e9+7;
2  long long g[MAX][MAX];
3  void add(int x,int y)
4  {
5      ++g[x][x];++g[y][y];
6      --g[x][y];--g[y][x];
7  }
8  /*minimum tree*/
9  int n,m,p,g[MAX][MAX],vis[MAX],fa[MAX],ka[MAX];
10 long long ans,mat[MAX][MAX];
11 vector<int>gra[MAX];
12 struct P{int u,v,w;}e[MAX];
13 bool cmp(P ta,P tb){return ta.w<tb.w;}
14 long long gauss(int n)
15 {
16     long long ans=1;
17     for(int i=0;i<n;++i)
18     {

```

```

19     for(int j=i+1;j<n;++j)
20     while(mat[j][i])
21     {
22         long long t=mat[i][i]/mat[j][i];
23         for(int k=i;k<n;++k) mat[i][k]=(mat[i][k]-t*mat[j][k]+p)%p;
24         swap(mat[i],mat[j]);
25         ans=-ans;
26     }
27     ans=(ans*mat[i][i])%p;
28     if(!ans) return 0;
29 }
30 return (ans+p)%p;
31 }
32 int find_(int x,int y[]) {return x==y[x]?x:find_(y[x],y);}
33 void matrix_tree()
34 {
35     for(int i=0;i<n;++i) if(vis[i]){gra[find_(i,ka)].push_back(i);vis[i]=0;}
36     for(int i=0;i<n;++i) if(gra[i].size()>1)
37     {
38         memset(mat,0,sizeof(mat));
39         int len=gra[i].size();
40         for(int j=0;j<len;++j)
41         for(int k=j+1;k<len;++k)
42         {
43             int u=gra[i][j],v=gra[i][k];
44             if(g[u][v])
45             {
46                 mat[k][j]=(mat[j][k]-g[u][v]);
47                 mat[k][k]+=g[u][v];mat[j][j]+=g[u][v];
48             }
49         }
50         ans=ans*gauss(gra[i].size()-1)%p;
51         for(int j=0;j<len;++j) fa[gra[i][j]]=i;
52     }
53     for(int i=0;i<n;++i) {gra[i].clear();ka[i]=fa[i]=find_(i,fa);}
54 }
55 int main()
56 {
57     while(~scanf("%d%d%d",&n,&m,&p))
58     {
59         if(n==0&&m==0&&p==0) break;
60         memset(g,0,sizeof(g));ans=1;
61         for(int i=0;i<m;++i) {scanf("%d%d%d",&e[i].u,&e[i].v,&e[i].w);--e[i].u;--e[i].v
;};
62         sort(e,e+m,cmp);
63         for(int i=0;i<n;++i) ka[i]=fa[i]=i;
64         for(int i=0;i<=m;++i)
65         {
66             if((i&&e[i].w!=e[i-1].w)||i==m) matrix_tree();
67             long long u=find_(e[i].u,fa),v=find_(e[i].v,fa);
68             if(u!=v)
69             {
70                 vis[v]=vis[u]=1;
71                 ka[find_(u,ka)]=find_(v,ka);
72                 ++g[u][v],++g[v][u];
73             }
74         }
75         int flag=1;
76         for(int i=1;i<n;++i) if(fa[i]!=fa[i-1]) flag=0;

```

```
77     printf("%lld\n", flag?ans%p:0);
78 }
79 return 0;
80 }
```

1 String Processing

1.1 Z-Box

```

1  /*
2  z[i]:string'sa[i] compare with string the length-LCP
3  S=P+$+T
4  z[strlen(P)+1~strlen(P)+strlen(T)]==length(T)--'s index -strlen(P)-1:the place P appear
   in T
5  S=T+$+P
6  the number of z[strlen(T)+1~strlen(T)+strlen(P)]!=0:the number of T'sa[i] is P'prefix
7  */
8  void z-box()
9  {
10     z[0]=n;
11     for (int i=1,j=1,k;i<n;i=k)
12     {
13         if (j<i) j=i;
14         while (j<n&&S[j]==S[j-i]) ++j;
15         z[i]=j-i;k=i+1;
16         while (k+z[k-i]<j) z[k]=z[k-i],++k;
17     }
18 }

```

1.2 Hash

```

1  /*Longest Palindrome string*/
2  const long long P=131;
3  long long power[MAX],ha1[MAX],ha2[MAX];
4  bool check(int l1,int r1,int l2,int r2)
5  {
6     long long tmp1=ha1[r1]-ha1[l1-1]*power[r1-l1+1];
7     long long tmp2=ha2[r2]-ha2[l2+1]*power[l2+1-r2];
8     return tmp1==tmp2;
9  }
10 int main()
11 {
12     power[0]=1;for(int i=1;i<MAX-1;++i) power[i]=power[i-1]*P;
13     L=strlen(s+1);
14     ha1[0]=ha2[L+1]=0;
15     for(int i=1;i<=L;++i) ha1[i]=ha1[i-1]*P+s[i]-'a';
16     for(int i=L;i>=1;--i) ha2[i]=ha2[i+1]*P+s[i]-'a';
17     while(l<=r){mid;if(check(i-mid,i-1,i+mid,i+1));else;}// fen ji&ou
18 }
19 /*multi hash */
20 const int HASH=10;
21 int AC[HASH]={131,137,139,149,151,157,163,167,173,179};
22 int ACC[HASH]={200003,200009,200017,200023,200029,200033,200041,200063,200087,200117};
23 long long bas[MAX][HASH],sum1[MAX][HASH];
24 bool check(int index,int x,int len)
25 {
26     long long ha1=((sum1[x+len-1][index]-sum1[x-1][index]*bas[len][index]%ACC[index])%
ACC[index]+ACC[index])%ACC[index];
27     long long ha2=((sum1[n-x+1][index]-sum1[n-x-len+1][index]*bas[len][index]%ACC[index]
)%ACC[index]+ACC[index])%ACC[index];
28     if(ha1==ha2) return true;
29     else return false;
30 }

```

```

31 bool check(int x,int len)
32 {
33     for(int i=0;i<HASH;i++) if(!check(i,x,len)) return false;
34     return true;
35 }
36 int main()
37 {
38     for (int i=0;i<HASH;i++)
39     {
40         bas[0][i]=1;
41         for(int j=1;j<=n;j++) bas[j][i]=bas[j-1][i]*AC[i]%ACC[i];
42         for(int j=1;j<=n;j++) sum1[j][i]=(sum1[j-1][i]*AC[i]%ACC[i]+s[j]-'a'+1)%ACC[i];
43     }
44     return 0;
45 }

```

1.3 AC

```

1  /*AC->build Tire ->build Mat or Dp*/
2  struct Trie
3  {
4      static const int MAXN=26; //MAXN will change
5      int nxt[MAXN][MAXN], f[MAXN], e[MAXN], rt, L;
6      int newnode()
7      {
8          for(int i=0;i<MAXN;++i) nxt[L][i]=-1;
9          e[L++]=0; return L-1;
10     }
11     void init(){L=0;rt=newnode();}
12     void insert(char *buf)
13     {
14         int len=strlen(buf), now=rt;
15         for(int i=0;i<len;++i)
16         {
17             int x=buf[i]-'a';
18             if(nxt[now][x]==-1) nxt[now][x]=newnode();
19             now=nxt[now][x];
20         }
21         ++e[now]; //e[now]=1; e[now]=id; //e[now]=1<<id;
22     }
23     void build()
24     {
25         queue<int> q; f[rt]=rt;
26         for(int i=0;i<MAXN;++i)
27             if(nxt[rt][i]==-1) nxt[rt][i]=rt;
28         else
29         {
30             f[nxt[rt][i]]=rt;
31             q.push(nxt[rt][i]);
32         }
33         while(!q.empty())
34         {
35             int now=q.front(); q.pop();
36             for(int i=0;i<MAXN;++i)
37                 if(nxt[now][i]==-1) nxt[now][i]=nxt[f[now]][i];
38             else
39             {
40                 f[nxt[now][i]]=nxt[f[now]][i];

```

```

41         q.push(nxt[now][i]);
42         //e[nxt[now][i]] op e[f[nxt[now][i]]]; | or + or =
43     }
44 }
45 }
46 int query(char *buf, other..)
47 {
48     int len=strlen(buf), now=rt, res=0;
49     for(int i=0; i<len; ++i)
50     {
51         now=nxt[now][buf[i]-'a']; int tmp=now;
52         while(tmp!=rt){res+=e[tmp]; e[tmp]=0; tmp=f[tmp];}
53     }
54     return res;
55 }
56 void get(Mat &a)
57 {
58     for(int i=0; i<L; ++i) if(!e[i])
59         for(int j=0; j<MAXN; ++j) if(!e[nxt[i][j]])
60             a.m[i][nxt[i][j]]=(a.m[i][nxt[i][j]]+1)%MOD;
61 }
62 void spfa(int k) //need dis[] and g[][] and pos[cnt++]
63 {
64     queue<int> q; memset(dis, -1, sizeof(dis)); dis[pos[k]]=0;
65     q.push(pos[k]);
66     while(!q.empty())
67     {
68         int now=q.front(); q.pop();
69         for(int i=0; i<2; ++i)
70         {
71             int tmp=nxt[now][i];
72             if(dis[tmp]<0&&e[tmp]>=0) {dis[tmp]=dis[now]+1; q.push(tmp);}
73         }
74     }
75     for(int i=0; i<cnt; ++i) g[k][i]=dis[pos[i]];
76 }
77 }AC;
78 int main()
79 {
80     AC.init(); for(){AC.insert(char []);}AC.build();
81     /* get g[][] and then dp find a shortest path */
82     pos[0]=0; cnt=1;
83     for(int i=0; i<AC.L; ++i) if(AC.e[i]>0) pos[cnt++]=i;
84     for(int i=0; i<cnt; ++i) AC.spfa(i);
85     /* dp */
86     int xi=AC.nxt[i][j], xhash=hashl?; //save the state
87     dp[xi][xhash]=max(dp[xi][xhash], dp[i][hash]+AC.e[xi]);
88     for(int i=0; i<AC.L; ++i) ans=max(ans, dp[i][hash]);
89     /*if resort the string and find a special string, please be careful about the cnt[
90     char] can be max like that */
91     for(int j=0; j<AC.MAXN; ++j) {if(j==0&&a==cnt[0]) continue;}
92     /*less val and less string */
93     strcpy(str[0][0], ""); strcpy(ans, "");
94     int max_=0;
95     for(int i=0; i<n; ++i)
96     for(int j=0; j<AC.L; ++j) if(dp[i][j]>=0)
97     {
98         strcpy(tmp, str[i][j]);
99         int len=strlen(tmp);

```



```

99     for(int k=0;k<AC.MAXN;++k)
100     {
101         int xi=i+1,xj=AC.nxt[j][k],t=dp[i][j];
102         tmp[len]='a'+k;tmp[len+1]='\0';
103         if(AC.e[xj]) t+=val[AC.e[xj]];
104         if(dp[xi][xj]<t||(dp[xi][xj]==t&&cmp(tmp,str[xi][xj])))
105         {
106             dp[xi][xj]=t;
107             strcpy(str[xi][xj],tmp);
108             if(max_<t||(max_==t&&cmp(tmp,ans))) {max_=t;strcpy(ans,tmp);}
109         }
110     }
111 }
112 }
113 /* if need shortest minimum order string */
114 bool cmp(char *a,char *b)
115 {
116     int al=strlen(a),bl=strlen(b);
117     return al==bl?strcmp(a,b)<0:al<bl;
118 }

```

1.4 PT

```

1  /*
2  PT.L-2:The Number different of Palindromes
3  num[i]:The Number different of Palindromes in Palindromes String i
4  cnt[i]:The Number appear of Palindromes String i
5  */
6  struct Trie
7  {
8      static const int MAXN=26;
9      int nxt[MAXN][MAXN],f[MAXN],cnt[MAXN],num[MAXN],len[MAXN],c[MAXN],last,n,L;
10     int newnode(int x)
11     {
12         for(int i=0;i<MAXN;++i) nxt[L][i]=0;
13         cnt[L]=num[L]=0;len[L]=x;return L++;
14     }
15     void init()
16     {
17         L=0;newnode(0);newnode(-1);
18         last=0;n=0;c[n]=-1;f[0]=1;
19     }
20     int getf(int x)
21     {
22         while(c[n-len[x]-1]!=c[n]) x=f[x];
23         return x;
24     }
25     void add(int x)
26     {
27         x-='a';c[++n]=x;
28         int cur=getf(last);
29         if(!nxt[cur][x])
30         {
31             int now=newnode(len[cur]+2);
32             f[now]=nxt[getf(f[cur])][x];
33             nxt[cur][x]=now;
34             num[now]=num[f[now]]+1;
35         }

```

```

36         ++cnt[last=nxt[cur][x]];
37     }
38     void count(){for(int i=L-1;i>=2;--i) cnt[f[i]]+=cnt[i];}
39 }PT;
40 int main()
41 {
42     PT.init();for(int i=0;i<l;++i) PT.add(char i);PT.count();
43     for(int i=2;i<PT.L;++i) ???
44     return 0;
45 }
46 /*the number of two string' same Palindromes pairs*/
47 long long dfs(int u,int v)
48 {
49     long long tmp=0;
50     for(int i=0;i<26;++i) if(PT1.nxt[u][i]&&PT2.nxt[v][i])
51     {
52         tmp+=1ll*PT1.cnt[PT1.nxt[u][i]]*PT2.cnt[PT2.nxt[v][i]];
53         tmp+=dfs(PT1.nxt[u][i],PT2.nxt[v][i]);
54     }
55     return tmp;
56 }

```

1.5 SAM

```

1  /*2 string LCA and multi string LCA */
2  struct Tire
3  {
4      static const int MAXN=26;
5      int nxt[MAXN][MAXN],f[MAXN],L[MAXN],last,tot;
6      void init()
7      {
8          last=tot=0;memset(nxt[0],-1,sizeof(nxt[0]));
9          f[0]=-1;L[0]=0;
10     }
11     void add(int x)
12     {
13         int p=last,np=++tot;L[np]=L[p]+1;
14         memset(nxt[np],-1,sizeof(nxt[np]));
15         while(~p&&nxt[p][x]==-1) nxt[p][x]=np,p=f[p];
16         if(p==-1) f[np]=0;
17         else
18         {
19             int q=nxt[p][x];
20             if(L[q]!=L[p]+1)
21             {
22                 int nq=++tot;
23                 L[nq]=L[p]+1;
24                 memcpy(nxt[nq],nxt[q],sizeof(nxt[q]));
25                 f[nq]=f[q]; f[q]=f[np]=nq;
26                 while(~p&&nxt[p][x]==q) nxt[p][x]=nq,p=f[p];
27             }
28             else f[np]=q;
29         }
30         last=np;
31     }
32     int find(char *s)
33     {
34         int len=strlen(s);

```

```

35     int res=0,tmp=0,u=0;
36     for(int i=0;i<len;++i)
37     {
38         int x=s[i]-'a';
39         if(~nxt[u][x]) ++tmp,u=nxt[u][x];
40         else
41         {
42             while(~u&&nxt[u][x]==-1) u=f[u];
43             if(~u) tmp=L[u]+1,u=nxt[u][x];
44             else tmp=0,u=0;
45         }
46         res=max(res,tmp);
47         //Max[u]=max(Max[u],tmp); //multi string
48     }
49     //for(int i=tot;i>=1;--i) Max[f[i]]=max(Max[f[i]],Max[i]); //multi string
50     //for(int i=0;i<=tot;++i) Min[i]=min(Min[i],Max[i]); //multi string
51     return res;
52 }
53 /*
54 int cal()//multi string
55 {
56     int res=0;
57     for(int i=0;i<=tot;++i) res=max(res,Min[i]);
58     return res;
59 }
60 */
61 void cal()//topsort
62 {
63     memset(in,0,sizeof(in));
64     for(int i=1;i<=tot;++i) ++in[f[i]];
65     queue<int> q;
66     for(int i=1;i<=tot;++i) if(!in[i]) q.push(i);
67     while(!q.empty())
68     {
69         int u=q.front();q.pop();
70         if(f[u]==-1) continue;
71         rt[f[u]]+=rt[u];
72         if(--in[f[u]]==0) q.push(f[u]);
73     }
74     memset(ans,0,sizeof(ans));
75     for(int i=1;i<=tot;++i) ans[L[i]]=max(ans[L[i]],rt[i]); //the max number of
length L[i] strings
76 }
77 /*int who[maxn], a[maxn];*/
78 void sort()
79 {
80     for(int i=1;i<=tot;i++) a[i]=0;
81     for(int i=1;i<=tot;i++) a[L[i]]++;
82     for(int i=1;i<=tot;i++) a[i]+=a[i-1];
83     for(int i=1;i<=tot;i++) who[a[L[i]]--]=i;
84     /* dp */
85     for(int i=tot;i>=1;i--)
86     {
87         long long sum=0;int p=who[i];
88         for(int j=0;j<26;j++) if(~nxt[p][j]) sum+=dp[nxt[p][j]];
89         dp[p]=sum+1;
90     }
91 }
92 */

```

```
93 }SAM;
94 int main()
95 {
96     SAM.init();for(int i=0;i<len;++i) SAM.add(s[i]-'a');
97     printf("%d\n",SAM.find(s));
98     /*the minimum represent:S+S:L[now]-len+1; */
99     for(int i = 0; i < len; i++)
100     for(int j = 0; j < 26; j++) if(nxt[now][j] != NULL){now=nxt[now][j];break;}
101     return 0;
102 }
103 /*L[i]-L[f[i]]:number of different substrings*/
104 /*the minimum represent*/
105 int minrepresent(char *s)
106 {
107     int i=0,j=1,k=0;
108     int len=strlen(s);
109     while(i<len&&j<len&&k<len)
110     {
111         if(s[(i+k)%len]==s[(j+k)%len]) k++;
112         else
113         {
114             if(s[(i+k)%len]>s[(j+k)%len]) i=i+k+1; else j=j+k+1;
115             if(i==j) ++j; k=0;
116         }
117     }
118     return i<j?i:j;
119 }
```

2 Data Structure

2.1 Bit_{Tree}

```

1  /*point update region query*/
2  void add(int x,int v){while(x<=n) c[x]+=v,x+=x&(-x);}
3  int get(int r)
4  {
5      int sum=0;
6      while(r) sum+=c[r],r-=r&(-r);
7      return sum;
8  }
9  int get(int l, int r){return get(r)-get(l-1);}
10 /*point update region query*/
11 void add(int r, int v){while(r<=n) c[r]+=v,r+=r&(-r);}
12 void add(int l,int r,int x){add(l,x),add(r+1,-x);}
13 int get(int x)
14 {
15     int sum=0;
16     while(x) sum+=c[x],x-=x&(-x);
17     return sum;
18 }
19 /* region update region query*/
20 void add(int r,int v){for(int i=r;i<=n;i+=i&(-i)){c1[i]+=v;c2[i]+=r*v;}}
21 void add(int l,int r,int v){add(l,v);add(r+1,-v);}
22 int get(int r)
23 {
24     int sum=0;
25     for(int i=r;i>0;i-=i&(-i)) sum+=(r+1)*c1[i]-c2[i];
26     return sum;
27 }
28 int get(int l,int r){return get(r)-get(l-1);}

```

2.2 Block

```

1  const int eps=1e-8;
2  int a[MAX],aa[MAX],b[MAX],c[MAX],cc[MAX][2],block,cnt;
3  void sort(int x)
4  {
5      int L=cc[x][0],R=cc[x][1];
6      for(int k=L;k<=R;k++) aa[k]=a[k];
7      sort(aa+L,aa+R+1);
8  }
9  void add(int l,int r,int w)
10 {
11     bool bl=l==cc[c[l]][0],br=r==cc[c[r]][1];
12     if(c[l]==c[r]){for(int k=l;k<=r;k++) a[k]+=w; sort(c[l]);}
13     else
14     {
15         if(!bl){for(int k=l;k<=cc[c[l]][1];k++) a[k]+=w; sort(c[l]);}
16         if(!br){for(int k=cc[c[r]][0];k<=r;k++) a[k]+=w; sort(c[r]);}
17         for(int k=c[l]+1-bl;k<c[r]+br;k++) b[k]+=w;
18     }
19 }
20 int query(int l,int r,int w)
21 {
22     int ans=0;
23     bool bl=l==cc[c[l]][0],br=r==cc[c[r]][1];

```

```

24     if(c[l]==c[r]){for(int k=l,v=w-b[c[l]];k<=r;k++) ans+=a[k]>=v;}
25     else
26     {
27         if(!bl)for(int k=l,v=w-b[c[l]];k<=cc[c[l]][1];k++) ans+=a[k]>=v;
28         if(!br)for(int k=cc[c[r]][0],v=w-b[c[r]];k<=r;k++) ans+=a[k]>=v;
29         for(int k=c[l]+1-bl;k<c[r]+br;k++)
30         {
31             int L=cc[k][0],R=cc[k][1],v=w-b[k],mid;
32             while(L<=R)
33             {
34                 mid=(L+R)>>1;
35                 aa[mid]>=v?R=mid-1:L=mid+1;
36             }
37             ans+=cc[k][1]-L+1;
38         }
39     }
40     return ans;
41 }
42 int main()
43 {
44     block=(int)(sqrt(n)+eps),cnt=1;
45     for(int k=1;k<=n;k++) c[k]=k%block==0?cnt++:cnt;
46     for(int k=1;k<=cnt;k++) {cc[k][0]=k*block-block+1;cc[k][1]=k*block;}cc[cnt][1]=n;
47     for(int k=1;k<=cnt;k++) sort(k);
48     add(x,y,z);query(x,y,z);
49     return 0;
50 }

```

2.3 Line_{TreeUnion}

```

1  int ls[MAX<<6],rs[MAX<<6],val[MAX<<6],d[MAX],rt[MAX],cnt;
2  void update(int &x,int l,int r,int p,int v)
3  {
4      x=++cnt;if(l==r){val[x]=v;return;}
5      int mid=(l+r)>>1;
6      if(p<=mid) update(ls[x],l,mid,p,v);
7      else update(rs[x],mid+1,r,p,v);
8      val[x]=min(val[ls[x]],val[rs[x]]);
9  }
10 int merge_(int u,int v)
11 {
12     if(!u) return v;
13     if(!v) return u;
14     int x=++cnt;
15     ls[x]=merge_(ls[u],ls[v]);
16     rs[x]=merge_(rs[u],rs[v]);
17     if(ls[x]||rs[x]) val[x]=min(val[ls[x]],val[rs[x]]);
18     else val[x]=min(val[u],val[v]);
19     return x;
20 }
21 int query(int x,int l,int r,int L,int R)
22 {
23     if(!x) return INF;
24     if(l==L&&r==R) return val[x];
25     int mid=(l+r)>>1;
26     if(R<=mid) return query(ls[x],l,mid,L,R);
27     if(L>mid) return query(rs[x],mid+1,r,L,R);
28     return min(query(ls[x],l,mid,L,mid),query(rs[x],mid+1,r,mid+1,R));

```

```

29 }
30 void dfs(int u,int fa)
31 {
32     update(rt[u],1,100000,d[u],a[u]);
33     for(int i=head[u];~i;i=e[i].nxt)
34     {
35         int v=e[i].to;
36         if(v==fa) continue;
37         d[v]=d[u]+1;
38         dfs(v,u);
39         rt[u]=merge_(rt[u],rt[v]);
40     }
41 }

```

2.4 Tree_{cut}

```

1 struct P{int to,nxt;}e[MAX<<1];
2 struct Px{int l,r,v;Px(){l=r=-1;v=0;}}void is(int a1,int a2,int a3){l=a1;r=a2;v=a3;}}b[
    MAX<<2];
3 int head[MAX],top[MAX],fa[MAX],deep[MAX],num[MAX],p[MAX],fp[MAX],son[MAX],tot,pos,n,m,a
    [MAX],lz[MAX<<2];
4 void init()
5 {
6     tot=0;pos=1;
7     memset(head,-1,sizeof(head));
8     memset(son,-1,sizeof(son));
9     memset(lz,-1,sizeof(lz));
10 }
11 void adde(int u,int v)
12 {
13     e[tot].to=v;e[tot].nxt=head[u];head[u]=tot++;
14     e[tot].to=u;e[tot].nxt=head[v];head[v]=tot++;
15 }
16 void dfs(int u,int pre,int d)
17 {
18     deep[u]=d;fa[u]=pre;num[u]=1;
19     for(int i=head[u];i!=-1;i=e[i].nxt)
20     {
21         int v=e[i].to;
22         if(v!=pre)
23         {
24             dfs(v,u,d+1);
25             num[u]+=num[v];
26             if(son[u]==-1||num[v]>num[son[u]]) son[u]=v;
27         }
28     }
29 }
30 void getpos(int u,int sp)
31 {
32     top[u]=sp;p[u]=pos++;fp[p[u]]=u;
33     if(son[u]==-1) return ;
34     getpos(son[u],sp);
35     for(int i=head[u];i!=-1;i=e[i].nxt)
36     {
37         int v=e[i].to;
38         if(v!=son[u]&&v!=fa[u]) getpos(v,v);
39     }
40 }

```

```

41 inline Px merge_(const Px &x,const Px &y)//may not need
42 {
43     if(x.v==0) return y;
44     if(y.v==0) return x;
45     Px t;
46     t.is(x.l,y.r,x.v+y.v);
47     if(x.r==y.l) --t.v;
48     return t;
49 }
50 inline void pushup(int rt)
51 {
52     b[rt].is(b[rt<<1].l,b[rt<<1|1].r,b[rt<<1].v+b[rt<<1|1].v);
53     if(b[rt<<1].r==b[rt<<1|1].l) --b[rt].v;
54 }
55 inline void pushdown(int rt)
56 {
57     b[rt<<1].is(lz[rt],lz[rt],1);
58     b[rt<<1|1].is(lz[rt],lz[rt],1);
59     lz[rt<<1]=lz[rt<<1|1]=lz[rt];
60     lz[rt]=-1;
61 }
62 void build(int rt,int l,int r)
63 {
64     if(l==r) {b[rt].is(a[fp[r]],a[fp[r]],1);return ;}
65     int mid=(l+r)>>1;
66     build(rt<<1,l,mid);
67     build(rt<<1|1,mid+1,r);
68     pushup(rt);
69 }
70 void update(int rt,int l,int r,int L,int R,int v)
71 {
72     if(L<=l&&R>=r) {b[rt].is(v,v,1);lz[rt]=v;return ;}
73     if(lz[rt]!=-1) pushdown(rt);
74     int mid=(l+r)>>1;
75     if(L<=mid) update(rt<<1,l,mid,L,R,v);
76     if(R>mid) update(rt<<1|1,mid+1,r,L,R,v);
77     pushup(rt);
78 }
79 Px query(int rt,int l,int r,int L,int R)
80 {
81     if(L<=l&&R>=r) return b[rt];
82     if(lz[rt]!=-1) pushdown(rt);
83     int mid=(l+r)>>1;Px t;
84     if(L<=mid) t=query(rt<<1,l,mid,L,R);
85     if(R>mid) t=merge_(t,query(rt<<1|1,mid+1,r,L,R));
86     return t;
87 }
88 void update(int l,int r,int v)
89 {
90     while(top[l]!=top[r])
91     {
92         if(deep[top[l]]<deep[top[r]]) swap(l,r);
93         update(1,1,n,p[top[l]],p[l],v);
94         l=fa[top[l]];
95     }
96     if(deep[l]>deep[r]) swap(l,r);
97     update(1,1,n,p[l],p[r],v);
98 }
99 int query(int l,int r)

```



```

100 {
101     Px L,R;/**
102     while(top[l]!=top[r])
103     {
104         if(deep[top[l]]<deep[top[r]]) {swap(l,r);swap(L,R);}
105         L=merge_(query(1,1,n,p[top[l]],p[l]),L);/**
106         l=fa[top[l]];
107     }
108     if(deep[l]>deep[r]) {swap(l,r);swap(L,R);}
109     R=merge_(query(1,1,n,p[l],p[r]),R);/**
110     return L.v+R.v-(L.l==R.l?1:0);
111 }
112 int main()
113 {
114     while(~scanf("%d%d",&n,&m))
115     {
116         init();
117         dfs(1,0,0);getpos(1,1);
118         build(1,1,n);
119     }
120     return 0;
121 }

```

2.5 President_{Tree}

```

1  /the k-max number of region */
2  int root[MAX],a[MAX],n,m,cnt;
3  struct P{int l,r,v;}b[MAX*25];
4  vector<int >v;
5  int id(int x){return lower_bound(v.begin(),v.end(),x)-v.begin()+1;}
6  void update(int l,int r,int &x,int y,int pos)
7  {
8      b[++cnt]=b[y];++b[cnt].v;x=cnt;
9      if(l==r) return ;
10     int mid=(l+r)>>1;
11     if(pos<=mid) update(l,mid,b[x].l,b[y].l,pos);
12     else update(mid+1,r,b[x].r,b[y].r,pos);
13 }
14 int query(int l,int r,int x,int y,int k)
15 {
16     if(l==r) return l;
17     int mid=(l+r)>>1;
18     int sum=b[b[y].l].v-b[b[x].l].v;
19     if(sum>=k) return query(l,mid,b[x].l,b[y].l,k);
20     else return query(mid+1,r,b[x].r,b[y].r,k-sum);
21 }
22 int main()
23 {
24     while(~scanf("%d%d",&n,&m))
25     {
26         cnt=0;v.clear();
27         for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) scanf("%d",&a[i]),v.push_back(a[i]);
28         sort(v.begin(),v.end());
29         v.erase(unique(v.begin(),v.end()),v.end());
30         for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) update(1,n,root[i],root[i-1],id(a[i]));
31         for(int i=1;i<=m;++i)
32         {
33             scanf("%d%d%d",&x,&y,&k);

```

```
34         printf("%d\n",v[query(1,n,root[x-1],root[y],k)-1]);
35     }
36 }
37 return 0;
38 }
```

3 Graph Theory

3.1 Bipartite_{Graph}_{Matching}

```

1  /*one Matching */
2  const int MAX1=5*1e3+1;
3  int linker[MAX1],n;
4  bool used[MAX1];
5  bool dfs(int u)
6  {
7      for (int i=head[u];i!=-1;i=edge[i].next)
8      {
9          int v=edge[i].to;
10         if(!used[v])
11         {
12             used[v]=1;
13             if(linker[v]==-1||dfs(linker[v])){linker[v]=u;return 1;}
14         }
15     }
16     return 0;
17 }
18 int hungary()
19 {
20     int res=0;memset(linker,-1,sizeof(linker));
21     for(int u=1;u<=n;u++)
22     {
23         memset(used,0,sizeof(used));
24         if(dfs(u)) res++;//return 0;
25     }
26     return res;//return 1;
27 }
28 /* multi Matching */
29 int lg[MAX1][MAX2],inker[MAX2][MAX1],vlink[MAX2],num[MAX2];bool used[MAX2];
30 bool dfs(int u)
31 {
32     for(int v=1;v<=m;v++) if(g[u][v]&&!used[v])
33     {
34         used[v]=1;
35         if(vlink[v]<num[v]) {linker[v][++vlink[v]]=u;return 1;}
36         for(int k=1;k<=vlink[v];k++) if(dfs(linker[v][k]))
37         {
38             linker[v][k]=u;
39             return 1;
40         }
41     }
42     return 0;
43 }
44 int hungary()
45 {
46     memset(linker,-1,sizeof(linker));memset(vlink,0,sizeof(vlink));
47     for(int u=1;u<=n;u++)
48     {
49         memset(used,0,sizeof(used));
50         if(!dfs(u)) return 0;
51     }
52     return 1;
53 }
54 /* max val Matching -KM*/
55 int linker[MAX],lx[MAX],ly[MAX],slack[MAX];

```

```

56 int visx[MAX],visy[MAX],w[MAX][MAX];
57 int dfs(int x)
58 {
59     visx[x]=1;
60     for(int y=1;y<=ny;y++)
61     {
62         if(visy[y]) continue;
63         int tmp=lx[x]+ly[y]-w[x][y];
64         if(tmp==0)
65         {
66             visy[y]=1;
67             if(linker[y]==-1||dfs(linker[y])) {linker[y]=x;return 1;}
68         }
69         else if(slack[y]>tmp) slack[y]=tmp;
70     }
71     return 0;
72 }
73 int km()
74 {
75     int i,j;
76     memset(linker,-1,sizeof(linker)); memset(ly,0,sizeof(ly));
77     for(i=1;i<=nx;i++)
78     for(j=1,lx[i]=-INF;j<=ny;j++) if(w[i][j]>lx[i]) lx[i]=w[i][j];
79     for(int x=1;x<=nx;x++)
80     {
81         for(i=1;i<=ny;i++) slack[i]=INF;
82         while(1)
83         {
84             memset(visx,0,sizeof(visx)); memset(visy,0,sizeof(visy));
85             if(dfs(x)) break;
86             int d=INF;
87             for(i=1;i<=ny;i++) if(!visy[i] && d>slack[i]) d=slack[i];
88             for(i=1;i<=nx;i++) if(visx[i]) lx[i]-=d;
89             for(i=1;i<=ny;i++) if(visy[i]) ly[i]+=d; else slack[i]-=d;
90         }
91     }
92     int res=0;
93     for(i=1;i<=ny;i++) if(linker[i]!=-1) res+=w[linker[i]][i];
94     return res;
95 }
96 int main()
97 {
98     int n,m;char c;int top1,top2;pair<int,int>a[MAX],b[MAX];
99     while(~scanf("%d%d",&n,&m)&&n&&m)
100     {
101         top1=top2=0;memset(w,0,sizeof(w));
102         for(int k=0;k<n;k++)
103         {
104             c=getchar();
105             for(int i=0;i<m;i++)
106             {
107                 c=getchar();
108                 if(c=='H') a[++top1]=make_pair(k,i);
109                 else if(c=='m') b[++top2]=make_pair(k,i);
110             }
111         }
112         for(int k=1;k<=top1;k++)
113         for(int i=1;i<=top2;i++) w[k][i]=-abs(a[k].x-b[i].x)-abs(a[k].y-b[i].y);
114         nx=top1;ny=top2;

```

```

115     printf("%d\n", -km());
116 }
117 return 0;
118 }

```

3.2 Point_{divide}

```

1  /* get the number pair of point which dis<c */
2  struct P{int to,nxt,v;void is(int x1,int x2,int x3){to=x1;nxt=x2;v=x3;}}e[MAX<<1];
3  int head[MAX],sz[MAX],dis[MAX],maxp[MAX],rem[MAX],cnt,sum,rt,ans;
4  bool vis[MAX];
5  void init()
6  {
7      cnt=ans=rt=0;rem[0]=0;
8      memset(head,-1,sizeof(head));
9      memset(vis,0,sizeof(vis));
10 }
11 void adde(int u,int v,int w)
12 {
13     e[cnt].is(v,head[u],w);head[u]=cnt++;
14     e[cnt].is(u,head[v],w);head[v]=cnt++;
15 }
16 void getrt(int u,int pa)
17 {
18     sz[u]=1; maxp[u]=0;
19     for(int i=head[u];i!=-1;i=e[i].nxt)
20     {
21         int to=e[i].to;
22         if(to==pa||vis[to]) continue;
23         getrt(to,u);
24         sz[u]+=sz[to]; //update the number of subnode in root [u],[to] is [u]'s subnode
25         maxp[u]=max(maxp[u],sz[to]); //update the max of root [u],if sz [to] is greater
26     }
27     maxp[u]=max(maxp[u],sum-sz[u]); //in_ex
28     if(maxp[u]<maxp[rt]) rt=u;
29 }
30 void getdis(int u,int fa)
31 {
32     rem[++rem[0]]=dis[u];
33     for(int i=head[u];i!=-1;i=e[i].nxt)
34     {
35         int to=e[i].to;
36         if(to==fa||vis[to])continue;
37         dis[to]=dis[u]+e[i].v;
38         getdis(to,u);
39     }
40 }
41 int cal(int u,int ct)
42 {
43     dis[u]=ct;rem[0]=0;
44     getdis(u,0);
45     sort(rem+1,rem+rem[0]+1);
46     int l=1,r=rem[0],x=0;
47     while(l<r) if(rem[l]+rem[r]<=m){x+=r-l; ++l;} else --r;
48     //c:for(int l=1;l<r;++l){while(rem[l]+rem[r]==m) ++x;--r;}
49     return x;
50 }
51 int divide(int u)

```

```
52 {
53     vis[u]=1;ans+=cal(u,0);
54     for(int i=head[u];i!=-1;i=e[i].nxt)//divide the subtree
55     {
56         int to=e[i].to;
57         if(vis[to])continue;
58         ans-=cal(to,e[i].v);
59         sum=sz[to];rt=0;
60         getrt(to,0); divide(rt);
61     }
62     return ans;
63 }
64 int main()
65 {
66     while(~scanf("%d%d",&n,&m))
67     {
68         if(n==0&&m==0) break;init();
69         for(int i=1;i<n;++i){scanf("%d%d%d",&x,&y,&z);adde(x,y,z);}
70         maxp[rt]=sum=n;getrt(1,0);
71         printf("%d\n",divide(rt));
72     }
73     return 0;
74 }
```

4 Computational Geometry

4.1 Scanning

```

1  /* Overlap area */
2  const int MAX=2*1e3+1e2;
3  const double eps=1e-10;
4  struct node{double l,r,y;int v;}edge[MAX<<1];
5  double hash_[MAX<<1],one[MAX<<2],two[MAX<<2];int mark[MAX<<2],cnt,n;
6  inline bool cmp(const node &a,const node &b){return a.y-b.y<-eps;}
7  inline int find_(const double &x)
8  {
9      int l=1,r=cnt,mid;
10     while(l<=r)
11     {
12         mid=(l+r)>>1;
13         if(hash_[mid]-x<-eps) l=mid+1;
14         else if(hash_[mid]-x>eps) r=mid-1;
15         else break;
16     }
17     return mid;
18 }
19 void pushup(int rt,int l,int r)
20 {
21     if(mark[rt]==0){one[rt]=one[rt<<1]+one[rt<<1|1];two[rt]=two[rt<<1]+two[rt<<1|1];}
22     else if(mark[rt]==1){one[rt]=hash_[r+1]-hash_[l];two[rt]=one[rt<<1]+one[rt<<1|1];}
23     else if(mark[rt]>=2){one[rt]=two[rt]=hash_[r+1]-hash_[l];}
24     /* Union
25     if(mark[rt]) sum[rt]=hash[r+1]-hash[l];
26     else if(l==r) sum[rt]=0;
27     else sum[rt]=sum[rt<<1]+sum[rt<<1|1];*/
28 }
29 void update(int rt,int l,int r,int L,int R,int v)
30 {
31     if(L<=l&&R>=r) {mark[rt]+=v;pushup(rt,l,r);return;}
32     int mid=(l+r)>>1;
33     if(L<=mid) update(rt<<1,l,mid,L,R,v);
34     if(R>mid) update(rt<<1|1,mid+1,r,L,R,v);
35     pushup(rt,l,r);
36 }
37 int main()
38 {
39     int t;double a,b,c,d;scanf("%d",&t);
40     while(t-->0)
41     {
42         double ans=0;memset(one,0,sizeof(one));memset(two,0,sizeof(two));memset(mark,0,
43         sizeof(mark));
44         scanf("%d",&n);
45         for(int i=1;i<=n;i++)
46         {
47             scanf("%lf%lf%lf%lf",&a,&b,&c,&d);
48             edge[i*2-1].l=edge[i*2].l=a;
49             edge[i*2-1].r=edge[i*2].r=c;
50             edge[i*2-1].y=b;edge[i*2].y=d;
51             edge[i*2-1].v=1;edge[i*2].v=-1;
52             hash_[i*2-1]=a;hash_[i*2]=c;
53         }
54         sort(hash_+1,hash_+n*2+1);
55         cnt=unique(hash_+1,hash_+n*2+1)-hash_-1;

```

```

55     sort(edge+1,edge+n*2+1,cmp);
56     for(int i=1;i<n*2;i++)
57     {
58         int L=find_(edge[i].l),R=find_(edge[i].r)-1;
59         update(1,1,cnt,L,R,edge[i].v);
60         ans+=two[1]*(edge[i+1].y-edge[i].y);
61     }
62     printf("%.2f\n",ans);
63 }
64 return 0;
65 }

```

4.2 Convex_{hull}

```

1  const double eps=1e-8;
2  struct point
3  {
4      double x,y;
5      point(){}
6      point(double a,double b){x=a;y=b;}
7      point operator -(const point &a)const{return point(x-a.x,y-a.y);}
8      double operator ^(const point &a)const{return x*a.y-y*a.x;}
9      double operator *(const point &a)const{return x*a.x+y*a.y;}
10 }p[MAX],b[MAX];
11 int top,n;
12 double cross(point a,point b,point c){return (b-a)^(c-a);}//Triangle'Area*Area
13 double dis(point a,point b){return (a-b)*(a-b);}//Point Dis
14 bool cmp(point a,point b)
15 {
16     double tmp=cross(p[0],a,b);
17     if(tmp>eps||(fabs(tmp)<eps&&dis(p[0],a)-dis(p[0],b)>eps)) return 1;
18     return 0;
19 }
20 void graham()
21 {
22     int u=0;top=0;
23     for(int k=1;k<n;k++) if(p[u].y-p[k].y>eps||(fabs(p[u].y-p[k].y)<eps&&p[u].x-p[k].x>
24 eps)) u=k;
25     swap(p[u],p[0]);
26     sort(p+1,p+n,cmp);
27     if(n>0) {b[0]=p[0];top++;}
28     if(n>1) {b[1]=p[1];top++;}
29     if(n<3) return ;
30     for(int i=2;i<n;i++)
31     {
32         while(top>1&&cross(b[top-2],b[top-1],p[i])<eps) top--;
33         b[top++]=p[i];
34     }
35 }
36 /*Zhou Chang*/
37 int main()
38 {
39     double sum=0; scanf("%d",&n);
40     for(int k=0;k<n;k++) scanf("%lf%lf",&p[k].x,&p[k].y);
41     graham();b[top]=b[0];
42     for(int k=1;k<=top;k++) sum+=sqrt(dis(b[k],b[k-1]));
43     printf("%.2f\n",sum);
44     return 0;

```



```

44 }
45 /* Area */
46 int main()
47 {
48     double sum=0; scanf("%d",&n);
49     for(int k=0;k<n;k++) scanf("%lf%lf",&p[k].x,&p[k].y);
50     graham();
51     for(int k=1;k<top-1;k++) sum+=fabs(cross(b[0],b[k],b[k+1])); //Sum of Triangle Area
52     printf("%d\n",(int)(sum/100));
53     return 0;
54 }
55 /*Farthest point Dis*/
56 double rotating()
57 {
58     double ans=0; b[top]=b[0];
59     for(int k=0,i=1;k<=top;k++)
60     {
61         while(fabs(cross(b[k],b[i+1],b[k+1]))-fabs(cross(b[k],b[i],b[k+1]))>eps) i=(i
+1)%top;
62         ans=max(ans,dis(b[i],b[k]));
63     }
64     return ans;
65 }
66 /*Minimum width*/
67 double rotating()
68 {
69     double ans=0x3f3f3f3f; b[top]=b[0];
70     for(int k=0,i=1;k<=top;k++)
71     {
72         while(fabs(cross(b[k],b[i+1],b[k+1]))-fabs(cross(b[k],b[i],b[k+1]))>eps) i=(i
+1)%top;
73         ans=min(ans,fabs(cross(b[k],b[k+1],b[i])/sqrt(dis(b[k],b[k+1]))));
74     }
75     return ans;
76 }
77 /* Max Area of Triangle*/
78 double rotating()
79 {
80     double ans=0;
81     for(int k=0;k<top;k++)
82     {
83         int i=(k+1)%top,j=(i+1)%top;
84         while(i!=k&&j!=k)
85         {
86             ans=max(ans,fabs(cross(b[k],b[i],b[j])));
87             while(fabs(cross(b[k],b[i+1],b[j]))-fabs(cross(b[k],b[i],b[j]))>eps) i=(i
+1)%top;
88             j=(j+1)%top;
89         }
90     }
91     return ans;
92 }
93 /* The max/min Dis of two convex hull */
94 const double eps=1e-8;
95 const double INF=1e99;
96 struct point{p[MAX],b1[MAX],b2[MAX];
97 int top1,top2;
98 double min(double a,double b){return a-b<-eps?a:b;}
99 double cross(point a,point b,point c){return (b-a)^(c-a);}

```

```

100 double multi(point a,point b,point c){return (b-a)*(c-a);}
101 double dis(point a,point b){return (a-b)*(a-b);}
102 double dist(point a,point b,point c)//Line Dis
103 {
104     point d;
105     double t=multi(b,a,c)/dis(b,c);
106     if(t>-eps&&t-1<eps) d=point(b.x+(c.x-b.x)*t,b.y+(c.y-b.y)*t);
107     else
108     {
109         if(dis(a,b)-dis(a,c)<eps) d=b;
110         else d=c;
111     }
112     return dis(a,d);
113 }
114 double distance(point a,point b,point c,point d){return min(min(dist(a,c,d),dist(b,c,d)),min(dist(c,a,b),dist(d,a,b)));} //Two Line
115 bool cmp(point a,point b)
116 {
117     double tmp=cross(p[0],a,b);
118     if(tmp>eps||(fabs(tmp)<eps&&dis(p[0],a)-dis(p[0],b)>eps)) return 1;
119     return 0;
120 }
121 void graham(point *b,int n,int &top)
122 {
123     int u=0;top=0;
124     for(int k=1;k<n;k++) if(p[u].y-p[k].y>eps||(fabs(p[u].y-p[k].y)<eps&&p[u].x-p[k].x>eps)) u=k;
125     swap(p[u],p[0]);
126     sort(p+1,p+n,cmp);
127     if(n>0) {b[0]=p[0];top++;}
128     if(n>1) {b[1]=p[1];top++;}
129     if(n<3) return ;
130     for(int i=2;i<n;i++)
131     {
132         while(top>1&&cross(b[top-2],b[top-1],p[i])<eps) top--;
133         b[top++]=p[i];
134     }
135 }
136 double rotating(point *a,int n,point *b,int m)
137 {
138     int i1=0,i2=0;
139     for(int k=0;k<n;k++) if(a[k].y-a[i1].y<-eps) i1=k;
140     for(int k=0;k<m;k++) if(b[k].y-b[i2].y>eps) i2=k;
141     a[n]=a[0];b[m]=b[0];
142     double tmp,ans=INF;
143     for(int k=0;k<n;k++)
144     {
145         while((tmp=cross(a[i1+1],b[i2+1],a[i1])-cross(a[i1+1],b[i2],a[i1]))>eps) i2=(i2+1)%m;
146         if(tmp<-eps) ans=min(ans,dist(b[i2],a[i1],a[i1+1]));
147         else ans=min(ans,distance(a[i1],a[i1+1],b[i2],b[i2+1]));
148         i1=(i1+1)%n;
149     }
150     return ans;
151 }
152 int main()
153 {
154     int n,m;
155     while(~scanf("%d%d",&n,&m)&&(n||m))

```

```

156     {
157         for(int k=0;k<n;k++) scanf("%lf%lf",&p[k].x,&p[k].y);
158         graham(b1,n,top1);
159         for(int k=0;k<m;k++) scanf("%lf%lf",&p[k].x,&p[k].y);
160         graham(b2,m,top2);
161         printf("%.5f\n",sqrt(min(rotating(b1,top1,b2,top2),rotating(b2,top2,b1,top1))))
162     );
163     }
164     return 0;
165 }
166 /* Minest rectangle contain convex hull*/
167 const double eps=1e-8;
168 const double INF=1e99;
169 struct point{p[MAX],b[MAX];
170 int top,n;
171 double min(double a,double b){return a-b<-eps?a:b;}
172 double cross(point a,point b,point c){return (b-a)^(c-a);}
173 double multi(point a,point b,point c){return (b-a)*(c-a);}
174 double dis(point a,point b){return (a-b)*(a-b);}
175 bool cmp(point a,point b)
176 {
177     double tmp=cross(p[0],a,b);
178     if(tmp>eps||(fabs(tmp)<eps&&dis(p[0],a)-dis(p[0],b)>eps)) return 1;
179     return 0;
180 }
181 void graham()
182 {
183     int u=0;top=0;
184     for(int k=1;k<n;k++) if(p[u].y-p[k].y>eps||(fabs(p[u].y-p[k].y)<eps&&p[u].x-p[k].x>
185     eps)) u=k;
186     swap(p[u],p[0]);
187     sort(p+1,p+n,cmp);
188     if(n>0) {b[0]=p[0];top++;}
189     if(n>1) {b[1]=p[1];top++;}
190     if(n<3) return ;
191     for(int i=2;i<n;i++)
192     {
193         while(top>1&&cross(b[top-2],b[top-1],p[i])<eps) top--;
194         b[top++]=p[i];
195     }
196 }
197 double rotating()
198 {
199     int r=1,u=1,l;
200     double ans=INF;
201     b[top]=b[0];
202     for(int k=0;k<top;k++)
203     {
204         while(cross(b[k],b[k+1],b[u+1])-cross(b[k],b[k+1],b[u])>-eps) u=(u+1)%top;
205         while(multi(b[k],b[k+1],b[r+1])-multi(b[k],b[k+1],b[r])>eps) r=(r+1)%top;
206         l=k==0?r:l;
207         while(multi(b[k],b[k+1],b[l+1])-multi(b[k],b[k+1],b[l])<eps) l=(l+1)%top;
208         ans=min(ans,fabs(cross(b[k],b[k+1],b[u]))*fabs(multi(b[k],b[k+1],b[r])-multi(b[
209         k],b[k+1],b[l]))/dis(b[k],b[k+1]));
210     }
211     return ans;
212 }
213 int main()
214 {

```

```

212     int t;scanf("%d",&t);
213     for(int tc=1;tc<=t;tc++)
214     {
215         scanf("%d",&n);n*=4;
216         for(int k=0;k<n;k++) scanf("%lf%lf",&p[k].x,&p[k].y);
217         graham();
218         printf("Case #d:\n%d\n",tc,(int)(rotating()+0.5));
219     }
220     return 0;
221 }

```

4.3 Circle

```

1  /* Perimeter intersection*/
2  double cal(point c1,double r1,point c2,double r2)
3  {
4      double d = sqrt(dis(c1,c2));
5      if(r1+r2-d<-eps||fabs(r1-r2)-d>eps) return 0;
6      double x = (d*d + r1*r1 - r2*r2)/(2*d);
7      double t1 = acos(x / r1);
8      double t2 = acos((d - x)/r2);
9      return (t2*r2-t1*r1)*2;
10 }
11 /* Area intersection*/
12 double areaover(point c1,double r1,point c2,double r2)
13 {
14     double d=sqrt(dis(c1,c2));
15     if(r1+r2-d<-eps) return 0;
16     if(fabs(r1-r2)-d>eps)
17     {
18         double r=min(r1,r2);
19         return PI*r*r;
20     }
21     double x=(d*d+r1*r1-r2*r2)/(2*d);
22     double t1=acos(x/r1);
23     double t2=acos((d-x)/r2);
24     return r1*r1*t1+r2*r2*t2-d*r1*sin(t1);
25 }
26 / Triangle Outcenter */
27 point outcenter(point a,point b,point c)
28 {
29     double a1=b.x-a.x,b1=b.y-a.y,c1=(a1*a1+b1*b1)/2;
30     double a2=c.x-a.x,b2=c.y-a.y,c2=(a2*a2+b2*b2)/2;
31     double d=a1*b2-a2*b1;
32     return point(a.x+(c1*b2-c2*b1)/d,a.y+(a1*c2-a2*c1)/d);
33 }

```

5 Dynamic Programming

5.1 Math_{Bit}

```

1  int L,R,a[20];long long dp[20][2];
2  long long dfs(int pos,int fa,int st,bool limit)
3  {
4      if(pos==-1) return 1;
5      if(!limit&&dp[pos][st]!=-1) return dp[pos][st];
6      int up=limit?a[pos]:9;
7      long long ans=0;
8      for(int i=0;i<=up;++i)
9      {
10         if(i==4) continue;
11         else if(fa==6&&i==2) continue;
12         ans+=dfs(pos-1,i,i==6,limit&&i==a[pos]);
13     }
14     if(!limit) dp[pos][st]=ans;
15     return ans;
16 }
17 long long get(long long x)
18 {
19     int pos=0;
20     while(x){a[pos++]=x%10;x/=10;}
21     return dfs(pos-1,0,0,1);
22 }
23 int main()
24 {
25     while(~scanf("%d%d",&L,&R))
26     {
27         if(L==0&&R==0) break;
28         memset(dp,-1,sizeof(dp));
29         printf("%lld\n",get(R)-get(L-1));
30     }
31     return 0;
32 }

```

5.2 Region

```

1  /* dp[i][j]=min(dp[i][j],dp[k][j-1]+add[k+1][i]) */
2  int a[MAX1],dp[MAX1][MAX2],add[MAX1][MAX1],s[MAX1][MAX2];
3  void init (int n,int m)
4  {
5      for (int k=1;k<=n;k++) read(a[k]);
6      for (int i=1;i<n;i++)
7      for (int j=i+1;j<=n;j++)
8          add[i][j]=add[i][j-1]+a[j]-a[(i+j)>>1];
9      for (int k=1;k<=n;k++)
10     {
11         dp[k][1]=add[1][k];
12         s[k][1]=1;
13     }
14 }
15 int main ()
16 {
17     int n,m;read(n);read(m);init(n,m);
18     for (int i=2;i<=m;i++)
19     {

```

```
20     s[n+1][i]=n;
21     for (int j=n;j>i;j--)
22     {
23         dp[j][i]=INF;
24         for (int k=s[j][i-1];k<=s[j+1][i];k++) if(dp[j][i]>dp[k][i-1]+add[k+1][j])
25         {
26             dp[j][i]=dp[k][i-1]+add[k+1][j];
27             s[j][i]=k;
28         }
29     }
30 }
31 printf ("%d\n",dp[n][m]);
32 return 0;
33 }
```

6 Others

6.1 Mod

```

1 int add(int x,int y){return (x+=y)>=MOD?x-MOD:x;}
2 int sub(int x,int y){return (x-=y)<0?x+MOD:x;}
3 int mul(int x,int y){return 1ll*x*y%MOD;}

```

6.2 Three_{divide}

```

1 for(int i=0;i<100;++i)//1e-6
2 {
3     midl=l+(r-l)/3.0;midr=r-(r-l)/3.0;
4     lr=getr(midl),rr=getr(midr);
5     if(lr-rr>eps) l=midl;
6     else r=midr;
7 }

```

6.3 Mo_{Algorithm}

```

1 /* number of continue region sum of xor ==k*/
2 int n,m,K,a[MAX],b[MAX],cnt[MAX],block;
3 struct Q{int l,r,id;long long ans;}q[MAX];
4 bool cmp1(Q a,Q b){return a.l/block==b.l/block?a.r<b.r:a.l/block<b.l/block;}
5 bool cmp2(Q a,Q b){return a.id<b.id;}
6 int main()
7 {
8     while(~scanf("%d%d%d",&n,&m,&K))
9     {
10         b[0]=0;memset(cnt,0,sizeof(cnt));a[0]=0;
11         for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) {scanf("%d",&a[i]);b[i]=b[i-1]^a[i];}
12         for(int i=0;i<m;++i) {scanf("%d%d",&q[i].l,&q[i].r);q[i].id=i;--q[i].l;}
13         block=sqrt(n);
14         sort(q,q+m,cmp1);
15         int L=q[0].l,R=q[0].l-1;long long ans=0;
16         for(int i=0;i<m;++i)
17         {
18             while(R<q[i].r) {++R;ans+=cnt[b[R]^K];++cnt[b[R]];}
19             while(R>q[i].r) {--cnt[b[R]];ans-=cnt[b[R]^K];--R;}
20             while(L>q[i].l) {--L;ans+=cnt[b[L]^K];++cnt[b[L]];}
21             while(L<q[i].l) {--cnt[b[L]];ans-=cnt[b[L]^K];++L;}
22             q[i].ans=ans;
23         }
24         sort(q,q+m,cmp2);
25         for(int i=0;i<m;++i) printf("%lld\n",q[i].ans);
26     }
27     return 0;
28 }
29 /* Mo with update:the min number not appear in thr times(of the numbers appear) */
30 const int MAX=2e5+5;
31 int n,m,cntq,cntc,cntid,block,a[MAX],now[MAX],vis[MAX],ans[MAX];
32 map<int,int>id;
33 struct P{int l,r,t,ans;void is(int x1,int x2,int x3){l=x1;r=x2;t=x3;}}q[MAX];
34 struct Q{int pos,u,v,t;void is(int x1,int x2,int x3,int x4){pos=x1;u=x2;v=x3;t=x4;}}c[
    MAX];
35 inline bool cmp1(P& x1,P& x2)
36 {

```

```

37     if(x1.l/block!=x2.l/block) return x1.l<x2.l;
38     if(x1.r/block!=x2.r/block) return x1.r<x2.r;
39     return x1.t<x2.t;
40 }
41 inline bool cmp2(P& x1,P& x2){return x1.t<x2.t;}
42 inline void add(int x,int d)
43 {
44     if(vis[x]>0)--ans[vis[x]];
45     vis[x]+=d;
46     if(vis[x]>0)++ans[vis[x]];
47 }
48 inline void change(int &x,int l,int r,int val)
49 {
50     if(c[x].v==0) return ;
51     if(c[x].pos>=l&&c[x].pos<=r)
52     {
53         add(a[c[x].pos],-1);
54         add(val,1);
55     }
56     a[c[x].pos]=val;
57 }
58 inline int sid(int x) {if(id[x]) return id[x]; return id[x]=++cntid;}
59 int main()
60 {
61     int x,y,z;
62     id.clear();cntq=cntid=0;memset(now,0,sizeof(now));memset(c,0,sizeof(c));
63     scanf("%d%d",&n,&m);block=pow(n,2.0/3);
64     for(int i=1;i<=n;++i) {scanf("%d",&a[i]);now[i]=a[i]=sid(a[i]);}
65     for(int i=1;i<=m;++i)
66     {
67         scanf("%d%d%d",&x,&y,&z);
68         if(x==1) q[cntq++].is(y,z,i);
69         else c[i].is(y,now[y],z=sid(z),i),now[y]=z;
70     }
71     sort(q,q+cntq,cmp1);
72     int l=1,r=0,t=0;
73     for(int i=0;i<cntq;++i)
74     {
75         while(r<q[i].r) add(a[++r],1);
76         while(l<q[i].l) add(a[l++],-1);
77         while(r>q[i].r) add(a[r--],-1);
78         while(l>q[i].l) add(a[--l],1);
79         while(t<q[i].t) ++t,change(t,l,r,c[t].v);
80         while(t>q[i].t) change(t,l,r,c[t].u),--t;
81         int k=1;while(ans[k]) ++k;q[i].ans=k;
82     }
83     sort(q,q+cntq,cmp2);
84     for(int i=0;i<cntq;++i) printf("%d\n",q[i].ans);
85     return 0;
86 }

```

6.4 SimulatedAnnealing

```

1  const int MAX=55;const double eps=1e-9;int n;
2  struct P{double x,y,z;}p[MAX];
3  double dist(P ta,P tb){return sqrt((ta.x-tb.x)*(ta.x-tb.x)+(ta.y-tb.y)*(ta.y-tb.y)+(ta.
   z-tb.z)*(ta.z-tb.z));}
4  double getans()

```



```
5 {
6     P s=p[0];
7     double t=100;//change
8     double dt=0.98;//change
9     double ans=1e9;
10    while(t>eps)
11    {
12        int k=0;
13        for(int i=0;i<n;++i) if(dist(s,p[i])>dist(s,p[k])) k=i;
14        double d=dist(s,p[k]);
15        ans=min(ans,d);
16        s.x+=(p[k].x-s.x)/d*t;
17        s.y+=(p[k].y-s.y)/d*t;
18        s.z+=(p[k].z-s.z)/d*t;
19        t*=dt;
20    }
21    return ans;
22 }
23 int main()
24 {
25     while(~scanf("%d",&n))
26     {
27         if(n==0) break;
28         for(int i=0;i<n;++i) scanf("%lf%lf%lf",&p[i].x,&p[i].y,&p[i].z);
29         printf("%.5f\n",getans());
30     }
31 }
```