# The agopt\_ex package\*

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#### Abstract

The agopt\_ex package is an aid to generate exercise sheets for the Optimization Research Group, TU Kaiserslautern, or optionally the Mathematisches Institut der Universität Koblenz.

The agopt ex package defines:

- environments for exercises and solutions,
- two layout variants (classic and modern, respectively, the latter containing a colored logo); includes a nice footer and predefined macros for a "in-class" and "take-home" sections,
- two locations (Kaiserslautern and Koblenz),
- · various ways to decide whether or not the solutions should be included in the output, including an auto-magic® mechanism,
- a number of useful features and macros.

This package documentation shows how to use the package by describing all package options and (re)defined macros. The corresponding source code snippets are included at the appropriate place for easy customization (and, of course, for instructional reasons).

#### 1 **Package Loading**

### **Package Options**

### **Language Settings**

english

german Define the language of the exercise sheet. The default is german. This option influences various textual elements of the exercise sheet.

```
1 \def\ublanguage{german}
2 \DeclareOption{german}{
   \def\ublanguage{german}
4 }
5 \DeclareOption{english}{
   \def\ublanguage{english}
7 }
```

<sup>\*</sup>This document corresponds to agopt\_ex v0.5.1, dated 2013/05/14. Obtain the newest version at http://github.com/supermihi/ latex

#### **Load Only the Environments**

bare With the bare option, only the exercise and solution environments are loaded (and everything needed by those), but no fonts, desing or whatever else.

- 8 \newif\ifbare
- 9\barefalse
- 10 \DeclareOption{bare}{\baretrue}

#### **Toggle Solution Output**

solution nosolution These options define whether or not solutions should be included in the output document or not. If neither option is present, *auto-magic* detection is enabled.

With auto-magic detection, the solutions are output if and only if the jobname contains the string "olution" (in english mode) or "oesung" (in german mode). Note that this is not a typo; the first letter is omitted in order to be case insensitive. If you need a different detection string, redefine the \solutionfilename

The jobname is normally the name of the source file without the .tex extension, but can be overridden in (pdf)latex, xelatex etc. with the -jobname=NAME option. This allows for a convenient workflow: Create a single . tex file, e.g. exercise1.tex, then run

- xelatex exercise1
- xelatex -jobname=solution1 exercise1

(substitude xelatex with your favourite LTFX engine, e.g. pdflatex, latex, ...) in order to generate exercise1.pdf (without solutions) and solution1.pdf (including solutions). The bash script xeloetex distributed together with this package shows how to merge both steps into one command that can be used as compile command in your favourite TEX editor.

- 11 \newif\ifautoshowanswers
- 12 \newif\ifshowanswers
- 13 \showanswersfalse
- 14 \autoshowanswerstrue
- 15 \DeclareOption{solution}{\showanswerstrue\autoshowanswersfalse}
- 16 \DeclareOption{nosolution}{\showanswersfalse\autoshowanswersfalse}

#### **Choose Location**

kaiserslautern koblenz

Selects the location, where Kaiserslautern is the default.

- 17 \newif\ifkoblenz
  - 18 \koblenzfalse
  - 19 \DeclareOption{koblenz}{\koblenztrue}
  - 20 \DeclareOption{kaiserslautern}{\koblenzfalse}

#### **Choose Layout**

classic Defines the style of the exercise sheet. modern uses a colored graphical logo of the AG in the title (as in this document). classic resembles the classical exercise sheet style which hasn't changed for the past 30 years.

21 \newif\ifmodern

```
22 \DeclareOption{modern}{\moderntrue}
23 \DeclareOption{classic}{\modernfalse}
24 \moderntrue % the default
This along the options continue
```

This closes the options section.

25 \ProcessOptions\relax

#### 1.2 Fonts

The package configures TEX to use fonts of the Linux Libertine family and the Euler math font. The implementation differs for (pdf)latex and xelatex. For this package to work with xelatex, you need to have the Linux Libertine and Linux Biolinum OpenType fonts installed.

```
26 \ifbare %
27 %
28 \else
   \RequirePackage{ifxetex}
    \RequirePackage{ifthen}
    \ifthenelse{\equal{\ublanguage}{german}}{
      \RequirePackage[ngerman]{babel}
32
   }{
33
      \RequirePackage[american]{babel}
34
   }
35
    \ifxetex
36
      \RequirePackage{amsfonts,amssymb}
37
      \RequirePackage{euler}
38
      \RequirePackage{xltxtra}
39
      \RequirePackage{xunicode}
40
      \defaultfontfeatures{Mapping=tex-text} % needed for -- and --- to work
41
      \setromanfont[Numbers=Proportional]{Linux Libertine 0}
42
      \setsansfont[Numbers=Proportional]{Linux Biolinum 0}
43
44
      \RequirePackage{libertine}
45
      \RequirePackage[T1]{fontenc}
46
      \RequirePackage{inconsolata}
47
48
      \usepackage{euler}
49
   \fi
50
51 \fi
```

# 1.3 Required Packages

The following packages are needed by agopt\_ex:

```
52 \ifbare %
53  %
54 \else
55  \RequirePackage{amsmath}
56  \RequirePackage{geometry}
57  \RequirePackage{hyperref}
58  \RequirePackage{fancyhdr}
```

```
59 \RequirePackage{zref-totpages}
60
61 \RequirePackage{url}
62 \fi
63 \RequirePackage{prettyref}
64 \RequirePackage{xspace}
```

# 2 Providing Lecture and Exercise Parameters

The following lecture and tutorial data should be set in every exercise sheet.

\Lecture Specify the name of the lecture (e. g. "Praktische Mathematik: Lineare und Netzwerkoptimierung").

65 \def\Lecture#1{\def\lecture#1}}

\LectureShort Specify a short name of the lecture, used in the footer (e.g. "PraMa Optimierung").

66 \def\LectureShort#1{\def\lectureshort{#1}}

\Sheetnumber Specify the exercise sheet number.

67 \def\Sheetnumber#1{\def\sheetnumber{#1}}

\Deadline Specify the deadline for turn-in exercises. May include additional information such as "in the lecture" or

"into the mailboxes in building 48".

68 \def\Deadline#1{\def\deadline{#1}}

\IssueDate Specify the date when the sheet was issued.

69 \def\IssueDate#1{\def\issuedate{#1}}

\Lecturer Specify the name of the lecturer.

70 \def\Lecturer#1{\def\lecturer{#1}}

**\Operator** Specify the name of the exercise operator.

71 \def\Operator#1{\def\operator{#1}}

\Semester Specify the current semester or term (e.g. "winter term 2012").

72 \def\Semester#1{\def\semester{#1}}

\Homepage This optional parameter defines a homepage for the exercises. If it is used, the document output will contain

a note where to download exercises.

73 \def\Homepage#1{\def\homepage{#1}}

\InclassDate This optional parameter defines the date for in-class exercises.

74 \def\InclassDate#1{\def\inclassdate{#1}}

The parameters defined by the above macros can be accessed by their lowercase equivalents.

```
\begin{tabular}{ll} \beg
```

77 \def\sheetnumber{1}

78 \def\deadline{}

<sup>76 \</sup>def\lectureshort{PraMa Optimierung}

```
79 \def\issuedate{06.12.1970}
80 \def\lecturer{Lecturer}
81 \def\operator{Exercise Operator}
82 \def\semester{Semester}
83 \def\homepage{}
```

# 2.1 Change Default Textual Elements

The words used for "Exercise", "Sheet" etc. can be modified by redefining the following commands:

```
84 \ifthenelse{\equal{\ublanguage}{german}}{
    \def\solutiontext{L\"osung}
    \def\exercisetext{Aufgabe}
86
    \verb|\newcommand{\exercisesheettext}| \label{text} Ubungsblatt|
87
88
    \def\withsolutiontext{mit L\"osung}
89
    \def\pagetext{Seite}
    \def\pointstext{Punkte}
    \def\solutionsheettext{L\"osungsblatt}
    \def\deadlinetext{Abgabe bis}
    \def\solutionfilename{oesung}
    \def\lecturetext{Vorlesung}
    \newcommand{\exercisestext}{\"Ubungen}
    \newcommand{\homepagetext}{Dieses \"Ubungsblatt sowie weitere %
    Informationen zur \"Ubung sind unter \url{\homepage} erh\"altlich.}
    \newcommand{\inclasstexttitle}{Pr\"asenz\"ubungen}
98
    \newcommand{\inclasstext}{Zur Bearbeitung in der \"Ubung am \inclassdate}
    \newcommand{\takehometexttitle}{Haus\"ubungen}
100
    \newcommand{\takehometext}{Bitte bis \deadline{} abgeben.}
    \newcommand{\deadlinepre}{\textbf{Abgabefrist: }}
102
    \def\solutiontext{Solution}
104
    \def\exercisetext{Exercise}
105
    \def\exercisesheettext{Exercise Sheet}
106
    \def\solutionsheettext{Solution Sheet}
107
    \def\withsolutiontext{including solutions}
108
    \def\pagetext{Page}
109
    \def\pointstext{points}
110
    \def\deadlinetext{Due date:}
111
    \def\solutionfilename{olution}
112
    \def\lecturetext{Lecture}
113
114
    \def\exercisestext{Exercises}
    \newcommand{\homepagetext}{Download of exercises at \url{\homepage}}
115
    \newcommand{\inclasstexttitle}{In-Class Exercises}
116
    \newcommand{\inclasstext}{To be done in the tutorial on \inclassdate}
117
    \newcommand{\takehometexttitle}{Turn-In Exercises}
118
    \newcommand{\takehometext}{Please hand in by \deadline{}}
119
    \newcommand{\deadlinepre}{\textbf{Deadline: }}
120
121 }
```

For example, if you wish to name exercises "Problem" rather than "Exercise", simply put

\renewcommand{\exercisetext}{Problem}

in your preamble.

# 3 Typesetting Exercises and Solutions

### 3.1 Exercises

exercise

```
The exercise environment is used in the following way:
```

```
\beta = \{ \langle title \rangle \}
```

. . .

\end{exercise}

The parameter  $\langle points \rangle$  will be typeset in parenthesis after the exercise title, unless it is empty. If the optional  $\langle title \rangle$  is given, the exercise title is typeset after the exercise number, separated by an endash (-). Exercises are numbered by a special counter (exercise); the number is displayed in the style x.y where x is the sheet number and y the exercise number on the sheet. You can thus use \label and \ref for exercise refereening as well as \theexercise to output the current exercise number.

As an example, the code

```
\begin{exercise}[$P \neq NP$]{4}
  Prove that $P$ is a proper subset of $NP$.
\end{exercise}
```

will be output as

## Exercise 1.1 – $P \neq NP$ (4 points)

Prove that P is a proper subset of NP.

```
122 \newcommand{\exheader}[1]{\par\vspace{2.5mm}\noindent{\bfseries #1}\par\vspace{1.5mm}}
123 \newcounter{exercise}
124 \setcounter{exercise}{0}
125 \newenvironment{exercise}[2][{}]%
126 {%
127 \refstepcounter{exercise}
128 \exheader{\exercisetext{} \sheetnumber.\arabic{exercise}}
129 \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{}-- #1}
130 \ifthenelse{\equal{#2}{}}{(#2 \pointstext)}}
131 }%
132 {\par\vspace{2mm}}
```

Subexercises can be typeset with usual \enumerate environments. In order not to mix up exercise and subexercise numbering, this package sets the first-order enumeration labelling to alphabetic numbering and the second order to arabic:

```
133 \RequirePackage{enumitem}
134 \setlist[enumerate,1]{label=\alph*)}
135 \setlist[enumerate,2]{label=\arabic*.}
```

#### 3.2 Solutions

solution

The solution environment can be used to create a sample solution. You can decide whether or not so-

```
lutions will be included in the output, in order to distinguish between exercise and solution sheets (see Section 1.1).
```

The solution environment is used as follows:

```
\begin{solution} [\langle \textit{points} \rangle] \\ \dots \\ \textbf{end{solution}} \\
```

The optional  $\langle points \rangle$  parameter is typeset in the same way as the  $\langle points \rangle$  argument of the  $\langle solution \rangle$  environment. It may be used to denote the point split in case of subexercises.

For example, the code

```
\begin{solution}[2+2]
  Base clause: Let $N=1$, then obviously $P=NP$.
\end{solution}
```

will be output to (if solution output is active)

#### Solution 1.1 (2+2 points):

Base clause: Let N = 1, then obviously P = NP.

# 3.3 Implementation of the Auto-Magic Solution Feature

If neither solution nor nosolution is provided as package option, test if the \jobname contains the (language specific) word for "solution". The test requires the xstring package.

```
137 \ifautoshowanswers
138 \RequirePackage{xstring}
139 \IfSubStr*{\jobname}{\solutionfilename}{
140 \showanswerstrue
141 }{
142 \showanswersfalse
143 }
144\fi
145 \newenvironment{solution}[1][{}]%
146 {%
147 \ifshowanswers
       \exheader{\solutiontext{} \sheetnumber.\arabic{exercise}%
148
149
       \ifthenelse{\equal{#1}{}}{}{ (#1 \pointstext)}:}
150 \else
       \par\vspace*{0pt}%
151
      \setbox\z@\vbox\bgroup
152
153 \fi
154 }{%
    \ifshowanswers
155
      %
156
    \else
157
       \egroup
158
159 \fi
160 }%
```

#### 3.4 In-Class and Take-Home Exercises

\inclass \takehome These optional macros create a title that marks the begin of the "in-class" or "take-home" part, respectively, of the exersice sheet.

```
161% marks if an exercise type (inclass, takehome) was explicitly chosen, because otherwise the layout
162% has to automatically print the deadline information.
163 \ifbare\else
164 \newif\ifexplicittype
    \explicittypefalse
    \newcommand{\inclass}{\par{\large
167 \ifmodern\textsc{\inclasstexttitle}\else\MakeUppercase{\inclasstexttitle}\fi}\\
168 (\inclasstext)\par
169 \explicittypetrue
170 }
171 \newcommand{\takehome}{\par{\large
172 \quad \text{takehometexttitle} \le \text{takehometexttitle} \
   (\takehometext)\par
173
174 \explicittypetrue
175 }
176\fi
```

## 4 Miscellaneous Features

## 4.1 PDF parameters

This package sets some PDF parameters according to the exercise sheet definition.

```
177 \ifbare\else
178 \hypersetup{%
179    pdftitle={\lecture, \exercisesheettext{} \sheetnumber}, %
180    pdfauthor={\ifkoblenz Mathematisches Institut, Universität Koblenz\else Optimization Research Group, TU Kaiser
181    pdfcreator={\ifxetex XeLaTeX \else LaTeX2e \fi}}
182 \fi
```

# 4.2 Referencing Exercises and Solutions

This package defines to reference formats for the prettyref package which can be used to reference exercises and solutions, respectively. Example:

```
Use the graph of \prettyref{ex:dijkstra} and ... Would be typeset as, say,
```

```
Use the graph of Exercise 2 and ...
```

```
183 \newrefformat{ex}{\exercisetext~\ref{#1}}
184 \newrefformat{solution}{\solutiontext~\ref{#1}}
```

#### 4.3 Headers and Footers

agopt\_ex uses fancyhdr to set an empty header and a nice footer. You can modify the following default layout if you wish.

```
185 \ifbare\else
186 \pagestyle{fancy}
187 \fancyhead{}
188 \renewcommand{\headrulewidth}{0pt}
189 \renewcommand{\footrulewidth}{.4pt}
190 \cfoot{\ifshowanswers\solutionsheettext{}\else\exercisesheettext{}\fi{} \sheetnumber}
191 \rfoot{\pagetext{} \thepage/\ztotpages}
192 \lfoot{\lectureshort}
193 \fi
```

# 5 Implementation of the Layouts

The modern layout uses tikz to draw the logo.

```
194 \ifbare\else
            \newcommand{\titledateline}{%
195
                       \ifthenelse{\equal{\deadline}{}}%
196
                                   {\inclasstext}%
197
198
                                   {\deadlinetext{} \deadline{}}%
199
            \ifmodern
200
               \RequirePackage{tikz}
201
               \definecolor{tublau}{rgb}{0.125,0.34,0.68}
202
               \mbox{\command{\mbox{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\command{\comman
203
               \hrule\vspace{2mm}
204
205
               \ifkoblenz
                          \begin{minipage}{0.65\textwidth}
206
               \else
207
                          \begin{minipage}{0.55\textwidth}
208
209
               {\boldsymbol{\beta}}\;\
210
211
               \LARGE \scshape \exercisesheettext{} \sheetnumber %
               \ifshowanswers%
                    {\Large{} (\withsolutiontext)}%
214
               \small \upshape \itshape \rmfamily \titledateline}
215
               \end{minipage}
216
               \ifkoblenz
217
                          \begin{minipage}{0.34\textwidth}
218
219
                                   \begin{minipage}{0.44\textwidth}
220
221
               \begin{flushright}
222
               \ifkoblenz
223
224
                          \definecolor{koblue}{RGB}{29,78,148}
225
                           \begin{tikzpicture}[y=-0.4pt, x=0.4pt]
                          \left[ cm = \{\{1.25, 0.0, 0.0, -1.25, (0.0, 57.5)\} \} \right]
                                \path[draw=koblue,line join=miter,line cap=butt,miter limit=3.86,line width=1.355pt] (52.2523,44.1371) --
227
228
                                \path[fill=koblue,nonzero rule] (9.7570,26.2781) -- (25.4219,26.2781) -- (24.6152,23.8500) -- (8.9500,23.
                                \path[fill=koblue,nonzero rule] (34.1387,26.2781) -- (49.8039,26.2781) -- (48.9969,23.8500) -- (33.3320,2
229
```

```
\path[fill,nonzero rule] (71.3902,12.8836) -- (71.3902,20.6355) -- (69.3742,20.6355) -- (69.3742,2.5394)
230
231
            \path[fill,even odd rule] (91.1125,20.9477) .. controls (85.9523,20.9477) and (81.6797,16.7477) .. (81.67
            \path[fill,even odd rule] (105.2860,10.9398) -- (107.0380,10.9398) .. controls (109.2460,10.9398) and (11
232
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (118.9120,20.6355) -- (116.8960,20.6355) -- (116.8960,2.5394) -- (123.9040,2.539
233
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (125.8960,2.5394) -- (135.2800,2.5394) -- (135.2800,4.4117) -- (127.9120,4.4117)
234
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (138.8260,2.5394) -- (140.8420,2.5394) -- (140.8420,16.4836) -- (154.9540,1.7238
235
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (160.5690,4.4117) -- (170.4570,20.6355) -- (158.4800,20.6355) -- (158.4800,18.76
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (179.4550,12.8383) .. controls (178.7110,12.8383) and (178.1110,12.2383) .. (178
237
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (191.7840,20.6355) -- (189.7680,20.6355) -- (189.7680,2.5394) -- (196.7760,2.539
238
            \path[fill,even odd rule] (209.6880,7.6758) -- (211.8240,2.5394) -- (214.0550,2.5394) -- (205.9200,21.499
239
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (216.1410,2.5394) -- (218.1570,2.5394) -- (218.1570,16.4836) -- (232.2700,1.7238
240
            \path[fill,even odd rule] (236.0370,2.5394) -- (239.3960,2.5394) .. controls (242.2290,2.5394) and (244.3
241
            \path[fill,even odd rule] (262.2620,7.6758) -- (264.3980,2.5394) -- (266.6290,2.5394) -- (258.4940,21.499
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (269.8440,20.6355) -- (267.8280,20.6355) -- (267.8280,9.3074) .. controls (267.8
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (71.3422,44.6355) -- (69.3262,44.6355) -- (69.3262,33.3074) .. controls (69.3262
244
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (93.4863,26.5395) -- (95.5023,26.5395) -- (95.5023,40.4836) -- (109.6140,25.7238
245
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (120.9890,26.5395) -- (123.0054,26.5395) -- (123.0054,44.6356) -- (120.9890,44.6
246
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (134.7300,44.6355) -- (132.5460,44.6355) -- (139.8900,25.4598) -- (147.2340,44.6
247
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (156.7520,26.5395) -- (166.1360,26.5395) -- (166.1360,28.4117) -- (158.7690,28.4
248
            \path[fill,even odd rule] (179.1380,42.7637) -- (179.7380,42.7637) .. controls (182.1620,42.7637) and (18
249
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (207.5020,42.1395) .. controls (206.5420,43.9156) and (204.8380,44.9477) .. (202
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (218.7000,26.5395) -- (220.7160,26.5395) -- (220.7160,44.6356) -- (218.7000,44.6
251
252
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (236.7370,42.7637) -- (241.1530,42.7637) -- (241.1530,44.6355) -- (230.3520,44.6
            \path[fill,even odd rule] (259.2930,31.6758) -- (261.4300,26.5395) -- (263.6610,26.5395) -- (255.5250,45.
253
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (276.0670,42.7637) -- (280.4840,42.7637) -- (280.4840,44.6355) -- (269.6840,44.6
254
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (250.6180,44.7105) .. controls (249.8740,44.7105) and (249.2740,44.1105) .. (249.2740,44.1105)
255
            \path[fill,nonzero rule] (260.4040,44.7105) .. controls (259.6600,44.7105) and (259.0590,44.1105) .. (259.
256
257
          \end{scope}
          \end{tikzpicture}
258
259
      \begin{tikzpicture}[klumpen/.style={minimum size=4mm,rectangle},
260
                          every edge/.append style={very thick},scale=.9]
261
       \node[fill=red,klumpen] (k1) at (0,0) {};
262
       \node[fill=tublau,klumpen] (k2) at (2,0) {} edge (k1);
263
       \node[fill=tublau,klumpen] (k3) at (2,-1) {} edge(k2);
264
       \node[fill=red,klumpen] (k4) at (5,-1) {} edge(k3);
265
       \label{locality} $$ \operatorname{fontsize}{15}{16}\ at (1,-.5) {OPT}; $$
266
267
       \node[font={\sffamily\fontsize{8}{7}\selectfont}, anchor=west] at (2.3, -.5)
268
        {\begin{minipage}{2.6cm}Optimization\\Research Group\end{minipage}};
      \end{tikzpicture}
269
270
      \end{flushright}
271
      \end{minipage}\vspace{2mm}\hrule
272
      \begin{center}\small
273
      \textbf{\lecturetext:} \lecturer\\
274
275
       \textbf{\exercisestext:} \operator
      \end{center}\vspace{-2mm}
276
277
      \ifthenelse{\equal{\homepage}{}}{}{
278
      {\small \homepagetext}
```

279

}

```
}
280
This is the implementation of the classic layout.
      \renewcommand{\maketitle}{
283
      \begin{minipage}{0.49\textwidth}
284
      \begin{flushleft}
285
      \ifkoblenz
286
          Universit\"at Koblenz-Landau, Campus Koblenz\\
          Mathematisches Institut\\
288
      \else
289
          Technische Universit\"at Kaiserslautern\\
290
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# **Change History**

v0.1	umentation
General: Initial version 1	v0.4
v0.2	General: add Koblenz mode
General: Largely rewritten 1	General: add Robienz mode
v0.2.1	v0.4.1
General: Add font definitions 1	General: optional points arg for solution environ-
v0.2.2	ment
General: Improve on AG logo 1	v0.5
v0.3	Constal implement entional have made which
General: A first complete proof-read, again lots of	General: implement optional bare mode which loads only the environments
small changes 1	•
v0.3.1	v0.5.1
General: Fixed modern layout, added URL to doc-	General: use TikZ version of the Koblenz logo 1

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**Deadline:** Please hand in by 24.12.2039