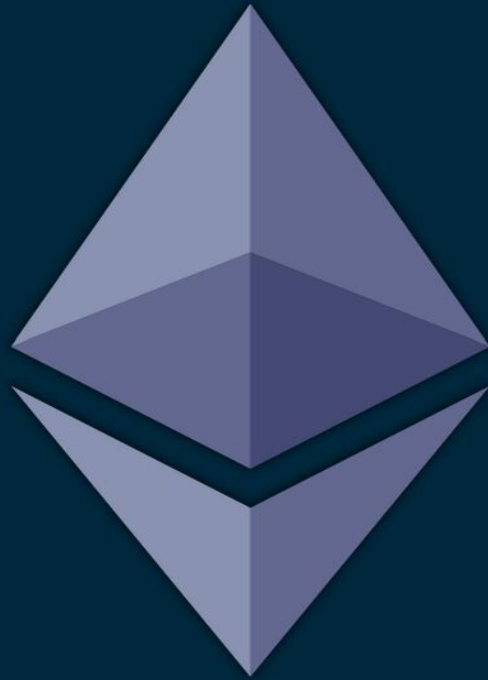


*GET STARTED WITH*

# ETHEREUM



VSCODE



TRUFFLE



GANACHE



PINATA



ENS



FLEEK



OPENZEPPPELIN



CHAINLINK



IPFS



INFURA



METAMASK



OPENSEA

BLOCKCHAIN SERIES  
DAVI BAUER

# How to Get Started With Ethereum

# About this Book

## Get Started With Ethereum

This book is a step by step guide for everyone who wants to start as an Ethereum developer. It was designed for those who have never programmed anything in blockchain and want to get started. I will cover everything from installing basic requirements to writing, testing and deploying smart contracts. I will also cover topics like IPFS, ENS, Chainlink, Truffle, Ganache, OpenZeppelin, Pinata, Fleek, Infura, Metamask, Opensea, among others.

You will receive free updates as new content becomes available.

Enjoy!

# About the Author

## Davi Pedro Bauer

I have 20+ years of experience in the IT market with experience in analysis and systems development. I've been working with agile methods since 2009, where I participated in agile adoption programs in multidisciplinary teams, supporting the implementation of processes and practices such as Scrum and Kanban, as well as the launch of new digital products for web and mobile platforms. Since 2016, I have been studying on topics related to Blockchain, such as cryptocurrencies, asset tokenization, smart contracts and distributed applications (DApps) and since 2019 I've been working with DevSecOps from code to infrastructure.

Follow me on [Linkedin](#)

Follow me on [Github](#)

<https://leanpub.com/u/davibauer>

# Pre requirements

## Install Blockchain Dev Kit Extension on VS Code

The Blockchain Developer Kit was built for both new users to Ethereum, but not get in the way for those familiar with the process. One of the primary goals is to help users create a project structure for these smart contracts, help in the compilation and building of these assets, deployment of these assets to blockchain endpoints as well as debugging of these contracts.

[View on YouTube](#)

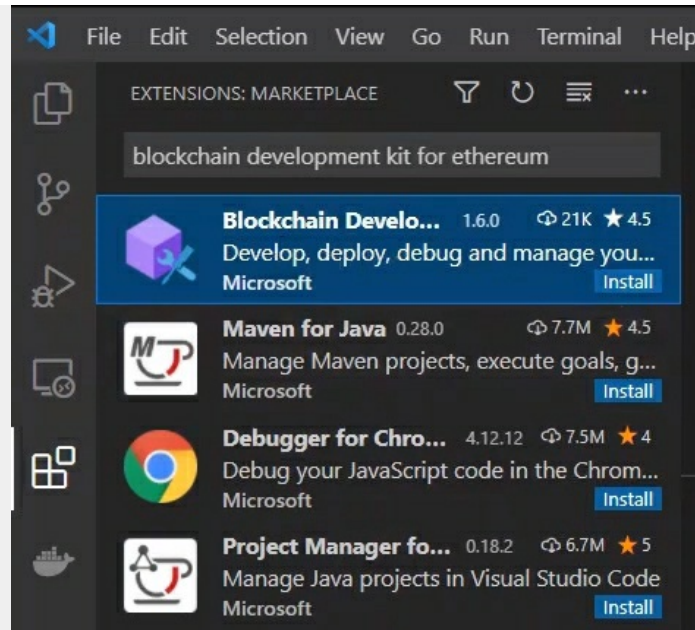
ESTIMATED TIME	1 minute
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### Installing the extension

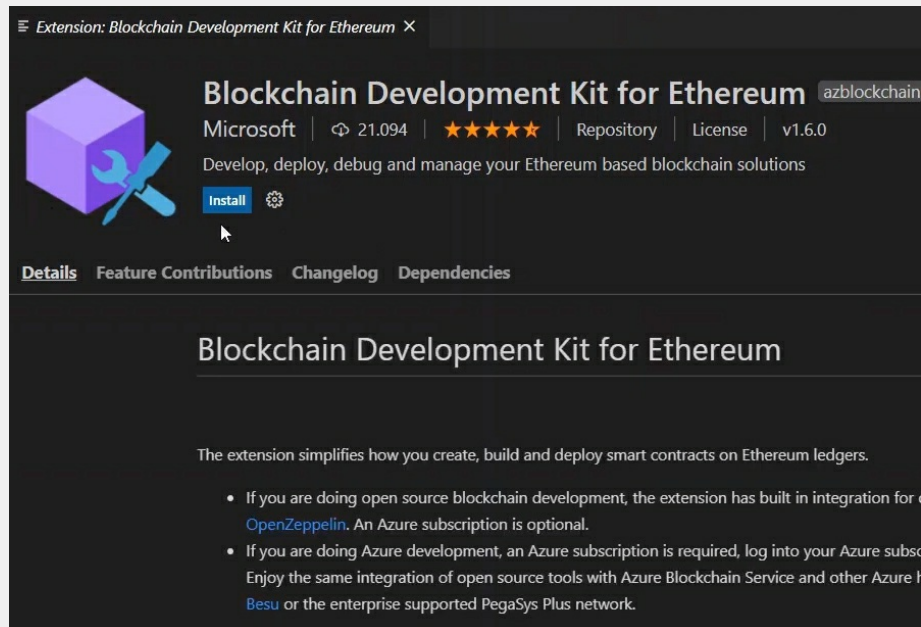
Go to Extensions.

Search for “blockchain development kit for ethereum”.

Click on the extension created by Microsoft, usually will be the first one.



Click on “Install”.



Wait for the installation complete  
That's done!

# Install Truffle

Truffle is a development environment, testing framework and asset pipeline for Ethereum, aiming to make life as an Ethereum developer easier.

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

2 minutes

## Installing Truffle

Go to the terminal windows

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ npm install -g truffle
```

## Checking Truffle installation

Check if the installation was done successfully

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ truffle
```

```
davi@DAVI-LATITUDE MINGW64 /c/blockchain/getstarted (master)
```

```
$ truffle
```

```
Truffle v5.2.6 - a development framework for Ethereum
```

```
Usage: truffle <command> [options]
```

Commands:

build	Execute build pipeline (if configuration present)
compile	Compile contract source files
config	Set user-level configuration options
console	Run a console with contract abstractions and commands available
create	Helper to create new contracts, migrations and tests
db	Database interface commands
debug	Interactively debug any transaction on the blockchain
deploy	(alias for migrate)
develop	Open a console with a local development blockchain
exec	Execute a JS module within this Truffle environment
help	List all commands or provide information about a specific command
init	Initialize new and empty Ethereum project
install	Install a package from the Ethereum Package Registry
migrate	Run migrations to deploy contracts
networks	Show addresses for deployed contracts on each network
obtain	Fetch and cache a specified compiler
opcode	Print the compiled opcodes for a given contract
publish	Publish a package to the Ethereum Package Registry
run	Run a third-party command
test	Run JavaScript and Solidity tests
unbox	Download a Truffle Box, a pre-built Truffle project
version	Show version number and exit
watch	Watch filesystem for changes and rebuild the project automatically

See more at <http://trufflesuite.com/docs>



# Install Ganache CLI

Ganache is a personal blockchain for rapid Ethereum and Corda distributed application development. You can use Ganache across the entire development cycle; enabling you to develop, deploy, and test your dApps in a safe and deterministic environment.

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

2 minutes

## COMMAND OVERVIEW

`npm install`

This command installs a package and any packages that it depends on.

`ganache-cli`

Start the ganache development blockchain on 127.0.0.1:8545.

## Installing Ganache

Go to the terminal windows

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
npm install -g ganache-cli
```

## Starting Ganache locally

Start Ganache CLI on 127.0.0.1:8545

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
ganache-cli
```

It will also generate 10 accounts with their respective public and private keys so that you can use it for test purposes.

```
davi@DAVI-LATITUDE MINGW64 /c/blockchain/getstarted (master)
$ ganache-cli
Ganache CLI v6.12.2 (ganache-core: 2.13.2)

Available Accounts
=====
(0) 0x6561f53E2c87E556b6f09BFf4799B3b2ea52Df3C (100 ETH)
(1) 0x4dD054592aB56a02F556801d9d25f4c21a79375a (100 ETH)
(2) 0x5D6F7D893DD4cd3f210bE411A8a080806CD497Ba (100 ETH)
(3) 0x919E866EdF19CA91abeC4Fd64A5b234180364ECD (100 ETH)
(4) 0x164b46F6ED93D3aaAb02258FbF45d00FDB388CB7 (100 ETH)
(5) 0x1ed6CB8Dff561C7124687A8e208041ec7dA326aA (100 ETH)
(6) 0x5e574182b073B1e071852eDC5d29c4591A14564E (100 ETH)
(7) 0xC080e81AB25f6790a3D0bFfab17e86B557e74d41 (100 ETH)
(8) 0x78759E4c5E0b8803D77fC46FBA0e15Ad85D00B42 (100 ETH)
(9) 0x91B49E68614E36CC6FdcDc22bA1d3207c0e9cf52 (100 ETH)
```

# MetaMask

## Install and Setup MetaMask Wallet

MetaMask is an extension for accessing Ethereum enabled distributed applications, or "Dapps" in your browser. The extension injects the Ethereum web3 API into every website's javascript context, so that dApps can read from the blockchain. MetaMask also lets the user create and manage their own identities (via private keys, local client wallet and hardware wallets like Trezor), so when a Dapp wants to perform a transaction and write to the blockchain, the user gets a secure interface to review the transaction, before approving or rejecting it.

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

2 minutes

### Installing the wallet

- Go to [metamask.io](https://metamask.io)
- Click on "Install MetaMask"
- Click on "Add to Brave" or your browser name
- Click on "Add extension"
- Click on "Get Started"

### Configuring the wallet

- Click on "Create a Wallet"

Click on "No Thanks" (but if you prefer, click on "I Agree" instead)  
Define the password that you will use to open your wallet  
Confirm the password  
Agree to the terms of use  
Click on "Create"  
Now you can backup your secret backup phrase (you can also do it later)  
For now, click on "Remind me later"  
Your wallet is done!

## Accessing your wallet

Click on extensions and pin MetaMask to your bar  
Click on MetaMask icon, your wallet will be shown

## Discovering your wallet address

Click on the three dots on the upper right side and then on "Account details"  
You can see your wallet address in hash format and in a QR code format  
You can also copy your wallet address by clicking on account name  
That's all!

# Infura

## Create an Account on Infura

Infura provides the tools and infrastructure that allow developers to easily take their blockchain application from testing to scaled deployment - with simple, reliable access to Ethereum and IPFS.

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

2 minutes

### Creating a new account

Go to [infura.io](https://infura.io)

Click on “Get Started for Free”.

Enter your email and password

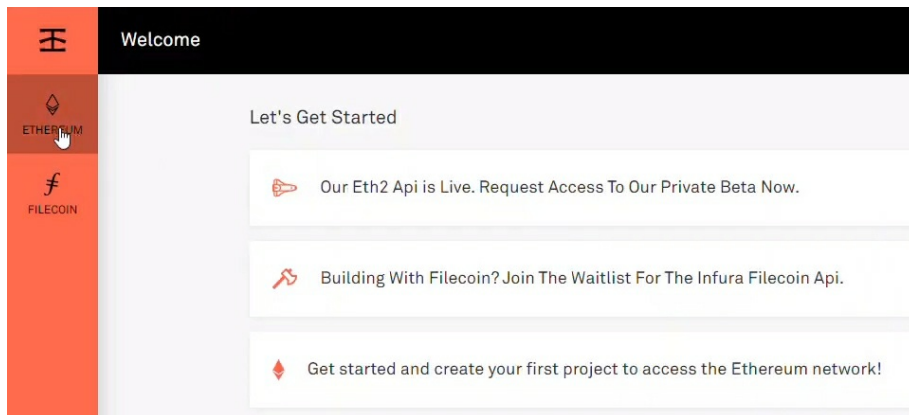
Click on “Sign Up”

A verification email will be send to your address

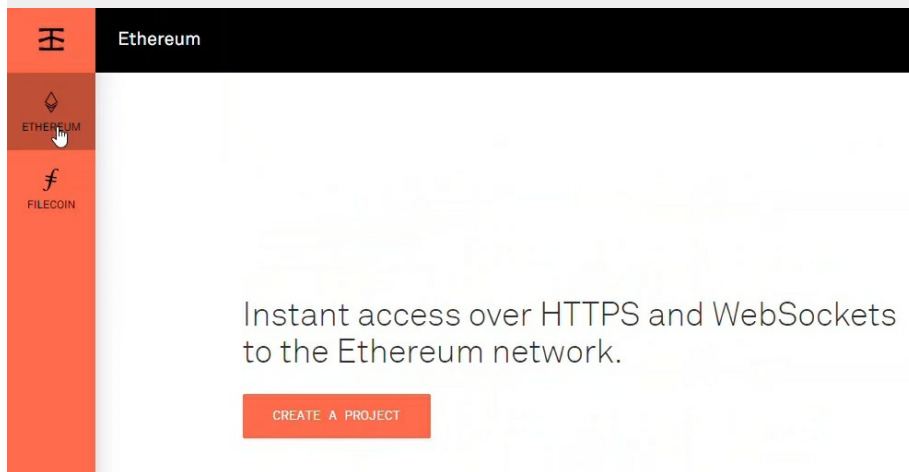
Check your email and confirm your account by clicking the verification link

After that, you will be redirected to your dashboard

Click on “Ethereum” tab on the left side menu



Now your account was created and you can start setting up a new project.



## Setting up your infura project

Go to [infura.io](https://infura.io)

Access your dashboard

Click on "ethereum"

Click on "create a project"

Define the project name

You can connect with different testnets and also to the mainnet

Save changes

## PROJECT DETAILS

NAME\*

MyCoin

SAVE CHANGES

## KEYS

PROJECT ID

7f7261824605444497585504fbfde984 

PROJECT SECRET ⓘ

ENDPOINTS

Mainnet



<https://mainnet.infura.io/v3/7f7261824605444497585504fbfde984> 

<wss://mainnet.infura.io/ws/v3/7f7261824605444497585504fbfde984> 

# Solidity

## Get Started With Solidity Project on VS Code

Smart contracts are most commonly used with Ethereum. Ethereum is the world's first programmable blockchain. It allows smart contracts to be defined to help facilitate the transfer of digital assets, like ether.

The language you'll use to write contracts is Solidity. Solidity is Turing-complete, which means that you can write complicated contracts in a clearly defined and coded way.

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

4 minutes

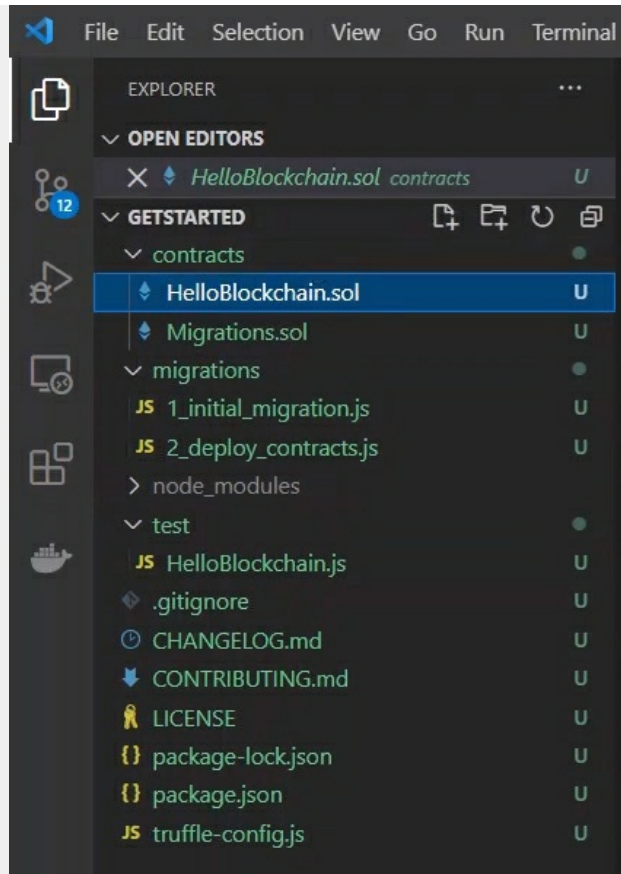
### Creating a new project

- Click on “View > Command Palette...”.
- Click on “Blockchain: New Solidity Project”.
- Click on “Create basic project”
- Select a folder where the project will be scaffolding.
- Wait for the project to be created.

### Compiling the project

- Right click on HelloBlockchain.sol file





Select “Build Contracts”.  
Wait for contracts to be built.

## Deploying to development blockchain

Right click on HelloBlockchain.sol file.  
Select “Deploy Contracts”.  
Select “development 127.0.0.1:8545”.  
Wait for the contracts to be deployed to the blockchain development network.  
That’s done!

# ERC20 - Fungible Tokens

## Write a Simple ERC20 Token Using OpenZeppelin

Let's create a simple ERC-20 ethereum smart contract, with the help of Truffle, and then import the OpenZeppelin contracts library.

Tokens can represent virtually anything in Ethereum:

- Reputation points in an online platform
- Skills of a character in a game
- Lottery tickets
- Financial assets like a share in a company
- A fiat currency like USD
- An ounce of gold

<https://ethereum.org/en/developers/docs/standards/tokens/erc-20/>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

5 minutes

### COMMAND OVERVIEW

`truffle init`

Initialize new and empty Ethereum project

`npm init`

Creates a package.json file for your project. This file contains information about the project's packages and dependencies.

```
npm install
```

This command installs a package and any packages that it depends on.

## Preparing the environment

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ truffle init
$ npm init
$ npm install @openzeppelin/contracts
```

## Writing the contract

- Create a new file under contracts with the name ERC20MinerReward.sol
- Add the license directive
- Define the solidity minimum version
- Import OpenZeppelin ERC-20 contract library
- Define the contract class
- Define the contract constructor
- Define the contract name
- Define the contract symbol

ERC20MinerReward.sol

```
1 // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
2 pragma solidity ^ 0.8.0;
3
4 import "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol"
5
6 contract ERC20MinerReward is ERC20 {
7     constructor () ERC20("MinerReward", "MRW")
8 }
```

## Setting the Solidity compiler version

Copy the solidity version used in this contract  
Open truffle-config.js  
Uncomment the "solc" block  
Set the solidity version pasting the copied value

## Compiling the contract

Now is time to compile the contract

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ truffle compile
```

The contract was compiled successfully!

## Verifying the result

Noticed that a new folder build/contract was created  
The brand new contract is there!

# Deploy ERC20 Token to Ganache Development Blockchain

Ethereum Ganache is a local in-memory blockchain designed for development and testing. It simulates the features of a real Ethereum network, including the availability of a number of accounts funded with test Ether.

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

4 minutes

PRE  
REQUIREMENTS

[Install Truffle](#)

## COMMAND OVERVIEW

ganache-cli

Start the ganache development blockchain on 127.0.0.1:8545.

truffle compile

Compile contract source file.

truffle migrate

Run migrations to deploy contracts.

## Preparing migration

- Create a new migration file
- Add reference to smart contract
- Add a export function to deploy the smart contract

## Starting the blockchain

- Open a new terminal

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ ganache-cli
```

A new ganache blockchain is listening on 127.0.0.1:8545

## Configuring the blockchain network

- Open truffle-config.js
- Uncomment development block from networks
- Make sure host and port are corrects

## Deploying the contract

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ truffle compile  
$ truffle migrate
```

The contract was deployed to ganache blockchain

A contract address was created

## Adding the token to a wallet

Go the Brave browser (or any browser compatible with MetaMask)

Select the "Localhost 8585" network

Click on "Add Token"

Click on "Custom Token"

Copy the contract address

Paste on "Token Contract Address" field

The "Token Symbol" and "Decimals of Precision" is filled automatically

Click on "Next"

Click on "Add Token"

The token was added to MetaMask wallet

The token is there!

# Create an ERC20 Token With Fixed Supply

ERC20 fixed supply tokens define the total tokens allowed in the smart contract. In this type of implementation, you cannot change it after being deployed on the blockchain.

<https://openzeppelin.com>

<https://www.trufflesuite.com/truffle>

<https://www.trufflesuite.com/ganache>

<https://metamask.io>

ESTIMATED TIME	12 minutes
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VIDEO	<u>YOUTUBE</u>
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SOURCE CODE	<u>GITHUB</u>
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PRE REQUIREMENTS
<u>Install Truffle</u>

COMMAND OVERVIEW
truffle init
Initialize new and empty Ethereum project
npm init
Creates a package.json file for your project.
npm install
Installs a package and any packages that it depends on.



```
ganache-cli
```

Start the ganache development blockchain on 127.0.0.1:8545.

```
truffle compile
```

Compile contract source file.

```
truffle migrate
```

Run migrations to deploy contracts.

## Creating the project

### VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

```
TERMINAL
```

```
$ truffle init
```

```
$ npm init
```

```
$ npm install @openzeppelin/contracts
```

## Writing the contract

Create a new solidity file

Include the license declaration (it is mandatory)

Define the solidity minimum version

Import OpenZeppelin ERC-20 contract library

Define the fixed supply contract class inheriting from ERC20

Call the constructor passing the name and symbol

Assign the total supply to the sender address (who created the contract)

Override the decimals function

Set the number of decimals that this token will have

## ERC20FixedSupply.sol

```
1 // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
2 pragma solidity ^ 0.8.0 ;
3
4 import "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/ERC20.sol"
5
6 contract ERC20FixedSupply is ERC20 {
7     constructor () ERC20("Fixed", "FIX"){
8         _mint(msg.sender, 1000 );
9     }
10
11     function decimals () public view virtual override returns
12 (uint8){
13         return 0 ;
14     }
15 }
```

Go to truffle-config.js  
Uncomment the "solc" block  
Update the solidity version number

## truffle-config.js

```
83 compilers: {
84   solc: {
85     version: "0.8.0",
86     docker: true,
87     settings: {
88       optimizer: {
89         enabled: false,
90         runs: 200
91       },
92       evmVersion: "byzantium"
93     }
94   }
95 },
```

Under migrations folder, create a new file  
Set the name to 2\_deploy\_contract.sol

Set the require method to your contract file  
Export a function to deploy the contract

2\_deploy\_contract.sol

```
1  var ERC20FixedSupply = artifacts.require( "./ERC20FixedSupply.sol" );
2
3  module .exports = function (deployer){
4    deployer.deploy(ERC20FixedSupply);
5  }
```

Open a new terminal

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ ganache-cli
```

Starting Ganache development blockchain

Split the terminal view

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ ganache-cli
```

Go to truffle-config.js  
Under networks, uncomment the development block

truffle-config.js

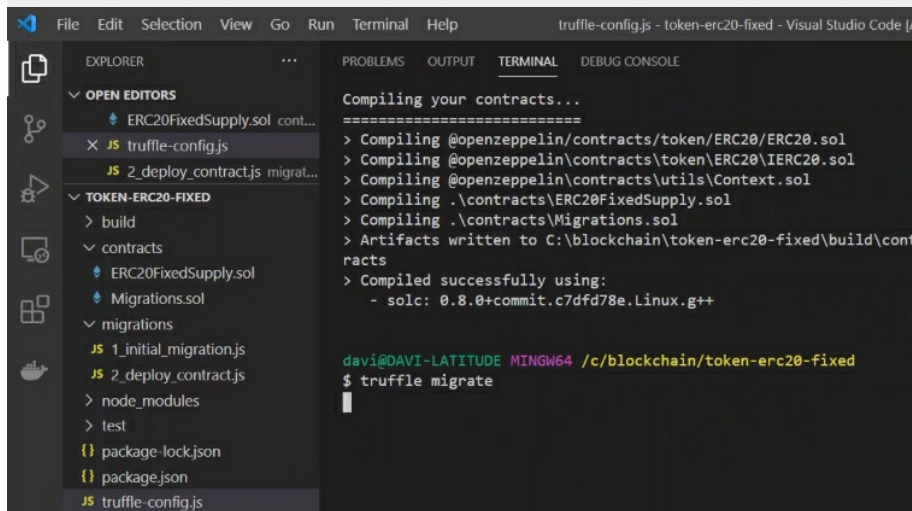
```
38 networks: {
39   development: {
40     host: "127.0.0.1",
41     port: 8545,
42     network_id: "*"
43   },
```

# Migrating the contract

## VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ truffle migrate
```



Copy the private key of the account that deployed the token

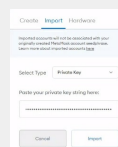
## Configuring MetaMask

Open MetaMask

Click on your account and then "import account"

Paste the account private key

Click on "import"



Click on networks list

Click on "Localhost:8545"

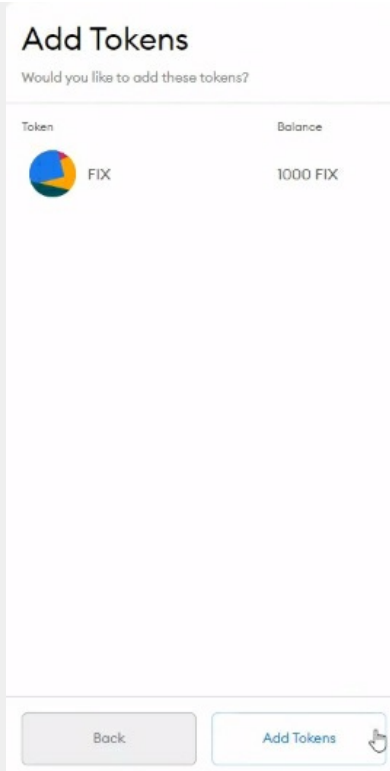


## Adding the token

Click on "add token"  
Select "custom token"  
Paste the token contract address  
Click on "next"

A screenshot of a mobile application interface titled 'Add Tokens'. It has two tabs: 'Search' and 'Custom Token', with 'Custom Token' being the active tab. The form contains three input fields: 'Token Contract Address' with the value '0x5b04eC9cd7A5B20c79E96AfD1aF145650dC', 'Token Symbol' with the value 'FIX', and 'Decimals of Precision' with the value '0'. There is an 'Edit' link next to the 'Token Symbol' field. At the bottom, there are two buttons: 'Cancel' and 'Next', with a hand cursor icon pointing to the 'Next' button.

Click on "add tokens"



Go back to vs code

Copy another account private key

Go back to MetaMask

Repeat the steps you did for the first account including adding the token

## Transferring tokens between accounts

Now change to the first imported account (the one that has all the tokens)

Click on "send"

Click on "transfer between my accounts"

Select the second created account

Input 115 FIX as the amount to transfer

Click on "next"

Click on "confirm"

The transaction was sent but it's in pending state

The transaction was confirmed

The total tokens was updated  
Select the second imported account  
Now this account has 115 FIX!

# Deploy ERC20 Token to Testnet using Infura

You can use infura to deploy your smart contracts to test networks such as Ropsten, Kovan, Rinkeby, Gorli and also to the Mainnet. For testnet you will need to setup a new project on infura as well as access to the private key of the wallet that you will use to deploy the contracts. This wallet needs to have ether balance to complete the contract creation transaction.

<https://infura.io>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

8 minutes

## PRE REQUIREMENTS

[Install Truffle](#)

[Create an Account on Infura.io](#)

[Get Test Ether From Faucet on Ropsten Network](#)

[Install and Setup MetaMask Wallet](#)

## COMMAND OVERVIEW

`npm install fs`

Install the fs package that provides a lot of very useful functionality to access and interact with the file system.

`npm install @truffle/hdwallet-provider`

Install the HD Wallet-enabled Web3 provider. This is used to sign transactions for addresses derived from a 12 or 24 word mnemonic.



```
truffle migrate --network ropsten
```

Run migrations to deploy contracts.

## Installing the pre-requirements

Open a new terminal

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ npm install fs  
$ npm install @truffle/hdwallet-provider
```

## Setting up your infura project

Go to infura.io

Access your dashboard

Click on "ethereum"

Click on "create a project"

Define the project name

You can connect with different testnets and also to the mainnet

Copy the project id

Save changes

## Setting up your smart contract

Go to visual studio code

Open truffle-config.js

Uncomment the four constants: hdwalletprovider, infurakey, fs and mnemonic

Paste the project id as a value for infurakey constant

Uncomment the "ropsten" block

Make sure you are using the correct project id in the ropsten endpoint

## Configuring the private key

Go to the browser and open your MetaMask wallet connected to infura network  
Click on your account  
Click on "settings"  
Click on "security & privacy"  
Click on "reveal seed phrase"  
Enter your wallet password to continue  
Copy the private key  
Go back to visual studio code  
Create a new file named ".secret"  
Paste the private key

## Deploying the smart contract

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ truffle migrate --network ropsten
```

## Checking your wallet balance

Go to your Metamask wallet again  
Notice that your balance has been reduced

## Verifying the smart contract on etherscan

Open a new window

Go to <https://ropsten.etherscan.io>

Copy the contract address that was created for your deploy

Paste the contract address in the search field

Click on the "find" button

The smart contract is there!

The tokens were created and transferred to the wallet that created the contract

Click on "Fixed (FIX)" token link

Here you can see the overview of your newly created token!

# Unit Tests

## Write Unit Tests for ERC20 Smart Contracts

Truffle comes standard with an automated testing framework to make testing your contracts much easier. This framework lets you write simple and manageable tests in different ways.

<https://www.trufflesuite.com/truffle>

<https://www.trufflesuite.com/ganache>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

5 minutes

PRE  
REQUIREMENTS

[Install Truffle](#)

[Install Ganache  
CLI](#)

COMMAND OVERVIEW

`truffle create test`

Helper to create new contracts, migrations and tests.

`truffle test --network development`

Run JavaScript and Solidity tests.

## Creating a new unit test file

Open a new terminal and execute the command.

```
TERMINAL
```

```
$ truffle create test erc20FixedSupply
```

## Writing test for the contract total supply

Write a new test to assert that the contract was created with a fixed supply of 1000 coins.

```
ERC20FixedSupply.js
```

```
1  const erc20FixedSupply = artifacts.require( "erc20FixedSupply" );
2
3  contract( "erc20FixedSupply" , function () {
4      it( "should assert true" , async function () {
5          await erc20FixedSupply.deployed();
6          return assert.isTrue( true );
7      });
8
9      it( "should return total supply of 1000" , async function () {
10         const instance = await erc20FixedSupply.deployed();
11         const totalSupply = await instance.totalSupply();
12
13         assert.equal(totalSupply, 1000 );
14     });
15 });
```

Test using the following command.

```
TERMINAL
```

```
$ truffle test --network development
```

The test will pass.

## Writing test asserting for the contract balance

Add one more test to assert that the balance is correct after a new transfer is made between two accounts.

### ERC20FixedSupply.js

```
16     it( "should transfer 150 FIX" , async function (){
17         const instance = await erc20FixedSupply.deployed();
18         await instance.transfer( "account[1]" , 150 );
19
20         const balanceAccount0 = await instance.balanceOf(accounts[ 0
21     ]);
22         const balanceAccount1 = await instance.balanceOf(accounts[ 1
23     ]);
24
25         assert.equal(balanceAccount0.toNumber(), 850 );
26         assert.equal(balanceAccount1.toNumber(), 150 );
27     });
```

Execute the test again.

### TERMINAL

```
$ truffle test --network development
```

All tests will pass.

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  TERMINAL  DEBUG CONSOLE
=====
> Everything is up to date, there is nothing to compile.

Contract: erc20FixedSupply
  ✓ should assert true
  ✓ should return total supply of 1000 (112ms)

2 passing (312ms)
```

Try to change some values like the account balance at line 23

and 24 and see how the results change from pass to fail.

# ERC721- Non-Fungible Tokens

## Create your art NFT using Ganache and OpenZeppelin

An NFT is a digital asset that represents real-world objects like art, music, in-game items and videos. In this video I'll show you how to create a NFT ERC 721 and deploy it to ethereum testnet network as well as how to add it to your metamask mobile wallet.

<https://eips.ethereum.org/EIPS/eip-721>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

15  
minutes

### PRE REQUIREMENTS

[Install Truffle](#)

[Create an Account on Infura.io](#)

[Get Test Ether From Faucet on Rinkeby Network](#)

[Install and Setup MetaMask Wallet](#)

### COMMAND OVERVIEW

**truffle init**

Initialize new and empty Ethereum project



**npm install**

This command installs a package and any packages that it depends on

**ipfs daemon**

Start IPFS local server on 127.0.0.1:5001

**ipfs add <file>**

Add file to your IPFS local node

**ipfs pin remote add --service=pinata -name=<file>  
<hash>**

Pin your file to the remote IPFS pinning service

**truffle compile**

Compile contract source file

**truffle migrate**

Run migrations to deploy contracts

**truffle console**

A basic interactive console connecting to an Ethereum client

## Creating the project

Create a new project using truffle

**TERMINAL**

**\$ truffle init**

Install open zeppelin contracts

## TERMINAL

```
$ npm install @openzeppelin/contracts
```

Create a new solidity smart contract

## TERMINAL

```
$ touch contracts/UniqueAsset.sol
```

Open the file

Import ERC721 URI Storage extension

Import Counters util

Create a new class extending ERC721URIStorage

Declare counters

Declare the constructor passing the coin name and the code

Create a new method for award item

Inside the new method, increment the token

Get the new token number

Mint a new item

Set the token URI

UniqueAsset.sol

[View on GitHub](#)

```
1 // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
2 pragma solidity ^ 0.8.0 ;
3
4 import "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC721/extensions/ERC721URIStorage.sol";
5
6 import "@openzeppelin/contracts/utils/Counters.sol" ;
7
8 contract UniqueAsset is ERC721URIStorage {
9     using Counters for Counters.Counter;
10    Counters.Counter private _tokenIds;
11
12    constructor () ERC721("UniqueAsset", "UNA") {}
13
14    function awardItem (address recipient, string memory metadata) public
15    returns (uint256)
16    {
17
18
```

```

19         _tokenIds.increment();
20         uint256 newItemId = _tokenIds.current();
21         _mint(recipient, newItemId);
22         _setTokenURI(newItemId, metadata);
23         return newItemId;
    }
}

```

Create a new migration file

TERMINAL

```
$ touch migrations/2_deploy_contracts.js
```

Export the smart contract in the migration file

2\_deploy\_contracts.js

[View on GitHub](#)

```

1     const UniqueAsset = artifacts.require( "UniqueAsset" );
2
3     module .exports = function (deployer) {
4         deployer.deploy(UniqueAsset);
5     }

```

## Configuring the wallet

Install the file system “fs” package

TERMINAL

```
$ npm install fs
```

Install the wallet provider “hdwallet” package

TERMINAL

```
$ npm install @truffle/hdwallet-provider@1.2.3
```

Open truffle-config.js file

Uncomment the HDWalletProvider code section

## truffle-config.js

```
21 const HDWalletProvider = require ( '@truffle/hdwallet-provider' );
22 const infuraKey = 'fj4jl13k.....' ;
23
24 const fs = require ( 'fs' );
25 const mnemonic = fs.readFileSync ( ".secret" ).toString().trim();
```

Paste your Infura project id as a value for the variable `infuraKey`

## Configuring the network

Uncomment the “ropsten” network section  
Change “ropsten” to “rinkeby”  
Change “ropsten” infura url to “rinkeby”  
Change “YOU-PROJECT-ID” to “`${infuraKey}`”  
Change the `network_id` to 42

## truffle-config.js

```
60 rinkeby: {
61   provider: () => new HDWalletProvider(mnemonic,
62     `https://rinkeby.infura.io/v3/${infuraKey}`,
63   ),
64   network_id: 4 ,
65   gas: 5500000 ,
66   confirmations: 2 ,
67   timeoutBlocks: 200 ,
   skipDryRun: true
},
```

## Configuring the solidity compiler

Uncomment the “compilers” section  
Change version to “0.8.0”

truffle-config.js

```
93 compilers: {  
94   solc: {  
95     version: "0.8.0",  
96     docker: true,  
97     settings: {  
98       optimizer: {  
99         enabled: false,  
100        runs: 200  
101      },  
102      evmVersion: "byzantium"  
103    }  
104  },  
105 },
```

## Configuring the private key

Create the secret file

TERMINAL

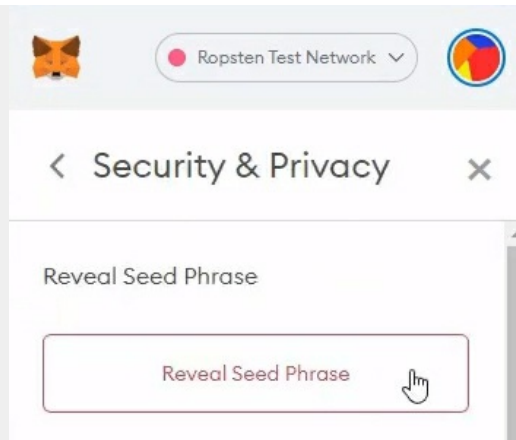
```
$ touch .secret
```

Go to the browser and open your MetaMask wallet connected to infura network

Click on your account

Click on "settings"

Click on "security & privacy"



Click on "reveal seed phrase"  
Enter your wallet password to continue  
Copy the private key  
Paste the wallet mnemonic secret

## Creating the badge image

Create the badge folder

TERMINAL

```
$ mkdir badge
```

Go to the badge root folder

TERMINAL

```
$ cd badge
```

Download the image that you will use as a badge from the internet. You can also copy and paste an existing image in this folder.

TERMINAL

```
curl  
https://planouhost.z15.web.core.windows.net/badge.png >
```

badge-image.png

## Adding the badge to your local IPFS

Initialize your local IPFS node

TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs daemon
```

Add your badge image to IPFS

TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs add badge-image.png
```

Running this command, you will receive a hash. This hash is your image address in IPFS.

```
$ ipfs add badge-image.png
20.68 KiB / 20.68 KiB [=====]
added QmZPxKJWqJTdudyaZUyf6uBzwwAT41QQyxhTHmMZWB9yx4 badge-image.png
20.68 KiB / 20.68 KiB [=====]
```

## Pinning the badge to a remote IPFS node

Pin your badge using a remote IPFS service.

TERMINAL

```
ipfs pin remote add --service=pinata --name=badge-
image.png
QmZPxKJWqJTdudyaZUyf6uBzwwAT41QQyxhTHmMZWB9yx4
```

You will get a response indicating the file was pinned successfully

```
$ ipfs pin remote add --service=pinata --name=badge-image.png QmZPxKJWqJTdudyaZUyf6uBzwwAT41QQyxhTHmMZWB9yx4
CID:      QmZPxKJWqJTdudyaZUyf6uBzwwAT41QQyxhTHmMZWB9yx4
Name:     badge-image.png
Status:   pinned
```

## Creating the badge metadata

Create the badge metadata json file

TERMINAL

```
touch badge-metadata.json
```

Open the file  
Set the badge name  
Set the badge description  
Set the badge image address using a IPFS gateway

badge-metadata.json

```
1{
2  "name" : "My badge" ,
3  "description" : "My badge description" ,
4  "image" :
5  "https://ipfs.io/ipfs/QmZPxKJWqJTdudyaZUyf6uBzwwAT41QQyxhTHmMZWB9yx4"
}
```

Add your badge metadata to IPFS

TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs add badge-metadata.json
```

Pin your badge metadata using a remote IPFS service

TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs pin remote add --service=pinata --name=badge-
metadata.json
QmRzcwAtLWbeYqyaZUyf6uBzwwAT41QQyxhTHmMZWBfUTa
```



## Compiling the smart contract

Compile the contract using truffle

TERMINAL

```
$ truffle compile
```

## Migrating the smart contract

Migrate the contract to rinkeby network using truffle

TERMINAL

```
$ truffle migrate --network rinkeby
```

## Instantiate the smart contract

Instantiate the contract using using truffle console

TERMINAL

```
$ truffle console --network rinkeby  
truffle(rinkeby) let instance = await  
UniqueAsset.deployed()
```

## Awarding badge to a wallet

Call the method “getThePrice”

Enter your public ethereum address as a first parameter

Enter the IPFS address corresponding your badge metadata

## TERMINAL

```
truffle(rinkeby) let result = await  
instance.awardItem("0x62761466bB3A3Da83B408B5F5fE00ac7b2
```

## Checking badge on Etherscan

Copy the deployed contract address

```
2_deploy_contracts.js  
=====
```

Deploying 'UniqueAsset'	
-----	
> transaction hash:	0x910464c8339ec60f5c03eb1ab154c9135a9ee44e62a5fc206837912cf0df8ec0
> Blocks: 1	Seconds: 9
> contract address:	0x3301ED716554177E861db8B66E691dCF44Bbf83A
> block number:	8511889
> block timestamp:	1619913002
> account:	0x03d1b3162DBFaB4A175038eAa4EA4b39423d5A6F
> balance:	2.677347324555972908
> gas used:	2465040 (0x259d10)
> gas price:	20 gwei
> value sent:	0 ETH
> total cost:	0.0493008 ETH

Go to [rinkeby.etherscan.io](https://rinkeby.etherscan.io)

Paste the contract address in the search bar

 Rinkeby Testnet Explorer

All Filters ▾

0x3301ED716554177E861db8B66E691dCF44Bbf83A

Click on search icon

Now you can see that the contract was deployed successfully

Contract 0x3301ED716554177E861db8B66E691dCF44Bbf83A

**Contract Overview**

Balance: 0 Ether

**More Info** More ▾

My Name Tag: Not Available

Creator: 0x03d1b3162dbfab4a17... at txn  
[View 0x3301ED716554177E861db8B66E691dCF4... Token Tracker Page](#)

Tracker: UniqueAsset (UNA)

**Transactions** Contract Events

Latest 2 from a total of 2 transactions

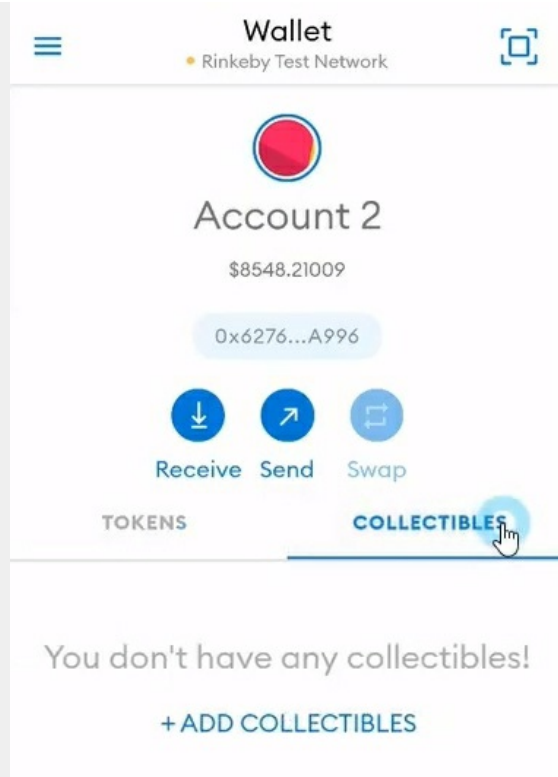
Txn Hash	Method ⓘ	Block	Age	From	To
<a href="#">0x86d928652c2f9fbf8f28...</a>	Award Item	8511900	45 secs ago	0x03d1b3162dbfab4a17...	IN 0x3301ed71655417...
<a href="#">0x910464c8339ec60f5c0...</a>	0x60806040	8511889	3 mins ago	0x03d1b3162dbfab4a17...	IN Contract Creation

[ Download CSV Export ]

You can also realize that the last transaction made was for award a new item

## Adding the NFT token to your wallet

Open your MetaMask wallet on your mobile phone (collectibles are only available on mobile version)  
Click on “collectibles”



Click on "add collectible"

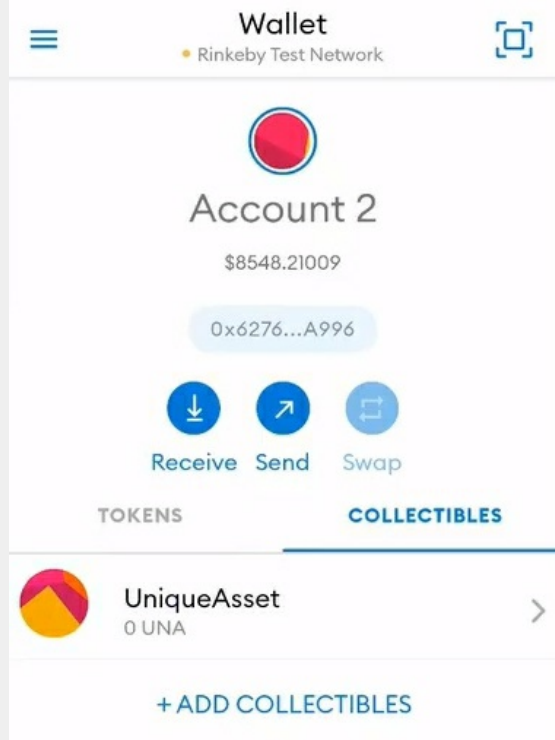
Paste the token contract address here (the same that you copied in the last section)

Enter the token ID, as it is the first token you will enter 1 here

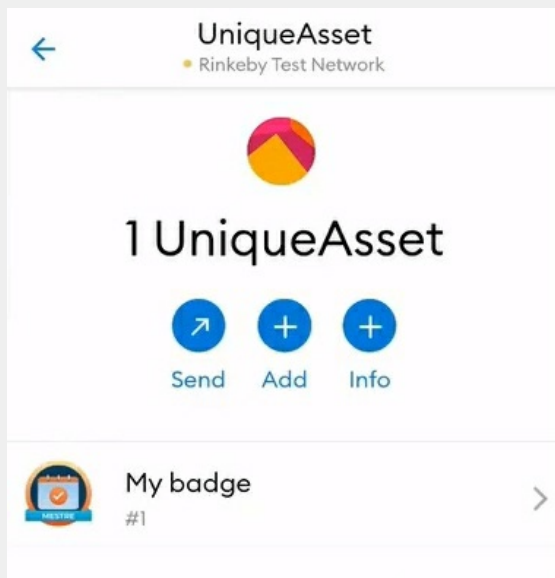
Click on "add"

Wait for a few seconds

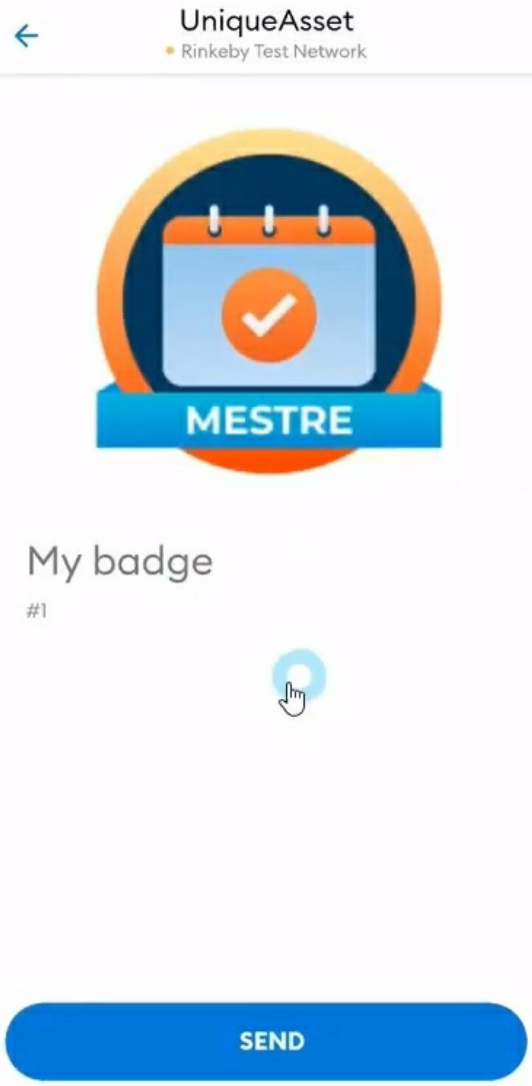
Now the NFT token was added!



Click on “UniqueAsset”  
Now you can see all the badges that you earn



Click on “My Badge”  
You can see the badge details now!  
Also, you have a send button so that you can send it to another wallet



That's it, you just created your first NFT token!

# Ether Faucets

## Get Test Ether From Faucet on Ropsten Network

This ethereum test faucet drips 1 ether every 5 seconds. You can use it to test smart contracts on the Ropsten network with no need to use real ether for this purpose (even because eth from the mainnet is not valid in ropsten and vice versa). You have a request limit of 1 eth for every 24 hours in order to avoid network spam. Ether in a test network has no real value except for testing purposes in smart contracts development.

<https://faucet.ropsten.be>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

2 minutes

PRE REQUIREMENTS

[Install and Setup MetaMask  
Wallet](#)

## Accessing the faucet

Go to <https://faucet.ropsten.be>

Copy your wallet address (make sure the network selected is Ropsten)

Paste your contract address in the form field

Click on "send me test ether"

## Waiting for the transaction

Click on the "transaction hash" (open in a new window)

Wait for the transaction be completed

The transaction was successfully completed

Go to your MetaMask wallet, you have now 1 ether!



# Get Test Ether From Faucet on Rinkeby Testnet

This Ether faucet is running on the Rinkeby network. To prevent malicious actors from exhausting all available funds or accumulating enough Ether to mount long running spam attacks, requests are tied to common 3rd party social network accounts. Anyone having a Twitter or Facebook account may request funds within the permitted limits.

<https://faucet.rinkeby.io>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

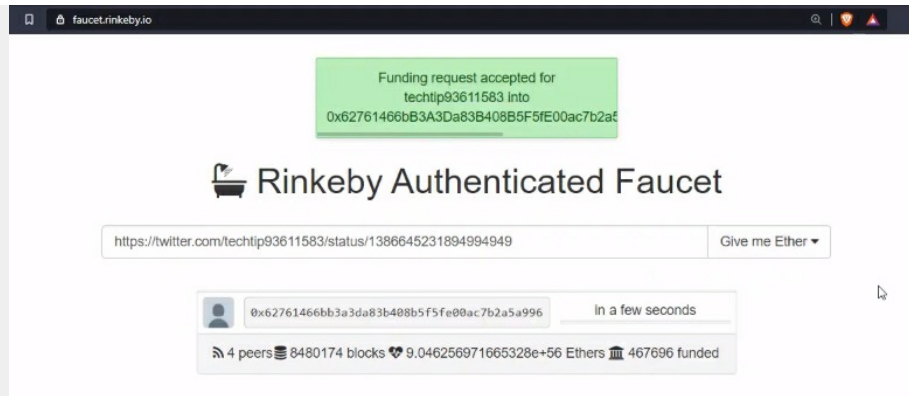
2 minutes

## Preparing for funding

- Open your Metamask wallet
- Copy you wallet address to clipboard
- Go to your twitter account
- Paste your wallet address
- Click on your tweet
- Copy your tweet address (the url in the address bar)

## Funding your wallet

- Go to <https://faucet.rinkeby.io>
- Paste your tweet address in the text field
- Click on "Give me Ether"
- Select on of the options available (for example: 3 Ethers / 8 hours)
- The request will be funding in a few seconds



## Checking your wallet

Wait a few moments and check your Metamask wallet  
You will get 3 ether in your wallet account!

# IPFS - InterPlanetary File System

## Create Your IPFS Node

The InterPlanetary File System (IPFS) is a protocol and peer-to-peer network for storing and sharing data in a distributed file system. IPFS uses content-addressing to uniquely identify each file in a global namespace connecting all computing devices.

<https://ipfs.io>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

3 minutes

### COMMAND OVERVIEW

`choco install go-ipfs`

Install the IPFS implementation in go.

`ipfs init`

Initialize the local IPFS repository.

`ipfs daemon`

Start IPFS local server on 127.0.0.1:5001.

`ipfs cat <hash>`

View IPFS file content.

`ipfs swarm peers`

Show the peers who are directly connected to your node.

## Installing the node

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ choco install go-ipfs
```

## Configuring the node

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

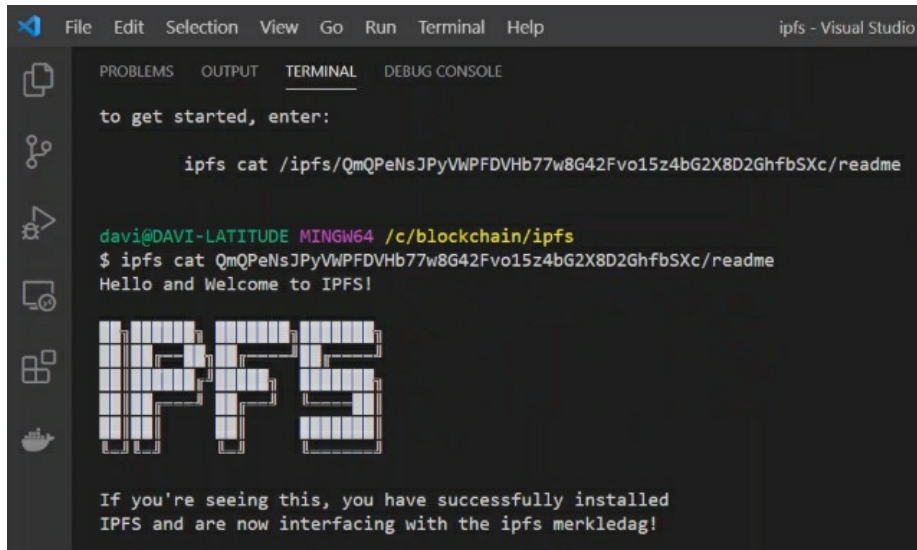
```
$ ipfs init  
$ ipfs daemon
```

## Testing the node

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs cat "hash"  
$ ipfs swarm peers
```



```
File Edit Selection View Go Run Terminal Help ipfs - Visual Studio
PROBLEMS OUTPUT TERMINAL DEBUG CONSOLE
to get started, enter:
ipfs cat /ipfs/QmQPeNsJPYVWPFdVHb77w8G42Fvo15z4bG2X8D2GhfbSxc/readme
davi@DAVI-LATITUDE MINGW64 /c/blockchain/ipfs
$ ipfs cat QmQPeNsJPYVWPFdVHb77w8G42Fvo15z4bG2X8D2GhfbSxc/readme
Hello and Welcome to IPFS!
IPFS
If you're seeing this, you have successfully installed
IPFS and are now interfacing with the ipfs merkle dag!
```

## Exploring your IPFS node

- Copy the WebUI link
- Go to browser and paste the link
- Your node is connected to IPFS!
- Click on "files", no files here yet!
- Click on "explore"
- Click on "peers"
- This are the peers that you are connected
- Click on "settings"
- You can see your node settings here

# Add Files to IPFS

A computer running IPFS can ask all the peers it's connected to whether they have a file with a particular hash and, if one of them does, they send back the whole file. Without a short, unique identifier like a cryptographic hash, that wouldn't be possible.

<https://ipfs.io>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

2 minutes

PRE  
REQUIREMENTS

[Create Your IPFS  
Node](#)

## COMMAND OVERVIEW

`ipfs daemon`

Start IPFS local server on  
127.0.0.1:5001.

`echo "<text>" > <file>`

Output a given text to a new file.

`ipfs add <file>`

Add file to your IPFS local node.

`ipfs cat <hash>`

View IPFS file content.

## Adding the file

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs daemon  
$ echo "test" hello.txt  
$ ipfs add hello.txt
```

The file was added to ipfs resulting in a hash identifier

## Viewing the file content on the console

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs cat "hash"
```

You will see the file content be displayed

## Checking the file in the web ui

Got to <http://127.0.0.1:5001/webui>

Click on "files"

Click on "pins"

Copy the hash

Find by this hash, you can see that this hash exists

## Viewing the file content in the browser

Open a new tab

`ipfs://"hash"`



Now you can see your file content in the browser

# Setup IPFS Browser Extension

IPFS Companion allows you locally running IPFS node directly inside your favorite browser, enabling support for ipfs:// addresses, automatic IPFS gateway loading of websites and file paths, easy IPFS file import and sharing, and more.

<https://ipfs.io>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

3 minutes

PRE  
REQUIREMENTS

[Create Your IPFS  
Node](#)

COMMAND OVERVIEW

ipfs daemon

Start IPFS local server on  
127.0.0.1:5001.

## Installing the browser extension

Go to [IPFS Companion Extension](#)

Click on “Add to Brave” or the name of your browser

Click on “Add extension”

Click on extensions icon and pin “IPFS Companion” to extensions bar

## Configuring the node type

Click on “IPFS Companion” icon

Click on “gear” icon

On “IPFS Node Type” select “External”

## Starting an external node

Go to Visual Studio Code

Open a new terminal

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

```
TERMINAL
```

```
$ ipfs daemon
```

## Importing a file

Click on “IPFS Companion” icon

Click on “Import”

Click on “Pick a file”

Select a file from your local disc

The file will be stored in your ipfs node

# Pin and Unpin IPFS Files on Local Node

To ensure that data persists on IPFS, and is not deleted during garbage collection, data can be pinned to one or more IPFS nodes. Pinning gives you control over disk space and data retention. As such, you should use that control to pin any content you wish to keep on IPFS indefinitely. The default behavior for IPFS is to pin files to your local IPFS node.

<https://ipfs.io>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

3 minutes

PRE  
REQUIREMENTS

[Create Your IPFS  
Node](#)

## COMMAND OVERVIEW

`ipfs daemon`

Start IPFS local server on 127.0.0.1:5001.

`echo "<text>" > <file>`

Output a given text to a new file.

`ipfs add <file>`

Add file to your IPFS local node.

`ipfs cat <hash>`

[View IPFS file content.](#)

## Starting your local node

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs daemon
```

## Adding file to your node

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ echo "world" > hello.txt  
$ ipfs add hello.txt
```

When you add a file, this is automatically pinned to your local node.

## Checking the file was added

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs cat your_file_hash
```

## Verifying your file was pinned

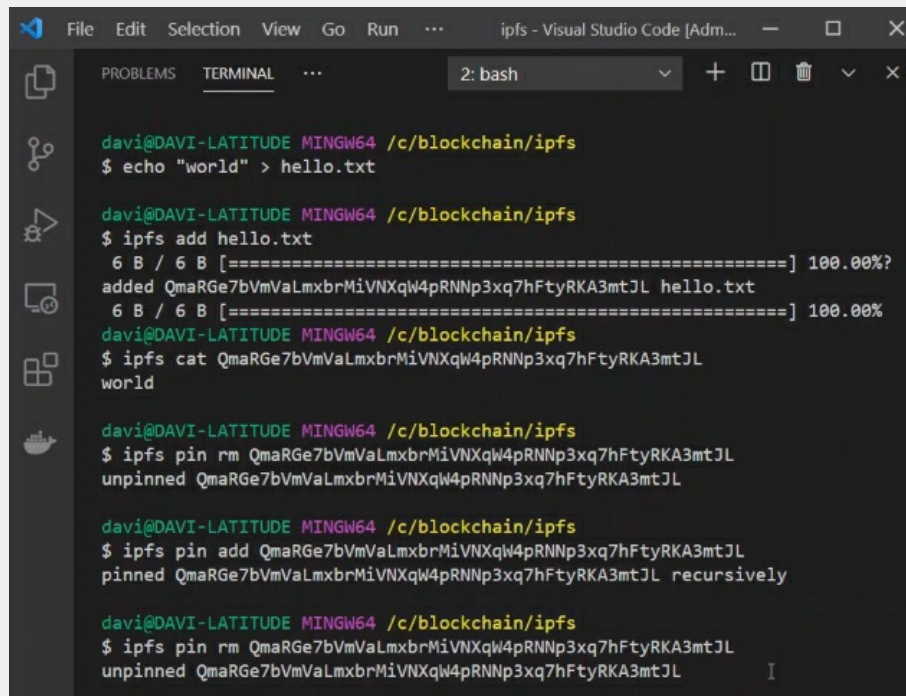
Go to <http://127.0.0.1:5001/webui>  
Click on “Files”  
Click on “Pins”  
Your file is there!

## Unpinning your file

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs pin rm your_file_hash
```



```
ipfs - Visual Studio Code [Adm...  
2: bash  
davi@DAVI-LATITUDE MINGW64 /c/blockchain/ipfs  
$ echo "world" > hello.txt  
  
davi@DAVI-LATITUDE MINGW64 /c/blockchain/ipfs  
$ ipfs add hello.txt  
6 B / 6 B [=====] 100.00%?  
added QmaRGe7bVmVaLmxbrMiVNXqW4pRNNp3xq7hFtyRKA3mtJL hello.txt  
6 B / 6 B [=====] 100.00%  
davi@DAVI-LATITUDE MINGW64 /c/blockchain/ipfs  
$ ipfs cat QmaRGe7bVmVaLmxbrMiVNXqW4pRNNp3xq7hFtyRKA3mtJL  
world  
  
davi@DAVI-LATITUDE MINGW64 /c/blockchain/ipfs  
$ ipfs pin rm QmaRGe7bVmVaLmxbrMiVNXqW4pRNNp3xq7hFtyRKA3mtJL  
unpinned QmaRGe7bVmVaLmxbrMiVNXqW4pRNNp3xq7hFtyRKA3mtJL  
  
davi@DAVI-LATITUDE MINGW64 /c/blockchain/ipfs  
$ ipfs pin add QmaRGe7bVmVaLmxbrMiVNXqW4pRNNp3xq7hFtyRKA3mtJL  
pinned QmaRGe7bVmVaLmxbrMiVNXqW4pRNNp3xq7hFtyRKA3mtJL recursively  
  
davi@DAVI-LATITUDE MINGW64 /c/blockchain/ipfs  
$ ipfs pin rm QmaRGe7bVmVaLmxbrMiVNXqW4pRNNp3xq7hFtyRKA3mtJL  
unpinned QmaRGe7bVmVaLmxbrMiVNXqW4pRNNp3xq7hFtyRKA3mtJL
```

## Pinning your file manually

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs pin add your_file_hash
```

Your file was pinned again

# Pin and Unpin Files on Remote Node using Pinata

It's also possible to pin your files to a remote pinning service. These third-party services give you the opportunity to pin files not to your own local node, but to nodes that they operate. You don't need to worry about your own node's available disk space or uptime.

While you can use a remote pinning service's own GUI, CLI, or other dev tools to manage IPFS files pinned to their service, you can also work directly with pinning services using your local IPFS installation — meaning that you don't need to learn a pinning service's unique API or other tooling.

<https://ipfs.io>

<https://pinata.cloud>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

4 minutes

PRE  
REQUIREMENTS

[Create Your IPFS  
Node](#)

## COMMAND OVERVIEW

```
ipfs pin remote service add pinata <endpoint>  
<jwt_key>
```

Add a new remote pinning service.

```
ipfs pin remote service ls
```

List existing pinning services added.



```
ipfs add <file>
```

Add file to your IPFS local node.

```
ipfs cat <hash>
```

View IPFS file content.

```
ipfs pin remote add --service=pinata -name=<file>  
<hash>
```

Pin your file to the remote IPFS pinning service.

```
ipfs pin remote rm --service=pinata -name=<file>  
<hash>
```

Unpin your file from the remote IPFS pinning service.

## Setting up API Keys on Pinata

Log in on your Pinata account

Go to “API Keys”

Click on “New Key”

Check “Admin”

Use “admin-cli” as your “Key Name”

Click on “Create Key”

A new key will be generated to you

Copy the “JWT” value from this window

## Setting up Pinata as a remote service on your terminal

Add Pinata as a pinning remote service

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs pin remote service add pinata https://api.pinata.cloud/psa your_jwt_key
```

List all existing remote services and check that Pinata is there

TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs pin remote service ls
```

## Adding a new file to your local IPFS node

Add Pinata as a pinning remote service

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ echo "world" > hello.txt  
$ ipfs add hello.txt  
$ ipfs cat your_file_hash
```

## Pinning your file to the remote IPFS node

TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs pin remote add --service=pinata -name=hello.txt  
your_file_hash
```

Go back to Pinata website  
Click on "Pin Manager"  
Your file will appear on this page!

## Unpinning your file from the remote IPFS node

## TERMINAL

```
$ ipfs pin remote rm --service=pinata -name=hello.txt  
your_file_hash
```

Go back to Pinata website

Click on “Pin Manager”

Your file will no longer appear on this page, that means your file was unpinned.

# Host Your Site on IPFS Using Fleek

Fleek allows you to build on Open Web protocols and a base layer infrastructure powered by them. Build and host your sites, apps, Dapps, and other services on trustless, permissionless, and open technologies focused on creating user-controlled, encrypted, private, p2p experiences.

<https://fleek.co>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

5 minutes

## COMMAND OVERVIEW

`git clone`

Clones a repository into a newly created directory.

`npm install`

Install the dependencies in the local `node_modules` folder.

`fleek login`

Login in into your Fleek account.

`fleek site:init`

Initialize a Fleek site in your local directory.

`fleek site:deploy`

Deploy changes in your publish directory.

## Login on Fleek

Go to <https://fleek.co>  
Log in with your account  
Go to your VS Code

## Cloning your existing repository

Clone a existing repository with sample code

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ git clone https://github.com/johnnymatthews/random-planet-facts
```

## Installing Fleek

Install Fleek command line

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ npm install -g @fleekhq/fleek-cli
```

Login into Fleek (you will be prompted to complete the flow in your browser)

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ fleek login
```

## Initializing Fleek

Init the Fleek site in your current directory

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ fleek site:init
```

Select which team you wanna use (use the arrows key for select).

Select which site you wanna use (use the arrows key for select).

Select the public directory for deployment.

## Deploying your site

VS CODE - BASH TERMINAL

TERMINAL

```
$ fleek site:deploy
```

Go back to Fleek site

Click on "Hosting"

Click on "Verify on IPFS"


This is your site hosted on IPFS

You can see now your deployed site online

Go back to "Hosting"

Click on "your-site.on.fleek.co"

This is your site host friendly address.



Team

davibauer-team

Hosting

Storage

Billing

Members

Get the SDK

Hosting > frosty-frog-8158

frosty-frog-8158

Last published at 7:47 PM

frosty-frog-8158.on.fleek.co

Deployed locally

Verify on IPFS

OVERVIEW

DEPLOYS

SETTINGS

Getting Started

1

Site is deployed

Fleek's robots built and deployed your site to IPFS and our CDN.

2

Set up a custom domain with SSL

Buy a new domain or setup a domain you already own. All domains come with a free SSL cert.

# ENS - Ethereum Name Service

## Register your ENS to Receive any Crypto, Token or NFT on Your Wallet

Ethereum Name Service (ENS) is a service that makes it easy to send and receive cryptocurrency and access special websites by simple names rather than by long, complex strings of letters and numbers.

<https://ens.domains>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

3 minutes

### PRE REQUIREMENTS

[Install and Setup MetaMask  
Wallet](#)

## Searching your domain name

- Go to ens.domains
- Click on "Launch App"
- Search for the domain name that you want to register (for example: planou.eth)
- Check the registration period (minimum 1 year)
- Check the registration price



## Request to register

Click on “Request To Register”

The MetaMask notification will be open in order to confirm the transaction

Click on “Confirm”

Wait for the transaction to be confirmed on Blockchain.

Click on “Register”

A new MetaMask notification will be shown again

Click on “Confirm”

Wait for the transaction to be confirmed on Blockchain


## Managing your registration name

Click on “Manage name”

Scroll down to "Addresses"

Realize that the ETH address is set to the wallet that created the domain (your wallet)


planou.eth

 Learn how to manage your name.>

PARENT eth


REGISTRANT  0x03d1b3162DBFaB4A175038eAa4EA4b39423d5A6F 

CONTROLLER  0x03d1b3162DBFaB4A175038eAa4EA4b39423d5A6F 

EXPIRATION DATE 2022.04.26 at 23:31 (UTC-03:00)  [Remind Me](#)

RESOLVER  0xf6305c19e814d2a75429Fd637d01F7ee0E77d615 

#### RECORDS

ADDRESSES	ETH	0x03d1b3162DBFaB4A175038eAa4EA4b39423d5A6F 
	BTC	Not set
	LTC	Not set
	DOGE	Not set

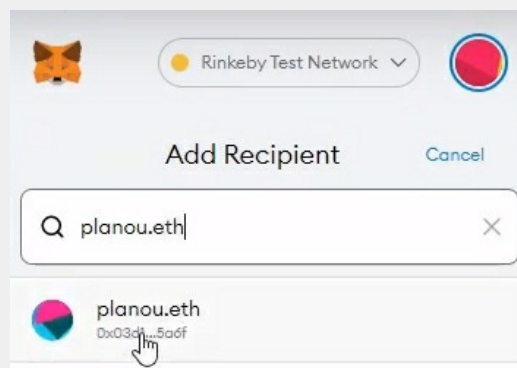
## Checking the name resolution

Click on your MetaMask wallet

Click on “Send”

Type your ENS name (for example: planou.eth)

Note that the name has resolved to a wallet address



Now you can use the ENS name as a recipient instead of using the wallet hash address for your transactions

# Chainlink

## Get Crypto Prices Inside Smart Contracts using Chainlink Oracles

Chainlink is a decentralized network of nodes that provide data and information from off-blockchain sources to on-blockchain smart contracts via oracles. In this video you will learn how to get the latest price of cryptocurrencies inside smart contracts, using the ETH/USD Price Feed on the Kovan testnet.

<https://chain.link>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

10  
minutes

### PRE REQUIREMENTS

[Install Truffle](#)

[Create an Account on Infura.io](#)

Get Test Ether From Faucet on Kovan Network

[Install and Setup MetaMask Wallet](#)

### COMMAND OVERVIEW

```
npm install fs
```

Install the fs package that provides a lot of very useful functionality to access and interact with the file system.

```
npm install @truffle/hdwallet-provider
```

Install the HD Wallet-enabled Web3 provider. This is used to sign transactions for addresses derived from a 12 or 24 word mnemonic.

```
truffle migrate --network kovan
```

Run migrations to deploy contracts.

## Creating the project

Go a Terminal and click on “New Terminal”  
Initialize a new truffle project

```
TERMINAL
```

```
$ truffle init
```

Install Chainlink contracts package

```
TERMINAL
```

```
$ npm install @chainlink/contracts
```

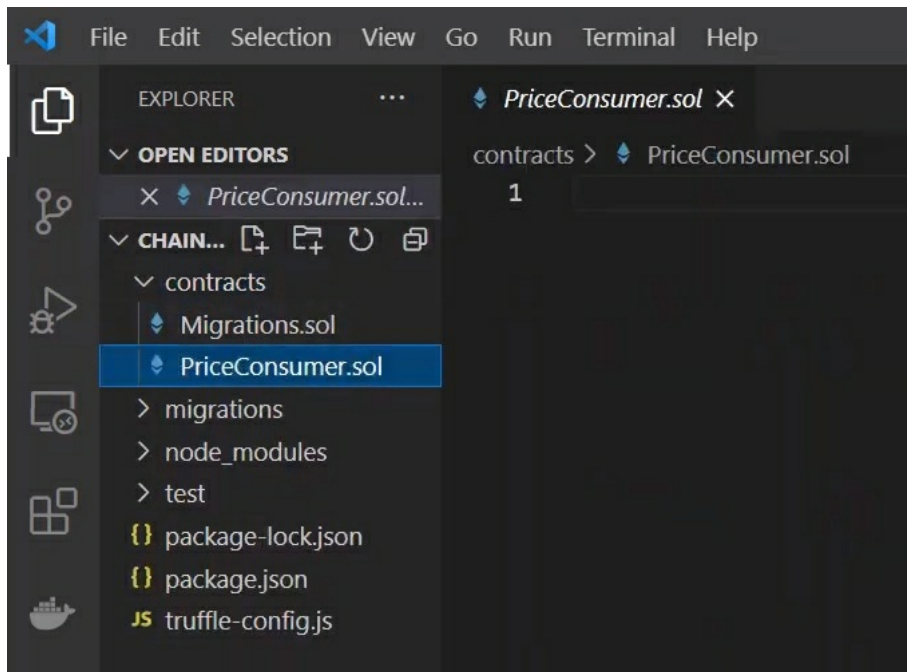
## Creating the smart contract

Create a new smart contract for price consumption

```
TERMINAL
```

```
$ touch contracts/PriceConsumer.sol
```

Open the file “PriceConsumer.sol”



Define the Solidity version  
Import chainlink contract interface  
Define the contract name  
Define the contract constructor

### PriceConsumer.sol

```
1 // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
2 pragma solidity ^ 0.8.0 ;
3
4 import "@chainlink/contracts/src/v0.6/interfaces/AggregatorV3Interface."
5
6 contract PriceConsumer {
7
8     aggregatorV3Interface internal priceFeed;
9
10     constructor () {
11         priceFeed = AggregatorV3Interface()
12     }
13 }
```

Go to [docs.chain.link/docs/ethereum-addresses](https://docs.chain.link/docs/ethereum-addresses)  
Scroll down to “Kovan” section  
Copy the “Proxy” address on the line “ETH/USD”

#### USING PRICE FEEDS

Introduction to Price Feeds

Get the Latest Price

Historical Price Data

API Reference

Contract Addresses

ENS

Ethereum Price Feeds

Binance Smart Chain Price Feeds

Polygon (Matic) Price Feeds

xDai Price Feeds

Huobi Eco Chain Price Feeds

#### USING RANDOMNESS

Introduction to Chainlink VRF

Get a Random Number

BTC / USD	8	<a href="#">0x6135b13325bfc480027884abC5e28bbce2D6580e</a>
BUSD / ETH	18	<a href="#">0xbF7A18ea5DE0501f7559144e702b29c55b055Cc8</a>
BZRX / ETH	18	<a href="#">0x9aa9da35DC44F93D90436BFE256f465f720c3Ae5</a>
CHF / USD	8	<a href="#">0xed06168eF04D374969f302a34AE4A63882490A8C</a>
COMP / USD	8	<a href="#">0xFcF93D14d25E02bA2C13698eeDca9a98348FFb6</a>
CVI	18	<a href="#">0x08D102ef50a6a133B388f38d3d40cF36cc1a85A8</a>
DAI / ETH	18	<a href="#">0x22B58f1EbEDfCA50f6F632bD73368b2Fd96D541</a>
DAI / USD	8	<a href="#">0x777A68032a88F5A84678A77Af2CD65A7b3c0775a</a>
ENJ / ETH	18	<a href="#">0xfadbe2ee798889F02d1d39eDaD98Efff4c7fe95D4</a>
ETH / USDT RSI 4h	18	<a href="#">0x10900f50d1bc46b4ed796C50A4Cc63791CaF7501</a>
ETH / USD	8	<a href="#">0x9326BFA02ADD2366b30bacB125260Af641031331</a>
EUR / USD	8	<a href="#">0x8c15Ab9A0DB886e052194c273CC79f41597Bbf13</a>
Ferrari F12 TDF / USD	8	<a href="#">0x22a2D07993A1A18b3b86F56F960fa735b6D6cFD9</a>

Paste the address on AggregatorV3Interface constructor  
Create the function to get the price

### PriceConsumer.sol

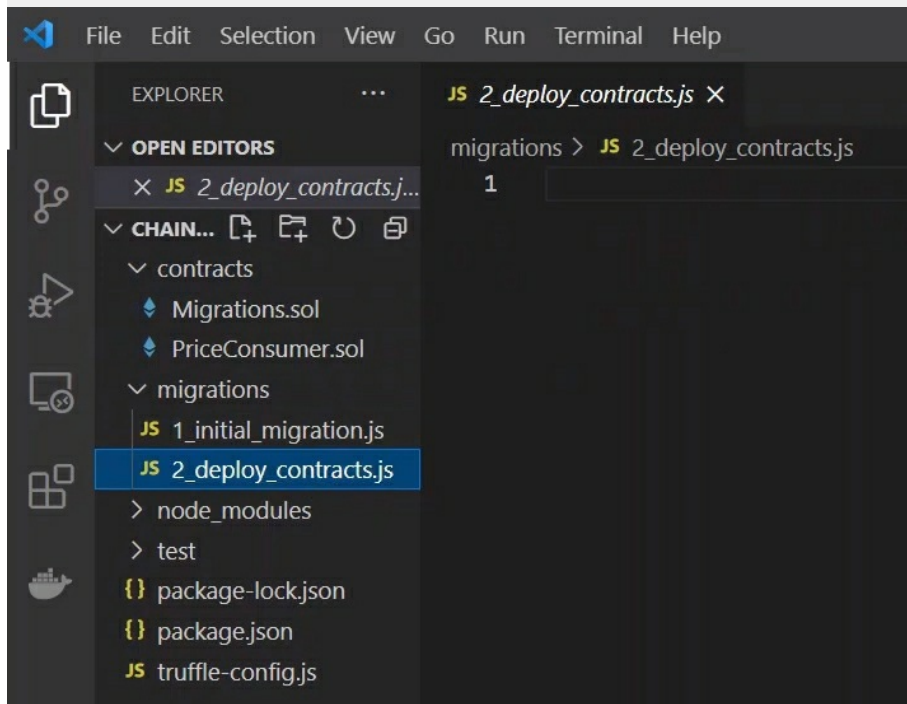
```
1 // SPDX-License-Identifier: MIT
2 pragma solidity ^ 0.8.0 ;
3
4 import "@chainlink/contracts/src/v0.6/interfaces/AggregatorV3Interface."
5
6 contract PriceConsumer {
7
8     aggregatorV3Interface internal priceFeed;
9     constructor () {
10         priceFeed =
11 AggregatorV3Interface(0x9326BFA02ADD2366b30bacB125260Af641031331
12 )
13     }
14
15     function getThePrice () public view returns (int){
16         (
17             uint80 roundID,
18             int price,
19             uint startedAt,
20             uint timeStamp,
21             uint80 answeredInRound,
22         ) = priceFeed.latestRoundDate();
23         return price;
24     }
25 }
```

## Creating the migration

Create the migration file

### TERMINAL

```
$ touch migrations/2_deploy_contracts.sol
```



Write code to deploy the “PriceConsumer” smart contract

### 2\_deploy\_contracts.js

```
1  const PriceConsumer = artifacts.require( "PriceConsumer" );
2
3  module .exports = function (deployer){
4    deployer.deploy(PriceConsumer);
5  }
```

## Setting up your infura project

Go to infura.io

Access your dashboard

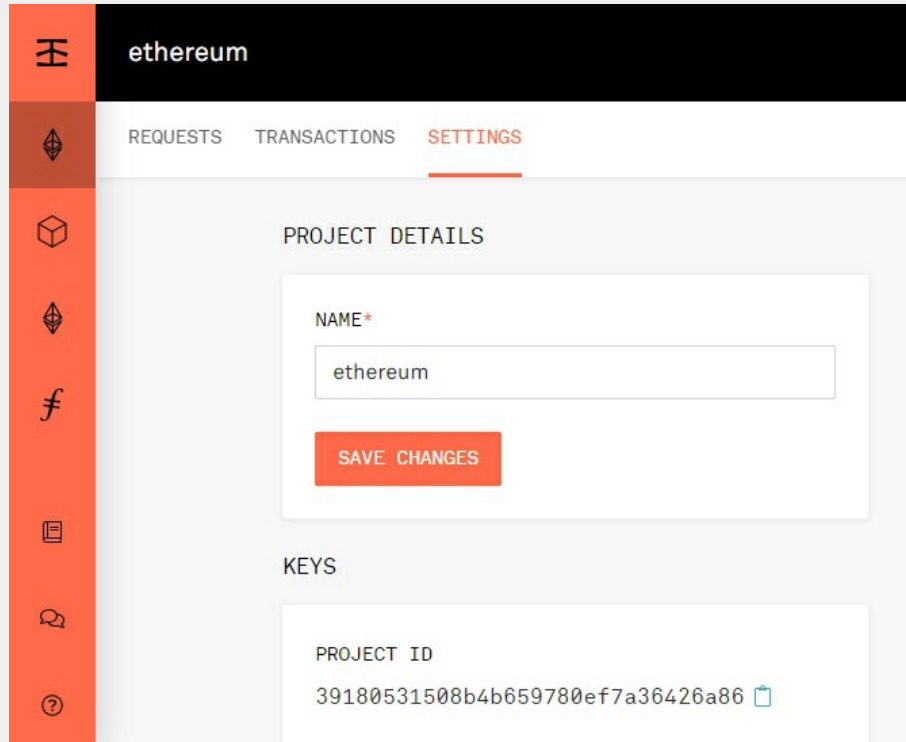
Click on "ethereum"

Click on "create a project"

Define the project name

You can connect with different testnets and also to the mainnet

Copy the project id



The screenshot shows the Infura.io dashboard for an 'ethereum' project. On the left is a vertical sidebar with icons for different blockchain networks. The top of the dashboard has a header with the 'ethereum' logo and name. Below the header is a navigation bar with tabs for 'REQUESTS', 'TRANSACTIONS', and 'SETTINGS'. The 'SETTINGS' tab is currently selected. The main content area is titled 'PROJECT DETAILS' and contains a form with a 'NAME' field (with a red asterisk indicating it is required) containing the text 'ethereum'. Below the name field is an orange 'SAVE CHANGES' button. Further down, under the heading 'KEYS', there is a box labeled 'PROJECT ID' containing the hexadecimal string '39180531508b4b659780ef7a36426a86' followed by a small blue copy icon.

Save changes

## Configuring the wallet

Install the file system "fs" package

TERMINAL

```
$ npm install fs
```

Install the wallet provider "hdwallet" package



## TERMINAL

```
$ npm install @truffle/hdwallet-provider@1.2.3
```

Open truffle-config.js file

Uncomment the HDWalletProvider code section

### truffle-config.js

```
21 const HDWalletProvider = require ( '@truffle/hdwallet-provider' );
22 const infuraKey = 'fj4j1l3k.....' ;
23
24 const fs = require ( 'fs' );
25 const mnemonic = fs.readFileSync ( ".secret" ).toString().trim();
```

Paste your Infura project id as a value for the variable infuraKey

## Configuring the network

Uncomment the “ropsten” network section

Change “ropsten” to “kovan”

Change “ropsten” infura url to “kovan”

Change “YOU-PROJECT-ID” to “\${infuraKey}”

Change the network\_id to 42

### truffle-config.js

```
60 kovan: {
61   provider: () => new HDWalletProvider(mnemonic,
62   `https://kovan.infura.io/v3/${infuraKey}`,
63   network_id: 42 ,
64   gas: 5500000 ,
65   confirmations: 2 ,
66   timeoutBlocks: 200 ,
67   skipDryRun: true
  },
```

## Configuring the solidity compiler

Uncomment the “compilers” section  
Change version to “0.8.0”

truffle-config.js

```
93 compilers: {  
94   solc: {  
95     version: "0.8.0",  
96     docker: true,  
97     settings: {  
98       optimizer: {  
99         enabled: false,  
100        runs: 200  
101      },  
102      evmVersion: "byzantium"  
103    }  
104  }  
105 },
```

## Configuring the private key

Create the secret file

TERMINAL

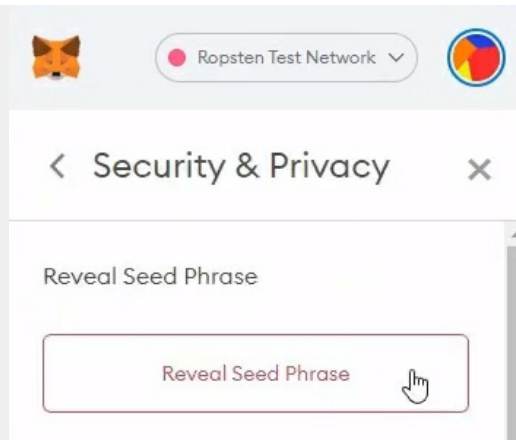
```
$ touch .secret
```

Go to the browser and open your MetaMask wallet connected to infura network

Click on your account

Click on "settings"

Click on "security & privacy"



Click on "reveal seed phrase"  
Enter your wallet password to continue  
Copy the private key  
Paste the wallet mnemonic secret

## Compiling the smart contract

Compile the contract using truffle

TERMINAL

```
$ truffle compile
```

## Deploying the smart contract

Deploy the contract to kovan network using truffle

TERMINAL

```
$ truffle migrate --network kovan
```

Wait for the contract be deployed and the transactions be confirmed on blockchain  
Confirm your contract address

```
PROBLEMS  OUTPUT  TERMINAL  DEBUG CONSOLE

=====

Deploying 'PriceConsumer'
-----
> transaction hash: 0x03e9d73d942d4f7b70f2376bc4346ebe5a8fa091173459b396362eca7f181bc7
> Blocks: 2 Seconds: 6
> contract address: 0xC4fBA008693feC97cc8783768F701827e5C27B6b
> block number: 24520560
> block timestamp: 1619608172
> account: 0x03d1b3162DBFaB4A175038eAa4EA4b39423d5A6F
> balance: 1.97274432
> gas used: 228505 (0x37c99)
> gas price: 20 gwei
> value sent: 0 ETH
> total cost: 0.0045701 ETH

Pausing for 2 confirmations...
-----
> confirmation number: 1 (block: 24520562)
> confirmation number: 2 (block: 24520563)

> Saving migration to chain.
> Saving artifacts
-----
> Total cost: 0.0045701 ETH

Summary
=====
> Total deployments: 2
> Final cost: 0.00957478 ETH
```

## Getting the price information from the smart contract

Instantiate the contract using using truffle console

### TERMINAL

```
$ truffle console --network kovan
truffle(kovan) let instance = await
PriceConsumer.deployed()
```

Call the method “getThePrice”

### TERMINAL

```
truffle(kovan) let price = await instance.getThePrice()
```

Output the result to number

### TERMINAL

```
truffle(kovan) price.toNumber()
```

265499339990

That's it, you just created a smart contract and consumed the chainlink price feed oracle!

# Nethereum

## Get Ether Balance using Nethereum

Nethereum is an open source .NET integration library for Ethereum, simplifying smart contract management and interaction with Ethereum nodes whether they are public or private.

<https://nethereum.com>

[View on YouTube](#)

ESTIMATED  
TIME

5 minutes

### Creating the project

Go a Terminal and click on “New Terminal”  
Create a new dotnet console project

TERMINAL

```
$ dotnet new console -o sample
```

Go to the project root directory

TERMINAL

```
$ cd sample
```

### Installing web3

Install nethereum web3 package

TERMINAL

```
$ dotnet add package Nethereum.Web3
```

Restore all the project packages

TERMINAL

```
$ dotnet restore
```

## Creating the method

Open "Program.cs" file

Add reference for threading and web3

Add a new method for getting the account balance





Instantiate a new web3 object

Go to your infura project settings

Select "Ropsten" network

Copy Ropsten https endpoint

### KEYS

PROJECT ID	PROJECT SECRET
39180531508b4b659780ef7a36426a86 	
<b>ENDPOINTS</b> <span>Ropsten   v</span>	
<a href="https://ropsten.infura.io/v3/39180531508b4b659780ef7a36426a86">https://ropsten.infura.io/v3/39180531508b4b659780ef7a36426a86</a> 	
<a href="wss://ropsten.infura.io/ws/v3/39180531508b4b659780ef7a36426a86">wss://ropsten.infura.io/ws/v3/39180531508b4b659780ef7a36426a86</a> 	

Use this endpoint as a parameter for web3 object constructor

Get the balance from web3

Use your wallet public address as a parameter

Write code to output the balance in Wei

Convert the Wei balance in Ether  
Write code to output the balance in Ether  
Now change your main method in order to call  
GetAccountBalance()

#### Program.cs

```
1 using System;
2 using System.Threading.Tasks;
3 using Nethereum.Web3;
4
5 namespace NethereumSample
6 {
7     class Program
8     {
9         static void Main(string[] args)
10        {
11            GetAccountBalance().Wait();
12            Console.ReadLine();
13        }
14
15        static async Task GetAccountBalance()
16        {
17            var web3 = new Web3(
18                "https://ropsten.infura.io/v3/39180531508b4b659780ef7a36426a86" );
19            var balance = await web3.Eth.GetBalance.SendRequestAsync(
20                "0x03d1b3162DBFaB4A175038eAa4EA4b39423d5A6F" );
21            Console.WriteLine($ "Balance in Wei: {balance.Value}" );
22
23            var etherAmount = Web3.Convert.FromWei(balance.Value);
24            Console.WriteLine($ "Balance in Ether: {etherAmount}" );
25        }
26    }
27 }
```

Getting the balance

Build the project



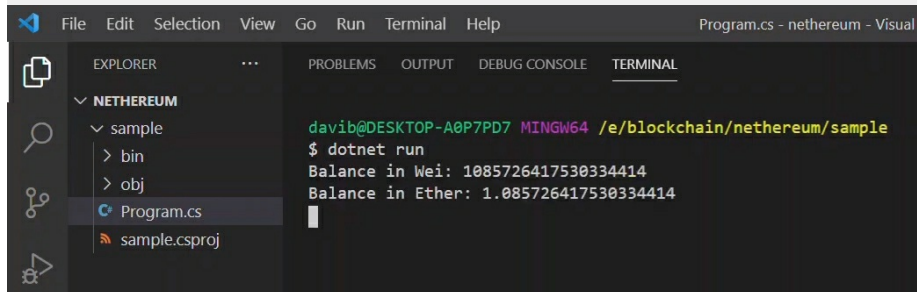
TERMINAL

```
$ dotnet build
```

Run the project

TERMINAL

```
$ dotnet run
```



The screenshot shows the Visual Studio IDE interface. The Explorer pane on the left displays the project structure: NETHEREUM > sample > bin, sample.csproj, and Program.cs. The Terminal pane on the right shows the command prompt output for the command 'dotnet run' executed in the directory '/e/blockchain/nethereum/sample'. The output displays the balance in Wei and Ether.

```
davib@DESKTOP-A0P7PD7 MINGW64 /e/blockchain/nethereum/sample
$ dotnet run
Balance in Wei: 1085726417530334414
Balance in Ether: 1.085726417530334414
```

GET STARTED WITH

# ETHEREUM



VSCODE



TRUFFLE



GANACHE



PINATA



ENS



FLEEK



OPENZEPPPELIN



CHAINLINK



IPFS



INFURA



METAMASK



OPENSEA

BLOCKCHAIN SERIES  
DAVI BAUER