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SMART CONTRACT

Security Audit Report

Project: Mobland
Website: <https://mob.land>
Platform: Binance Smart Chain
Language: Solidity
Date: February 6th, 2023

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Introduction

EtherAuthority was contracted by Mobland to perform the Security audit of the Mobland Protocol smart contracts code. The audit has been performed using manual analysis as well as using automated software tools. This report presents all the findings regarding the audit performed on February 6th, 2023.

The purpose of this audit was to address the following:

- Ensure that all claimed functions exist and function correctly.
- Identify any security vulnerabilities that may be present in the smart contract.

Project Background

- MOBLAND is introducing a revolutionary NFT borrow and lending marketplace set to disrupt the way players transact within and beyond the game.
- The Shadow Market gives the Turf & Farm Owners the unique ability to earn by renting out (lending) their assets within the MOBLAND ecosystem.
- The Shadow Market will allow players to Lend/Borrow Turfs & Farms, Consume SEED, Grow BUD & Upgrade Farms.
- The in-game Shadow Market is utilized to borrow and/or lend in-game assets. Owners (Lenders) have the freedom to set lending parameters and list assets on the marketplace where Renters (Borrowers) can efficiently search the marketplace to borrow assets.
- Mobland Contracts have functions like mint, burn, lock, unlock, mintMany, mintBatch, Buy an NFT, etc.
- The Mobland contract inherits the ERC20, AddressUpgradeable, SafeMathUpgradeable, ERC721Upgradeable, ERC721EnumerableUpgradeable, AddressUpgradeable, ERC1155, Ownable, Address, ERC721, Pausable, StringsUpgradeable, OwnableUpgradeable, IERC165Upgradeable, IERC721Upgradeable, ERC165 standard smart contracts from the OpenZeppelin library.
- These OpenZeppelin contracts are considered community-audited and time-tested, and hence are not part of the audit scope.

Audit scope

Name	Code Review and Security Analysis Report for Mobland Protocol Smart Contracts
Platform	BSC / Solidity
File 1	<u>NftFactory.sol</u>
File 2	<u>SuperpowerNFT.sol</u>
File 3	<u>SuperpowerNFTBase.sol</u>
File 4	<u>WhitelistSlot.sol</u>
File 5	<u>Farm.sol</u>
File 6	<u>FarmBridged.sol</u>
File 7	<u>Turf.sol</u>
File 8	<u>TurfBridged.sol</u>
File 9	<u>WormholeCommon.sol</u>
File 10	<u>Wormhole721.sol</u>
File 11	<u>WormholeTunnel.sol</u>
File 12	<u>GamePool.sol</u>
File 13	<u>Signable.sol</u>
File 14	<u>SignableStakes.sol</u>
File 15	<u>SideToken.sol</u>
File 16	<u>BudToken.sol</u>
File 17	<u>SeedToken.sol</u>
Audit Date	February 6th, 2023
Revision Date	February 8th, 2023

Claimed Smart Contract Features

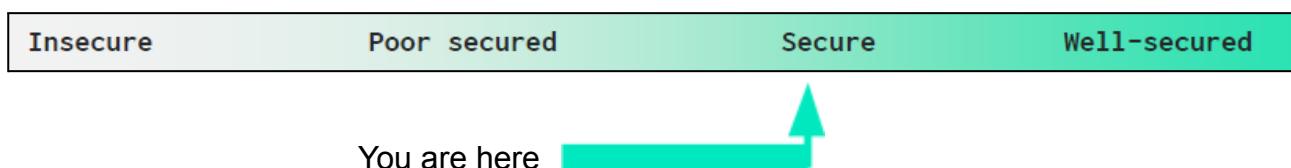
Claimed Feature Detail	Our Observation
File 1 NftFactory.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Owner can set a whitelist address. • Owner can Withdraw proceeds. • Owner can update the prices of an existing running Sale. • Owner can create a new Sale for an NFT and update an existing Sale. 	YES, This is valid.
File 2 SuperpowerNFT.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Owner can set the maximum supply. • Owner can mint tokens. 	YES, This is valid.
File 3 SuperpowerNFTBase.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Owner can set the game address. • Owner can set the locker address and remove the locker address. • Owner can freeze the token URI. 	YES, This is valid.
File 4 WhitelistSlot.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Owner can set a new URI. 	YES, This is valid.
File 5 Farm.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name: MOBLAND Farm • Symbol: mFARM 	YES, This is valid.
File 6 FarmBridged.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name: MOBLAND Farm • Symbol: mFARM 	YES, This is valid.
File 7 Turf.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name: MOBLAND Turf • Symbol: mTURF 	YES, This is valid.

File 8 TurfBridged.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Name: MOBLAND Turf● Symbol: mTURF	YES, This is valid.
File 9 WormholeCommon.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none">● WormholeCommon can check if the transfer is Completed or not.	YES, This is valid.
File 10 WormholeTunnel.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Owner can set wormhole register contract address	YES, This is valid.
File 11 Wormhole721.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Complete a transfer from Wormhole.	YES, This is valid.
File 12 GamePool.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none">● The Owner can withdraw an amount of funds in SEEDS or BUDS, or all of them if the amount is 0.● The Owner can initialize the attributes of a turf token and farm token.	YES, This is valid.
File 13 Signable.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none">● The Owner can set a signable address.	YES, This is valid.
File 14 SignableStakes.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none">● SignableStakes contract can check hash unstake.	YES, This is valid.
File 15 SideToken.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none">● Minter can mint amounts.● The Owner can set a minter address.	YES, This is valid.

File 16 BudToken.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Name: Mobland Bud Token ● Symbol: BUD ● Decimals: 18 ● Version: 1 	YES, This is valid.
File 17 SeedToken.sol <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Name: Mobland Seed Token ● Symbol: SEED ● Decimals: 18 ● Version: 1 	YES, This is valid.

Audit Summary

According to the standard audit assessment, Customer's solidity smart contracts are "**Secured**". Also, these contracts do contain owner control, which does not make them fully decentralized.



We used various tools like Slither, Solhint and Remix IDE. At the same time this finding is based on critical analysis of the manual audit.

All issues found during automated analysis were manually reviewed and applicable vulnerabilities are presented in the Audit overview section. General overview is presented in AS-IS section and all identified issues can be found in the Audit overview section.

We found 0 critical, 1 high, 0 medium and 2 low and some very low level issues.

All issues have been fixed / acknowledged in the revised code.

Investors Advice: Technical audit of the smart contract does not guarantee the ethical nature of the project. Any owner controlled functions should be executed by the owner with responsibility. All investors/users are advised to do their due diligence before investing in the project.

Technical Quick Stats

Main Category	Subcategory	Result
Contract Programming	Solidity version not specified	Passed
	Solidity version too old	Passed
	Integer overflow/underflow	Passed
	Function input parameters lack of check	Passed
	Function input parameters check bypass	Passed
	Function access control lacks management	Passed
	Critical operation lacks event log	Moderated
	Human/contract checks bypass	Passed
	Random number generation/use vulnerability	N/A
	Fallback function misuse	Passed
	Race condition	Passed
	Logical vulnerability	Passed
	Features claimed	Passed
	Other programming issues	Passed
Code Specification	Function visibility not explicitly declared	Passed
	Var. storage location not explicitly declared	Passed
	Use keywords/functions to be deprecated	Passed
	Unused code	Passed
Gas Optimization	“Out of Gas” Issue	Passed
	High consumption ‘for/while’ loop	Moderated
	High consumption ‘storage’ storage	Passed
	Assert() misuse	Passed
Business Risk	The maximum limit for mintage not set	Passed
	“Short Address” Attack	Passed
	“Double Spend” Attack	Passed

Overall Audit Result: **PASSED**

Code Quality

This audit scope has 17 smart contract files. Smart contracts contain Libraries, Smart contracts, inherits and Interfaces. This is a compact and well written smart contract.

The libraries in the Mobland Protocol are part of its logical algorithm. A library is a different type of smart contract that contains reusable code. Once deployed on the blockchain (only once), it is assigned a specific address and its properties / methods can be reused many times by other contracts in the Mobland Protocol.

The Mobland team has provided unit test scripts, which have helped to determine the integrity of the code in an automated way.

Code parts are **not well** commented on smart contracts.

Documentation

We were given a Mobland Protocol smart contract code in the form of a github link. The links of that code are mentioned above in the table.

As mentioned above, code parts are **not well** commented. But the logic is straightforward. So it is easy to quickly understand the programming flow as well as complex code logic. Comments are very helpful in understanding the overall architecture of the protocol.

Another source of information was its official website <https://mob.land> which provided rich information about the project architecture and tokenomics.

Use of Dependencies

As per our observation, the libraries are used in this smart contracts infrastructure that are based on well known industry standard open source projects.

Apart from libraries, its functions are used in external smart contract calls.

AS-IS overview

NftFactory.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	constructor	write	Passed	No Issue
2	initialize	write	Passed	No Issue
3	setWI	external	access only Owner	No Issue
4	setPaymentToken	external	access only Owner	No Issue
5	setNewNft	external	access only Owner	No Issue
6	removeNewNft	external	access only Owner	No Issue
7	getNftIdByAddress	external	Passed	No Issue
8	getNftAddressById	external	Passed	No Issue
9	getPaymentTokenSymbol	external	Passed	No Issue
10	newSale	external	Infinite loops possibility	Refer Audit Findings
11	updateSale	external	access only Owner	No Issue
12	endSale	external	access only Owner	No Issue
13	updatePrice	external	access only Owner	No Issue
14	getSale	external	Passed	No Issue
15	getPrice	read	Passed	No Issue
16	getWIPrice	read	Passed	No Issue
17	buyTokens	external	Passed	No Issue
18	withdrawProceeds	write	access only Owner	No Issue

SuperpowerNFT.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	constructor	write	Passed	No Issue
2	onlyFactory	modifier	Passed	No Issue
3	canMint	modifier	Passed	No Issue
4	setDefaultPlayer	external	access only Owner	No Issue
5	setMaxSupply	external	access only Owner	No Issue
6	setFactory	external	access only Owner	No Issue
7	isFactory	read	Passed	No Issue
8	hasFactories	read	Passed	No Issue
9	canMintAmount	read	Passed	No Issue
10	mint	write	access only Factory	No Issue
11	endMinting	external	access only Owner	No Issue
12	mintEnded	external	Passed	No Issue
13	maxSupply	external	Passed	No Issue
14	nextTokenId	external	Passed	No Issue

SuperpowerNFTBase.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	constructor	write	Passed	No Issue
2	onlyLocker	modifier	Passed	No Issue
3	onlyGame	modifier	Passed	No Issue
4	tokenExists	modifier	Passed	No Issue
5	<code>__SuperpowerNFTBase_init</code>	internal	initializer	No Issue
6	<code>beforeTokenTransfer</code>	internal	Passed	No Issue
7	<code>preinitializeAttributesFor</code>	external	access only Owner	No Issue
8	<code>attributesOf</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
9	<code>initializeAttributesFor</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
10	<code>updateAttributes</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
11	<code>supportsInterface</code>	read	Passed	No Issue
12	<code>baseURI</code>	internal	Passed	No Issue
13	<code>updateTokenURI</code>	external	access only Owner	No Issue
14	<code>freezeTokenURI</code>	external	access only Owner	No Issue
15	<code>contractURI</code>	read	Passed	No Issue
16	<code>setGame</code>	external	access only Owner	No Issue
17	<code>locked</code>	read	Passed	No Issue
18	<code>lockerOf</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
19	<code>isLocker</code>	read	Passed	No Issue
20	<code>setLocker</code>	external	Locker contract not set	No Issue
21	<code>removeLocker</code>	external	access only Owner	No Issue
22	<code>hasLocks</code>	read	Passed	No Issue
23	<code>lock</code>	external	access only Locker	No Issue
24	<code>unlock</code>	external	access only Locker	No Issue
25	<code>unlockIfRemovedLocker</code>	external	access only Owner	No Issue
26	<code>approve</code>	write	Passed	No Issue
27	<code>getApproved</code>	read	Passed	No Issue
28	<code>setApprovalForAll</code>	write	Passed	No Issue
29	<code>isApprovedForAll</code>	read	Passed	No Issue
30	<code>wormholeTransfer</code>	write	Passed	No Issue

WhitelistSlot.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	constructor	write	Passed	No Issue
2	<code>setURI</code>	write	access only Owner	No Issue
3	<code>setBurner</code>	write	access only Owner	No Issue
4	<code>mintBatch</code>	write	access only Owner	No Issue

5	mintMany	write	Infinite loops possibility	Refer Audit Findings
6	burn	write	Passed	No Issue

Farm.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	constructor	write	Passed	No Issue
2	onlyFactory	modifier	Passed	No Issue
3	canMint	modifier	Passed	No Issue
4	setDefaultPlayer	external	access only Owner	No Issue
5	setMaxSupply	external	access only Owner	No Issue
6	setFactory	external	access only Owner	No Issue
7	isFactory	read	Passed	No Issue
8	hasFactories	read	Passed	No Issue
9	canMintAmount	read	Passed	No Issue
10	mint	write	access only Factory	No Issue
11	endMinting	external	access only Owner	No Issue
12	mintEnded	external	Passed	No Issue
13	maxSupply	external	Passed	No Issue
14	nextTokenId	external	Passed	No Issue

FarmBridged.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	constructor	write	Passed	No Issue
2	onlyLocker	modifier	Passed	No Issue
3	onlyGame	modifier	Passed	No Issue
4	tokenExists	modifier	Passed	No Issue
5	<u>SuperpowerNFTBase_init</u>	internal	initializer	No Issue
6	beforeTokenTransfer	internal	Passed	No Issue
7	preInitializeAttributesFor	external	access only Owner	No Issue
8	attributesOf	external	Passed	No Issue
9	initializeAttributesFor	external	Passed	No Issue
10	updateAttributes	external	Passed	No Issue
11	supportsInterface	read	Passed	No Issue
12	baseURI	internal	Passed	No Issue
13	updateTokenURI	external	access only Owner	No Issue
14	freezeTokenURI	external	access only Owner	No Issue
15	contractURI	read	Passed	No Issue
16	setGame	external	access only Owner	No Issue
17	locked	read	Passed	No Issue

18	lockerOf	external	Passed	No Issue
19	isLocker	read	Passed	No Issue
20	setLocker	external	access only Owner	No Issue
21	removeLocker	external	access only Owner	No Issue
22	hasLocks	read	Passed	No Issue
23	lock	external	access only Locker	No Issue
24	unlock	external	access only Locker	No Issue
25	unlockIfRemovedLocker	external	access only Owner	No Issue
26	approve	write	Passed	No Issue
27	getApproved	read	Passed	No Issue
28	setApprovalForAll	write	Passed	No Issue
29	isApprovedForAll	read	Passed	No Issue
30	wormholeTransfer	write	Passed	No Issue

Turf.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	constructor	write	Passed	No Issue
2	onlyFactory	modifier	Passed	No Issue
3	canMint	modifier	Passed	No Issue
4	setDefaultPlayer	external	access only Owner	No Issue
5	setMaxSupply	external	access only Owner	No Issue
6	setFactory	external	access only Owner	No Issue
7	isFactory	read	Passed	No Issue
8	hasFactories	read	Passed	No Issue
9	canMintAmount	read	Passed	No Issue
10	mint	write	access only Factory	No Issue
11	endMinting	external	access only Owner	No Issue
12	mintEnded	external	Passed	No Issue
13	maxSupply	external	Passed	No Issue
14	nextTokenId	external	Passed	No Issue

TurfBridged.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	constructor	write	Passed	No Issue
2	onlyLocker	modifier	Passed	No Issue
3	onlyGame	modifier	Passed	No Issue
4	tokenExists	modifier	Passed	No Issue
5	__SuperpowerNFTBase_init	internal	initializer	No Issue
6	beforeTokenTransfer	internal	Passed	No Issue
7	preInitializeAttributesFor	external	access only Owner	No Issue

8	attributesOf	external	Passed	No Issue
9	initializeAttributesFor	external	Passed	No Issue
10	updateAttributes	external	Passed	No Issue
11	supportsInterface	read	Passed	No Issue
12	baseURI	internal	Passed	No Issue
13	updateTokenURI	external	access only Owner	No Issue
14	freezeTokenURI	external	access only Owner	No Issue
15	contractURI	read	Passed	No Issue
16	setGame	external	access only Owner	No Issue
17	locked	read	Passed	No Issue
18	lockerOf	external	Passed	No Issue
19	isLocker	read	Passed	No Issue
20	setLocker	external	access only Owner	No Issue
21	removeLocker	external	access only Owner	No Issue
22	hasLocks	read	Passed	No Issue
23	lock	external	access only Locker	No Issue
24	unlock	external	access only Locker	No Issue
25	unlockIfRemovedLocker	external	access only Owner	No Issue
26	approve	write	Passed	No Issue
27	getApproved	read	Passed	No Issue
28	setApprovalForAll	write	Passed	No Issue
29	isApprovedForAll	read	Passed	No Issue
30	wormholeTransfer	write	Passed	No Issue

Wormhole721.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	constructor	write	Passed	No Issue
2	supportsInterface	read	Passed	No Issue
3	wormholeTransfer	write	Passed	No Issue
4	wormholeCompleteTransfer	write	Passed	No Issue

WormholeCommon.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	constructor	write	Passed	No Issue
2	isTransferCompleted	read	Passed	No Issue
3	contractByChainId	read	Passed	No Issue
4	wormhole	read	Passed	No Issue
5	chainId	read	Passed	No Issue
6	_setWormhole	internal	Passed	No Issue
7	setChainId	internal	Passed	No Issue
8	setTransferCompleted	internal	Passed	No Issue

9	<code>_setContract</code>	internal	Passed	No Issue
10	<code>_wormholeCompleteTransfer</code>	internal	Passed	No Issue
11	<code>_wormholeTransferWithValue</code>	internal	Passed	No Issue
12	<code>logTransfer</code>	internal	Passed	No Issue
13	<code>verifyContractVM</code>	internal	Passed	No Issue
14	<code>encodeTransfer</code>	internal	Passed	No Issue
15	<code>parseTransfer</code>	internal	Passed	No Issue

GamePool.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	<code>constructor</code>	write	Passed	No Issue
2	<code>equalString</code>	internal	Passed	No Issue
3	<code>initialize</code>	write	initializer	No Issue
4	<code>setConf</code>	external	access only Owner	No Issue
5	<code>stakeAsset</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
6	<code>unstakeAsset</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
7	<code>_checkStakeState</code>	internal	Passed	No Issue
8	<code>getStakeIndexByTokenId</code>	read	Passed	No Issue
9	<code>getStakeByIndex</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
10	<code>getNumberOfStakes</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
11	<code>getUserDeposits</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
12	<code>getUserStakes</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
13	<code>saveSignatureAsUsed</code>	internal	Passed	No Issue
14	<code>depositSeed</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
15	<code>depositBud</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
16	<code>depositSeedAndPayOtherUser</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
17	<code>_depositFT</code>	internal	Passed	No Issue
18	<code>depositByIndex</code>	read	Passed	No Issue
19	<code>numberOfDeposits</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
20	<code>depositById</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
21	<code>depositByIdAndUser</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
22	<code>harvest</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
23	<code>withdrawFT</code>	external	access only Owner	No Issue
24	<code>initializeTurf</code>	external	access only Owner	No Issue
25	<code>updateTurfAttributes</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
26	<code>getTurfAttributes</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
27	<code>initializeFarm</code>	external	access only Owner	No Issue
28	<code>updateFarmAttributes</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
29	<code>getFarmAttributes</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
30	<code>attributesOf</code>	external	Passed	No Issue
31	<code>hashDeposit</code>	read	Passed	No Issue
32	<code>hashDepositAndPay</code>	read	Passed	No Issue

33	hashHarvesting	read	Passed	No Issue
34	hashFarmAttributes	read	Passed	No Issue
35	hashTurfAttributes	read	Passed	No Issue

Signable.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	constructor	write	Passed	No Issue
2	__Ownable_init	internal	access only Initializing	No Issue
3	Ownable_init_unchained	internal	initializer	No Issue
4	onlyOwner	modifier	Passed	No Issue
5	owner	read	Passed	No Issue
6	_checkOwner	internal	Passed	No Issue
7	renounceOwnership	write	access only Owner	No Issue
8	transferOwnership	write	access only Owner	No Issue
9	transferOwnership	internal	Passed	No Issue
10	Signable_init	internal	access only Owner	No Issue
11	setValidator	external	access only Owner	No Issue
12	getValidator	external	Passed	No Issue
13	isValidator	external	Passed	No Issue
14	isSignedByValidator	read	Passed	No Issue
15	isSignedByAValidator	read	Passed	No Issue

SignableStakes.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	constructor	write	Passed	No Issue
2	hashUnstake	read	Passed	No Issue
3	setValidator	external	access only Owner	No Issue
4	getValidator	external	Passed	No Issue
5	isValidator	external	Passed	No Issue
6	isSignedByValidator	read	Passed	No Issue
7	isSignedByAValidator	read	Passed	No Issue

SeedToken.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	constructor	write	Passed	No Issue
2	initialize	write	initializer	No Issue
3	onlyMinter	modifier	Passed	No Issue

4	<code>SideToken_init</code>	internal	initializer	No Issue
5	<code>mint</code>	write	access only Minter	No Issue
6	<code>setMinter</code>	external	access only Owner	No Issue
7	<code>__UUPSUpgradableTemplate_init</code>	internal	initializer	No Issue
8	<code>authorizeUpgrade</code>	internal	access only Owner	No Issue

SideToken.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	<code>constructor</code>	write	Passed	No Issue
2	<code>onlyMinter</code>	modifier	Passed	No Issue
3	<code>__SideToken_init</code>	internal	initializer	No Issue
4	<code>mint</code>	write	access only Minter	No Issue
5	<code>setMinter</code>	external	Minter contract not set	No Issue

BudToken.sol

Functions

Sl.	Functions	Type	Observation	Conclusion
1	<code>constructor</code>	write	Passed	No Issue
2	<code>initialize</code>	write	initializer	No Issue
3	<code>__UUPSUpgradableTemplate_init</code>	internal	initializer	No Issue
4	<code>authorizeUpgrade</code>	internal	access only Owner	No Issue
5	<code>onlyMinter</code>	modifier	Passed	No Issue
6	<code>SideToken_init</code>	internal	initializer	No Issue
7	<code>mint</code>	write	access only Minter	No Issue
8	<code>setMinter</code>	external	access only Owner	No Issue

Severity Definitions

Risk Level	Description
Critical	Critical vulnerabilities are usually straightforward to exploit and can lead to token loss etc.
High	High-level vulnerabilities are difficult to exploit; however, they also have significant impact on smart contract execution, e.g. public access to crucial
Medium	Medium-level vulnerabilities are important to fix; however, they can't lead to tokens lose
Low	Low-level vulnerabilities are mostly related to outdated, unused etc. code snippets, that can't have significant impact on execution
Lowest / Code Style / Best Practice	Lowest-level vulnerabilities, code style violations and info statements can't affect smart contract execution and can be ignored.

Audit Findings

Critical Severity

No Critical severity vulnerabilities were found.

High Severity

(1) Deposit id override by any depositor: - [GamePool.sol](#)

```
/// @param depositId the id of the deposit based on User.lastDepositId
/// @param user the address of the user
function _depositFT(
    uint8 tokenType,
    uint256 amount,
    uint64 depositId,
    address user
) internal {
    Deposit memory deposit = Deposit({tokenType: tokenType, amount: amount, depositedAt: block.timestamp});
    _depositsById[depositId] = DepositInfo({index: uint16(_users[user].deposits.length)},
    _users[user].deposits.push(deposit));
    if (tokenType == SEED) {
        seedToken.transferFrom(user, address(this), amount);
    } else {
        budToken.transferFrom(user, address(this), amount);
    }
    emit NewDeposit(depositId, user, tokenType, amount);
}
```

Functions depositSeed(), depositBud(), depositSeedAndPayOtherUser() are called internal functions ""_depositFT()".

- DepositId not checked duplicate in _depositsById mapping
- DepositId has sequence issue
- "_depositFT" internal function comment says - "depositId the id of the deposit based on User.lastDepositId".

Resolution: DepositId should be auto incremented or check duplicate depositId from mapping "_depositsById".

Status: This issue is fixed in the revised contract code.

Medium

No Medium severity vulnerabilities were found.

Low

(1) Compile time error: [SuperpowerNFTBase.sol](#)

The screenshot shows three separate code snippets with compilation errors:

- Top Snippet:** A warning about overriding functions. It says "Type Error: Function has override specified but does not override anything." This occurs at line 118 of the file 67_In_Game/SuperpowerNFTBase.sol.
- Middle Snippet:** A warning about invalid contracts in the override list. It says "Type Error: Invalid contracts specified in override list: 'ERC721EnumerableUpgradeable' and 'ERC721Upgradeable'." This occurs at line 118 of the same file.
- Bottom Snippet:** A warning about derived contracts overriding multiple base classes. It says "Type Error: Derived contract must override function '_beforeTokenTransfer'. Two or more base classes define function with same name and parameter types." This occurs at line 43 of the same file.

The right side of the screenshot shows the actual Solidity code corresponding to these errors, with line numbers 114 through 124, 108 through 130, and 39 through 58 respectively.

Function has override specified but does not override anything.

Resolution: Add uint256 4th function parameter to avoid this error.

Status: This issue is acknowledged in the revision of the contract code.

(2) Critical operation lacks event log: - **GamePool.sol**

Missing event log for:

- stakeAsset()
- unstakeAsset()

Resolution: Please write an event log for listed events.

Status: This issue is fixed in the revised contract code.

Very Low / Informational / Best practices:

(1) Unused Events, Errors, modifier, mappings :

Events are defined but not used in code.

NftFactory.sol

- FactorySetFor
- FactoryRemovedFor

Errors are defined but not used in code.

NftFactory.sol

- NotAFactoryForThisNFT
- FactoryNotFound
- InsufficientPayment

SuperpowerNFT.sol

- NotEnoughWLSlots
- InvalidDeadline
- WhitelistNotSetYet

SuperpowerNFTBase.sol

- AlreadyInitiated
- NotTheAssetOwner

GamePool.sol

- onlyOnTestnet

A modifier is defined but not used.

SuperpowerNFTBase.sol

- onlyGame()

A Mappings is defined but not used.

GamePool.sol

- _stakedByTokenId

Resolution: We suggest removing unused events, modifiers, mappings and errors.

Status: This issue is fixed in the revised contract code.

(2) Infinite loops possibility:

NftFactory.sol: newSale()

```
function newSale(
    uint8 nftId,
    uint16 amountForSale,
    uint32 startAt,
    uint32 whitelistUntil,
    uint16 whitelistedId,
    address[] memory acceptedTokens,
    uint256[] memory wlPrices,
    uint256[] memory prices
) external onlyOwner {
    // reverts if a sale is already active for this NFT
    if (sales[nftId].amountForSale != sales[nftId].soldTokens) revert ASaleIsActiveForThisNFT();
    if (amountForSale == 0) revert InvalidAmountForSale();
    // reverts if inconsistencies are detected in price and whitelisted price definition
    if (acceptedTokens.length != wlPrices.length || wlPrices.length != prices.length) revert InconsistentArrays();
    for (uint256 i = 0; i < acceptedTokens.length; i++) {
        if (!paymentTokens[acceptedTokens[i]]) revert InvalidPaymentToken();
        for (uint256 j = 0; j < acceptedTokens.length; j++) {
            if (j == i) continue;
            if (acceptedTokens[i] == acceptedTokens[j]) revert RepeatedAcceptedToken();
        }
    }
}
```

As array elements will increase, then it will cost more and more gas. And eventually, it will stop all the functionality. After several hundreds of transactions, all those functions depending on it will stop. We suggest avoiding loops. For example, use mapping to store the array index. And query that data directly, instead of looping through all the elements to find an element.

Resolution: Adjust logic to replace loops with mapping or other code structure.

NftFactory.sol

- newSale() - acceptedTokens.length

WhitelistSlot.sol

- mintMany() - ids.length

Status: This issue is acknowledged in the contract code.

(3) Minter contract not set: - [GamePool.sol](#)

There is a SideToken contract checking whether the minter is a Contract or not in the setMinter() function, so the minter contract is not in scope.

Resolution: A minter contract is not provided, if you provide a minter contract in the future, make sure this contract is fully secure.

Status: This issue is acknowledged in the contract code.

(4) Locker contract not set: - [GamePool.sol](#)

There is a TurfToken contract checking whether the locker is a Contract or not in the setLocker() function, so the Locker contract is not in scope.

This function is defined in this file - contracts/SuperpowerNFTBase.sol.

Resolution: A locker contract is not provided, if you set a locker contract in the future, make sure this contract is fully secure.

Status: This issue is acknowledged in the contract code.

Centralization

This smart contract has some functions which can be executed by the Admin (Owner) only. If the admin wallet private key would be compromised, then it would create trouble. Following are Admin functions:

NftFactory.sol

- setWhitelist: Owner can set a whitelist address.
- setPaymentToken: Owner can set, activate or deactivate a payment token address.
- setNewNft: Owner can set a new NFT for sale.
- removeNewNft: Owner can remove an NFT from the sale.
- newSale: Owner can create a new Sale for an NFT.
- updateSale: Owner can update an existing Sale.
- endSale: Owner can end (removes) an existing Sale.
- updatePrice: Owner can update the prices of an existing running Sale.
- withdrawProceeds: Owner can Withdraw the proceeds.

SuperpowerNFT.sol

- setDefaultPlayer: Owner can set the default player address.
- setMaxSupply: Owner can set the maximum supply.
- setFactory: Owner can set the factory address.
- mint: Owner can mint an amount.
- endMinting: Owner can handle end minting.

SuperpowerNFTBase.sol

- preInitializeAttributesFor: Owner can pre initialized attributes.
- updateTokenURI: Owner can update the token URI.
- freezeTokenURI: Owner can freeze the token URI.
- setGame: Owner can set the game address.
- setLocker: Owner can set the locker address.
- removeLocker: Owner can remove the locker address.
- unlockIfRemovedLocker: Owner can emergency unlock in case a compromised locker is removed.

WhitelistSlot.sol

- setURI: Owner can set a new URI.

Farm.sol

- setBurner: Owner can set a new burner address.
- mintBatch: Owner can mint the Batch addresses.
- mintMany: Owner can mint the many addresses.

WormholeTunnel.sol

- wormholeInit: Owner can wormhole initialize.
- wormholeRegisterContract: Owner can set a wormhole register contract address.

Signable.sol

- setValidator: Owner can set a signable validator address.

GamePool.sol

- setConf: Owner can set burning points .
- withdrawFT: Owner can withdraw an amount of funds in SEEDS or BUDS, or all of them if amount is 0.
- initializeTurf: Owner can initialize the attributes of a turf token.
- initializeFarm: Owner can initialize the attributes of a farm.

SideToken.sol

- setMinter: Owner can set a minter address.

To make the smart contract 100% decentralized, we suggest renouncing ownership in the airdrop smart contract once its function is completed.

Conclusion

We were given a contract code in the form of a github link. And we have used all possible tests based on given objects as files. We had observed 1 high severity issue, 2 low severity issues and some Informational severity issues in the smart contracts. All issues have been fixed / acknowledged in the code. **So, the smart contracts are ready for the mainnet deployment.**

Since possible test cases can be unlimited for such smart contracts protocol, we provide no such guarantee of future outcomes. We have used all the latest static tools and manual observations to cover maximum possible test cases to scan everything.

Smart contracts within the scope were manually reviewed and analyzed with static analysis tools. Smart Contract's high-level description of functionality was presented in the As-is overview section of the report.

Audit report contains all found security vulnerabilities and other issues in the reviewed code.

Security state of the reviewed contract, based on standard audit procedure scope, is **“Secured”**.

Our Methodology

We like to work with a transparent process and make our reviews a collaborative effort. The goals of our security audits are to improve the quality of systems we review and aim for sufficient remediation to help protect users. The following is the methodology we use in our security audit process.

Manual Code Review:

In manually reviewing all of the code, we look for any potential issues with code logic, error handling, protocol and header parsing, cryptographic errors, and random number generators. We also watch for areas where more defensive programming could reduce the risk of future mistakes and speed up future audits. Although our primary focus is on the in-scope code, we examine dependency code and behavior when it is relevant to a particular line of investigation.

Vulnerability Analysis:

Our audit techniques included manual code analysis, user interface interaction, and whitebox penetration testing. We look at the project's web site to get a high level understanding of what functionality the software under review provides. We then meet with the developers to gain an appreciation of their vision of the software. We install and use the relevant software, exploring the user interactions and roles. While we do this, we brainstorm threat models and attack surfaces. We read design documentation, review other audit results, search for similar projects, examine source code dependencies, skim open issue tickets, and generally investigate details other than the implementation.

Documenting Results:

We follow a conservative, transparent process for analyzing potential security vulnerabilities and seeing them through successful remediation. Whenever a potential issue is discovered, we immediately create an Issue entry for it in this document, even though we have not yet verified the feasibility and impact of the issue. This process is conservative because we document our suspicions early even if they are later shown to not represent exploitable vulnerabilities. We generally follow a process of first documenting the suspicion with unresolved questions, then confirming the issue through code analysis, live experimentation, or automated tests. Code analysis is the most tentative, and we strive to provide test code, log captures, or screenshots demonstrating our confirmation. After this we analyze the feasibility of an attack in a live system.

Suggested Solutions:

We search for immediate mitigations that live deployments can take, and finally we suggest the requirements for remediation engineering for future releases. The mitigation and remediation recommendations should be scrutinized by the developers and deployment engineers, and successful mitigation and remediation is an ongoing collaborative process after we deliver our report, and before the details are made public.

Disclaimers

EtherAuthority.io Disclaimer

EtherAuthority team has analyzed this smart contract in accordance with the best industry practices at the date of this report, in relation to: cybersecurity vulnerabilities and issues in smart contract source code, the details of which are disclosed in this report, (Source Code); the Source Code compilation, deployment and functionality (performing the intended functions).

Due to the fact that the total number of test cases are unlimited, the audit makes no statements or warranties on security of the code. It also cannot be considered as a sufficient assessment regarding the utility and safety of the code, bugfree status or any other statements of the contract. While we have done our best in conducting the analysis and producing this report, it is important to note that you should not rely on this report only. We also suggest conducting a bug bounty program to confirm the high level of security of this smart contract.

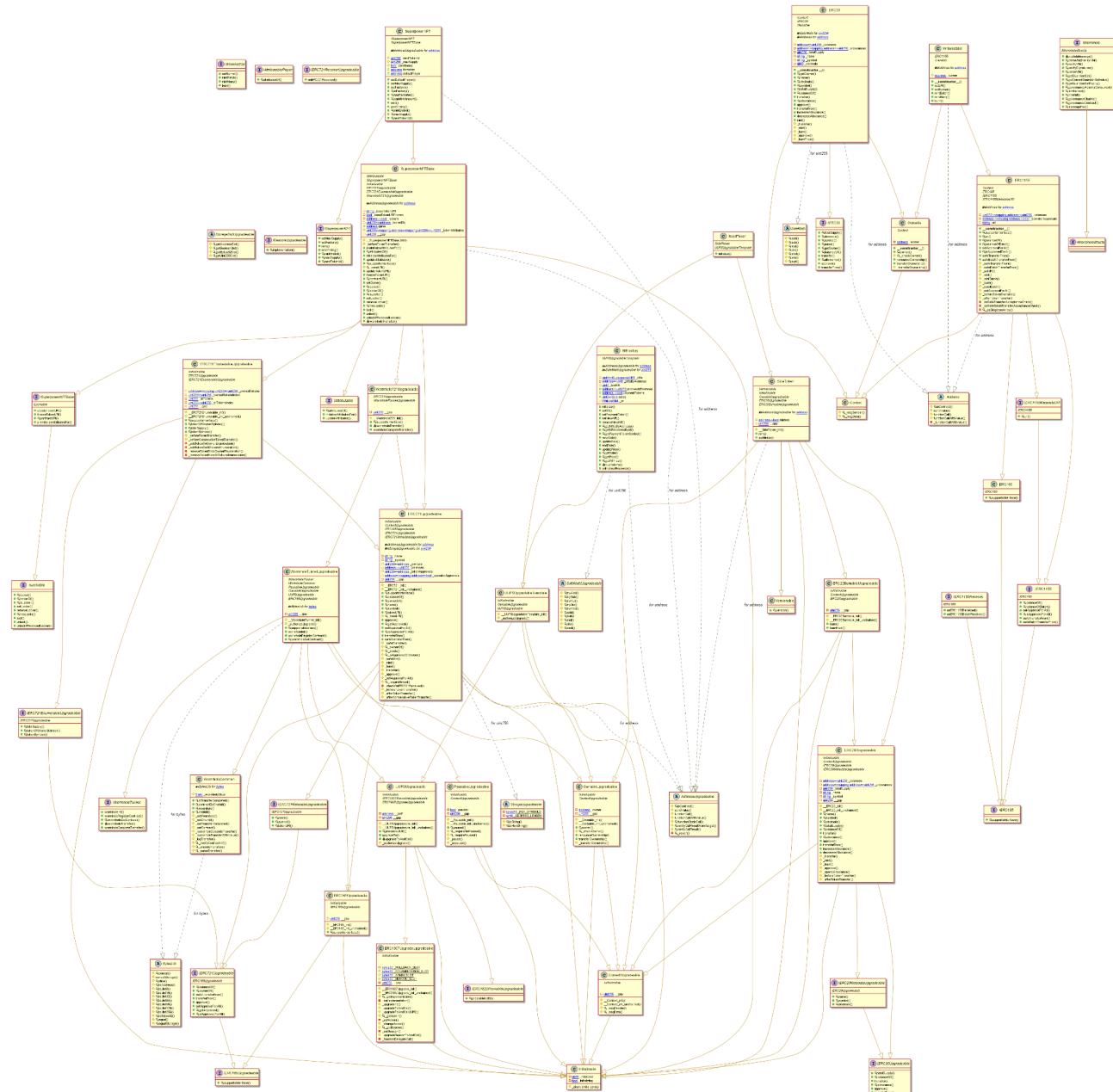
Technical Disclaimer

Smart contracts are deployed and executed on the blockchain platform. The platform, its programming language, and other software related to the smart contract can have their own vulnerabilities that can lead to hacks. Thus, the audit can't guarantee explicit security of the audited smart contracts.

Appendix

Code Flow Diagram - Mobland

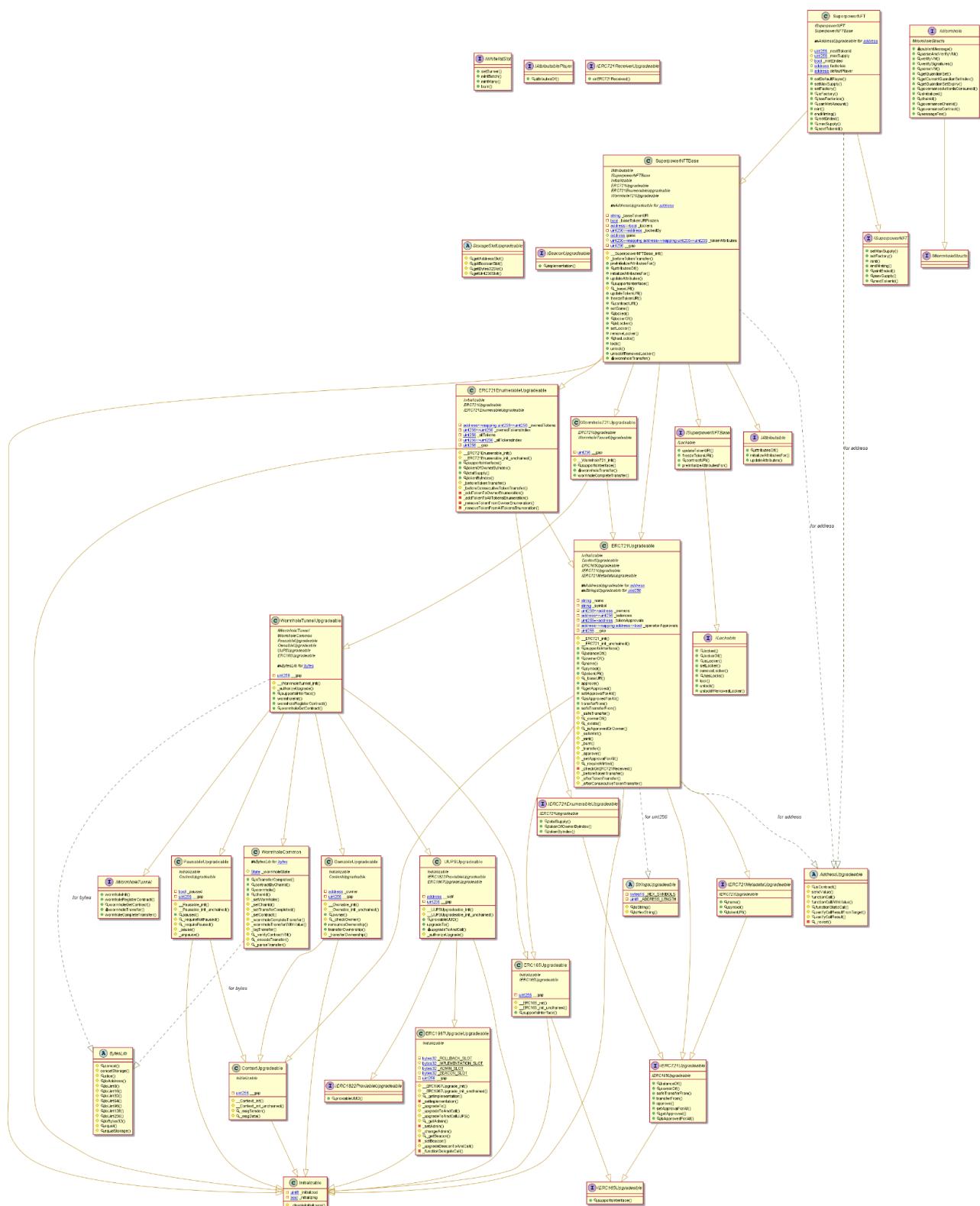
NftFactory Diagram



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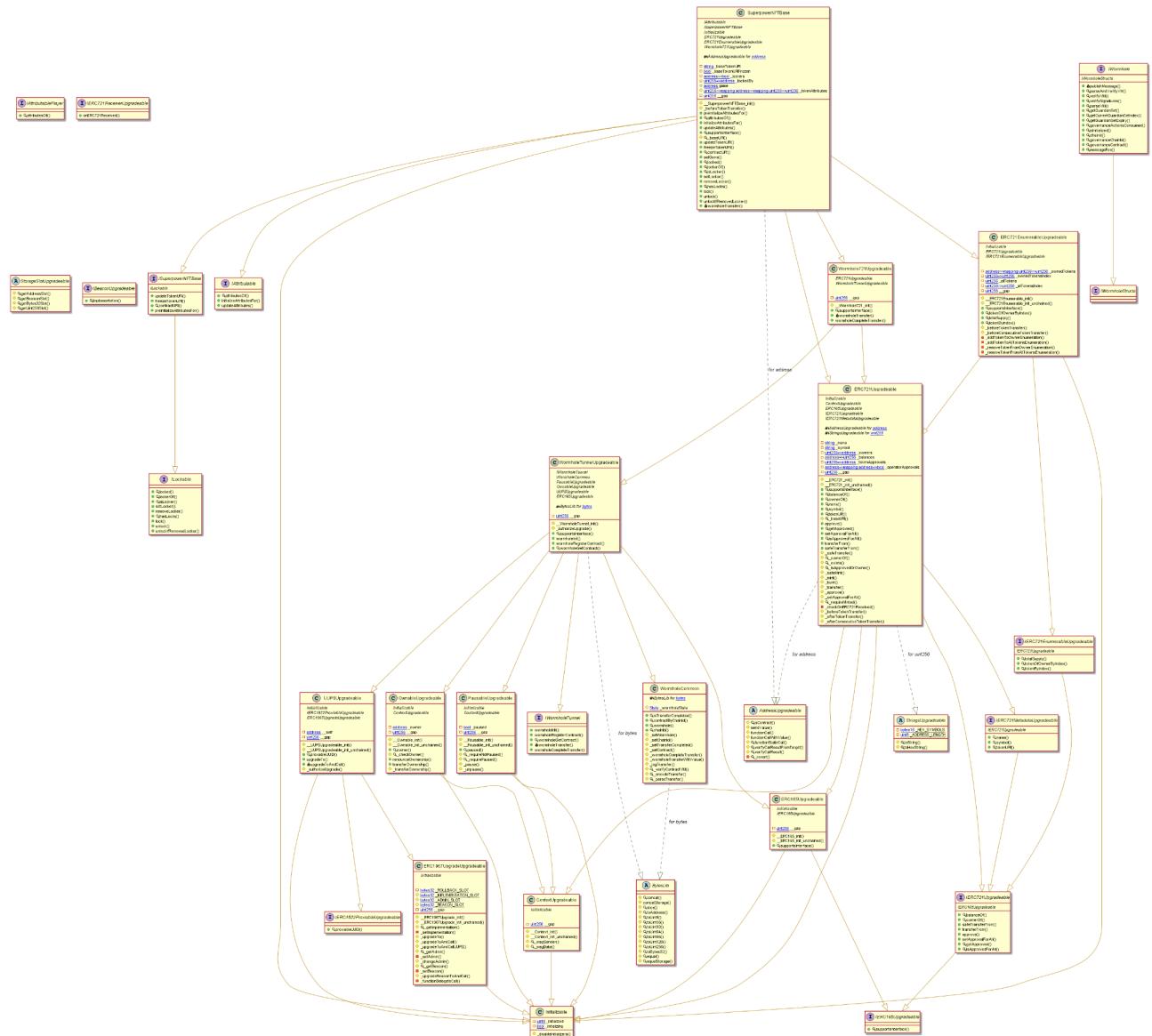
SuperpowerNFT Diagram



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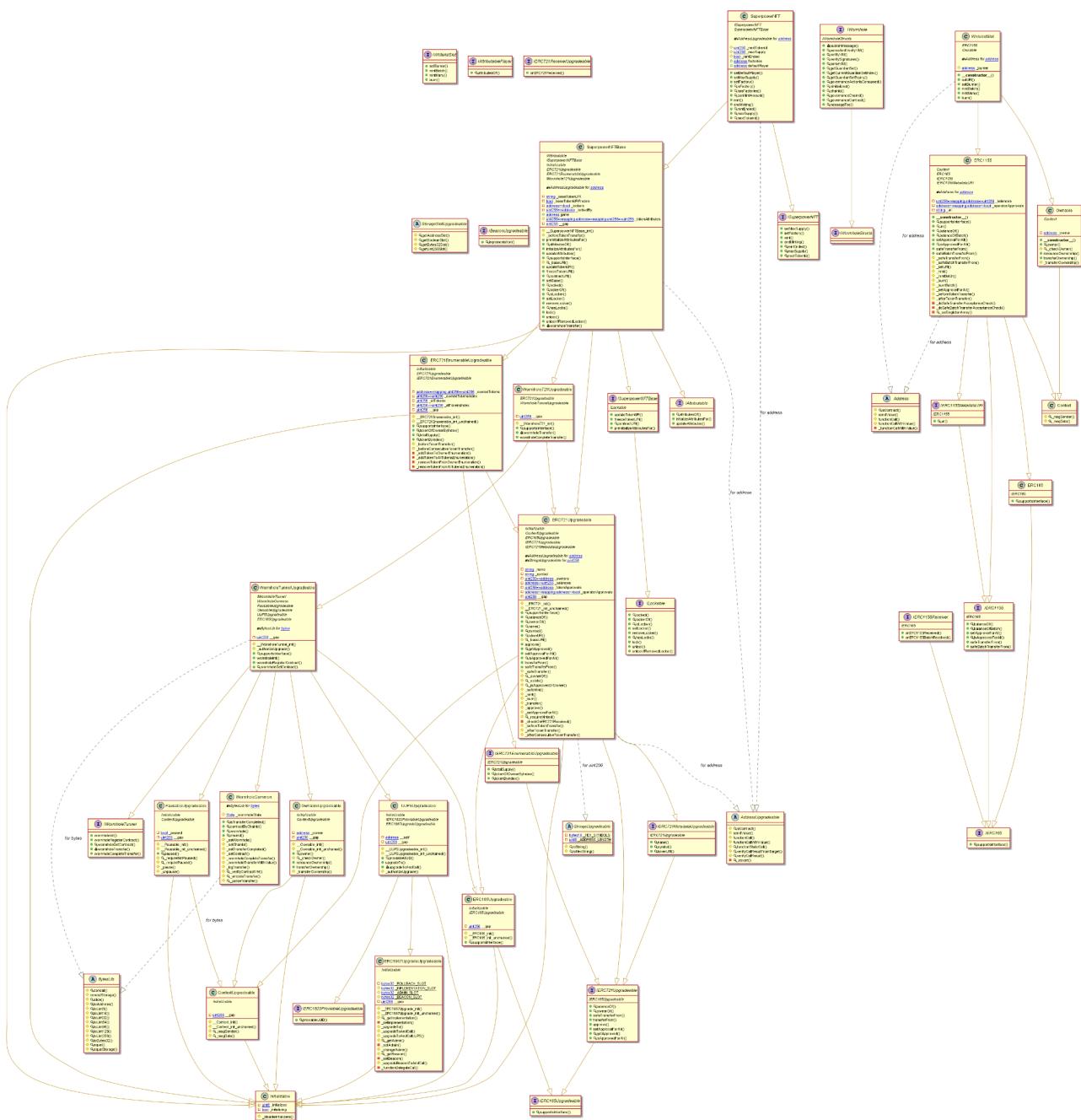
SuperpowerNFTBase Diagram



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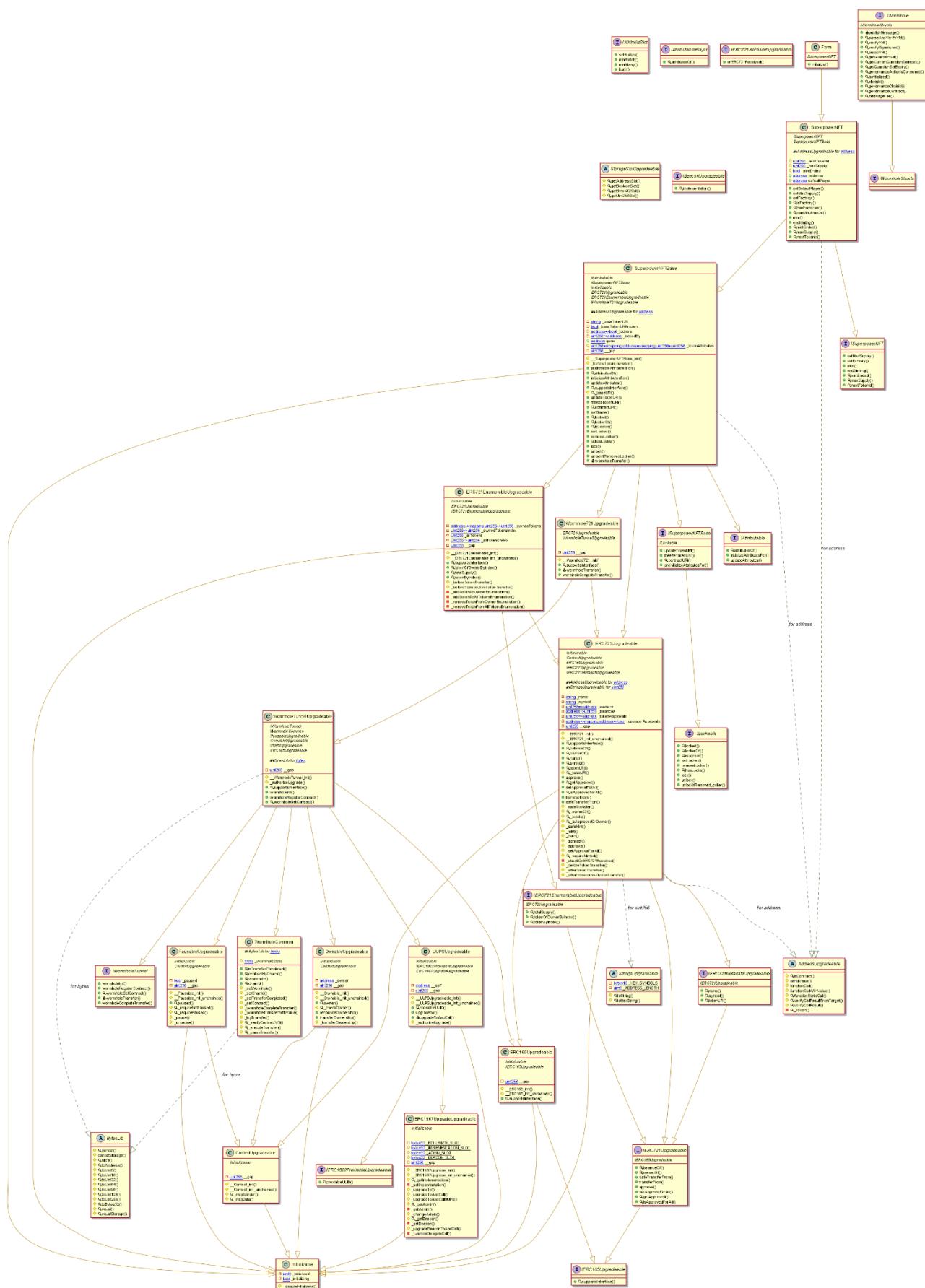
WhitelistSlot Diagram



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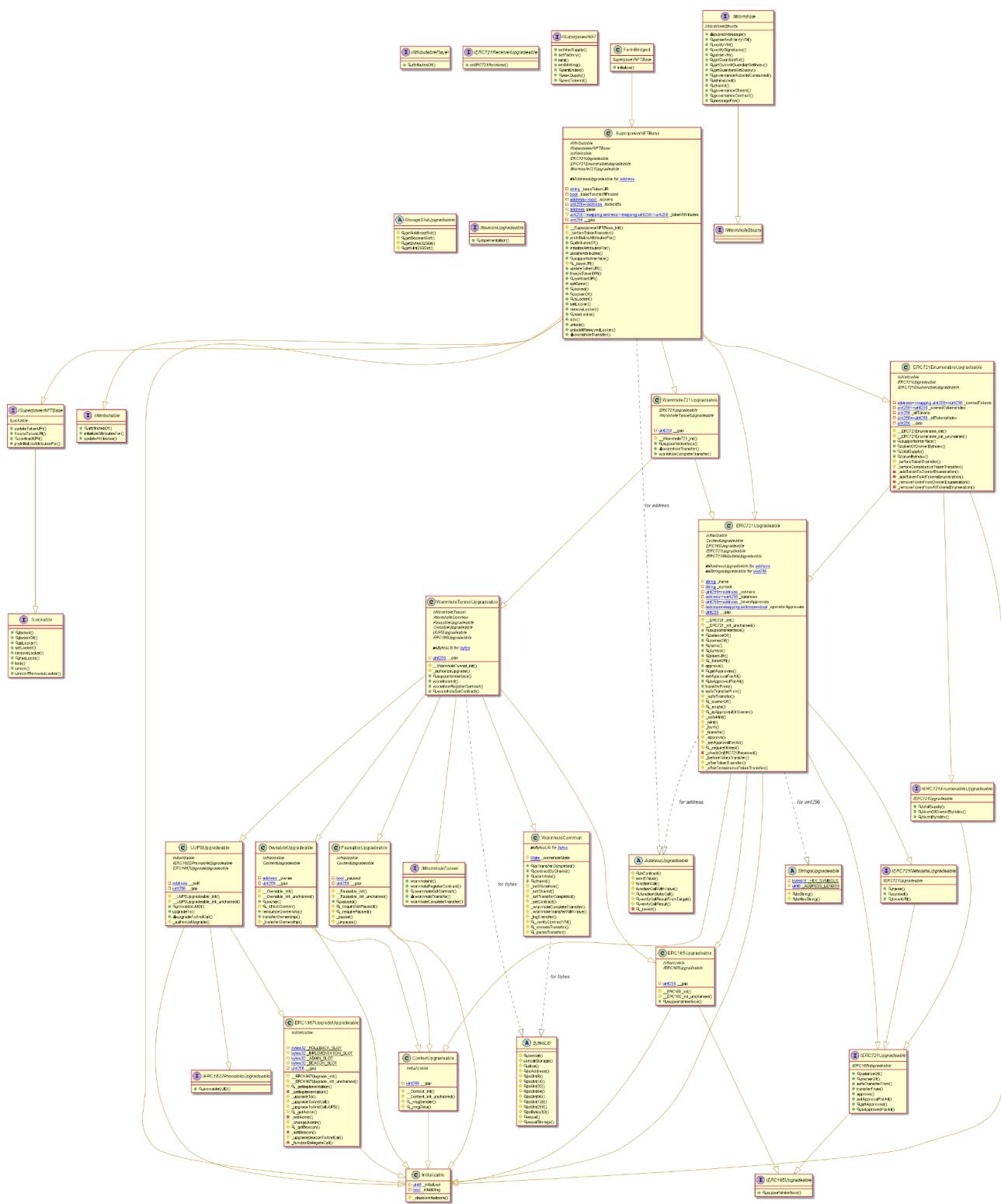
Farm Diagram



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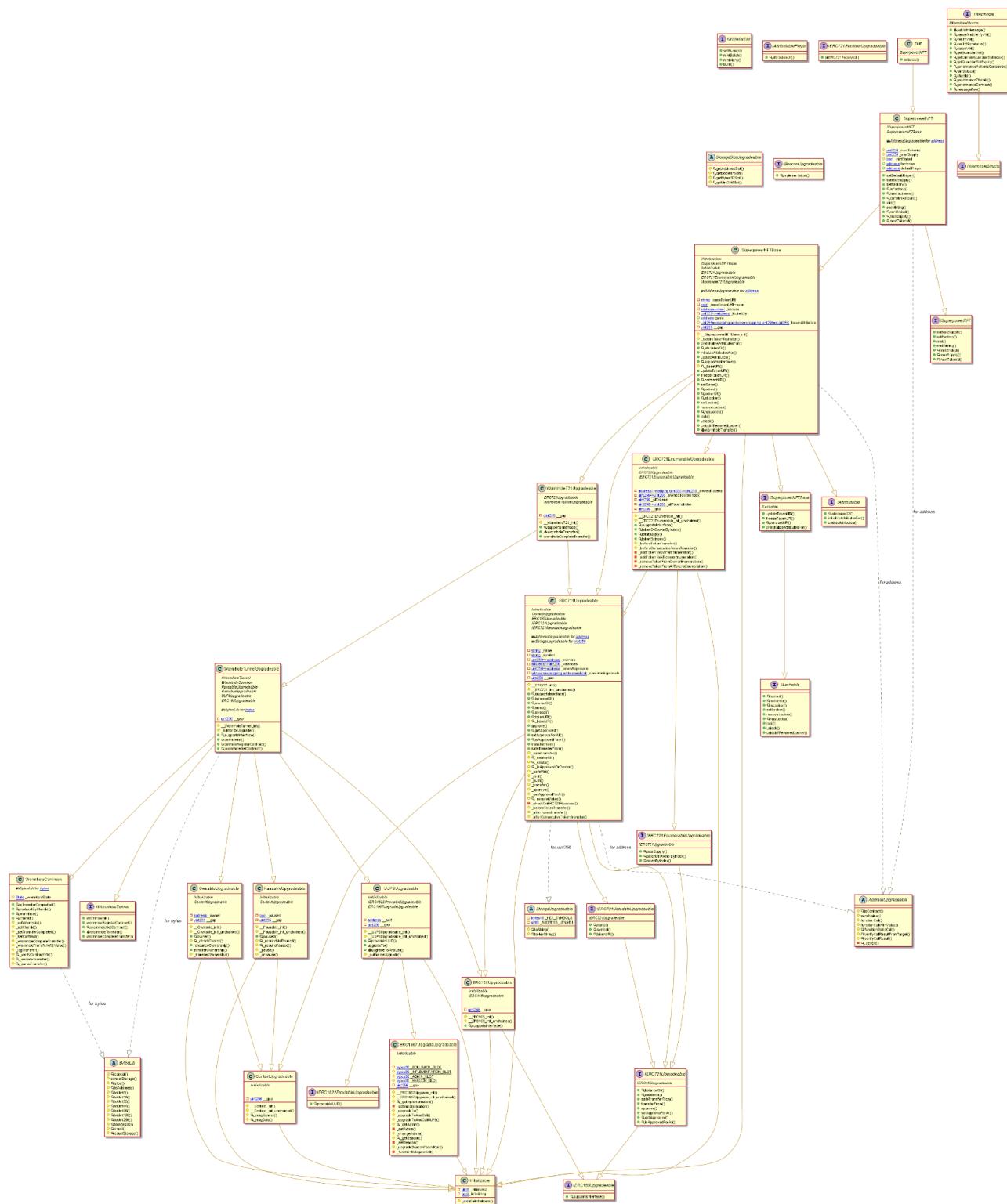
FarmBridged Diagram



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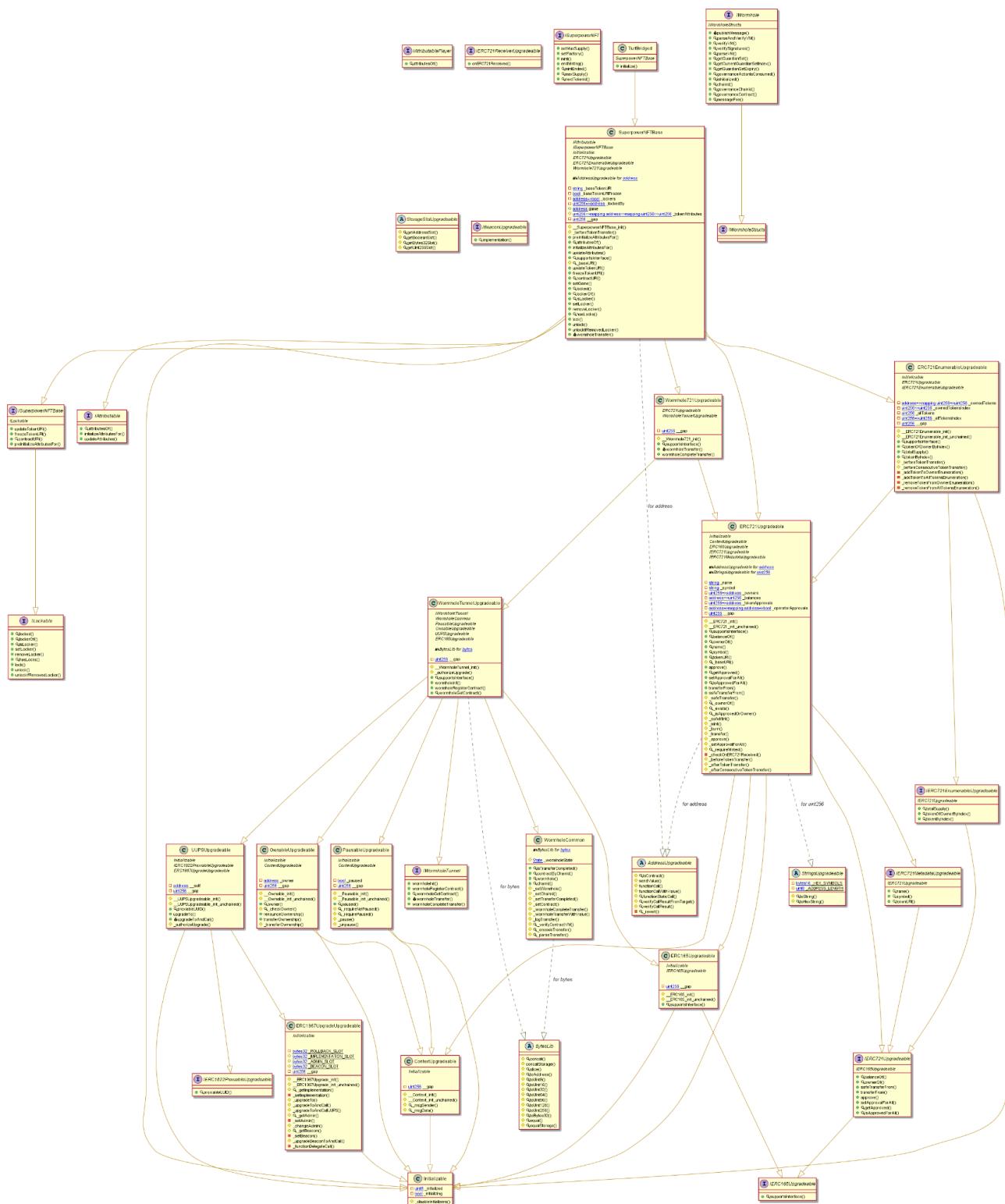
Turf Diagram



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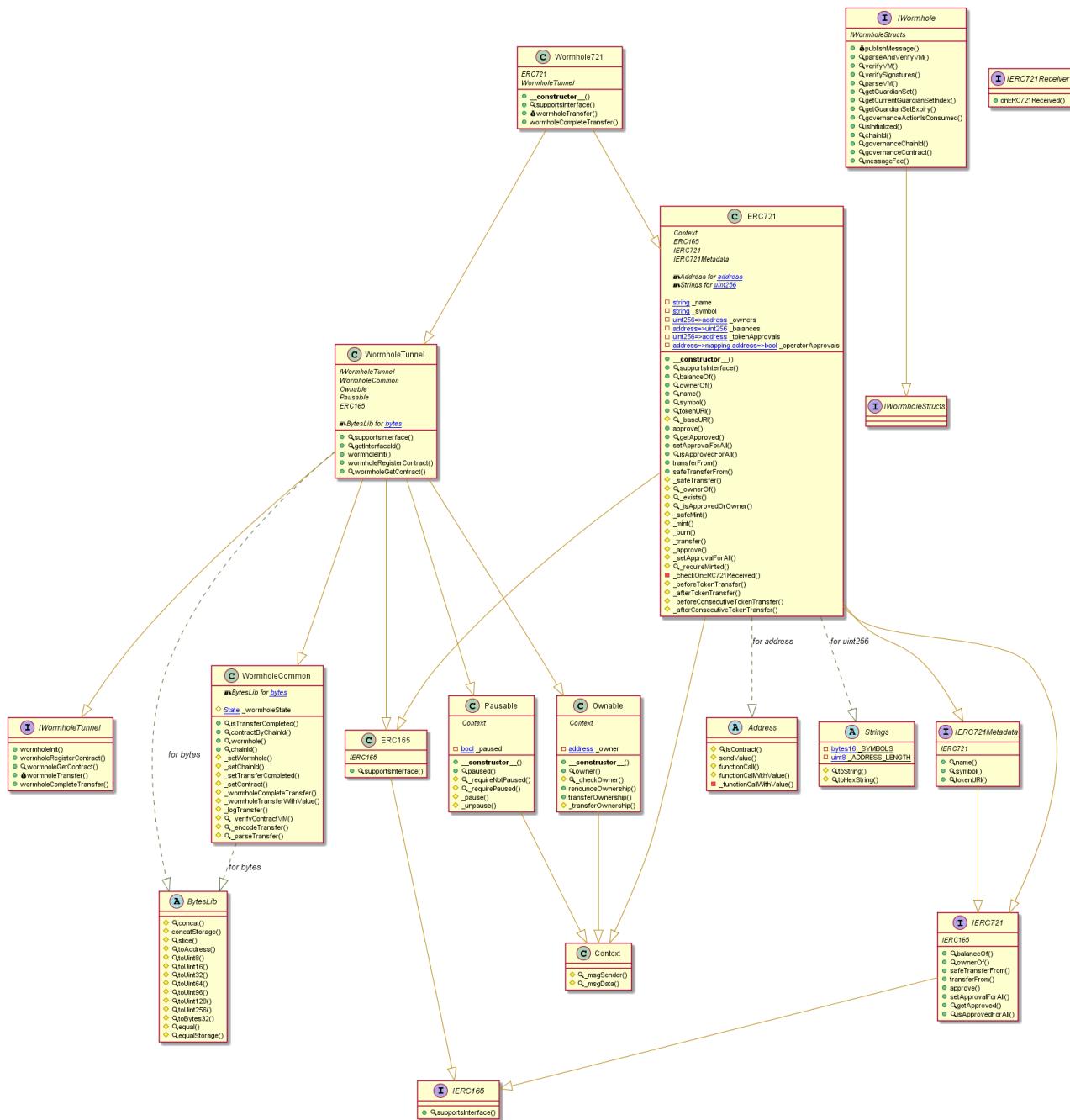
TurfBridged Diagram



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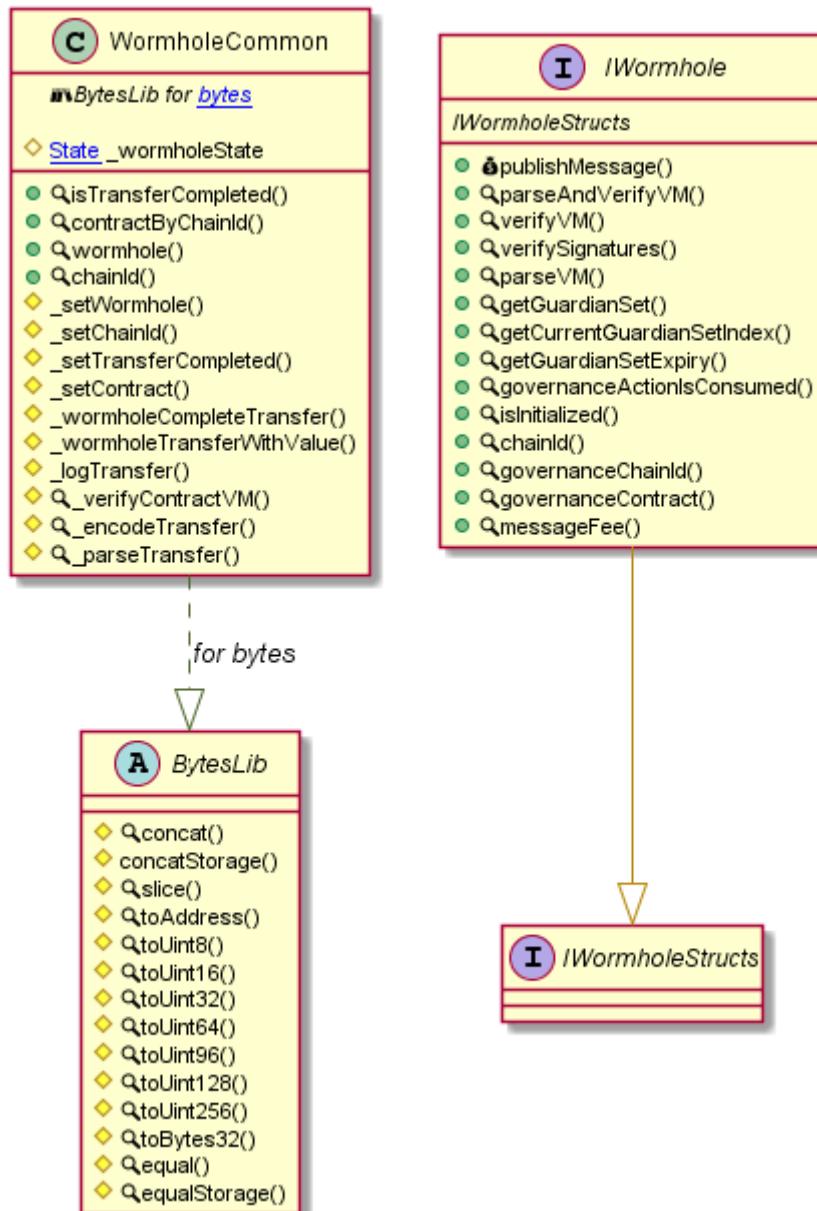
Wormhole721 Diagram



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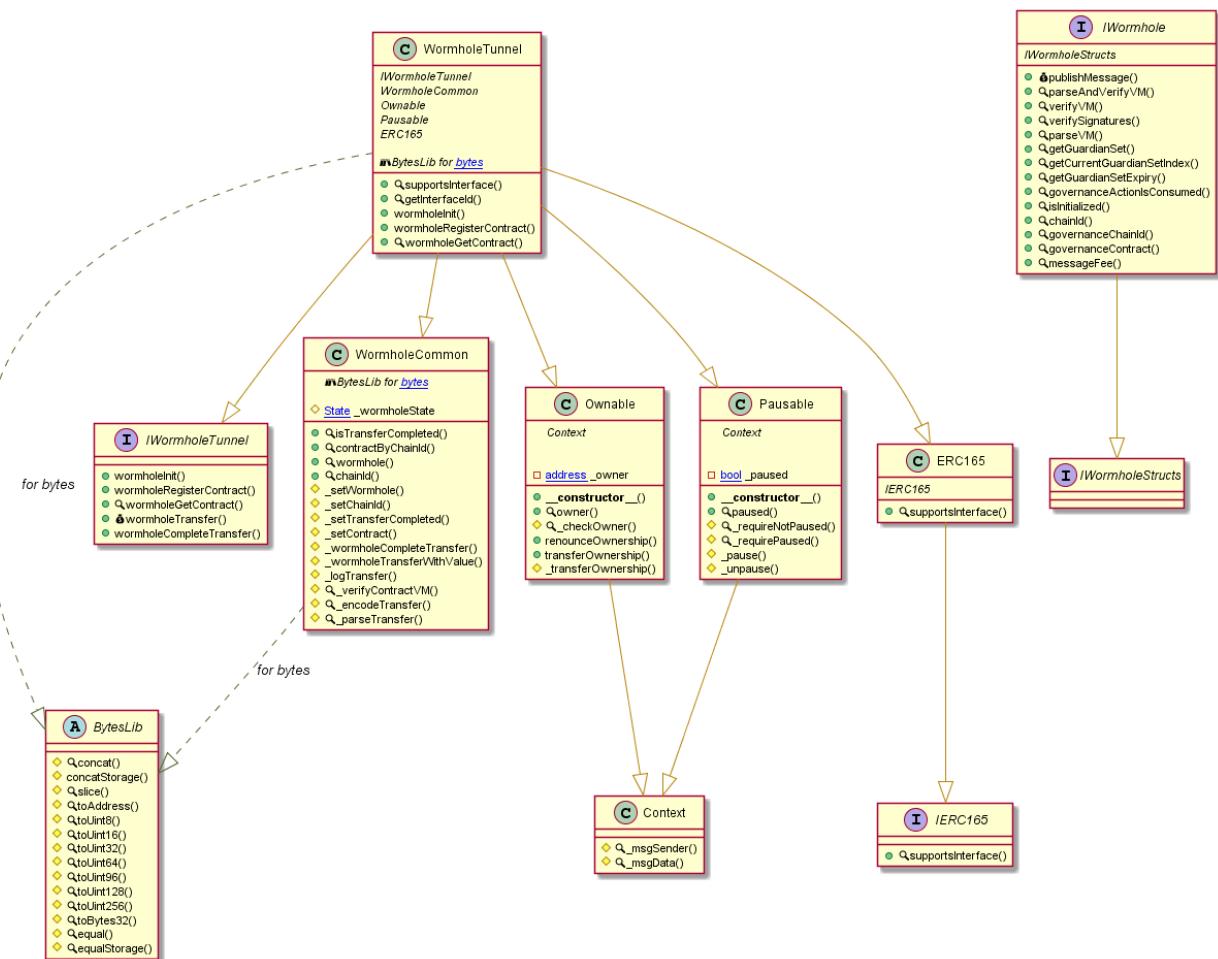
WormholeCommon Diagram



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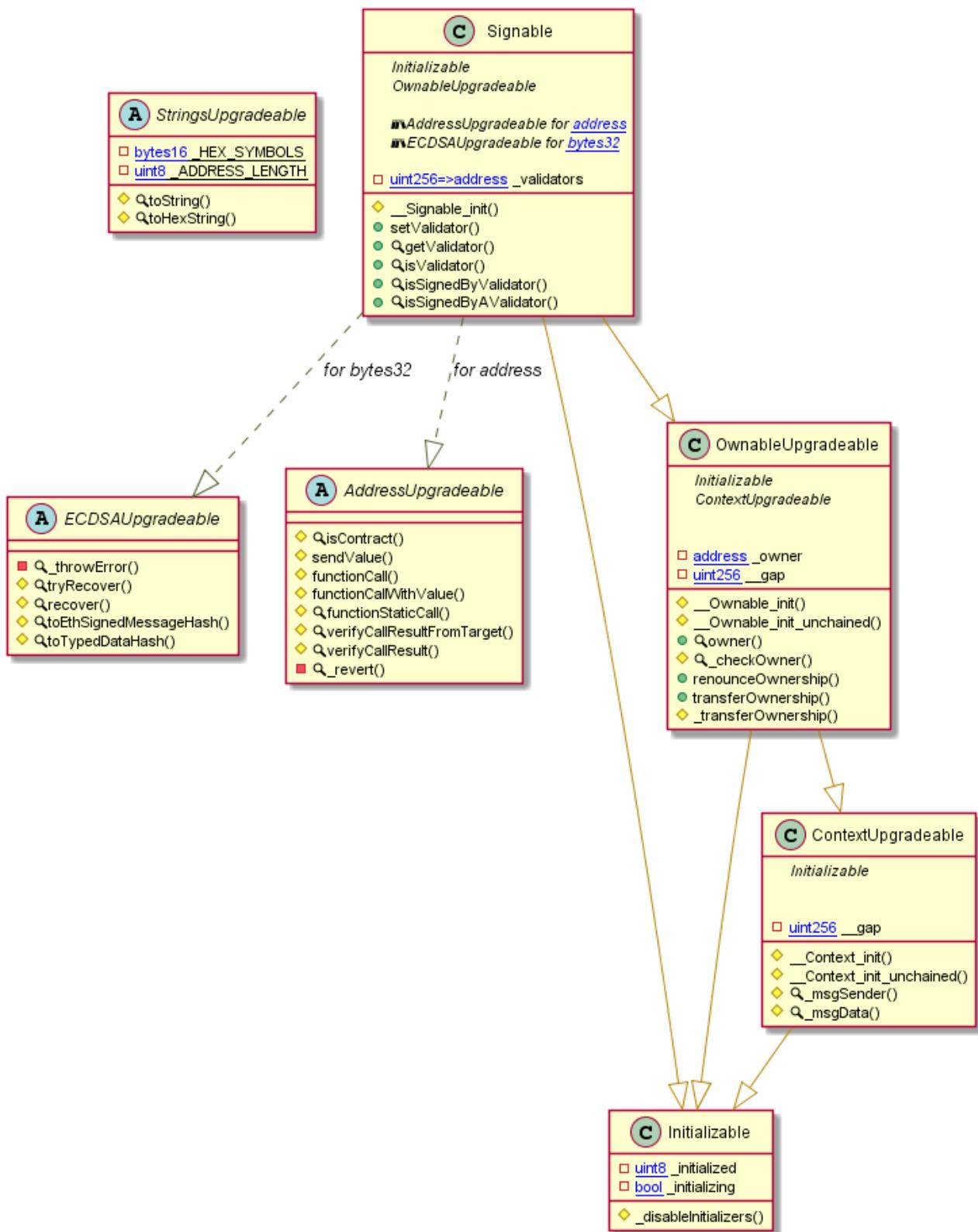
WormholeTunnel Diagram



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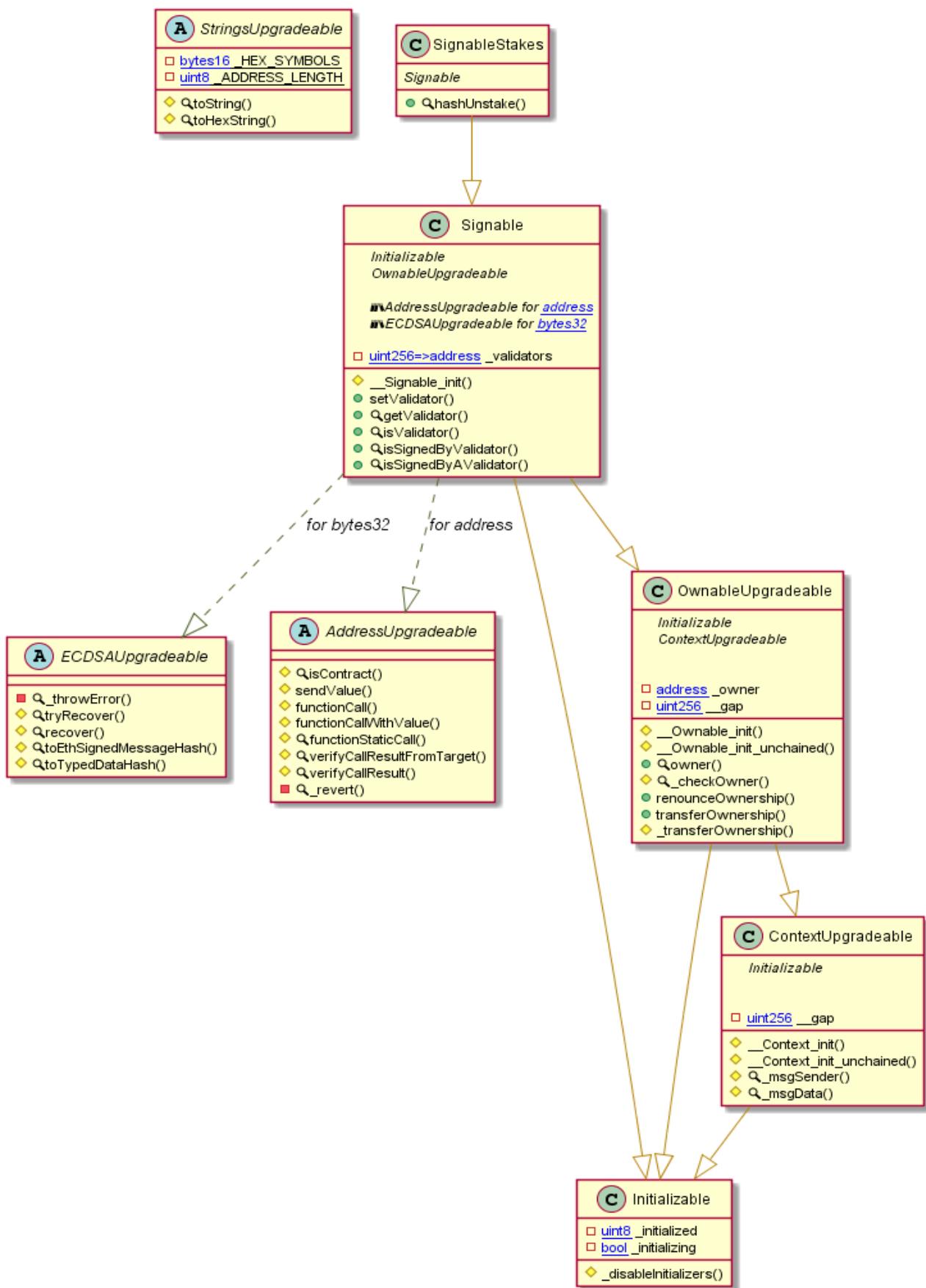
Signable Diagram



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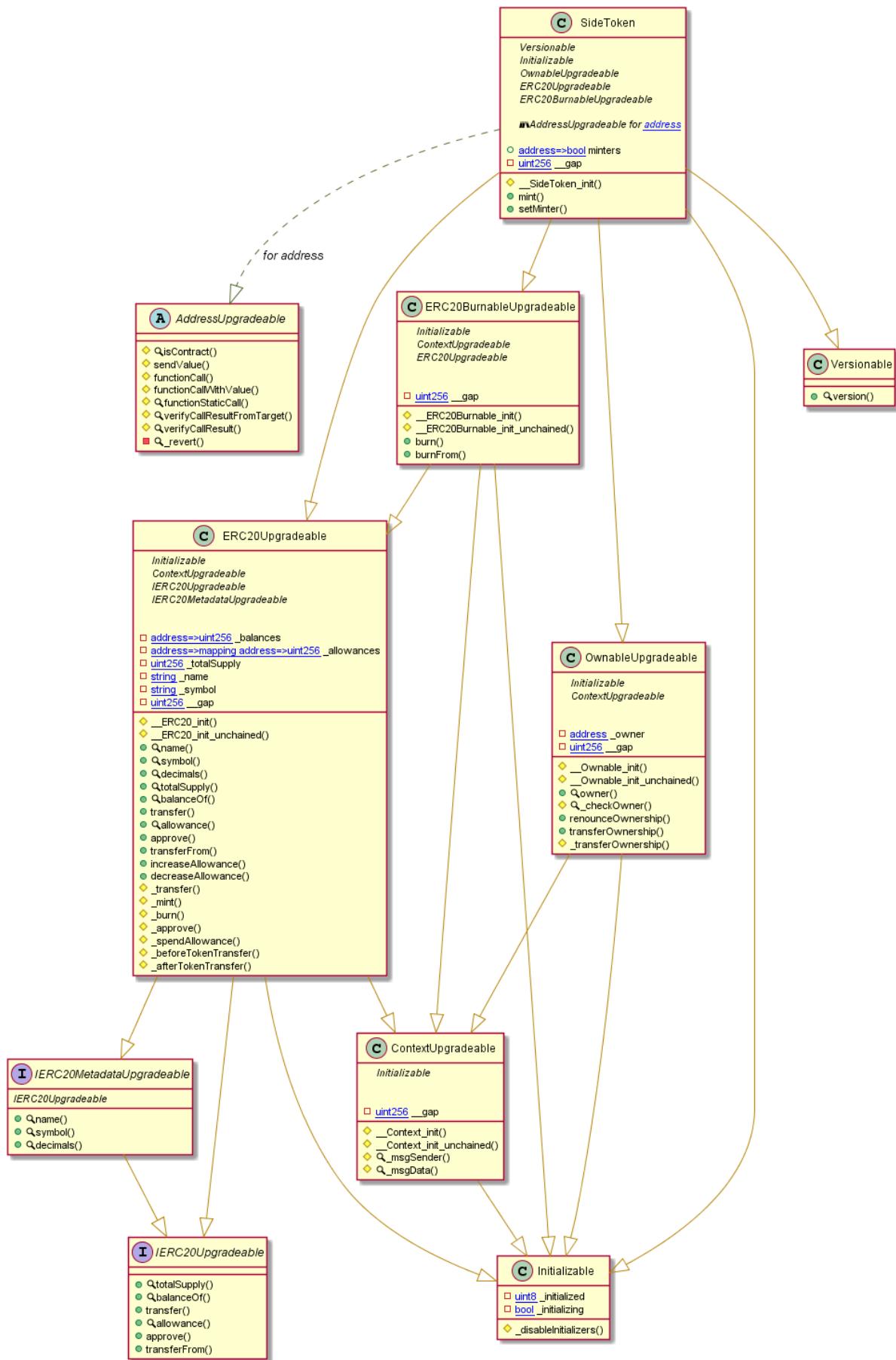
SignableStakes Diagram



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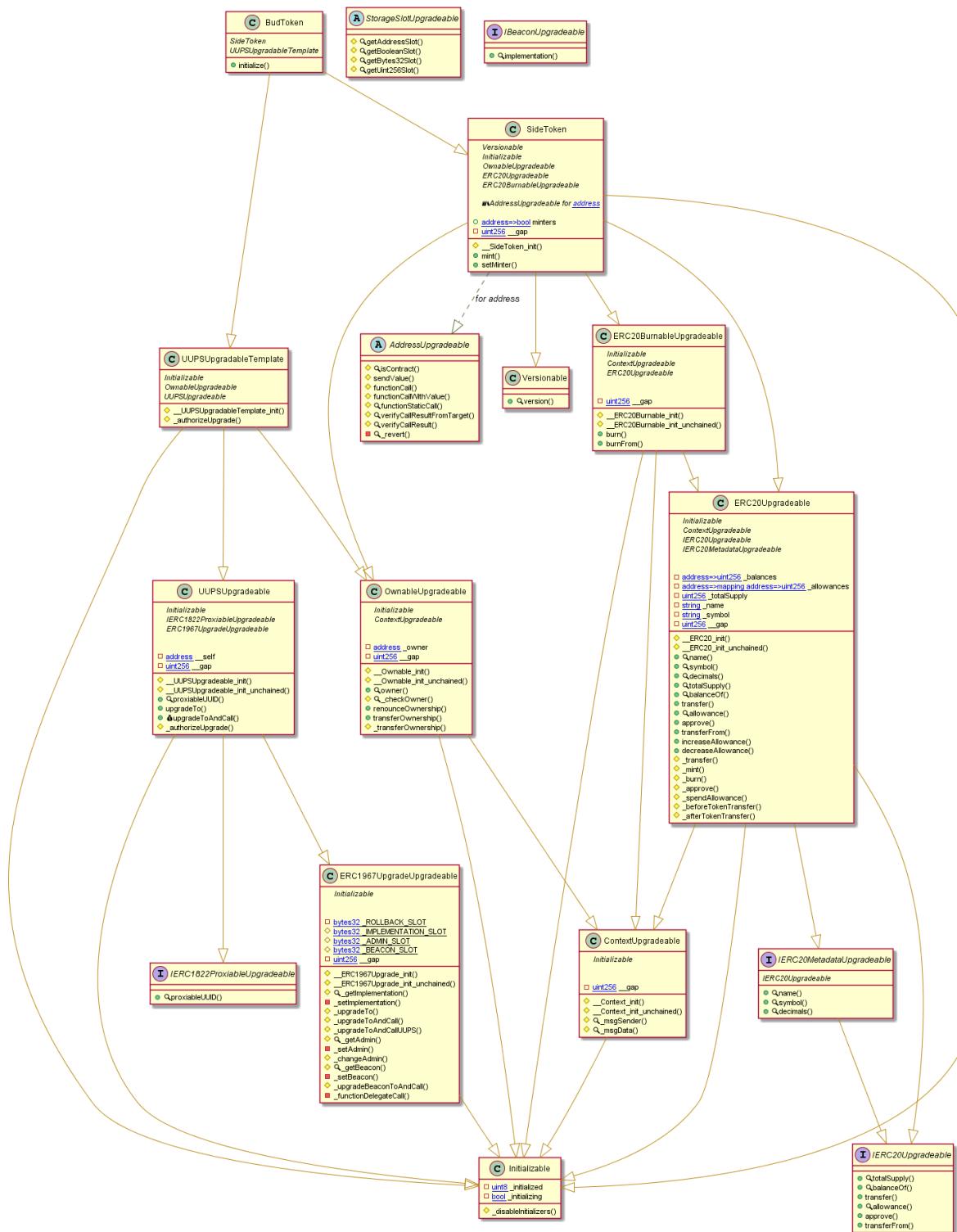
SideToken Diagram



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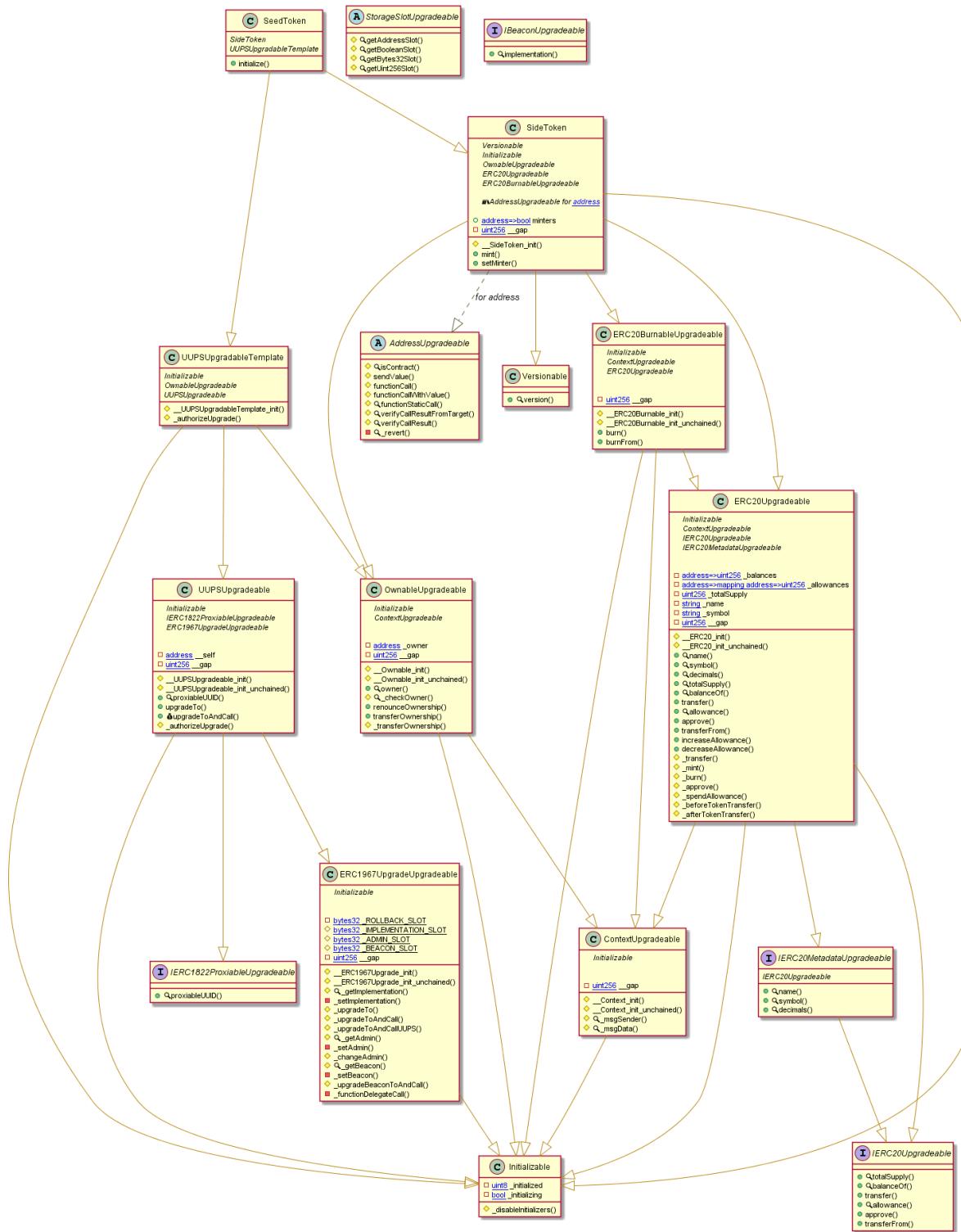
BudToken Diagram



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SeedToken Diagram



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Slither Results Log

Slither log >> NftFactory.sol

```
ERC20.allowance(address,address).owner (NftFactory.sol#1341) shadows:
  - Ownable.owner() (NftFactory.sol#1268-1270) (function)
ERC20._approve(address,address,uint256).owner (NftFactory.sol#1413) shadows:
  - Ownable.owner() (NftFactory.sol#1268-1270) (function)
WormholeTunnelUpgradeable.wormholeInit(uint16,address).chainId (NftFactory.sol#2465) shadows:
  - WormholeCommon.chainId() (NftFactory.sol#1780-1782) (function)
WormholeTunnelUpgradeable.wormholeInit(uint16,address).wormhole (NftFactory.sol#2465) shadows:
  - WormholeCommon.wormhole() (NftFactory.sol#1776-1778) (function)
WormholeTunnelUpgradeable.wormholeGetContract(uint16).chainId (NftFactory.sol#2474) shadows:
  - WormholeCommon.chainId() (NftFactory.sol#1780-1782) (function)
Wormhole721Upgradable.__Wormhole721_init(string,string).name (NftFactory.sol#2484) shadows:
  - ERC721Upgradable.name() (NftFactory.sol#1496-1498) (function)
  - IERC721MetadataUpgradeable.name() (NftFactory.sol#1447) (function)
Wormhole721Upgradable.__Wormhole721_init(string,string).symbol (NftFactory.sol#2484) shadows:
  - ERC721Upgradable.symbol() (NftFactory.sol#1500-1502) (function)
  - IERC721MetadataUpgradeable.symbol() (NftFactory.sol#1449) (function)
SideToken_.SideToken_init(string,string).name (NftFactory.sol#3245) shadows:
  - ERC20Upgradable.name() (NftFactory.sol#1894-1896) (function)
  - IERC20MetadataUpgradeable.name() (NftFactory.sol#1092) (function)
SideToken_.SideToken_init(string,string).symbol (NftFactory.sol#3245) shadows:
  - ERC20Upgradable.symbol() (NftFactory.sol#1898-1900) (function)
  - IERC20MetadataUpgradeable.symbol() (NftFactory.sol#1094) (function)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#local-variable-shadowing
```

```
NftFactory.buyTokens(uint8,address,uint256) (NftFactory.sol#3454-3476) uses timestamp for comparisons
  Dangerous comparisons:
    - isWL = block.timestamp < sales[nftId].whitelistUntil (NftFactory.sol#3461)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#block-timestamp
```

```
Variable SuperpowerNFT._mintEnded (NftFactory.sol#3132) is not in mixedCase
Function SideToken.__SideToken_init(string,string) (NftFactory.sol#3245-3248) is not in mixedCase
Variable SideToken._gap (NftFactory.sol#3259) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions
```

```
BytesLib.toAddress(bytes,uint256) (NftFactory.sol#754-763) uses literals with too many digits:
  - tempAddress = mload(uint256)(_bytes + 0x20 + _start) / 0x1000000000000000000000000 (NftFactory.sol#759)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits
```

```
ERC20._decimals (NftFactory.sol#1304) should be immutable
ERC20._name (NftFactory.sol#1302) should be immutable
ERC20._symbol (NftFactory.sol#1303) should be immutable
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#state-variables-that-could-be-declared-immutable
NftFactory.sol analyzed (57 contracts with 84 detectors), 272 result(s) found
```

Slither log >> SuperpowerNFT.sol

```
SuperpowerNFT.setMaxSupply(uint256) (SuperpowerNFT.sol#2003-2009) should emit an event for:
  - _maxSupply = maxSupply_ (SuperpowerNFT.sol#2008)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-events-arithmetic
```

```
SuperpowerNFT.setDefaultPlayer(address).player (SuperpowerNFT.sol#1998) lacks a zero-check on :
  - defaultPlayer = player (SuperpowerNFT.sol#2000)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-zero-address-validation
```

```
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.attributesOf(uint256,address,uint256)._id (SuperpowerNFT.sol#1831) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.attributesOf(uint256,address,uint256)._player (SuperpowerNFT.sol#1832) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.attributesOf(uint256,address,uint256)._index (SuperpowerNFT.sol#1833) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._id (SuperpowerNFT.sol#1843) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._index (SuperpowerNFT.sol#1844) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._attributes (SuperpowerNFT.sol#1845) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFTBase._tokenAttributes (SuperpowerNFT.sol#1777) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFTBase._gap (SuperpowerNFT.sol#1970) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFT._nextTokenId (SuperpowerNFT.sol#1977) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFT._maxSupply (SuperpowerNFT.sol#1978) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFT._mintEnded (SuperpowerNFT.sol#1979) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions
```

```
BytesLib.toAddress(bytes,uint256) (SuperpowerNFT.sol#489-498) uses literals with too many digits:
  - tempAddress = mload(uint256)(_bytes + 0x20 + _start) / 0x10000000000000000000000000000000 (SuperpowerNFT.sol#494)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits
SuperpowerNFT.sol analyzed (34 contracts with 84 detectors), 204 result(s) found
```

Slither log >> SuperpowerNFTBase.sol

```
SuperpowerNFTBase.setGame(address).game_ (SuperpowerNFTBase.sol#1851) lacks a zero-check on :
  - game = game_ (SuperpowerNFTBase.sol#1852)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-zero-address-validation
```

```
Different versions of Solidity are used:
  - Version used: ['0.8.4', '^0.8.0']
  - 0.8.4 (SuperpowerNFTBase.sol#2)
  - ^0.8.0 (SuperpowerNFTBase.sol#240)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#different-pragma-directives-are-used
```

```
Pragma version0.8.4 (SuperpowerNFTBase.sol#2) allows old versions
Pragma version^0.8.0 (SuperpowerNFTBase.sol#240) allows old versions
solc-0.8.4 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity
```

```

Variable SuperpowerNFTBase._tokenAttributes (SuperpowerNFTBase.sol#1742) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFTBase._gap (SuperpowerNFTBase.sol#1935) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions

BytesLib.toAddress(bytes,uint256) (SuperpowerNFTBase.sol#851-860) uses literals with too many digits:
  - tempAddress = mload(uint256)(_bytes + 0x20 + _start) / 0x10000000000000000000000000000000 (SuperpowerNFTBase.sol#856)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits

SuperpowerNFTBase._gap (SuperpowerNFTBase.sol#1935) is never used in SuperpowerNFTBase (SuperpowerNFTBase.sol#1726-1936)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unused-state-variable
SuperpowerNFTBase.sol analyzed (31 contracts with 84 detectors), 199 result(s) found

```

Slither log >> WhitelistSlot.sol

```

Pragma version^0.8.4 (WhitelistSlot.sol#3) allows old versions
solc-0.8.4 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

WhitelistSlot (WhitelistSlot.sol#2584-2632) should inherit from IWhitelistSlot (WhitelistSlot.sol#7-27)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-inheritance

Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.attributesOf(uint256,address,uint256)._id (WhitelistSlot.sol#2006) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.attributesOf(uint256,address,uint256)._player (WhitelistSlot.sol#2007) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.attributesOf(uint256,address,uint256)._index (WhitelistSlot.sol#2008) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._id (WhitelistSlot.sol#2018) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._index (WhitelistSlot.sol#2019) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._attributes (WhitelistSlot.sol#2020) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFTBase._tokenAttributes (WhitelistSlot.sol#1952) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFTBase._gap (WhitelistSlot.sol#2145) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFT._nextTokenId (WhitelistSlot.sol#2152) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFT._maxSupply (WhitelistSlot.sol#2153) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFT._mintEnded (WhitelistSlot.sol#2154) is not in mixedCase
Variable WhitelistSlot._burner (WhitelistSlot.sol#2587) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions

BytesLib.toAddress(bytes,uint256) (WhitelistSlot.sol#470-479) uses literals with too many digits:
  - tempAddress = mload(uint256)(_bytes + 0x20 + _start) / 0x10000000000000000000000000000000 (WhitelistSlot.sol#475)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits
WhitelistSlot.sol analyzed (44 contracts with 84 detectors), 230 result(s) found

```

Slither log >> Farm.sol

```

Pragma version0.8.4 (Farm.sol#3) allows old versions
solc-0.8.4 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.preInitializeAttributesFor(uint256,uint256)._id (Farm.sol#1797) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.preInitializeAttributesFor(uint256,uint256)._attributes0 (Farm.sol#1797) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.attributesOf(uint256,address,uint256)._id (Farm.sol#1806) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.attributesOf(uint256,address,uint256)._player (Farm.sol#1807) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.attributesOf(uint256,address,uint256)._index (Farm.sol#1808) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._id (Farm.sol#1818) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._index (Farm.sol#1819) is not in mixedCase
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._attributes (Farm.sol#1820) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFTBase._tokenAttributes (Farm.sol#1752) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFTBase._gap (Farm.sol#1945) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFT._nextTokenId (Farm.sol#1968) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFT._maxSupply (Farm.sol#1969) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFT._mintEnded (Farm.sol#1970) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions

BytesLib.toAddress(bytes,uint256) (Farm.sol#487-496) uses literals with too many digits:
  - tempAddress = mload(uint256)(_bytes + 0x20 + _start) / 0x10000000000000000000000000000000 (Farm.sol#492)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits
Farm.sol analyzed (35 contracts with 84 detectors), 192 result(s) found

```

Slither log >> FarmBridged.sol

```

WormholeTunnelUpgradeable.wormholeInit(uint16,address).chainId (FarmBridged.sol#1568) shadows:
  - WormholeCommon.chainId() (FarmBridged.sol#1155-1157) (function)
WormholeTunnelUpgradeable.wormholeInit(uint16,address).wormhole (FarmBridged.sol#1568) shadows:
  - WormholeCommon.wormhole() (FarmBridged.sol#1151-1153) (function)
WormholeTunnelUpgradeable.wormholeGetContract(uint16).chainId (FarmBridged.sol#1577) shadows:
  - WormholeCommon.chainId() (FarmBridged.sol#1155-1157) (function)
Wormhole721Upgradeable._Wormhole721_init(string,string).name (FarmBridged.sol#1587) shadows:
  - ERC721Upgradeable.name() (FarmBridged.sol#443-445) (function)
  - IERC721MetadataUpgradeable.name() (FarmBridged.sol#352) (function)
Wormhole721Upgradeable._Wormhole721_init(string,string).symbol (FarmBridged.sol#1587) shadows:
  - ERC721Upgradeable.symbol() (FarmBridged.sol#447-449) (function)
  - IERC721MetadataUpgradeable.symbol() (FarmBridged.sol#357) (function)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#local-variable-shadowing

SuperpowerNFTBase.setGame(address).game_ (FarmBridged.sol#1860) lacks a zero-check on :
  - game = game_ (FarmBridged.sol#1861)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-zero-address-validation

Variable SuperpowerNFTBase._tokenAttributes (FarmBridged.sol#1751) is not in mixedCase
Variable SuperpowerNFTBase._gap (FarmBridged.sol#1944) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions

BytesLib.toAddress(bytes,uint256) (FarmBridged.sol#860-869) uses literals with too many digits:
  - tempAddress = mload(uint256)(_bytes + 0x20 + _start) / 0x10000000000000000000000000000000 (FarmBridged.sol#865)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits
FarmBridged.sol analyzed (33 contracts with 84 detectors), 185 result(s) found

```

Slither log >> Turf.sol

```
SuperpowerNFT.mint(address,uint256) (Turf.sol#2057-2061) has costly operations inside a loop:  
    - _safeMint(to,_nextTokenId++) (Turf.sol#2059)  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#costly-operations-inside-a-loop  
  
Function ERC721EnumerableUpgradeable._ERC721Enumerable_init() (Turf.sol#1659-1660) is not in mixedCase  
Function ERC721EnumerableUpgradeable._ERC721Enumerable_init_unchained() (Turf.sol#1662-1663) is not in mixedCase  
Variable ERC721EnumerableUpgradeable._gap (Turf.sol#1759) is not in mixedCase  
Function SuperpowerNFTBase._SuperpowerNFTBase_init(string,string,string) (Turf.sol#1805-1814) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.preInitializeAttributesFor(uint256,uint256)._id (Turf.sol#1827) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.preInitializeAttributesFor(uint256,uint256)._attributes0 (Turf.sol#1827) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.attributes0Of(uint256,address,uint256)._id (Turf.sol#1836) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.attributes0Of(uint256,address,uint256)._player (Turf.sol#1837) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.attributes0Of(uint256,address,uint256)._index (Turf.sol#1838) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._id (Turf.sol#1848) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._index (Turf.sol#1849) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._attributes (Turf.sol#1850) is not in mixedCase  
Variable SuperpowerNFTBase._tokenAttributes (Turf.sol#1782) is not in mixedCase  
Variable SuperpowerNFTBase._gap (Turf.sol#1975) is not in mixedCase  
Variable SuperpowerNFT._nextTokenId (Turf.sol#1982) is not in mixedCase  
Variable SuperpowerNFT._maxSupply (Turf.sol#1983) is not in mixedCase  
Variable SuperpowerNFT._mintEnded (Turf.sol#1984) is not in mixedCase  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions  
  
BytesLib.toAddress(bytes,uint256) (Turf.sol#887-896) uses literals with too many digits:  
    - tempAddress = mload(uint256)(_bytes + 0x20 + _start) / 0x10000000000000000000000000000000 (Turf.sol#892)  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits  
Turf.sol analyzed (35 contracts with 84 detectors), 192 result(s) found
```

Slither log >> TurfBridged.sol

```
SuperpowerNFTBase.setGame(address).game_(TurfBridged.sol#1860) lacks a zero-check on :  
    - game = game_ (TurfBridged.sol#1861)  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#missing-zero-address-validation  
  
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.attributes0Of(uint256,address,uint256)._index (TurfBridged.sol#1807) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._id (TurfBridged.sol#1817) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._index (TurfBridged.sol#1818) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter SuperpowerNFTBase.updateAttributes(uint256,uint256,uint256)._attributes (TurfBridged.sol#1819) is not in mixedCase  
Variable SuperpowerNFTBase._tokenAttributes (TurfBridged.sol#1751) is not in mixedCase  
Variable SuperpowerNFTBase._gap (TurfBridged.sol#1944) is not in mixedCase  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions  
  
BytesLib.toAddress(bytes,uint256) (TurfBridged.sol#860-869) uses literals with too many digits:  
    - tempAddress = mload(uint256)(_bytes + 0x20 + _start) / 0x10000000000000000000000000000000 (TurfBridged.sol#865)  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits  
TurfBridged.sol analyzed (33 contracts with 84 detectors), 185 result(s) found
```

Slither log >> Wormhole721.sol

```
Pragma version^0.8.4 (Wormhole721.sol#2) allows old versions  
solc-0.8.4 is not recommended for deployment  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity  
  
Parameter BytesLib.toUInt256(bytes,uint256)._bytes (Wormhole721.sol#259) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter BytesLib.toUInt256(bytes,uint256)._start (Wormhole721.sol#259) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter BytesLib.toBytes32(bytes,uint256)._bytes (Wormhole721.sol#270) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter BytesLib.toBytes32(bytes,uint256)._start (Wormhole721.sol#270) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter BytesLib.equal(bytes,bytes)._preBytes (Wormhole721.sol#281) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter BytesLib.equal(bytes,bytes)._postBytes (Wormhole721.sol#281) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter BytesLib.equalStorage(bytes,bytes)._preBytes (Wormhole721.sol#314) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter BytesLib.equalStorage(bytes,bytes)._postBytes (Wormhole721.sol#314) is not in mixedCase  
Variable WormholeCommon._wormholeState (Wormhole721.sol#463) is not in mixedCase  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions  
  
Redundant expression "this (Wormhole721.sol#580)" inContext (Wormhole721.sol#574-583)  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#redundant-statements  
  
BytesLib.toAddress(bytes,uint256) (Wormhole721.sol#182-191) uses literals with too many digits:  
    - tempAddress = mload(uint256)(_bytes + 0x20 + _start) / 0x10000000000000000000000000000000 (Wormhole721.sol#187)  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits  
Wormhole721.sol analyzed (18 contracts with 84 detectors), 117 result(s) found
```

Slither log >> WormholeCommon.sol

```
Pragma version^0.8.4 (WormholeCommon.sol#2) allows old versions  
solc-0.8.4 is not recommended for deployment  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity  
  
Parameter BytesLib.toBytes32(bytes,uint256)._bytes (WormholeCommon.sol#268) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter BytesLib.toBytes32(bytes,uint256)._start (WormholeCommon.sol#268) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter BytesLib.equal(bytes,bytes)._preBytes (WormholeCommon.sol#279) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter BytesLib.equal(bytes,bytes)._postBytes (WormholeCommon.sol#279) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter BytesLib.equalStorage(bytes,bytes)._preBytes (WormholeCommon.sol#312) is not in mixedCase  
Parameter BytesLib.equalStorage(bytes,bytes)._postBytes (WormholeCommon.sol#312) is not in mixedCase  
Variable WormholeCommon._wormholeState (WormholeCommon.sol#461) is not in mixedCase  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions  
  
BytesLib.toAddress(bytes,uint256) (WormholeCommon.sol#180-189) uses literals with too many digits:  
    - tempAddress = mload(uint256)(_bytes + 0x20 + _start) / 0x10000000000000000000000000000000 (WormholeCommon.sol#185)  
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits  
WormholeCommon.sol analyzed (4 contracts with 84 detectors), 99 result(s) found
```

Slither log >> WormholeTunnel.sol

```
WormholeTunnel.wormholeInit(uint16,address).chainId (WormholeTunnel.sol#695) shadows:
  - WormholeCommon.chainId() (WormholeTunnel.sol#491-493) (function)
WormholeTunnel.wormholeInit(uint16,address).wormhole (WormholeTunnel.sol#695) shadows:
  - WormholeCommon.wormhole() (WormholeTunnel.sol#487-489) (function)
WormholeTunnel.wormholeGetContract(uint16).chainId (WormholeTunnel.sol#704) shadows:
  - WormholeCommon.chainId() (WormholeTunnel.sol#491-493) (function)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#local-variable-shadowing

BytesLib.toUInt96(bytes,uint256) (WormholeTunnel.sol#235-244) is never used and should be removed
Context._msgData() (WormholeTunnel.sol#591-594) is never used and should be removed
Pausable._pause() (WormholeTunnel.sol#667-670) is never used and should be removed
Pausable._requireNotPaused() (WormholeTunnel.sol#659-661) is never used and should be removed
Pausable._requirePaused() (WormholeTunnel.sol#663-665) is never used and should be removed
Pausable._unpause() (WormholeTunnel.sol#672-675) is never used and should be removed
WormholeCommon.encodeTransfer(WormholeCommon.WTransfer) (WormholeTunnel.sol#558-560) is never used and should be removed
WormholeCommon._logTransfer(WormholeCommon.WTransfer,uint256,uint32) (WormholeTunnel.sol#542-549) is never used and should be removed
WormholeCommon._parseTransfer(bytes) (WormholeTunnel.sol#562-581) is never used and should be removed
WormholeCommon._setTransferCompleted(bytes32) (WormholeTunnel.sol#503-505) is never used and should be removed
WormholeCommon.verifyContractVM(IWormholeStructs.VM) (WormholeTunnel.sol#551-556) is never used and should be removed
WormholeCommon._wormholeCompleteTransfer(bytes) (WormholeTunnel.sol#511-528) is never used and should be removed
WormholeCommon._wormholeTransferWithValue(uint256,uint16,bytes32,uint32,uint256) (WormholeTunnel.sol#530-540) is never used and should be removed
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#dead-code

Pragma version^0.8.4 (WormholeTunnel.sol#2) allows old versions
solc-0.8.4 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

Parameter BytesLib.equal(bytes,bytes)._preBytes (WormholeTunnel.sol#279) is not in mixedCase
Parameter BytesLib.equal(bytes,bytes)._postBytes (WormholeTunnel.sol#279) is not in mixedCase
Parameter BytesLib.equalStorage(bytes,bytes)._preBytes (WormholeTunnel.sol#312) is not in mixedCase
Parameter BytesLib.equalStorage(bytes,bytes)._postBytes (WormholeTunnel.sol#312) is not in mixedCase
Variable WormholeCommon._wormholeState (WormholeTunnel.sol#477) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions

Redundant expression "this (WormholeTunnel.sol#592)" inContext (WormholeTunnel.sol#586-595)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#redundant-statements

BytesLib.toAddress(bytes,uint256) (WormholeTunnel.sol#180-189) uses literals with too many digits:
  - tempAddress = mload(uint256)(bytes + 0x20 + _start) / 0x10000000000000000000000000000000 (WormholeTunnel.sol#185)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#too-many-digits

WormholeTunnel (WormholeTunnel.sol#684-708) does not implement functions:
  - IWormholeTunnel.wormholeCompleteTransfer(bytes) (WormholeTunnel.sol#459)
  - IWormholeTunnel.wormholeTransfer(uint256,uint16,bytes32,uint32) (WormholeTunnel.sol#452-457)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unimplemented-functions
WormholeTunnel.sol analyzed (11 contracts with 84 detectors), 106 result(s) found
root@easerver:~/ethash/ganache/contracts#
```

Slither log >> GamePool.sol

```
Pragma version0.8.4 (GamePool.sol#2) allows old versions
solc-0.8.4 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.sendValue(address,uint256) (GamePool.sol#551-556):
  - (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (GamePool.sol#554)
Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string) (GamePool.sol#578-587):
  - (success,returndata) = target.call{value: value}(data) (GamePool.sol#585)
Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.functionStaticCall(address,bytes,string) (GamePool.sol#593-600):
  - (success,returndata) = target.staticcall(data) (GamePool.sol#598)
Low level call in ERC1967Upgradeable._functionDelegatecall(address,bytes) (GamePool.sol#987-992):
  - (success,returndata) = target.delegatecall(data) (GamePool.sol#990)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls

Function ERC1967Upgradeable.__ERC1967Upgrade_init() (GamePool.sol#887-888) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC1967UpgradeUpgradeable.__ERC1967Upgrade_init_unchained() (GamePool.sol#890-891) is not in mixedCase
Variable ERC1967UpgradeUpgradeable._gap (GamePool.sol#994) is not in mixedCase
Function UUPSUpgradeable.__UUPSUpgradeable_init() (GamePool.sol#997-998) is not in mixedCase
Function UUPSUpgradeable.__UUPSUpgradeable_init_unchained() (GamePool.sol#1000-1001) is not in mixedCase
Variable UUPSUpgradeable._self (GamePool.sol#1002) is not in mixedCase
Variable UUPSUpgradeable._gap (GamePool.sol#1031) is not in mixedCase
Function ContextUpgradeable.__Context_init() (GamePool.sol#1036-1037) is not in mixedCase
Function ContextUpgradeable.__Context_init_unchained() (GamePool.sol#1039-1040) is not in mixedCase
Variable ContextUpgradeable._gap (GamePool.sol#1049) is not in mixedCase
Function OwnableUpgradeable.__Ownable_init() (GamePool.sol#1057-1059) is not in mixedCase
Function OwnableUpgradeable.__Ownable_init_unchained() (GamePool.sol#1061-1063) is not in mixedCase
Variable OwnableUpgradeable._gap (GamePool.sol#1093) is not in mixedCase
Function UUPSUpgradableTemplate.__UUPSUpgradableTemplate_init() (GamePool.sol#1097-1100) is not in mixedCase
Function Signable.__Signable_init() (GamePool.sol#1126-1128) is not in mixedCase
Parameter GamePool.attributesOf(address,uint256)._token (GamePool.sol#1721) is not in mixedCase
Variable GamePool._users (GamePool.sol#1222) is not in mixedCase
Variable GamePool._stakedByTokenId (GamePool.sol#1230) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions

GamePool._stakedByTokenId (GamePool.sol#1230) is never used in GamePool (GamePool.sol#1197-1877)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unused-state-variable
GamePool.sol analyzed (28 contracts with 84 detectors), 92 result(s) found
```

Slither log >> Signable.sol

```
Pragma version0.8.4 (Signable.sol#2) allows old versions
solc-0.8.4 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity
```

```

Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.sendValue(address,uint256) (Signable.sol#168-173):
  - (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (Signable.sol#171)
Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string) (Signable.sol#195-204):
  - (success,returndata) = target.call{value: value}{data} (Signable.sol#202)
Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.functionStaticCall(address,bytes,string) (Signable.sol#210-217):
  - (success,returndata) = target.staticcall(data) (Signable.sol#215)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls

Function ContextUpgradeable.__Context_init() (Signable.sol#307-308) is not in mixedCase
Function ContextUpgradeable.__Context_init_unchained() (Signable.sol#310-311) is not in mixedCase
Variable ContextUpgradeable.__gap (Signable.sol#320) is not in mixedCase
Function OwnableUpgradeable._Ownable_init() (Signable.sol#327-329) is not in mixedCase
Function OwnableUpgradeable._Ownable_init_unchained() (Signable.sol#331-333) is not in mixedCase
Variable OwnableUpgradeable.__gap (Signable.sol#363) is not in mixedCase
Function Signable.__Signable_init() (Signable.sol#376-378) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions
Signable.sol analyzed (7 contracts with 84 detectors), 42 result(s) found

```

Slither log >> SignableStakes.sol

```

Pragma version0.8.4 (SignableStakes.sol#2) allows old versions
solc-0.8.4 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.sendValue(address,uint256) (SignableStakes.sol#168-173):
  - (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (SignableStakes.sol#171)
Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string) (SignableStakes.sol#195-204):
  - (success,returndata) = target.call{value: value}{data} (SignableStakes.sol#202)
Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.functionStaticCall(address,bytes,string) (SignableStakes.sol#210-217):
  - (success,returndata) = target.staticcall(data) (SignableStakes.sol#215)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls

Function ContextUpgradeable.__Context_init() (SignableStakes.sol#307-308) is not in mixedCase
Function ContextUpgradeable.__Context_init_unchained() (SignableStakes.sol#310-311) is not in mixedCase
Variable ContextUpgradeable.__gap (SignableStakes.sol#320) is not in mixedCase
Function OwnableUpgradeable._Ownable_init() (SignableStakes.sol#327-329) is not in mixedCase
Function OwnableUpgradeable._Ownable_init_unchained() (SignableStakes.sol#331-333) is not in mixedCase
Variable OwnableUpgradeable.__gap (SignableStakes.sol#363) is not in mixedCase
Function Signable.__Signable_init() (SignableStakes.sol#376-378) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions
SignableStakes.sol analyzed (8 contracts with 84 detectors), 42 result(s) found

```

Slither log >> SideToken.sol

```

Pragma version0.8.4 (SideToken.sol#2) allows old versions
solc-0.8.4 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.sendValue(address,uint256) (SideToken.sol#40-45):
  - (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (SideToken.sol#43)
Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string) (SideToken.sol#67-76):
  - (success,returndata) = target.call{value: value}{data} (SideToken.sol#74)
Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.functionStaticCall(address,bytes,string) (SideToken.sol#82-89):
  - (success,returndata) = target.staticcall(data) (SideToken.sol#87)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls

Function ContextUpgradeable.__Context_init() (SideToken.sol#179-180) is not in mixedCase
Function ContextUpgradeable.__Context_init_unchained() (SideToken.sol#182-183) is not in mixedCase
Variable ContextUpgradeable.__gap (SideToken.sol#192) is not in mixedCase
Function OwnableUpgradeable._Ownable_init() (SideToken.sol#203-205) is not in mixedCase
Function OwnableUpgradeable._Ownable_init_unchained() (SideToken.sol#207-209) is not in mixedCase
Variable OwnableUpgradeable.__gap (SideToken.sol#268) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC20Upgradeable._ERC20_init(string,string) (SideToken.sol#281-283) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC20Upgradeable._ERC20_init_unchained(string,string) (SideToken.sol#285-288) is not in mixedCase
Variable ERC20Upgradeable.__gap (SideToken.sol#445) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC20BurnableUpgradeable._ERC20Burnable_init() (SideToken.sol#449-450) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC20BurnableUpgradeable._ERC20Burnable_init_unchained() (SideToken.sol#452-453) is not in mixedCase
Variable ERC20BurnableUpgradeable.__gap (SideToken.sol#484) is not in mixedCase
Function SideToken.__SideToken_init(string,string) (SideToken.sol#504-507) is not in mixedCase
Variable SideToken.__gap (SideToken.sol#518) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions

SideToken.__gap (SideToken.sol#518) is never used in SideToken (SideToken.sol#493-519)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#unused-state-variable
SideToken.sol analyzed (10 contracts with 84 detectors), 44 result(s) found

```

Slither log >> BudToken.sol

```

Pragma version0.8.4 (BudToken.sol#2) allows old versions
solc-0.8.4 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.sendValue(address,uint256) (BudToken.sol#62-67):
  - (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (BudToken.sol#65)
Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string) (BudToken.sol#89-98):
  - (success,returndata) = target.call{value: value}{data} (BudToken.sol#96)
Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.functionStaticCall(address,bytes,string) (BudToken.sol#104-111):
  - (success,returndata) = target.staticcall(data) (BudToken.sol#109)
Low level call in ERC1967Upgradeable._functionDelegateCall(address,bytes) (BudToken.sol#300-305):
  - (success,returndata) = target.delegatecall(data) (BudToken.sol#303)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls

```

```

Function ERC1967UpgradeUpgradeable.__ERC1967Upgrade_init() (BudToken.sol#200-201) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC1967UpgradeUpgradeable.__ERC1967Upgrade_init_unchained() (BudToken.sol#203-204) is not in mixedCase
Variable ERC1967UpgradeUpgradeable._gap (BudToken.sol#307) is not in mixedCase
Function UUPSUpgradeable.__UUPSUpgradeable_init() (BudToken.sol#310-311) is not in mixedCase
Function UUPSUpgradeable.__UUPSUpgradeable_init_unchained() (BudToken.sol#313-314) is not in mixedCase
Variable UUPSUpgradeable._self (BudToken.sol#315) is not in mixedCase
Variable UUPSUpgradeable._gap (BudToken.sol#344) is not in mixedCase
Function ContextUpgradeable.__Context_init() (BudToken.sol#349-350) is not in mixedCase
Function ContextUpgradeable.__Context_init_unchained() (BudToken.sol#352-353) is not in mixedCase
Variable ContextUpgradeable._gap (BudToken.sol#362) is not in mixedCase
Function OwnableUpgradeable.__Ownable_init() (BudToken.sol#370-372) is not in mixedCase
Function OwnableUpgradeable.__Ownable_init_unchained() (BudToken.sol#374-376) is not in mixedCase
Variable OwnableUpgradeable._gap (BudToken.sol#406) is not in mixedCase
Function UUPSUpgradableTemplate.__UUPSUpgradableTemplate_init() (BudToken.sol#410-413) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC20Upgradeable.__ERC20_init(string,string) (BudToken.sol#460-462) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC20Upgradeable.__ERC20_init_unchained(string,string) (BudToken.sol#464-467) is not in mixedCase
Variable ERC20Upgradeable._gap (BudToken.sol#624) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC20BurnableUpgradeable.__ERC20Burnable_init() (BudToken.sol#628-629) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC20BurnableUpgradeable.__ERC20Burnable_init_unchained() (BudToken.sol#631-632) is not in mixedCase
Variable ERC20BurnableUpgradeable._gap (BudToken.sol#663) is not in mixedCase
Function SideToken.__SideToken_init(string,string) (BudToken.sol#683-686) is not in mixedCase
Variable SideToken._gap (BudToken.sol#697) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions
BudToken.sol analyzed (17 contracts with 84 detectors), 65 result(s) found

```

Slither log >> SeedToken.sol

```

Pragma version^0.8.4 (SeedToken.sol#2) allows old versions
solc-0.8.4 is not recommended for deployment
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#incorrect-versions-of-solidity

Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.sendValue(address,uint256) (SeedToken.sol#61-66):
- (success) = recipient.call{value: amount}() (SeedToken.sol#64)
Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string) (SeedToken.sol#88-97):
- (success,returndata) = target.call{value: value}(data) (SeedToken.sol#95)
Low level call in AddressUpgradeable.functionStaticCall(address,bytes,string) (SeedToken.sol#103-110):
- (success,returndata) = target.staticcall(data) (SeedToken.sol#108)
Low level call in ERC1967UpgradeUpgradeable.__functionDelegateCall(address,bytes) (SeedToken.sol#299-304):
- (success,returndata) = target.delegatecall(data) (SeedToken.sol#302)
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#low-level-calls

```

```

Function ERC1967UpgradeUpgradeable.__ERC1967Upgrade_init() (SeedToken.sol#199-200) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC1967UpgradeUpgradeable.__ERC1967Upgrade_init_unchained() (SeedToken.sol#202-203) is not in mixedCase
Variable ERC1967UpgradeUpgradeable._gap (SeedToken.sol#306) is not in mixedCase
Function UUPSUpgradeable.__UUPSUpgradeable_init() (SeedToken.sol#309-310) is not in mixedCase
Function UUPSUpgradeable.__UUPSUpgradeable_init_unchained() (SeedToken.sol#312-313) is not in mixedCase
Variable UUPSUpgradeable._self (SeedToken.sol#314) is not in mixedCase
Variable UUPSUpgradeable._gap (SeedToken.sol#343) is not in mixedCase
Function ContextUpgradeable.__Context_init() (SeedToken.sol#348-349) is not in mixedCase
Function ContextUpgradeable.__Context_init_unchained() (SeedToken.sol#351-352) is not in mixedCase
Variable ContextUpgradeable._gap (SeedToken.sol#361) is not in mixedCase
Function OwnableUpgradeable.__Ownable_init() (SeedToken.sol#369-371) is not in mixedCase
Function OwnableUpgradeable.__Ownable_init_unchained() (SeedToken.sol#373-375) is not in mixedCase
Variable OwnableUpgradeable._gap (SeedToken.sol#405) is not in mixedCase
Function UUPSUpgradableTemplate.__UUPSUpgradableTemplate_init() (SeedToken.sol#409-412) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC20Upgradeable.__ERC20_init(string,string) (SeedToken.sol#458-460) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC20Upgradeable.__ERC20_init_unchained(string,string) (SeedToken.sol#462-465) is not in mixedCase
Variable ERC20Upgradeable._gap (SeedToken.sol#622) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC20BurnableUpgradeable.__ERC20Burnable_init() (SeedToken.sol#626-627) is not in mixedCase
Function ERC20BurnableUpgradeable.__ERC20Burnable_init_unchained() (SeedToken.sol#629-630) is not in mixedCase
Variable ERC20BurnableUpgradeable._gap (SeedToken.sol#661) is not in mixedCase
Function SideToken.__SideToken_init(string,string) (SeedToken.sol#681-684) is not in mixedCase
Variable SideToken._gap (SeedToken.sol#695) is not in mixedCase
Reference: https://github.com/crytic/slither/wiki/Detector-Documentation#conformance-to-solidity-naming-conventions
SeedToken.sol analyzed (17 contracts with 84 detectors), 65 result(s) found

```

Solidity Static Analysis

NftFactory.sol

Security

Block timestamp:

Use of "block.timestamp": "block.timestamp" can be influenced by miners to a certain degree. That means that a miner can "choose" the block.timestamp, to a certain degree, to change the outcome of a transaction in the mined block.

[more](#)

Pos: 3571:16:

Gas & Economy

For loop over dynamic array:

Loops that do not have a fixed number of iterations, for example, loops that depend on storage values, have to be used carefully. Due to the block gas limit, transactions can only consume a certain amount of gas. The number of iterations in a loop can grow beyond the block gas limit which can cause the complete contract to be stalled at a certain point. Additionally, using unbounded loops incurs in a lot of avoidable gas costs. Carefully test how many items at maximum you can pass to such functions to make it successful.

[more](#)

Pos: 3446:4:

ERC

ERC20:

ERC20 contract's "decimals" function should have "uint8" as return type

[more](#)

Pos: 200:4:

Miscellaneous

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 3255:4:

SuperpowerNFT.sol

Security

Low level calls:

Use of "delegatecall": should be avoided whenever possible. External code, that is called can change the state of the calling contract and send ether from the caller's balance. If this is wanted behaviour, use the Solidity library feature if possible.

[more](#)

Pos: 1415:50:

Gas & Economy

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function SuperpowerNFT.endMinting is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 2058:2:

Miscellaneous

Delete from dynamic array:

Using "delete" on an array leaves a gap. The length of the array remains the same. If you want to remove the empty position you need to shift items manually and update the "length" property.

[more](#)

Pos: 1954:4:

SuperpowerNFTBase.sol

Security

Low level calls:

Use of "delegatecall": should be avoided whenever possible. External code, that is called can change the state of the calling contract and send ether from the caller's balance. If this is wanted behaviour, use the Solidity library feature if possible.

[more](#)

Pos: 1395:50:

Gas & Economy

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function Wormhole721Upgradeable.wormholeTransfer is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 1925:2:

Miscellaneous

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 1649:8:

Delete from dynamic array:

Using "delete" on an array leaves a gap. The length of the array remains the same. If you want to remove the empty position you need to shift items manually and update the "length" property.

[more](#)

Pos: 1919:4:

WhitelistSlot.sol

Security

Low level calls:

Use of "delegatecall": should be avoided whenever possible. External code, that is called can change the state of the calling contract and send ether from the caller's balance. If this is wanted behaviour, use the Solidity library feature if possible.

[more](#)

Pos: 1415:50:

Gas & Economy

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function WhitelistSlot.safeTransferFrom is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 117:4:

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function WhitelistSlot.mintMany is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 43:2:

Miscellaneous

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 1685:8:

Delete from dynamic array:

Using "delete" on an array leaves a gap. The length of the array remains the same. If you want to remove the empty position you need to shift items manually and update the "length" property.

[more](#)

Pos: 1082:8:

Farm.sol

Security

Inline assembly:

The Contract uses inline assembly, this is only advised in rare cases. Additionally static analysis modules do not parse inline Assembly, this can lead to wrong analysis results.

[more](#)

Pos: 1151:20:

Gas & Economy

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function Farm.initialize is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 11:2:

Miscellaneous

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 1685:8:

FarmBridged.sol

Security

Inline assembly:

The Contract uses inline assembly, this is only advised in rare cases. Additionally static analysis modules do not parse inline Assembly, this can lead to wrong analysis results.

[more](#)

Pos: 1292:8:

Gas & Economy

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function FarmBridged.unlockIfRemovedLocker is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 1921:2:

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function FarmBridged.initialize is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 1949:2:

Miscellaneous

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 1234:4:

Delete from dynamic array:

Using "delete" on an array leaves a gap. The length of the array remains the same. If you want to remove the empty position you need to shift items manually and update the "length" property.

[more](#)

Pos: 1917:4:

Turf.sol

Security

Low level calls:

Use of "delegatecall": should be avoided whenever possible. External code, that is called can change the state of the calling contract and send ether from the caller's balance. If this is wanted behaviour, use the Solidity library feature if possible.

[more](#)

Pos: 1432:50:

Gas & Economy

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function Turf.attributesOf is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 1835:2:

Miscellaneous

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 1686:8:

TurfBridged.sol

Security

Inline assembly:

The Contract uses inline assembly, this is only advised in rare cases. Additionally static analysis modules do not parse inline Assembly, this can lead to wrong analysis results.

[more](#)

Pos: 1281:8:

Gas & Economy

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function TurfBridged.initialize is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 10:2:

Miscellaneous

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 1463:8:

Wormhole721.sol

Security

Check-effects-interaction:

Potential violation of Checks-Effects-Interaction pattern in Address._functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string): Could potentially lead to re-entrancy vulnerability. Note: Modifiers are currently not considered by this static analysis.

[more](#)

Pos: 715:4:

Gas & Economy

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function Wormhole721.wormholeCompleteTransfer is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 1202:2:

Miscellaneous

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 1197:4:

Delete from dynamic array:

Using "delete" on an array leaves a gap. The length of the array remains the same. If you want to remove the empty position you need to shift items manually and update the "length" property.

[more](#)

Pos: 1052:8:

WormholeCommon.sol

Security

Check-effects-interaction:

Potential violation of Checks-Effects-Interaction pattern in WormholeCommon._wormholeCompleteTransfer(bytes): Could potentially lead to re-entrancy vulnerability.

[more](#)

Pos: 495:2:

Miscellaneous

Similar variable names:

WormholeCommon._wormholeCompleteTransfer(bytes) : Variables have very similar names "vm" and "to".

Pos: 502:48:

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 563:4:

WormholeTunnel.sol

Security

Check-effects-interaction:

Potential violation of Checks-Effects-Interaction pattern in WormholeCommon._wormholeCompleteTransfer(bytes): Could potentially lead to re-entrancy vulnerability. Note: Modifiers are currently not considered by this static analysis.

[more](#)

Pos: 511:2:

Miscellaneous

Constant/View/Pure functions:

WormholeTunnel.getInterfaceId() : Is constant but potentially should not be. Note: Modifiers are currently not considered by this static analysis.

[more](#)

Pos: 691:2:

GamePool.sol

Security

Block timestamp:

Use of "block.timestamp": "block.timestamp" can be influenced by miners to a certain degree. That means that a miner can "choose" the block.timestamp, to a certain degree, to change the outcome of a transaction in the mined block.

[more](#)

Pos: 1568:23:

Gas & Economy

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function GamePool.getUserStakes is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 1405:5:

Miscellaneous

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 1131:7:

Data truncated:

Division of integer values yields an integer value again. That means e.g. $10 / 100 = 0$ instead of 0.1 since the result is an integer again. This does not hold for division of (only) literal values since those yield rational constants.

Pos: 102:19:

Signable.sol

Security

Check-effects-interaction:

Potential violation of Checks-Effects-Interaction pattern in
AddressUpgradeable.functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string): Could potentially lead to re-entrancy vulnerability. Note: Modifiers are currently not considered by this static analysis.

[more](#)

Pos: 195:7:

Gas & Economy

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function Signable.setValidator is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 380:5:

Miscellaneous

Constant/View/Pure functions:

StringsUpgradeable.toString(uint256) : Is constant but potentially should not be. Note: Modifiers are currently not considered by this static analysis.

[more](#)

Pos: 11:4:

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 381:7:

SignableStakes.sol

Security

Check-effects-interaction:

Potential violation of Checks-Effects-Interaction pattern in
AddressUpgradeable.functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string): Could potentially lead to re-entrancy vulnerability. Note: Modifiers are currently not considered by this static analysis.

[more](#)

Pos: 195:7:

Gas & Economy

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function Signable.isValidator is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 390:5:

Miscellaneous

Constant/View/Pure functions:

StringsUpgradeable.toString(uint256) : Is constant but potentially should not be. Note: Modifiers are currently not considered by this static analysis.

[more](#)

Pos: 11:4:

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 353:11:

SideToken.sol

Security

Check-effects-interaction:

Potential violation of Checks-Effects-Interaction pattern in AddressUpgradeable.functionCallWithValue(address,bytes,uint256,string): Could potentially lead to re-entrancy vulnerability. Note: Modifiers are currently not considered by this static analysis.

[more](#)

Pos: 67:4:

Gas & Economy

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function ERC20Upgradeable.name is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 290:4:

Miscellaneous

Constant/View/Pure functions:

`IERC20Upgradeable.transfer(address,uint256)` : Potentially should be constant/view/pure but is not. Note: Modifiers are currently not considered by this static analysis.

[more](#)

Pos: 14:4:

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 514:4:

BudToken.sol

Security

Low level calls:

Use of "delegatecall": should be avoided whenever possible. External code, that is called can change the state of the calling contract and send ether from the caller's balance. If this is wanted behaviour, use the Solidity library feature if possible.

[more](#)

Pos: 303:50:

Gas & Economy

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function BudToken.initialize is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 705:2:

Miscellaneous

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 693:4:

SeedToken.sol

Security

Low level calls:

Use of "delegatecall": should be avoided whenever possible. External code, that is called can change the state of the calling contract and send ether from the caller's balance. If this is wanted behaviour, use the Solidity library feature if possible.

[more](#)

Pos: 302:50:

Gas & Economy

Gas costs:

Gas requirement of function SeedToken.initialize is infinite: If the gas requirement of a function is higher than the block gas limit, it cannot be executed. Please avoid loops in your functions or actions that modify large areas of storage (this includes clearing or copying arrays in storage)

Pos: 703:2:

Miscellaneous

Guard conditions:

Use "assert(x)" if you never ever want x to be false, not in any circumstance (apart from a bug in your code). Use "require(x)" if x can be false, due to e.g. invalid input or a failing external component.

[more](#)

Pos: 691:4:

Solhint Linter

NftFactory.sol

```
NftFactory.sol:3565:64: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
NftFactory.sol:3566:60: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
NftFactory.sol:3567:79: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
NftFactory.sol:3568:99: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
NftFactory.sol:3573:99: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
NftFactory.sol:3576:67: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
NftFactory.sol:3581:106: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
NftFactory.sol:3596:73: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
```

SuperpowerNFT.sol

```
SuperpowerNFT.sol:2048:26: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
SuperpowerNFT.sol:2064:25: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
SuperpowerNFT.sol:2068:49: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
SuperpowerNFT.sol:2073:49: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
SuperpowerNFT.sol:2081:55: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
SuperpowerNFT.sol:2086:51: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
```

SuperpowerNFTBase.sol

```
SuperpowerNFTBase.sol:1887:48: Error: Parse error: mismatched input
'(' expecting {';', '='}
SuperpowerNFTBase.sol:1942:24: Error: Parse error: mismatched input
'(' expecting {';', '='}
SuperpowerNFTBase.sol:1950:27: Error: Parse error: mismatched input
'(' expecting {';', '='}
SuperpowerNFTBase.sol:1953:34: Error: Parse error: mismatched input
'(' expecting {';', '='}
SuperpowerNFTBase.sol:1963:24: Error: Parse error: mismatched input
'(' expecting {';', '='}
```

```
SuperpowerNFTBase.sol:1977:34: Error: Parse error: mismatched input  
'(' expecting {';', '='}  
SuperpowerNFTBase.sol:2000:43: Error: Parse error: mismatched input  
'(' expecting {';', '='}
```

WhitelistSlot.sol

```
WhitelistSlot.sol:13:20: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('  
expecting {';', '='}  
WhitelistSlot.sol:14:20: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('  
expecting {';', '='}  
WhitelistSlot.sol:15:26: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('  
expecting {';', '='}  
WhitelistSlot.sol:30:25: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('  
expecting {';', '='}  
WhitelistSlot.sol:48:90: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('  
expecting {';', '='}  
WhitelistSlot.sol:60:25: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('  
expecting {';', '='}
```

Farm.sol

```
Farm.sol:2:1: Error: Compiler version 0.8.17 does not satisfy the r  
semver requirement
```

FarmBridged.sol

```
FarmBridged.sol:2:1: Error: Compiler version 0.8.17 does not satisfy  
the r semver requirement
```

Turf.sol

```
Turf.sol:2:1: Error: Compiler version 0.8.17 does not satisfy the r  
semver requirement
```

TurfBridged.sol

```
TurfBridged.sol:2:1: Error: Compiler version 0.8.17 does not satisfy  
the r semver requirement
```

Wormhole721.sol

```
Wormhole721.sol:1010:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'
Wormhole721.sol:1030:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'
Wormhole721.sol:1054:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'
```

WormholeCommon.sol

```
WormholeCommon.sol:272:5: Error: Avoid using inline assembly. It is
acceptable only in rare cases
WormholeCommon.sol:282:5: Error: Avoid using inline assembly. It is
acceptable only in rare cases
WormholeCommon.sol:315:5: Error: Avoid using inline assembly. It is
acceptable only in rare cases
WormholeCommon.sol:340:17: Error: Code contains empty blocks
WormholeCommon.sol:461:3: Error: Explicitly mark visibility of state
```

WormholeTunnel.sol

```
WormholeTunnel.sol:340:17: Error: Code contains empty blocks
WormholeTunnel.sol:477:3: Error: Explicitly mark visibility of state
WormholeTunnel.sol:587:75: Error: Code contains empty blocks
WormholeTunnel.sol:602:5: Error: Explicitly mark visibility in
function (Set ignoreConstructors to true if using solidity >=0.7.0)
WormholeTunnel.sol:641:5: Error: Explicitly mark visibility in
function (Set ignoreConstructors to true if using solidity >=0.7.0)
```

GamePool.sol

```
GamePool.sol:1605:51: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
GamePool.sol:1646:36: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
GamePool.sol:1648:38: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
GamePool.sol:1690:36: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
GamePool.sol:1692:38: Error: Parse error: mismatched input '('
expecting {';', '='}
```

Signable.sol

```
Signable.sol:2:1: Error: Compiler version 0.8.17 does not satisfy the
semver requirement
```

```
Signable.sol:90:13: Error: Avoid using inline assembly. It is  
acceptable only in rare cases  
Signable.sol:327:5: Error: Function name must be in mixedCase  
Signable.sol:331:5: Error: Function name must be in mixedCase
```

SignableStakes.sol

```
SignableStakes.sol:310:5: Error: Function name must be in mixedCase  
SignableStakes.sol:310:67: Error: Code contains empty blocks  
SignableStakes.sol:327:5: Error: Function name must be in mixedCase  
SignableStakes.sol:331:5: Error: Function name must be in mixedCase
```

SideToken.sol

```
SideToken.sol:347:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'  
SideToken.sol:366:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'  
SideToken.sol:382:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'  
SideToken.sol:397:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'  
SideToken.sol:427:22: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'
```

BudToken.sol

```
BudToken.sol:526:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'  
BudToken.sol:545:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'  
BudToken.sol:561:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'  
BudToken.sol:576:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'  
BudToken.sol:606:22: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'
```

SeedToken.sol

```
SeedToken.sol:524:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'  
SeedToken.sol:543:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'  
SeedToken.sol:559:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'  
SeedToken.sol:574:18: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'  
SeedToken.sol:604:22: Error: Parse error: missing ';' at '{'
```

Software analysis result:

These software reported many false positive results and some are informational issues. So, those issues can be safely ignored.



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