## Multiple-Choice-Questions (MCQs):

1.	What is the world's first calculator?		
	A) Abacus	C) Leibnitz's Calculator	
	B) Pascaline	D) Napier's Bones	
2.	Which is an example of System Software?		
	A) Microsoft Word	C) Windows	
	B) Google Chrome	D) VLC Media Player	
3.	What was the first general-purpose electronic digital computer?		
	A) UNIVAC	C) MARK 1	
	B) ENIAC	D) IBM 1401	
4.	Which storage device uses magnetic storage?		
	A) SSD	C) USB Drive	
	B) HDD	D) Optical Drive	
5.	What technology was introduced in the Second Generation of computers?		
٥.	A) Vacuum tubes	C) Integrated circuits	
	B) Transistors	D) Microprocessors	
	b) Iransistors	D) Microprocessors	
6.	Which computer was the first to use magnetic tape for d	_	
	A) ENIAC	C) IBM 7090	
	B) UNIVAC	D) MARK 1	
7.	What is the main component of the CPU responsible for executing instructions?		
	A) RAM	C) Control Unit	
	B) ALU	D) Registers	
8.	What is the primary function of RAM in a computer?		
	A) Permanent data storage	C) Data processing	
	B) Short-term memory storage	D) Input/Output operations	
9.	Which device uses flash memory for faster and more reliable data storage?		
	A) HDD	C) Optical drive	
	B) SSD	D) External hard drive	
10.	What is the main function of the motherboard?		
	A) Store data	C) Display output	
	B) Connect all components	D) Execute instructions	
11.	Which input device is used to navigate the graphical user interface?		
	A) Keyboard	C) Scanner	
	B) Mouse	D) Microphone	
	b) Wouse	b) wherephone	
12.	What is the primary display device for visual output?	C) C 1	
	A) Printer	C) Speaker	
	B) Monitor	D) Projector	
13.	What does LAN stand for?		
	A) Local Area Network	C) Long Area Network	
	B) Large Area Network	D) Linked Area Network	

14. Which network covers a larger area than a LAN but smaller than a WAN?

	A) MAN B) PAN	C) LAN D) CAN		
15.	What is the largest and most populous network in the w	•		
	A) LAN	C) WAN		
	B) MAN	D) Internet		
16.	What technology enables devices to connect to a network without wires?			
	A) Ethernet	C) Fiber Optics		
	B) Wi-Fi	D) Coaxial Cable		
17.	What is the hexadecimal representation of Binary number 1010?			
	A) 5	C) 10		
	B) A	D) F		
18.	Which type of cable is widely used for cable television systems?			
	A) Twisted Pair	C) Optical Fiber		
	B) Coaxial Cable	D) Ethernet Cable		
19.	Which number system uses only two digits, 0 and 1?			
	A) Decimal	C) Octal		
	B) Binary	D) Hexadecimal		
20.	What is the result of binary subtraction 1 - 1?			
	A) 0	C) 10		
	B) 1	D) 11		
21.	What is the 1's complement of 0110?			
	A) 1001	C) 1000		
	B) 0110	D) 1010		
22.	What is the 2's complement of 0101?			
	A) 1010	C) 1011		
	B) 1101	D) 1110		
23.	What is the ASCII code for the character 'A'?			
	A) 65	C) 67		
	B) 66	D) 68		
24.	Which programming language is considered low-level?			
	A) Python	C) Assembly		
	B) Java	D) C++		
25.	What is the main function of an operating system?			
	A) Store data			
	B) Manage hardware and software resources			
	C) Display output			
	D) Connect to the internet			
26.	Which device is known as the "brain" of the computer?			
	A) RAM	C) Hard Drive		
	B) CPU	D) Motherboard		

27. What is the main purpose of a compiler?

A) Execute code line-by-line

	<ul><li>B) Translate high-level code into machine code</li><li>C) Store data</li><li>D) Display output</li></ul>	
28.	Which generation of computers introduced transistors?  A) First Generation  B) Second Generation	C) Third Generation D) Fourth Generation
29.	What is the main advantage of SSDs over HDDs?  A) Higher storage capacity B) Faster and more reliable	C) Lower cost D) Larger size
30.	What is the main function of the ALU in the CPU?  A) Store data B) Perform arithmetic and logical operations C) Control data flow D) Execute instructions	
31.	Which device converts digital materials into physical cop A) Monitor B) Printer	ies? C) Speaker D) Projector
32.	Which type of memory is volatile? A) ROM B) RAM	C) Hard Drive D) SSD
33.	What is the main purpose of an interpreter?  A) Translate high-level code into machine code in one B) Execute code line-by-line C) Store data D) Display output	go
34.	What is a flowchart?  A) A visual representation of an algorithm B) A type of computer hardware C) A programming language D) A storage device	
35.	Which programming language is known for its ease of lessettings?  A) C B) Pascal	arning and use in educational C) BASIC D) Java