

21/10/21

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v \\ w \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow \quad \uparrow$
 $C_1 \quad C_2 \quad C_3 \quad C_4$

linearly independent = C_1 & C_3

linearly dependent = C_2 & C_4

Scaling factors corresponding to pivot = v & w
 v & y = free

SCALING FACTOR

CORRESPONDING

CORRESPONDING

TO PIVOT

TO 2D

[FREE VARIABLE]

IMP: To find solⁿ we assign arbitrary value to free variable.

$Ax = 0$

$v + 3v - y = 0 \Rightarrow v = y - 3v$

$w + y = 0 \rightarrow w = -y$

ie pivot and variable hai unko free variable variable se ~~different~~ ^{separate} feature. Uthra hai

Solⁿ vector

$$\begin{bmatrix} v \\ w \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} y - 3v \\ -y \\ y \end{bmatrix} = y \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ -1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} + v \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -3v + y \\ v + 0 \\ -y - y \\ 0 + y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -3 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 \\ 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} v \\ y \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} v_1 \\ v_2 \\ v_3 \\ v_4 \end{bmatrix}$$

ab yeh dono vector ke through apna space dimension me hai isliye vector space theke the

NULL SPACE

The space spanned by linear combination of the vector which are being scaled by free variable.

RANK - NULLITY THEOREM

RANK - # linearly independent columns.

- # pivot

NULLITY = $A_{m \times n}$

$n(A) = 2 \rightarrow$ all vectors.

compendent col = nullity

$n + (n - 2) = n$

$r(A) + \text{nullity}(A) = \# \text{ of columns}$

same free variables \Rightarrow the null vector space has all those vectors.

Nullity is dim of null space

Ex. span $\left\{ \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}, \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \right\} \quad v_i \in \mathbb{R}^2$

$$c_1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + c_2 \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^2 \rightarrow \left\{ \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} \mid \begin{matrix} x \in \mathbb{R} \\ y \in \mathbb{R} \end{matrix} \right\}$$

$$Ax = 0 \quad (n > m)$$

$m \times n$ \rightarrow variable m n \rightarrow more variables than eqⁿ

★

$\rho(A) = m$ rank 2024 $n - m$ nullity

\Rightarrow (n-m) \geq at least n-m free variable
 \Rightarrow at least (n-m) \geq 11 vectors.

Q. The column of A are independent exactly when $N(A) = \{0\}$ zero vector free.

Null space of A. True because no free variable.

Q. In null space if there is only one vector & that vector is zero vector then each vector is 11

$$a_1 v_1 + a_2 v_2 + \dots + a_n v_n = 0 \quad \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$\forall a_i = 0$

VECTOR SPACE AND SUBSPACE

$$v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \\ 3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} \quad 5v_1 = \begin{bmatrix} 5 \\ 10 \\ 15 \\ 20 \end{bmatrix} \quad 5 \in \text{field}$$

FIELD \mathbb{R} is a set denoted by F

$$\mathbb{R}$$

$$1 \quad 2$$

$$1+2 = 3 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$1-2 = -1 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$1 \times 2 = 2 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$1/2 = 0.5 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$\alpha \in \mathbb{R}$$

VECTOR SPACE

Let V be an non-empty set & F be a field then V together with $+$ operation.

$$1. \quad v_1 + v_2 \rightarrow v_3 \quad \text{BINARY OPERATION}$$

$$v_1, v_2 \in V(1F) \quad \text{then } v_1 + v_2 \in V(1F)$$

2. SCALAR MULTIPLICATION

$$v \in V \quad \text{and} \quad \alpha \in \mathbb{R}$$

then $\alpha \cdot v \in V(1F)$

$\alpha \neq 0 \in \mathbb{R}$ \rightarrow set of scalar

$$\forall v \in V(1F)$$

$$\alpha \neq 0 \in \mathbb{R}$$

Q1 $V(\mathbb{R})$ is a vector space, then $v \in V, \mathbb{R}$

$\mathbb{R}^2(\mathbb{R})$ complex

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$i \in \mathbb{C} \rightarrow i \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 2 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} i \\ 2i \end{bmatrix} \notin \mathbb{R}^2$$

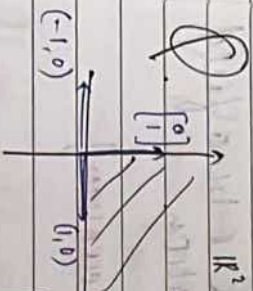
1. $\mathbb{R}^n(\mathbb{R})$ 1

2. $\mathbb{Q}(\mathbb{R})$ 0

3. $\mathbb{C}^n(\mathbb{R})$ 1

4. $\mathbb{R}^n(\mathbb{C})$ 0

5. $\mathbb{R}^n(\mathbb{R})$ 1

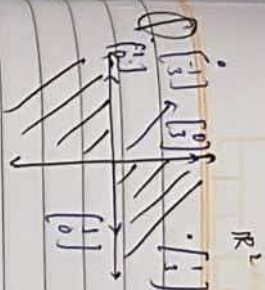


$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^2 \quad \begin{bmatrix} x \\ y \end{bmatrix} \quad x, y \geq 0$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} \notin \mathbb{R}^2$$

$$-1 \in \mathbb{R} \quad -1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

NOT a vector space



If \mathbb{R} IS THIS VECTOR SPACE

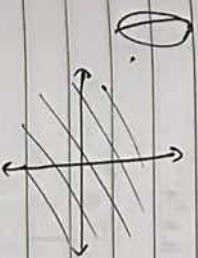
$$\alpha = -1 \quad -1 \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

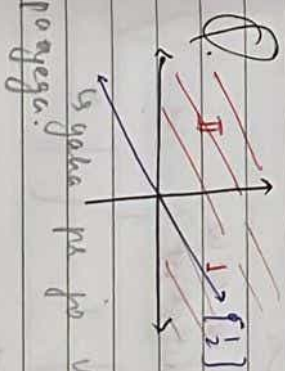
VECTOR SPACE NOT MAY BE \mathbb{Q} OR III QUADRANT

$\mathbb{R}^2(\mathbb{R})$

\mathbb{Q} IS OVER \mathbb{R}^2 SPACE KA JALAK SURFAT HOGA
TAK TAK VALID VECTOR SPACE NHI HOGA



WHEN x, y PLANE IS VECTOR SPACE



POSSIBLE FOR VECTOR SPACE, FOR SMALLER

Q1 $V(\mathbb{R})$ IS A VECTOR SPACE THEN $v \in V(\mathbb{R})$

Zero vector existence

→ Zero vector is always present in the vector space

$$v_1 \in F$$

$$\lambda = -1$$

$$v_2 = -v_1$$

$$v_1 + v_2 \in V(F)$$

$$v_1 - v_1 \in V(F)$$

$$0 \in V(F)$$