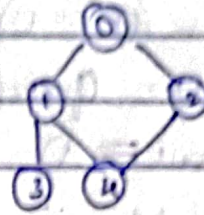


BFS traversal

$V = 5; \text{ -- nodes}$
[Graph] $M = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$



source = 0 [Assumption]

bfs (graph, 5, 0)

function call:-

int queue;

front = 0, rear = 0, u, i; visited

for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)

visited[0] = 0;

for (i = 1; i < 5; i++)

visited[1] = 0;

for (i = 2; i < 5; i++)

visited[2] = 0;

for (i = 3; i < 5; i++)

visited[3] = 0;

for (i = 4; i < 5; i++)

visited[4] = 0;

for (i = 5; i < 5; i++) X

$\begin{array}{c} 0 \quad 1 \quad 2 \quad 3 \quad 4 \\ \hline 0 \quad 1 \quad 0 \quad 0 \quad 0 \end{array}$

queue[rear] = 0

visited[0] = 1

count = 1

0 1 2 3 4
1 0 0 0 0
↑
front

while (0 <= 0) -

u = queue[front];

count = 0

→ [0]

front++ = 1

~~while (1 <= 0) X~~

for (i=0; i<5; i++)

if (H[0][0] == 1 && visited[0] == 0) X

for (i=1; i<5; i++)

if (H[0][1] == 1 && visited[1] == 0) ✓

visited[1] = 1;

rear++ = 1

queue[rear] = 1;

0 1 2 3 4
1 1 0 0 0
↑ ↑
front rear

for (i=2; i<5; i++)

if (H[0][2] == 1 && visited[2] == 0) ✓

visited[2] = 1;

rear++ = 2

queue[rear] = 2;

0 1 2 3 4
1 1 1 0 0
↑ ↑
front rear

for (i=3; i<5; i++)

if (H[0][3] == 1 && visited[3] == 0) X

for (i=4; i<5; i++)

if (H[0][4] == 1 && visited[4] == 0) X

for (i=5; i<5; i++) X

while (1 <= 2) -

u = queue[front];

count = 1

→ [0 1]

front++ → 2

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```

for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
    if (M[i][0] == 1 && visited[0] == 0) X
        visited
for (i = 1; i < 5; i++)
    if (M[i][1] == 1 && visited[1] == 0) X
for (i = 2; i < 5; i++)
    if (M[i][2] == 1 && visited[2] == 0) X
for (i = 3; i < 5; i++)
    if (M[i][3] == 1 && visited[3] == 0) ✓
        visited[3] = 1;
        rear++ = 3;
        queue[rear] = 3;
for (i = 4; i < 5; i++)
    if (M[i][4] == 1 && visited[4] == 0) ✓
        visited[4] = 1;
        rear++ = 4;
        queue[rear] = 4;
for (i = 5; i < 5; i++) X

```

Diagram 1: A 5x5 grid representing a matrix M. The first column (index 0) has values [1, 1, 1, 1, 1]. The other columns (indices 1, 2, 3, 4) have values [0, 0, 0, 0, 0]. Arrows point to the first column, labeled 'front' and 'rear'.

Diagram 2: A 5x5 grid representing a matrix M. The first column (index 0) has values [1, 1, 1, 1, 1]. The other columns (indices 1, 2, 3, 4) have values [0, 0, 0, 0, 0]. Arrows point to the first column, labeled 'front' and 'rear'.

while (2 <= 4) ✓

U = queue[front] = 2

cout << 2

→ [0 1 2]

front++ ⇒ 3

```

for (i = 0; i < 5; i++)
    if (M[i][0] == 1 && visited[0] == 0) X
for (i = 1; i < 5; i++)
    if (M[i][1] == 1 && visited[1] == 0) X
for (i = 2; i < 5; i++)
    if (M[i][2] == 1 && visited[2] == 0) X
for (i = 3; i < 5; i++)
    if (M[i][3] == 1 && visited[3] == 0) X
for (i = 4; i < 5; i++)
    if (M[i][4] == 1 && visited[4] == 0) X

```

for (i = 5; i < 5; i++) X

Diagram 3: A 5x5 grid representing a matrix M. The first column (index 0) has values [1, 1, 1, 1, 1]. The other columns (indices 1, 2, 3, 4) have values [0, 0, 0, 0, 0]. Arrows point to the first column, labeled 'front' and 'rear'.

while ($3 \leq 4$) ✓

$u = \text{queue}[\text{front}] \rightarrow 3$

Count = 3

→

0	1	2	3
---	---	---	---

front ++ → 4

for ($i=0; i < 5; i++$)

if ($h[3][0] == 1$ & $visited[0] == 0$) X

for ($i=1; i < 5; i++$)

for ($i=5; i < 5; i++$) X

0 1 2 3 4

1 1 1 1 1

Ans Req

while ($4 \leq 4$) ✓

$u = \text{queue}[\text{front}] \rightarrow 4$

count = 4

→

0	1	2	3	4
---	---	---	---	---

front ++ → 5

for ($i=0; i < 5; i++$)

if ($h[4][0] == 1$ & $visited[0] == 0$) X

for ($i=1; i < 5; i++$)

for ($i=5; i < 5; i++$) X

0 1 2 3 4

1 1 1 1 1

Ans Req

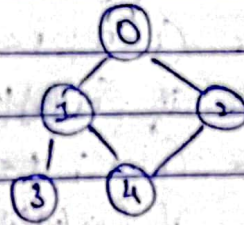
while ($5 \leq 4$) X

∴ BFS = 0 1 2 3 4 //

DFS traversal:

$M =$

	0	1	2	3	4
0	0	1	1	0	0
1	1	0	0	1	1
2	1	0	0	0	1
3	0	1	0	0	0
4	0	1	1	0	0



$v = 5$

int source

for ($i = 0; i < 5; i++$)

visited[0] = 0;

for ($i = 1; i < 5; i++$)

visited[1] = 0;

for ($i = 2; i < 5; i++$)

visited[2] = 0;

for ($i = 3; i < 5; i++$)

visited[3] = 0;

for ($i = 4; i < 5; i++$)

visited[4] = 0;

for ($i = 5; i < 5; i++$) X

\Rightarrow 0 1 2 3 4
0 0 0 0 0

source = 0

print

0

dfs (M, v, source)

dfs (M, 5, 0) \leftarrow


```
void dfs (m, v, source)
```

```
visited[0] = 1;
```

```
for (i=0; i<5; i++)
```

```
if (m[0][0] == 1 && visited[0] == 0) X
```

```
for (i=1; i<5; i++)
```

```
if (m[0][i] == 1 && visited[i] == 0) ✓
```

```
count = 1
```

```
dfs (m, 5, 1)
```

```
0 1 2 3 4
1 0 0 0 0
```

```
0 1
```

```
0 1 2 3 4
1 0 0 0 0
```

```
void dfs (m, 5, 1)
```

```
visited[1] = 1;
```

```
for (i=0; i<5; i++)
```

```
if (m[1][0] == 1 && visited[0] == 0) X
```

```
for (i=1; i<5; i++)
```

```
if (m[1][i] == 1 && visited[i] == 0) X
```

```
for (i=2; i<5; i++)
```

```
if (m[1][2] == 1 && visited[2] == 0) X
```

```
for (i=3; i<5; i++)
```

```
if (m[1][3] == 1 && visited[3] == 0) ✓
```

```
count = 3
```

```
dfs (m, 5, 3)
```

```
0 1 2 3 4
1 1 0 0 0
```

```
0 1 3
```

```
0 1 2 3 4
1 1 0 0 0
```

```
void dfs (m, 5, 3)
```

```
visited[3] = 1
```

```
for (i=0; i<5; i++)
```

```
if (m[3][0] == 1 && visited[0] == 0) X
```

```
for (i=1; i<5; i++)
```

```
if (m[3][i] == 1 && visited[i] == 0) X
```

```
for (i=2; i<5; i++)
```

```
if (m[3][2] == 1 && visited[2] == 0) X
```

```
0 1 2 3 4
1 1 0 1 0
```

```

for (i=3; i<5; i++)
    if (m[3][3] == 1 && visited[3] == 0) X
for (i=4; i<5; i++)
    if (m[3][4] == 1 && visited[4] == 0) X
for (i=5; i<5; i++) X

```

∴ Backtrack Source = 1

void dfs (m, 5, 1)

visited [i] = 1; \rightarrow

0	1	2	3	4
1	1	0	1	0

for (i=0; i<5; i++)

if (m[1][0] == 1 && visited[0] == 0) X

for (i=1; i<5; i++)

if (m[1][1] == 1 && visited[1] == 0) X

for (i=2; i<5; i++)

if (m[1][2] == 1 && visited[2] == 0) X

for (i=3; i<5; i++)

if (m[1][3] == 1 && visited[3] == 0) X

for (i=4; i<5; i++)

if (m[1][4] == 1 && visited[4] == 0) ✓

count = 4

\rightarrow

0	1	3	4
---	---	---	---

dfs (m, 5, 4)

\rightarrow

0	1	2	3	4
1	1	0	1	0

↑
Source

void dfs (m, 5, 4)

visited [i] = 1; \rightarrow

0	1	2	3	4
1	1	0	1	1

for (i=0; i<5; i++)

if (m[4][0] == 1 && visited[0] == 0) X

for (i=1; i<5; i++)

if (m[4][1] == 1 && visited[1] == 0) X

for (i=2; i<5; i++)

if (m[4][2] == 1 && visited[2] == 0) ✓

count = 2

\rightarrow

0	1	3	4	2
---	---	---	---	---

dfs (m, 5, 2)

void dfs (u, s, 2)

visited[2] = 1 →

0	1	2	3	4
1	1	1	1	1

∴ All the nodes are visited

∴ All the conditions will be false

∴ Dfs = 0 1 3 4 2 //