Phase-5 Practice Project: Assisted Practice

- 4. Distribute Your App Across a Swarm Cluster.
 - ✓ Setting up a Docker instance.
 - To verify the installation:
 - 1. Open the command-line interface
 - 2. Type in the command:

docker -version

```
root@ip-172-31-17-73:~# apt install docker.io
Reading package lists... Done
Building dependency tree
Reading state information... Done
docker.io is already the newest version (18.09.7-Oubuntu1~18.04.3).
The following packages were automatically installed and are no longer required:
 apache2-bin apache2-data libaprutil1-dbd-sqlite3 libaprutil1-ldap liblua5.2-0
Use 'apt autoremove' to remove them.
0 upgraded, 0 newly installed, 0 to remove and 9 not upgraded.
root@ip-172-31-17-73:~# docker version
Client:
Version:
                       18.09.7
API version:
Go version:
Git commit:
Built:
                      1.39
                      go1.10.1
2d0083d
Built: Wed Ju
OS/Arch: linux/
Experimental: false
                      Wed Jul 3 12:13:59 2019
                      linux/amd64
 Version: 18.09.7

API version: 1.39 (minimum version 1.12)
Go version: gol.10.1
Git commit: 2d0083d

Built: Mon Jul 1 19:31:12 2019

OS/Arch: linux/archi
Server:
Engine:
  OS/Arch: linux/amd64
Experimental: false
root@ip-172-31-17-73:~#
```

Setting up Docker swarm with multiple nodes

• Edit the /etc/hosts file across the two nodes via gedit or vim and make the following changes:

```
172.31.17.73dockermanager
172.31.86.69dockerworker1
```

- After modifying the host file with the details mentioned above, check the connectivity with **ping** between all the nodes
 - From Docker Manager Host instance:

```
root@ip-172-31-17-73:~# ping dockerworker1

PING dockerworker1 (172.31.86.69) 56(84) bytes of data.

64 bytes from dockerworker1 (172.31.86.69): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.637 ms

64 bytes from dockerworker1 (172.31.86.69): icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.727 ms

64 bytes from dockerworker1 (172.31.86.69): icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.673 ms

64 bytes from dockerworker1 (172.31.86.69): icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=5.00 ms

64 bytes from dockerworker1 (172.31.86.69): icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.674 ms

64 bytes from dockerworker1 (172.31.86.69): icmp_seq=6 ttl=64 time=0.647 ms

64 bytes from dockerworker1 (172.31.86.69): icmp_seq=7 ttl=64 time=0.751 ms

64 bytes from dockerworker1 (172.31.86.69): icmp_seq=8 ttl=64 time=0.663 ms

C

--- dockerworker1 ping statistics ---

8 packets transmitted, 8 received, 0% packet loss, time 7136ms

rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.637/1.222/5.005/1.430 ms

root@ip-172-31-17-73:~#
```

• From Docker Worker Node instance:

```
root@ip-172-31-86-69:~# ping dockermanager
PING dockermanager (172.31.17.73) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from dockermanager (172.31.17.73): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.669 ms
64 bytes from dockermanager (172.31.17.73): icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.693 ms
64 bytes from dockermanager (172.31.17.73): icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.693 ms
64 bytes from dockermanager (172.31.17.73): icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.713 ms
64 bytes from dockermanager (172.31.17.73): icmp_seq=5 ttl=64 time=0.697 ms
^C
--- dockermanager ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4100ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.669/0.693/0.713/0.014 ms
root@ip-172-31-86-69:~#
```

• Initialize the Docker swarm mode by running the following docker command on the **dockermanager** node

```
docker swarm init --advertise-addr<manager node IP address>

docker swarm init --advertise-addr172.31.17.73

root@ip-172-31-17-73:-# docker swarm init --advertise-addr 172.31.17.73
Swarm initialized: current node (ba@joti2lolsef@pbxfyqy5lc) is now a manager.

To add a worker to this swarm, run the following command:

docker swarm join --token SWMTKN-1-209yesj2p0jk65wory232wthdrec38yeg1r037ryoxe6duuy4n-ant4103e6xkdociyk9ut5ky4j 172.31.17.73:2377

To add a manager to this swarm, run 'docker swarm join-token manager' and follow the instructions.

root@ip-172-31-17-73:-#
```

• Once the swarm cluster is initialized, allow the ports mentioned below in security groups



While initializing the Docker swarm cluster, you will get docker swarm join command which can be executed on node manager to add node to swarm

```
root@ip-172-31-86-69:~‡ docker swarm join --token SWMTKN-1-209yesj2p0jk65wory232wthdrec38yeg1r037ryoxe6duuy4n-ant41o3e6xkdociyk9ut5ky4j 172.31.17.73:2377
This node joined a swarm as a worker.
root@ip-172-31-86-69:~‡
```

- cluster
- Run the command below to see the node status

docker node ls

Deploying a custom Docker image to a Docker swarm cluster

• Create service in Docker swarm cluster

docker service create --name webapp --publish 8080:8080 --replicas 2 jocatalin/kubernetes-bootcamp:v1

 You can now validate if Docker containers got deployed on both nodes or not using the command below

docker service pswebapp

```
root@ip-172-31-17-73:~‡ docker service ps webapp

ID NAME IMAGE NODE DESIRED STATE

S
kxlfdaa25vol webapp.1 jocatalin/kubernetes-bootcamp:v1 ip-172-31-17-73 Running
wouv28ypnnje webapp.2 jocatalin/kubernetes-bootcamp:v1 ip-172-31-86-69 Running
root@ip-172-31-17-73:~‡
```

We can validate the application using the **curl** command to see if the application is up and running.

```
root@ip-172-31-17-73:~# curl localhost:8080
Hello Kubernetes bootcamp! | Running on: dda6e7f30789 | v=1
root@ip-172-31-17-73:~#
```