

Roles

Fundamentals of IdentityIQ Implementation IdentityIQ

Overview

Roles

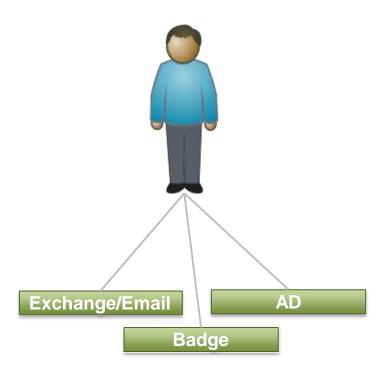
- Why Roles?
 - Role Definition
 - Role Management Benefits
- IdentityIQ Support for Roles
 - Common Role Management Models
 - Role Model Overview
 - Least Privilege
- Configuring and Managing Roles
 - Role Definition and Mining
 - Extending the Role Model
 - Role Assignment
 - Sunrise/Sunset of Roles
- Role Management Pointers

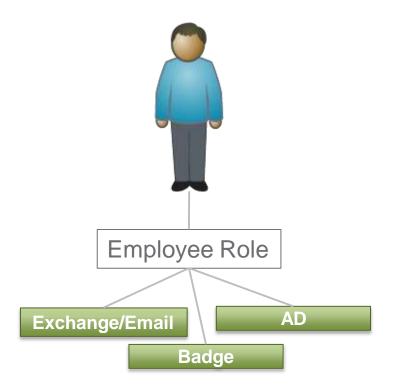


Role Management

Definition

- Manage user access by assigning a role
 - Regulate and provision access to resources based on the roles of the individual user







Why Roles?

- Categorize and Manage users based on their job function
 - Apply common functionality to groups of users based on Identity Attributes or other Assignment Rules
- Provide a translation between the Business and IT functions within an organization
 - Enforce least privilege
 - Provide user access to IT resources based on Business Roles
- Improve Efficiency
 - Encapsulate individual entitlements of IT Access
 - Simplify Access Review/Certification process
 - Ease request process for new access
 - Simplify Auditing



Why Roles?

Mange Access by Expertise

Business

- Expertise: Specify what jobs need to be done and by whom
- Simplifies user access certification
 - Should John have the Support role?
- Simplifies provisioning
 - Request a role

IT

- Expertise: What access is needed to do the job
- Simplifies access certifications
 - Should the Support role have the AD-73 access?
- Simplifies provisioning
 - Automate the actual provisioning





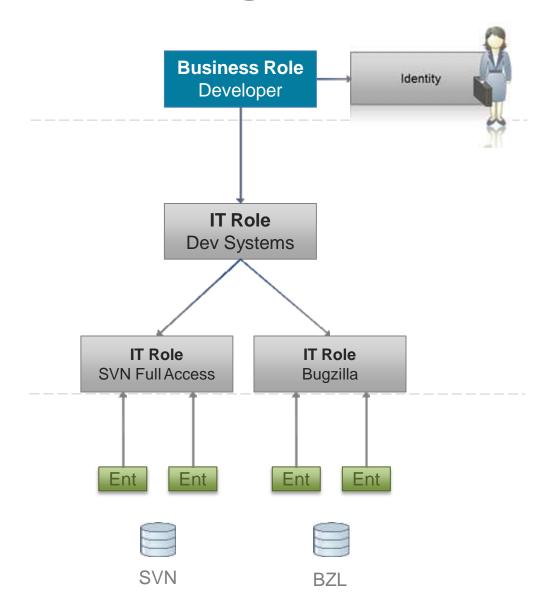
IdentityIQ Support for Roles

IdentityIQ Role Modeling

- Two-tier model (default)
- Supports
 - Discovery
 - Auto-assignment based on rule/logic
 - Self-service provisioning
 - Meaningful display names and descriptions
 - Extended attributes
 - Role mining
- Uses default workflows
 - Rules and metadata in role control workflow behavior
- Extensible
- Part of the identity governance framework
 - Access certification
 - Policy enforcement
 - Risk management

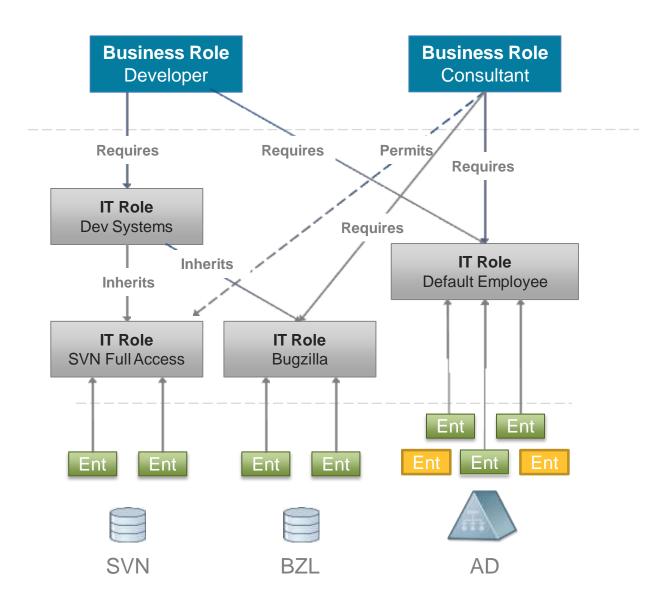


Two Tier Role Management Model





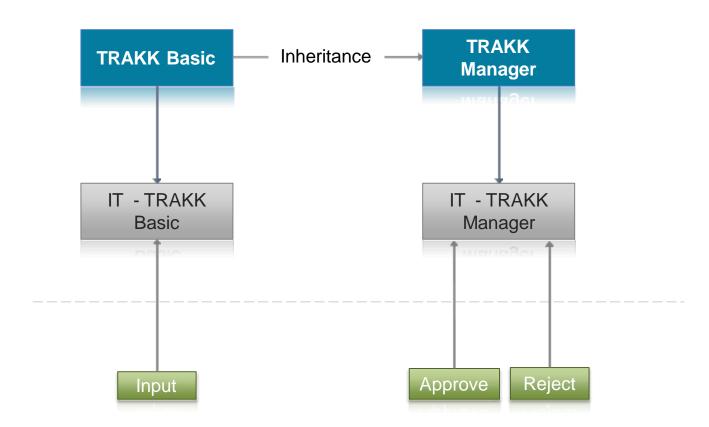
Role Relationships – Requires / Permits





Role Relationships – Inheritance

- Manager Role entitlements are additive
 - Input, Approve, & Reject
- Simpler model



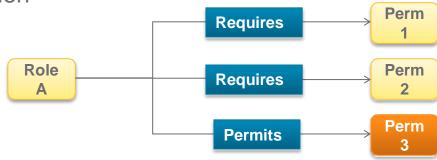


Least Privilege Without Role Explosion

- You want least privilege
 - Only award the entitlements needed for a given task
- But in some models that leads to role explosion
 - Normally functional decomposition means more roles...



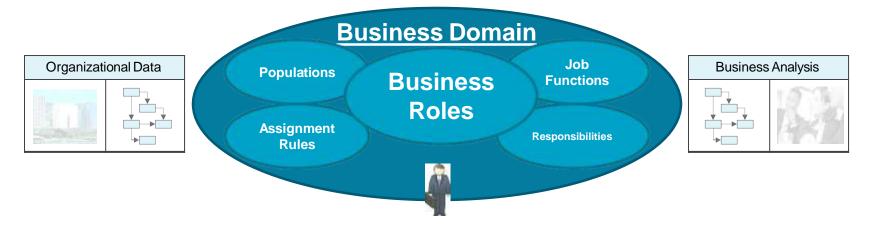
- Role association relationships capture least privilege
 - Producing simplified more manageable models with less role explosion





Two Tier Model

Business Roles



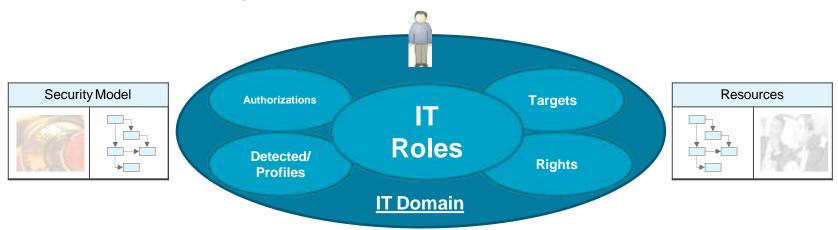
- Business Roles represent job functions, titles or responsibilities
- Needs determined by organizational structure or through business analysis
- Include metadata to increase understanding
- Can be assigned to users



Two Tier Model

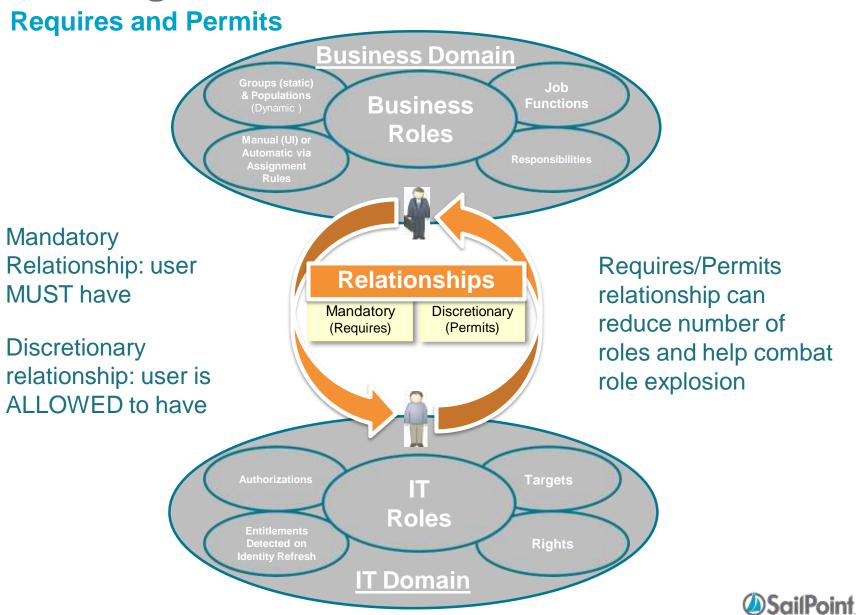
IT Roles

- Model the IT privileges required to perform a specific function within an application or other target system
- Represent a user's actual access
 - Accounts
 - Entitlements
 - Permissions
- Can be used to provision access





Relating Business and IT Roles





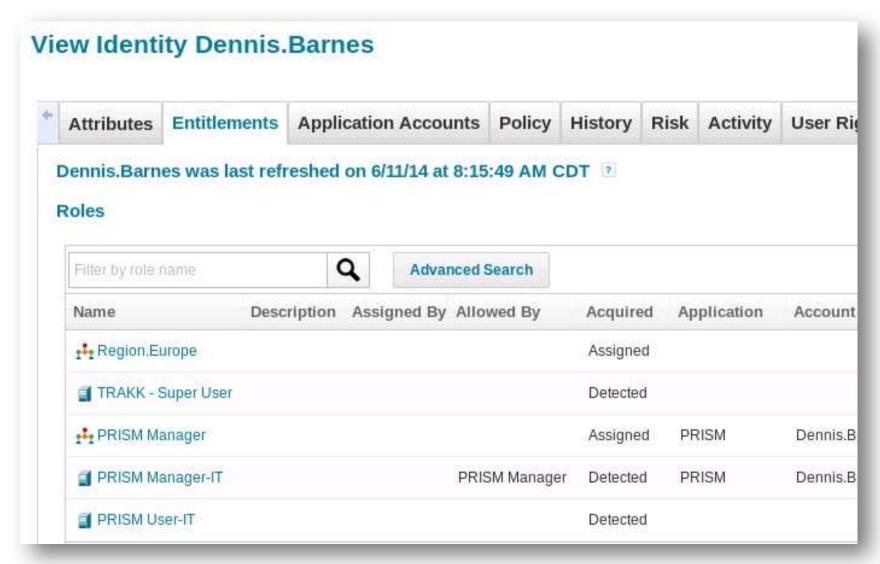
Acquiring a Role

Roles – Assigned or Detected

Dashboar	d Define	Monitor	Analyze Manage	System Setup						
Identit	ies									
Filter by Identity Name										
User Nam	First Name	Last Name	Assigned Role Summa	ary Detected Role Summary	Risk					
Debor	Deborah	Collins	Region.Americas		• 0					
Debra	Debra	Wood	PRISM Manager, Region.	Eu PRISM Manager-IT, PRI	<u> </u>					
Denise	Denise	Hunt	Region.Europe	TRAKK - Basic	<u> </u>					
Dennis	Dennis	Barnes	Region.Europe, PRISM N	lan PRISM Manager-IT, PRI	<u> </u>					
Diana	Diana	Lawrence	Region.Asia-Pacific		• 0					



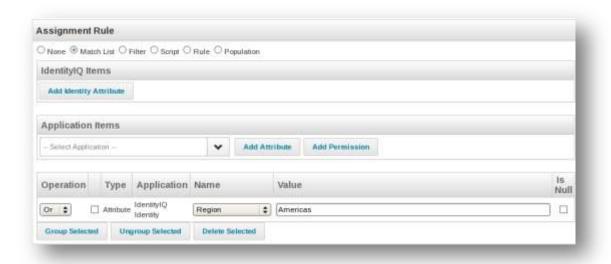
Roles – Allowed By, Assigned By





Obtaining Business Roles

- Requested manually through Lifecycle Manager (or, if configured, Identity > Entitlement page)
 - Prompts for allowed entitlements
- Automatically using assignment rules
 - Permits must be requested



Options

- Matching
- Filtering
- Scripts/rules (code snippets)
- Populations



Obtaining IT Roles

- Detected from environment on Identity Refresh
 - 'Refresh Assigned and Detected Roles' option selected
 - Detection is defined through a Role Profile
- Requested indirectly
 - Via LCM Access Request for a business role
 - Via business role assignment
 - During an Access Review (provisioning missing roles)



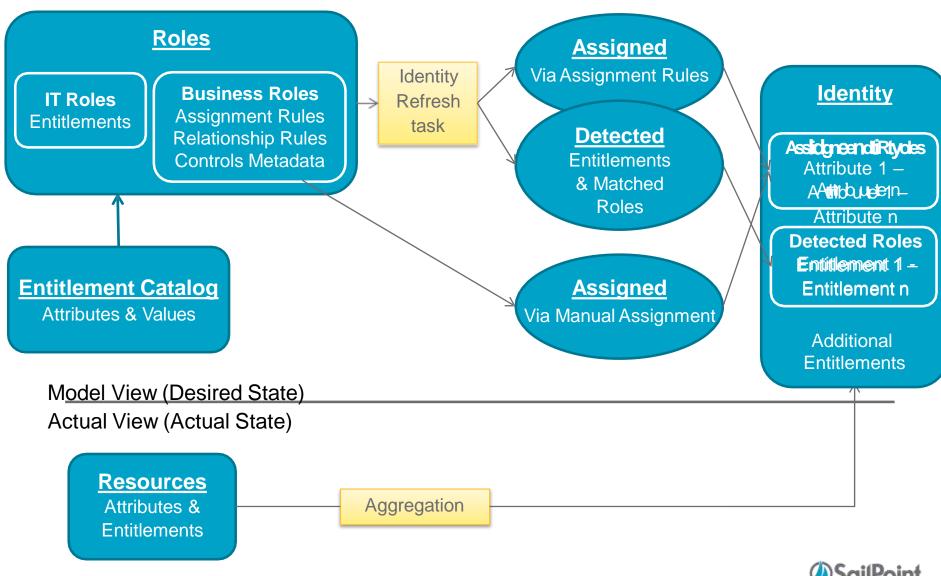
Assigning and Detecting Roles

- Monitor → Tasks
- Run "Identity Refresh" Task
 - "Refresh assigned, detected roles..." selected
 - Detection is defined through an IT Role Profile
- Optionally choose
 - "Provision assignments"
 - "Disable deprovisioning..."

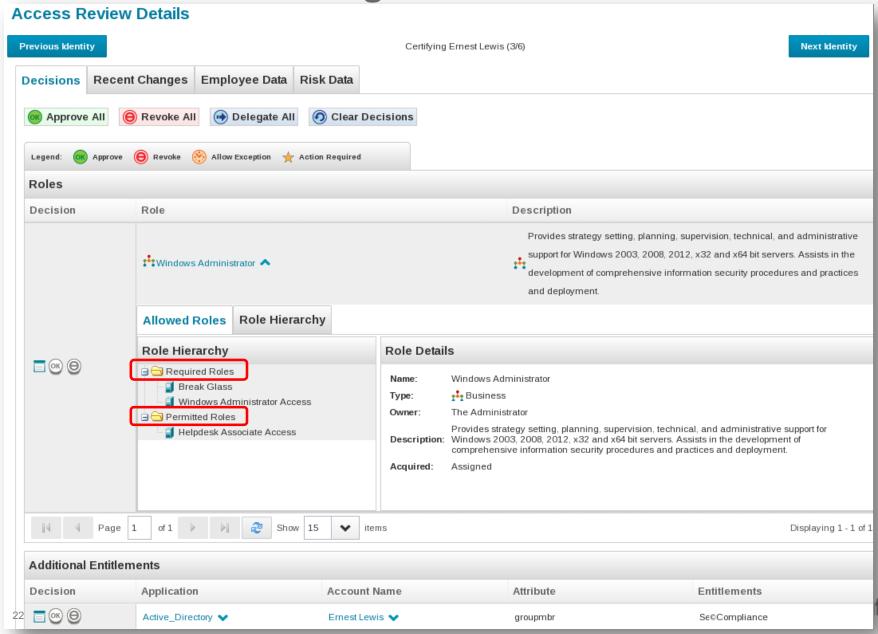
Refresh assigned, detected roles and promote additional entitlements	7	✓
Provision assignments	7	
Disable deprovisioning of deassigned roles	7	



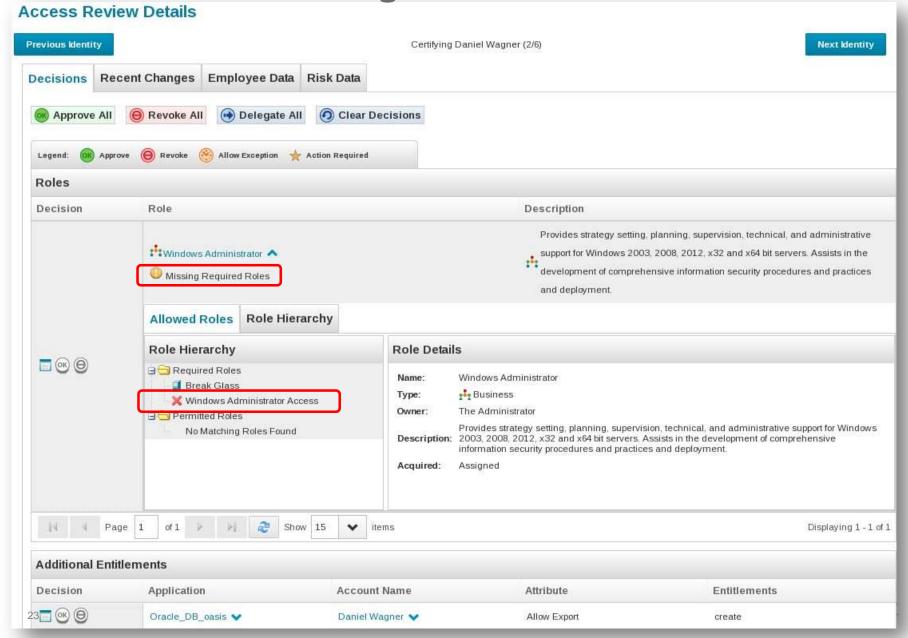
Assigned vs Detected Roles



Certification – Assigned vs Detected Roles



Certification – Assigned vs Detected Roles

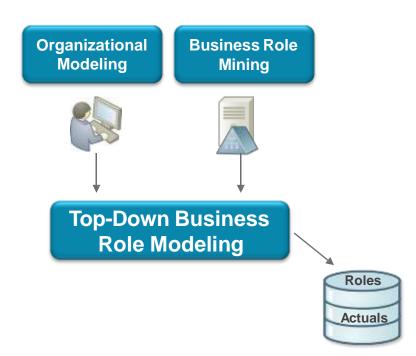




Configuring Roles

Role Definition and Mining

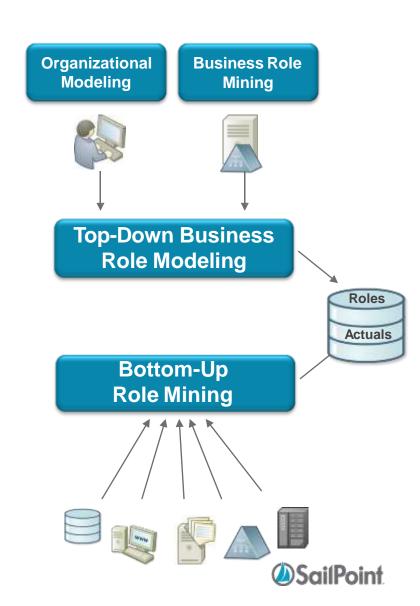
- Top-Down Business Role Modeling
 - Captured via business analysis and organizational modeling
 - Enhanced using automated analysis of identity data
 - Supported heavily by role membership certification





Role Definition and Mining

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 - Enhanced using automated analysis of identity data
 - Supported heavily by role membership certification
- Bottom-Up IT Role Mining
 - Driven by algorithmic analysis and analytics-focused mining processes
 - Derived from data pulled from the central repository or "actuals"
 - Supported heavily by role composition certification and analysis and "review" of those actuals



Role Definition and Mining

Top-Down Business Role Modeling

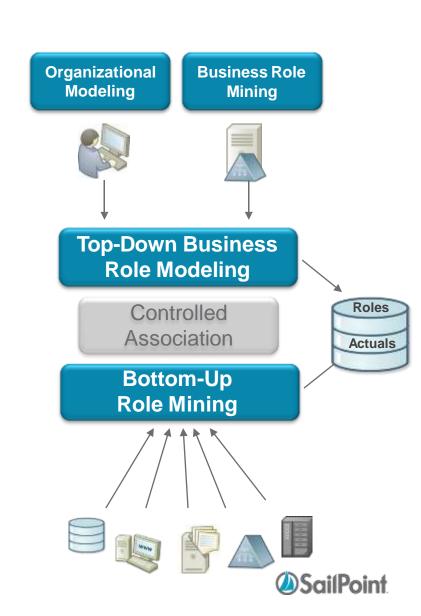
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Bottom-Up IT Role Mining

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Collaborative Association

- Key to the hybrid approach
- Join business & IT roles using the model
 - What if modeling & impact analysis
 - Population analysis
 - Assessment of actuals & policy evaluation
 - Controlled approvals & workflow



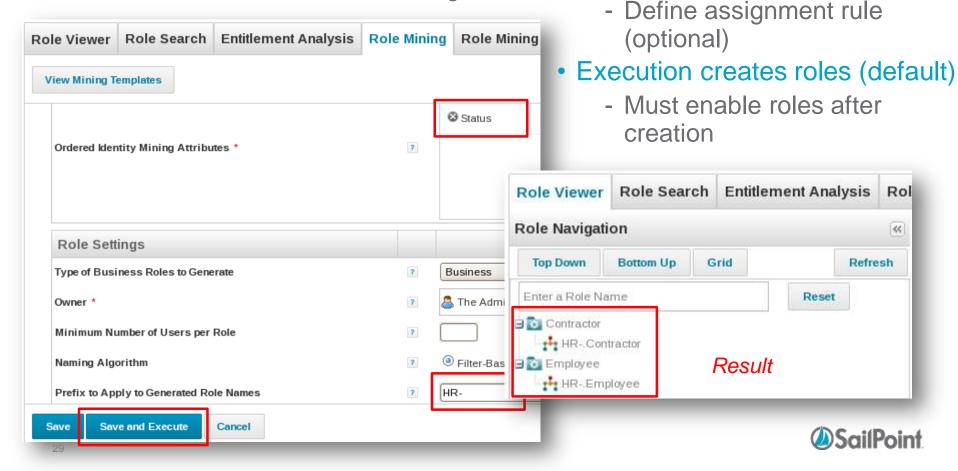
Role Mining

- Business role mining "top down"
 - Model identities based on attributes and entitlements
 - Automatically creates roles (default)
- IT role mining "bottom up"
 - Model IT privileges required to perform a specific function
 - Search for access patterns
 - Two methods
 - Create an IT Role Mining Task
 - Run an Entitlement Analysis
 - Analyze results and select roles for creation



Business Role Mining

- Create a Business Role Mining Task
 - Define → Roles → Create
 New → Business Role Mining



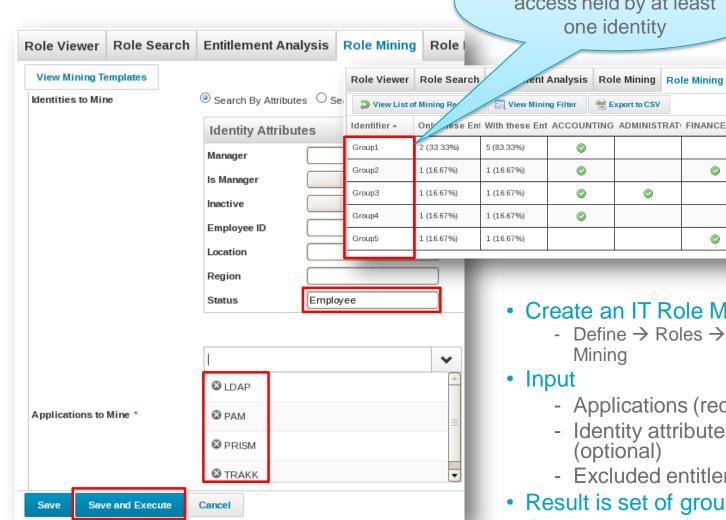
Input

Mine

Select Identity Attributes to

- Select entitlements (optional)





Each group represents access held by at least one identity

Export to CSV

0

ent Analysis

0

0

0

0

View Mining Filter

Create an IT Role Mining Task

Role Mining Role Mining Results

- Define → Roles → Create New → IT Role Mining

HR

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- Input
 - Applications (required)
 - Identity attributes or population (optional)
 - Excluded entitlements (optional)
- Result is set of groups
- Create roles from groups
 - Must enable roles after creation



Result

0

0

0

TEST01

IT Role Entitlement Analysis

- Perform an Entitlement Analysis search
 - Define → Roles → Create New → Entitlement Analysis

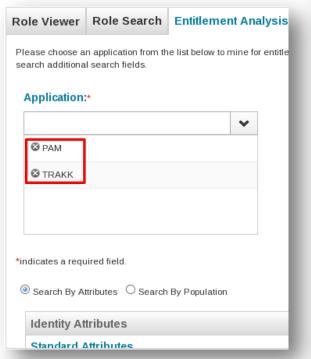
Input: Applications; identity attributes or population (optional)

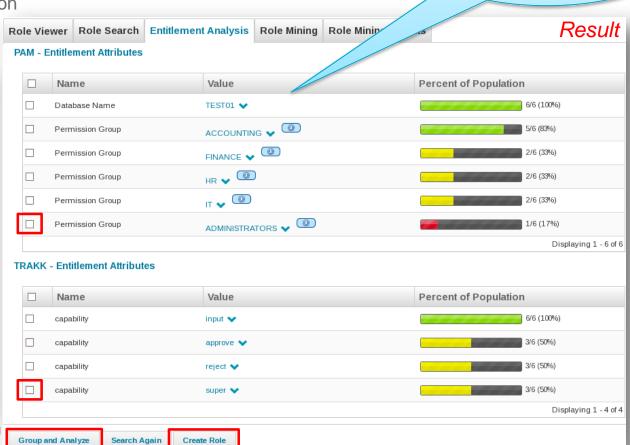
Result is population per entitlement

Group and analyze (optional)

Create roles from checked entitlements

Enabled upon creation





Each entitlement

is individually represented

Out of the Box Role Types

Туре	Business 🚣	П	Entitlement 🌉	Organizatio	IT
Allow Inheritance of other roles	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes	Organizational
Allow other roles inheriting this role	Yes	Yes	No	Yes	Organizational
Auto Detection with Profiles	No	Yes	No	No	New Type
Entitlement Profiles	No	Yes	Yes	No	
Automatic Assignment with Rule	Yes	No	No	No	
Assignment Rule	Yes	No	No	No	
Manual Assignment	Yes	No	Yes	No	
Permitted Roles List	Yes	No	No	No	
Allow being on permitted roles list	No	Yes	Yes	No	
Required Roles list	Yes	No	No	No	
Allow being on a Required Roles list	No	Yes	Yes	No	
Allow granting of IIQ rights	No	No	No	No	



Role Types

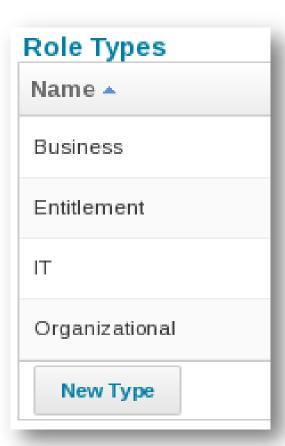
Name -

Business

Entitlement

Extensible Role Model

- System Setup → Role Configuration
 - Out of the Box
 - Business Roles (for assignment)
 - IT Roles (for detection/provisioning)
 - Organizational Roles (for containment)
 - Entitlement (legacy use only for backwards compatibility)
 - Additional Roles?
 - Create New Types
 - New Icons
 - Example:
 - Roles for IIQ Capabilities
 - Roles for Compliance Purposes



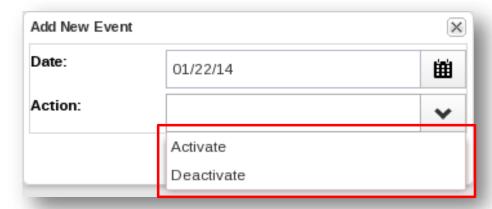


Sunrise/Sunset of Roles

- Global Configuration
 - System Setup → IdentityIQ Configuration → Roles tab
 - Assignment configuration applies to both roles and entitlements
 - Default is enabled



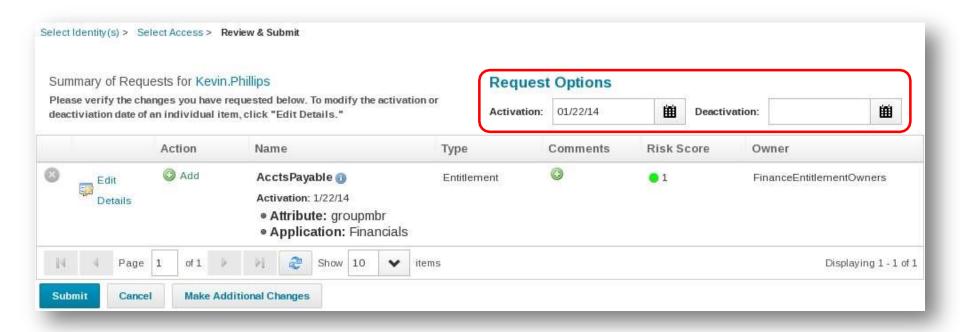
- Role Activation Sunrise/Sunset Dates for Roles
 - Define → Roles → Edit → Scheduled Events → Add Event
 - Used for roles that have limited time usage or delayed activation





Sunrise/Sunset of Roles

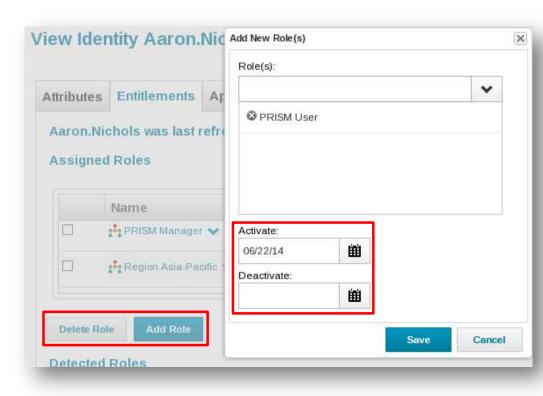
- Role Assignment
 - Dashboard → Request Access → Select role/entitlement → Checkout
 - Used to add or deactivate roles or entitlements for an individual user at a later date





Sunrise/Sunset of Roles

- Role Assignment for Individual Identities
 - Define → Identities → Entitlements Tab → Add Role
 - Activate date
 - Deactivate date
 - Establish Date to
 - Add Role to User
 - Deactivate Role for User



Note: To enable role assignment through Define → Identity → Entitlements, set *enableAdminRoleChanges* in System Configuration to "true": <entry key="enableAdminRoleChanges" value="true"/>





Role Project Pointers

Roles or Logical Applications?

Roles

- Good when thinking about access holistically
- Support governance
- Support provisioning
- Better scalability

Logicals

- Good when thinking about access in terms of an account
- Support governance
- Provisioning (including remediations) handled
 - Manually through work items
 - Automated through custom rules



Role Project Pointers

General

- Look for groupings of user types
- Prevent role proliferation
- Enforce least privilege
- Define roles that are reusable



- Bank tellers, seasonal employees, employee vs. contractor
- Don't attempt to "boil the ocean"

Know your scope

- Simplify certifications? Access requests?
- Involve SME's who know the business





Role Project Pointers

- Build in Roles when the IdM Program is Mature
 - Because data is cleaner
- Every business approaches roles differently
- Roles are a program; not a project
 - Too big, too fast is how role projects fail
 - Roles have a lifecycle and should evolve
 - Start small and familiar
 - Can give key managers capability to create roles as needed;
 this still requires approvals
- Before inventing your own, consider the default IdentityIQ role model







Questions?

Exercise Preview

Section 3, Exercises 1, 2, 3

- Exercise 1: Defining a Role Model
- Exercise 2: Assign and Detect Business Roles
- Exercise 3: Using Roles to Provision Access to the PRISM Application

