

1. Write a Python program to check if the given number is a Disarium Number?

#calculateLength() will count the digits present in a number

```
def calculateLength(n):
```

```
    length = 0;
```

```
    while(n != 0):
```

```
        length = length + 1;
```

```
        n = n//10;
```

```
    return length;
```

```
num = 175;
```

```
rem = sum = 0;
```

```
len = calculateLength(num);
```

```
#Makes a copy of the original number num
```

```
n = num;
```

```
#Calculates the sum of digits powered with their respective position
```

```
while(num > 0):
```

```
    rem = num%10;
```

```
    sum = sum + int(rem**len);
```

```
    num = num//10;
```

```
    len = len - 1;
```

```
#Checks whether the sum is equal to the number itself
```

```
if(sum == n):
```

```
    print(str(n) + " is a disarium number");
```

```
else:
```

```
    print(str(n) + " is not a disarium number");
```

2. Write a Python program to print all disarium numbers between 1 to 100?

#calculateLength() will count the digits present in a number

```
def calculateLength(n):
```

```
    length = 0;
```

```
    while(n != 0):
```

```
        length = length + 1;
```

```
        n = n//10;
```

```
    return length;
```

```
#sumOfDigits() will calculates the sum of digits powered with their respective position
```

```
def sumOfDigits(num):
```

```

rem = sum = 0;
len = calculateLength(num);

while(num > 0):
    rem = num%10;
    sum = sum + (rem**len);
    num = num//10;
    len = len - 1;
return sum;

result = 0;

#Displays all disarium numbers between 1 and 100
print("Disarium numbers between 1 and 100 are");
for i in range(1, 101):
    result = sumOfDigits(i);

    if(result == i):
        print(i)

```

3. Write a Python program to check if the given number is a Happy Number?

```

def is_Happy_num(n):
    past = set()
    while n != 1:
        n = sum(int(i)**2 for i in str(n))
        if n in past:
            return False
        past.add(n)
    return True
print(is_Happy_num(7))
print(is_Happy_num(932))
print(is_Happy_num(6))

```

4. Write a Python program to print all happy numbers between 1 and 100?

```

#isHappyNumber() will determine whether a number is happy or not
def isHappyNumber(num):
    rem = sum = 0;

    #Calculates the sum of squares of digits
    while(num > 0):
        rem = num%10;

```

```
    sum = sum + (rem*rem);
    num = num//10;
return sum;
```

```
#Displays all happy numbers between 1 and 100
```

```
print("List of happy numbers between 1 and 100: ");
```

```
for i in range(1, 101):
```

```
    result = i;
```

```
    #Happy number always ends with 1 and
```

```
    #unhappy number ends in a cycle of repeating numbers which contains 4
```

```
    while(result != 1 and result != 4):
```

```
        result = isHappyNumber(result);
```

```
    if(result == 1):
```

```
        print(i),
```

```
        print(" ");
```

5. Write a Python program to determine whether the given number is a Harshad Number?

```
num = 156;
```

```
rem = sum = 0;
```

```
#Make a copy of num and store it in variable n
```

```
n = num;
```

```
#Calculates sum of digits
```

```
while(num > 0):
```

```
    rem = num%10;
```

```
    sum = sum + rem;
```

```
    num = num//10;
```

```
#Checks whether the number is divisible by the sum of digits
```

```
if(n%sum == 0):
```

```
    print(str(n) + " is a harshad number");
```

```
else:
```

```
    print(str(n) + " is not a harshad number")
```

6. Write a Python program to print all pronic numbers between 1 and 100?

#isPronicNumber() will determine whether a given number is a pronic number or not

```
def isPronicNumber(num):
```

```
    flag = False;
```

```
    for j in range(1, num+1):
```

```
        #Checks for pronic number by multiplying consecutive numbers
```

```
        if((j*(j+1)) == num):
```

```
            flag = True;
```

```
            break;
```

```
    return flag;
```

```
#Displays pronic numbers between 1 and 100
```

```
print("Pronic numbers between 1 and 100: ");
```

```
for i in range(1, 101):
```

```
    if(isPronicNumber(i)):
```

```
        print(i),
```

```
        print(" ")
```