## **American International University Bangladesh (AIUB)**



## LAB MANUAL DFS

CSC 2211 Algorithms

## **Graph Representation Using Adjacency Matrix**

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
void countDegree(int **p, int n){
int *d = new int[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
        d[i]=0;
    }
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
         for(int j =0;j<n;j++){</pre>
             if(p[i][j]==1){
                  d[i]++;
             }
         }
    }
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
         cout<<i<<" degree "<<d[i]<<endl;</pre>
    }
}
void printGraph(int **p, int n){
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
         for(int j =0;j<n;j++){</pre>
             cout<<p[i][j]<<" ";
         }
         cout<<endl;
    }
}
int main(){
    int node, edge;
    cin>>node>>edge;
```

```
// Dynamic memory allocation for matrix
    int **m = new int*[node];
    for(int i=0;i<node;i++){</pre>
        m[i] = new int[node];
    }
    for(int i=0;i<node;i++){</pre>
        for(int j =0;j<node;j++){</pre>
           m[i][j]=0;
        }
    }
    int u,v;
    for(int i=0;i<edge;i++){</pre>
            cin>>u>>v;
            m[u][v]=m[v][u]=1;
    }
    printGraph(m, node);
    countDegree(m, node);
return 0;
}
/*
7 10
0 1
0 2
0 3
1 3
2 4
2 5
3 6
3 4
4 5
4 6
0111000
1001000
1000110
```

## **Graph Representation Using Adjacency List**

```
#include <bits/stdc++.h>
using namespace std;
void countDegree(vector<int> p[], int n){
int *d = new int[n];
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
       d[i]=0;
    }
for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
        d[i]=p[i].size();
    }
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
         cout<<i<<" degree "<<d[i]<<endl;</pre>
    }
}
void printGraph(vector<int> p[], int n){
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
```

```
cout<<i<<"-->";
        for(int j =0;j<p[i].size();j++){</pre>
             cout<<p[i][j]<<" ";
        }
        cout<<endl;</pre>
    }
}
int main(){
    int node, edge;
    cin>>node>>edge;
    vector<int> m[7];
    int u,v;
    for(int i=0;i<edge;i++){</pre>
            cin>>u>>v;
            m[u].push_back(v);
            m[v].push_back(u);
    }
    printGraph(m, node);
    countDegree(m, node);
return 0;
}
/*
7 10
0 1
0 2
0 3
1 3
2 4
2 5
3 6
3 4
4 5
4 6
```

```
0-->1 2 3

1-->0 3

2-->0 4 5

3-->0 1 6 4

4-->2 3 5 6

5-->2 4

6-->3 4

0 degree 3

1 degree 2

2 degree 3

3 degree 4

4 degree 4

5 degree 2

6 degree 2
```