

# ☐ Notebook Documentation & Execution Guide

This notebook demonstrates **model training and performance measurement** with a safe, reproducible execution flow. All cells are numbered logically to avoid execution-order issues.

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## ☐ Cell 1 : Environment Setup & System Configuration Check

### Purpose

- Prepare the execution environment by installing required dependencies.
- Detect hardware specifications (CPU, RAM, GPU) to understand available computational resources.
- Initialize Apache Spark for distributed data processing.
- Collect platform, framework, and runtime configuration details.
- Provide a summarized system report to document the implementation environment for reproducibility and performance analysis.

### ☐ Dependency Installation

- pyspark: Enables distributed computing and parallel data processing using Apache Spark.
- psutil: Retrieves system-level resource information such as memory and CPU usage.

```
!pip -q install pyspark psutil
```

### ☐ Environment Setup & Library Imports

- Initialize the Python execution environment required for distributed data processing and machine learning.
- Import system-level utilities for file handling, timing, and logging to support performance measurement and debugging.
- Load essential libraries for data manipulation, distributed computing using Apache Spark, and machine learning model development.
- Enable financial data acquisition using the yfinance API for real-world market data ingestion.
- Prepare Spark ML components such as feature engineering (VectorAssembler) and regression modeling (LinearRegression) for later stages of the pipeline.

```
import os
import platform
import psutil
import multiprocessing
import subprocess
import json
import sys
```

```

import time
import shutil
import logging
import pandas as pd
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
from pyspark.sql.types import StructType, StructField, DoubleType,
StringType
from pyspark.ml.regression import LinearRegression
from pyspark.ml.feature import VectorAssembler
import yfinance as yf # Added yfinance

```

## Hardware Detection

- multiprocessing.cpu\_count() - Determines number of CPU cores available for parallel execution.
- psutil.virtual\_memory() - Calculates total RAM capacity in GB.
- nvidia-smi - Checks for GPU availability to accelerate computation (especially deep learning tasks).

These metrics help evaluate:

- processing capability
- parallelism potential
- expected training speed

```

cpu_cores = multiprocessing.cpu_count()
ram_gb = round(psutil.virtual_memory().total/(1024**3),2)

gpu="None"
try:
    subprocess.check_output("nvidia-smi", shell=True)
    gpu="Available"
except:
    pass

print("CPU cores:", cpu_cores)
print("RAM (GB):", ram_gb)
print("GPU:", gpu)
print("OS:", platform.system(), platform.release())
print("Python:", platform.python_version())

CPU cores: 2
RAM (GB): 12.67
GPU: None
OS: Linux 6.6.105+
Python: 3.12.12

```

## Spark Initialization

```
from pyspark.sql import SparkSession
spark = SparkSession.builder.appName("EnvCheck").getOrCreate()
sc = spark.sparkContext
print("Spark version:", spark.version)
print("Parallelism:", sc.defaultParallelism)

Spark version: 4.0.2
Parallelism: 2
```

## Environment Summary

```
summary = {
    "Platform": "Colab" if "/content" in os.getcwd() else "Local",
    "Framework": f"Spark {spark.version}",
    "Language": "Python (PySpark)",
    "CPU cores": cpu_cores,
    "RAM(GB)": ram_gb,
    "GPU": gpu,
    "Parallelism": sc.defaultParallelism
}
print(json.dumps(summary, indent=4))

{
    "Platform": "Colab",
    "Framework": "Spark 4.0.2",
    "Language": "Python (PySpark)",
    "CPU cores": 2,
    "RAM(GB)": 12.67,
    "GPU": "None",
    "Parallelism": 2
}
```

This code block imports all necessary Python libraries for the project, including os, sys, time, shutil, logging, pandas, pyspark components for SQL and ML, and yfinance for fetching financial data. These imports prepare the environment for data manipulation, Spark operations, machine learning, and external data retrieval.

## Cell 2 : Performance Measurement – Training Time

Use this cell to measure total training time and compute speedup. Run **start timer** → **training** → **stop timer**.

### Cell A – start timer

```
import time
```

```
training_start_time = time.time()
print("Training started...")
```

```
Training started...
```

## Cell B – stop timer and metrics

```
training_end_time = time.time()

total_time = training_end_time - training_start_time
print("Total training time (seconds):", round(total_time, 2))
print("Total training time (minutes):", round(total_time/60, 2))

# Optional throughput (if dataset size known)
try:
    total_samples = len(train_ds) * 32
    print("Throughput (samples/sec):", round(total_samples/total_time, 2))
except:
    pass

Total training time (seconds): 0.01
Total training time (minutes): 0.0
```

## Cell 3 : Defines key configuration parameters

### Purpose

- This section defines key configuration parameters for the data ingestion and processing, such as the list of stock symbols to fetch. It also sets up environment variables required for Hadoop/Spark stability on Windows and configures logging for the application.

### CONFIGURATION SECTION

```
SYMBOLS_TO_FETCH = ["AAPL", "GOOGL", "MSFT", "AMZN", "NVDA", "TSLA",
"META", "BRK-B", "JPM", "V"] # List of symbols to fetch
SYMBOL = SYMBOLS_TO_FETCH[0] # This will store the name of the last
processed symbol for external use (e.g., plotting title)
```

### Hadoop/Spark environment setup for Windows stability

```
HADOOP_BIN = r"C:\hadoop\bin"
os.environ["PYSPARK_PYTHON"] = sys.executable
os.environ["PYSPARK_DRIVER_PYTHON"] = sys.executable
os.environ["HADOOP_HOME"] = r"C:\hadoop"
os.environ["PATH"] = HADOOP_BIN + os.pathsep + os.environ.get("PATH",
 "")
```

## Logging configuration for terminal output

```
logging.basicConfig(level=logging.INFO, format"%(asctime)s [% (levelname)s] %(message)s")
```

## Cell 4 : Initializes the SparkSession

### Purpose

- This cell initializes the SparkSession in local parallel mode, allowing Spark to utilize all available CPU cores.
- It also defines the schema for the incoming financial data, ensuring data consistency when converting pandas DataFrames to Spark DataFrames.
- A global list all\_symbols\_data is initialized to store processed data for later use, such as plotting.

### INITIALIZE SPARK (Parallel Local Mode)

#### local[\* shielded] triggers data parallelism across all CPU cores

```
spark = SparkSession.builder \
    .appName("Assignment2_Distributed_ML") \
    .master("local[*]") \
    .getOrCreate()
spark.sparkContext.setLogLevel("ERROR")
```

### Schema mapping for yfinance data after preprocessing

```
schema = StructType([
    StructField("timestamp", StringType(), True),
    StructField("open", DoubleType(), True),
    StructField("high", DoubleType(), True),
    StructField("low", DoubleType(), True),
    StructField("close", DoubleType(), True),
    StructField("adjusted_close", DoubleType(), True),
    StructField("volume", DoubleType(), True),
    StructField("dividend_amount", DoubleType(), True)
])
```

### Global list to store all processed pandas DataFrames for plotting

```
all_symbols_data = []
```

## Cell 5: Encapsulates the distributed machine learning logic

### Purpose

- This cell defines the train\_distributed\_model function, which encapsulates the distributed machine learning logic.
- It takes a micro-batch of data, performs feature engineering using VectorAssembler (selecting 'open', 'high', 'low', 'volume' as features and 'close' as the label), trains a Linear Regression model using Spark MLlib, and evaluates its performance using Root Mean Squared Error (RMSE).

## □ DISTRIBUTED ML LOGIC (The Aggregation Function A().)

```
def train_distributed_model(batch_df, batch_id):
    """
        This function processes each micro-batch independently on worker
        nodes.
        It fulfills the P2. Implementation requirements from Assignment 1.
    """
    if batch_df.rdd.isEmpty():
        return

    logger.info(f"\n--- [STEP 2: PROCESSING] Starting Batch {batch_id} ---")
    print(f"[DEBUG PRINT] Spark DataFrame Schema for Batch {batch_id}:")
    batch_df.printSchema() # Print Spark DataFrame schema

    try:
        # Feature Engineering Layer
        # Using 'close' as label and 'open', 'high', 'low', 'volume'
        as features
            assembler = VectorAssembler(inputCols=["open", "high", "low",
"volume"], outputCol="features")
            training_data =
assembler.transform(batch_df.dropna()).select("features", "close")
            print(f"[DEBUG PRINT] Sample of training_data for Batch {batch_id}:")
            training_data.show(5) # Show a sample of the training data

        # Distributed ML Training Layer (Spark MLlib)
        lr = LinearRegression(labelCol="close",
featuresCol="features")
        model = lr.fit(training_data)

        # Performance Evaluation (RMSE)
        rmse = model.summary.rootMeanSquaredError
        logger.info(f"[STEP 3: ML] Model Converged for Batch {batch_id}. RMSE: {rmse:.4f}")
        print(f"[DEBUG PRINT] Batch {batch_id} RMSE: {rmse:.4f}") # Added print statement

    except Exception as e:
        logger.error(f"Batch {batch_id} failed: {e}")
```

## Cell 6 : Handles the ETL process

### Purpose

- This cell defines the run\_ingestion\_and\_streaming function, which handles the ETL process.
- It iterates through a predefined list of stock symbols, uses yfinance to download historical data for each symbol, preprocesses the data to match the defined Spark schema, and then converts it into a Spark DataFrame.
- Finally, it calls the train\_distributed\_model function for each symbol to initiate the distributed ML processing.

### INGESTION LAYER (ETL via REST API)

```
def run_ingestion_and_streaming():
    """
        Fetches financial data using yfinance and triggers the Spark
        processing stream.
    """
    logger.info("[STEP 1: INGESTION] Starting data ingestion using
yfinance...")

    global pdf_global # Declare pdf_global to be accessible for
graphing later
    global SYMBOL # Declare SYMBOL as global to be updated with
current symbol in loop
    global all_symbols_data # Declare all_symbols_data as global

    # Initialize pdf_global to None, it will hold the data of the last
processed symbol
    pdf_global = None
    all_symbols_data = [] # Clear the list for each run

    for current_symbol in SYMBOLS_TO_FETCH:
        try:
            # Update the global SYMBOL for the current iteration (used
in plotting cell for title)
            SYMBOL = current_symbol

            logger.info(f"[STEP 1] Fetching {current_symbol} data from
yfinance...")
            pdf = yf.download(current_symbol, auto_adjust=True) #  

auto_adjust=True also sets 'Close' to adjusted value

            if pdf.empty:
                logger.warning(f"[STEP 1] No data received for symbol
{current_symbol}.")
                continue

            # Debug Print: Raw columns after yf.download
```

```

        print(f"[DEBUG INGESTION] {current_symbol}: Raw columns
after yf.download: {pdf.columns.tolist()}")
        print(f"[DEBUG INGESTION] {current_symbol}: First 3 rows
after yf.download:\n{pdf.head(3)}")

pdf = pdf.reset_index()

# Debug Print: Columns after reset_index
print(f"[DEBUG INGESTION] {current_symbol}: Columns after
reset_index: {pdf.columns.tolist()}")
print(f"[DEBUG INGESTION] {current_symbol}: First 3 rows
after reset_index:\n{pdf.head(3)}")

# Robust flattening of column names, specifically handling
MultiIndex for yfinance.
new_columns = []
if isinstance(pdf.columns, pd.MultiIndex):
    new_columns = [col_tuple[0] if col_tuple[0] != '' else
col_tuple[1] for col_tuple in pdf.columns]
else:
    new_columns = [str(col) for col in pdf.columns] #
Ensure all are strings

pdf.columns = [col.lower() for col in new_columns]
# Debug Print: Columns after flattening and initial
lowercasing
print(f"[DEBUG INGESTION] {current_symbol}: Columns after
flattening and initial lowercasing: {pdf.columns.tolist()}")

# Rename specific columns to match the schema.
rename_map = {
    'date': 'timestamp',
    'dividends': 'dividend_amount'
}
actual_rename_map = {k: v for k, v in rename_map.items()
if k in pdf.columns}
pdf = pdf.rename(columns=actual_rename_map)
# Debug Print: Columns after specific renaming
print(f"[DEBUG INGESTION] {current_symbol}: Columns after
specific renaming: {pdf.columns.tolist()}")

# Create 'adjusted_close' column from 'close' as
auto_adjust=True means 'close' is already adjusted.
if 'close' in pdf.columns:
    pdf['adjusted_close'] = pdf['close']
else:
    logger.error(f"[STEP 1] 'close' column not found after
preprocessing for {current_symbol}. Final columns:
{pdf.columns.tolist()}")
    continue

```

```

# Ensure 'timestamp' is string type to match schema
if 'timestamp' in pdf.columns:
    pdf['timestamp'] = pdf['timestamp'].astype(str)
else:
    logger.error(f"[STEP 1] 'timestamp' column not found
after preprocessing for {current_symbol}. Final columns:
{pdf.columns.tolist()}")
    continue

    # Add dividend_amount column if missing, filling with 0.0
(or pd.NA) to match schema
    if 'dividend_amount' not in pdf.columns:
        logger.info(f"[STEP 1] 'dividend_amount' column not
found in yfinance data for {current_symbol}. Adding with default value
0.0.")
        pdf['dividend_amount'] = 0.0

    # Ensure 'volume' is DoubleType() for Spark
    if 'volume' in pdf.columns:
        pdf['volume'] = pdf['volume'].astype('float64')
    else:
        logger.error(f"[STEP 1] 'volume' column not found
after preprocessing for {current_symbol}. Final columns:
{pdf.columns.tolist()}")
        continue

    # Select and reorder columns to match the Spark schema
    required_columns = [field.name for field in schema.fields]

    # First, check if any REQUIRED columns are missing from
the fetched PDF
    missing_required_cols = [col for col in required_columns
if col not in pdf.columns]
    if missing_required_cols:
        logger.error(f"[STEP 1] Missing required columns after
yfinance download and preprocessing for {current_symbol}:
{missing_required_cols}. Expected: {required_columns}, Found:
{pdf.columns.tolist()}")
        continue # Skip to next symbol if essential columns
are missing

    # Next, drop any EXTRA columns (not in schema) from the
fetched PDF
    cols_to_drop = [col for col in pdf.columns if col not in
required_columns]
    if cols_to_drop:
        logger.info(f"[STEP 1] Dropping extra columns not in
schema for {current_symbol}: {cols_to_drop}")
        pdf = pdf.drop(columns=cols_to_drop)

```

```

# Reorder columns to match the schema exactly before
creating Spark DataFrame
pdf = pdf[required_columns]

logger.info(f"[STEP 1] Successfully fetched and
preprocessed {len(pdf)} rows of data for {current_symbol}.")
print(f"[DEBUG INGESTION] {current_symbol}: Final pandas
DataFrame before Spark conversion (first 3 rows):\n{pdf.head(3)}")

# Update pdf_global with the current processed DataFrame
(for potential plotting of the last symbol)
pdf_global = pdf.copy()

# Store each processed dataframe and its symbol
all_symbols_data.append({'symbol': current_symbol, 'data':
pdf.copy()})

# Create Distributed DataFrame and call ML Aggregator
sdf = spark.createDataFrame(pdf, schema=schema)
print(f"[DEBUG PRINT] Type of sdf before calling
train_distributed_model for {current_symbol}: {type(sdf)}") # Changed
to print
train_distributed_model(sdf, f"{current_symbol}_0") # Using symbol_0 as batch_id

except Exception as e:
    logger.error(f"Ingestion and Streaming Loop Error for
{current_symbol}: {e}")

```

## Cell 7 : Main Execution Block

### Purpose

- This is the main execution block of the script.
- When the script is run, it calls `run_ingestion_and_streaming()` to start the data pipeline.
- It includes error handling for `KeyboardInterrupt` and ensures that the `SparkSession` is properly stopped upon completion or interruption, cleaning up resources.

### EXECUTION BLOCK

```

import time

start = time.time()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    # Ensure logger is defined. logging is already imported in cell
4d31c684,

```

```

# and basicConfig is set in cell e9XdouYpJeia. We define the
logger instance here.
logger = logging.getLogger(__name__)
logger.info("[SYSTEM] Executing Parallel & Distributed Machine
Learning Pipeline...")
# pdf_global = None # Initialized inside
run_ingestion_and_streaming
try:
    run_ingestion_and_streaming()
except KeyboardInterrupt:
    logger.info("Program stopped by user.")
finally:
    spark.stop()
    logger.info("[SYSTEM] Pipeline shutdown. Assignment execution
complete.")

end = time.time()
training_time = end - start

print("Training time (seconds):", training_time)

[*****100%*****] 1 of 1 completed

[DEBUG INGESTION] AAPL: Raw columns after yf.download: [('Close',
'AAPL'), ('High', 'AAPL'), ('Low', 'AAPL'), ('Open', 'AAPL'),
('Volume', 'AAPL')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] AAPL: First 3 rows after yf.download:
Price           Close        High        Low       Open      Volume
Ticker          AAPL         AAPL         AAPL       AAPL      AAPL
Date
2026-01-13  260.805939  261.565238  258.148452  258.478130  45730800
2026-01-14  259.716980  261.575257  256.470018  259.247418  40019400
2026-01-15  257.968597  260.795969  256.809678  260.406319  39388600
[DEBUG INGESTION] AAPL: Columns after reset_index: ['Date', '',
('Close', 'AAPL'), ('High', 'AAPL'), ('Low', 'AAPL'), ('Open',
'AAPL'), ('Volume', 'AAPL')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] AAPL: First 3 rows after reset_index:
Price       Date       Close        High        Low       Open
Volume
Ticker          AAPL         AAPL         AAPL       AAPL      AAPL
AAPL
0      2026-01-13  260.805939  261.565238  258.148452  258.478130
45730800
1      2026-01-14  259.716980  261.575257  256.470018  259.247418
40019400
2      2026-01-15  257.968597  260.795969  256.809678  260.406319
39388600
[DEBUG INGESTION] AAPL: Columns after flattening and initial
lowercasing: ['date', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']

```

```

[DEBUG INGESTION] AAPL: Columns after specific renaming: ['timestamp',
'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] AAPL: Final pandas DataFrame before Spark conversion
(first 3 rows):
   timestamp      open      high      low      close
adjusted_close \
0 2026-01-13  258.478130  261.565238  258.148452  260.805939
260.805939
1 2026-01-14  259.247418  261.575257  256.470018  259.716980
259.716980
2 2026-01-15  260.406319  260.795969  256.809678  257.968597
257.968597

      volume  dividend_amount
0 45730800.0              0.0
1 40019400.0              0.0
2 39388600.0              0.0

```

```

[DEBUG PRINT] Type of sdf before calling train_distributed_model for
AAPL: <class 'pyspark.sql.DataFrame'>
[DEBUG PRINT] Spark DataFrame Schema for Batch AAPL_0:
root
|-- timestamp: string (nullable = true)
|-- open: double (nullable = true)
|-- high: double (nullable = true)
|-- low: double (nullable = true)
|-- close: double (nullable = true)
|-- adjusted_close: double (nullable = true)
|-- volume: double (nullable = true)
|-- dividend_amount: double (nullable = true)

[DEBUG PRINT] Sample of training_data for Batch AAPL_0:
+-----+-----+
|     features|      close|
+-----+-----+
|[258.478130394321...| 260.8059387207031|
|[259.247418118488...|259.71697998046875|
|[260.406318756448...| 257.9685974121094|
|[257.658902018279...|255.29112243652344|
|[252.493737395715...|246.46937561035156|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows

[*****100%*****] 1 of 1 completed

[DEBUG PRINT] Batch AAPL_0 RMSE: 1.2905
[DEBUG INGESTION] GOOGL: Raw columns after yf.download: [('Close',
'GOOGL'), ('High', 'GOOGL'), ('Low', 'GOOGL'), ('Open', 'GOOGL'),

```

```
('Volume', 'GOOGL'))]
[DEBUG INGESTION] GOOGL: First 3 rows after yf.download:
Price           Close      High       Low      Open   Volume
Ticker          GOOGL     GOOGL     GOOGL    GOOGL   GOOGL
Date
2026-01-13  335.970001  340.489990  333.619995  334.950012  33517600
2026-01-14  335.839996  336.519989  330.480011  335.059998  28525600
2026-01-15  332.779999  337.690002  330.739990  337.649994  28442400
[DEBUG INGESTION] GOOGL: Columns after reset_index: [('Date', ''),
('Close', 'GOOGL'), ('High', 'GOOGL'), ('Low', 'GOOGL'), ('Open',
'GOOGL'), ('Volume', 'GOOGL')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] GOOGL: First 3 rows after reset_index:
Price       Date      Close      High       Low      Open
Volume
Ticker
GOOGL
0  2026-01-13  335.970001  340.489990  333.619995  334.950012
33517600
1  2026-01-14  335.839996  336.519989  330.480011  335.059998
28525600
2  2026-01-15  332.779999  337.690002  330.739990  337.649994
28442400
[DEBUG INGESTION] GOOGL: Columns after flattening and initial
lowercasing: ['date', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] GOOGL: Columns after specific renaming:
['timestamp', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] GOOGL: Final pandas DataFrame before Spark
conversion (first 3 rows):
  timestamp      open      high      low      close
adjusted_close \
0  2026-01-13  334.950012  340.489990  333.619995  335.970001
335.970001
1  2026-01-14  335.059998  336.519989  330.480011  335.839996
335.839996
2  2026-01-15  337.649994  337.690002  330.739990  332.779999
332.779999

  volume  dividend_amount
0  33517600.0          0.0
1  28525600.0          0.0
2  28442400.0          0.0
[DEBUG PRINT] Type of sdf before calling train_distributed_model for
GOOGL: <class 'pyspark.sql.classic.DataFrame'>
```

```
[DEBUG PRINT] Spark DataFrame Schema for Batch GOOGL_0:
root
| -- timestamp: string (nullable = true)
| -- open: double (nullable = true)
```

```

| -- high: double (nullable = true)
| -- low: double (nullable = true)
| -- close: double (nullable = true)
| -- adjusted_close: double (nullable = true)
| -- volume: double (nullable = true)
| -- dividend_amount: double (nullable = true)

[DEBUG PRINT] Sample of training_data for Batch GOOGL_0:
+-----+-----+
|       features|      close|
+-----+-----+
|[334.950012207031...|335.9700012207031|
|[335.059997558593...|335.8399963378906|
|[337.649993896484...|332.7799987792969|
|[334.410003662109...|            330.0|
|[320.869995117187...|            322.0|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows

[*****100%*****] 1 of 1 completed

[DEBUG PRINT] Batch GOOGL_0 RMSE: 2.1626
[DEBUG INGESTION] MSFT: Raw columns after yf.download: [('Close', 'MSFT'), ('High', 'MSFT'), ('Low', 'MSFT'), ('Open', 'MSFT'), ('Volume', 'MSFT')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] MSFT: First 3 rows after yf.download:
Price           Close        High        Low        Open        Volume
Ticker          MSFT         MSFT         MSFT         MSFT         MSFT
Date
2026-01-13    470.670013  475.779999  465.950012  474.679993  28545800
2026-01-14    459.380005  468.200012  457.170013  466.459991  28184300
2026-01-15    456.660004  464.250000  455.899994  464.119995  23225800
[DEBUG INGESTION] MSFT: Columns after reset_index: [('Date', ''), ('Close', 'MSFT'), ('High', 'MSFT'), ('Low', 'MSFT'), ('Open', 'MSFT'), ('Volume', 'MSFT')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] MSFT: First 3 rows after reset_index:
Price           Date        Close        High        Low        Open
Volume
Ticker          MSFT         MSFT         MSFT         MSFT
MSFT
0      2026-01-13  470.670013  475.779999  465.950012  474.679993
28545800
1      2026-01-14  459.380005  468.200012  457.170013  466.459991
28184300
2      2026-01-15  456.660004  464.250000  455.899994  464.119995
23225800
[DEBUG INGESTION] MSFT: Columns after flattening and initial
lowercasing: ['date', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] MSFT: Columns after specific renaming: ['timestamp',
'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']

```

```
[DEBUG INGESTION] MSFT: Final pandas DataFrame before Spark conversion
(first 3 rows):
   timestamp      open      high      low      close
adjusted_close \
0 2026-01-13  474.679993  475.779999  465.950012  470.670013
470.670013
1 2026-01-14  466.459991  468.200012  457.170013  459.380005
459.380005
2 2026-01-15  464.119995  464.250000  455.899994  456.660004
456.660004

      volume  dividend_amount
0  28545800.0          0.0
1  28184300.0          0.0
2  23225800.0          0.0
```

[DEBUG PRINT] Type of sdf before calling train\_distributed\_model for MSFT: <class 'pyspark.sql.classic.DataFrame'>

[DEBUG PRINT] Spark DataFrame Schema for Batch MSFT\_0:

```
root
|-- timestamp: string (nullable = true)
|-- open: double (nullable = true)
|-- high: double (nullable = true)
|-- low: double (nullable = true)
|-- close: double (nullable = true)
|-- adjusted_close: double (nullable = true)
|-- volume: double (nullable = true)
|-- dividend_amount: double (nullable = true)
```

[DEBUG PRINT] Sample of training\_data for Batch MSFT\_0:

features	close
[474.679992675781...	470.6700134277344
[466.459991455078...	459.3800048828125
[464.119995117187...	456.6600036621094
[457.829986572265...	459.8599853515625
[451.220001220703...	454.5199890136719

only showing top 5 rows

[\*\*\*\*\*100%\*\*\*\*\*] 1 of 1 completed

[DEBUG PRINT] Batch MSFT\_0 RMSE: 2.2205

[DEBUG INGESTION] AMZN: Raw columns after yf.download: [('Close', 'AMZN'), ('High', 'AMZN'), ('Low', 'AMZN'), ('Open', 'AMZN'), ('Volume', 'AMZN')]

[DEBUG INGESTION] AMZN: First 3 rows after yf.download:

```

Price           Close          High           Low            Open          Volume
Ticker          AMZN          AMZN          AMZN          AMZN          AMZN
Date
2026-01-13    242.600006   247.660004   240.250000   246.529999   38371800
2026-01-14    236.649994   241.279999   236.220001   241.149994   41410600
2026-01-15    238.179993   240.649994   236.630005   239.309998   43003600
[DEBUG INGESTION] AMZN: Columns after reset_index: [('Date', ''),
('Close', 'AMZN'), ('High', 'AMZN'), ('Low', 'AMZN'), ('Open',
'AMZN'), ('Volume', 'AMZN')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] AMZN: First 3 rows after reset_index:
Price          Date          Close          High           Low           Open
Volume
Ticker          AMZN          AMZN          AMZN          AMZN
AMZN
0      2026-01-13  242.600006  247.660004  240.250000  246.529999
38371800
1      2026-01-14  236.649994  241.279999  236.220001  241.149994
41410600
2      2026-01-15  238.179993  240.649994  236.630005  239.309998
43003600
[DEBUG INGESTION] AMZN: Columns after flattening and initial
lowercasing: ['date', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] AMZN: Columns after specific renaming: ['timestamp',
'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] AMZN: Final pandas DataFrame before Spark conversion
(first 3 rows):
    timestamp        open        high        low        close
adjusted_close \
0  2026-01-13  246.529999  247.660004  240.250000  242.600006
242.600006
1  2026-01-14  241.149994  241.279999  236.220001  236.649994
236.649994
2  2026-01-15  239.309998  240.649994  236.630005  238.179993
238.179993

    volume  dividend_amount
0  38371800.0          0.0
1  41410600.0          0.0
2  43003600.0          0.0
[DEBUG PRINT] Type of sdf before calling train_distributed_model for
AMZN: <class 'pyspark.sql.DataFrame'>

[DEBUG PRINT] Spark DataFrame Schema for Batch AMZN_0:
root
|-- timestamp: string (nullable = true)
|-- open: double (nullable = true)
|-- high: double (nullable = true)
|-- low: double (nullable = true)

```

```

| -- close: double (nullable = true)
| -- adjusted_close: double (nullable = true)
| -- volume: double (nullable = true)
| -- dividend_amount: double (nullable = true)

[DEBUG PRINT] Sample of training_data for Batch AMZN_0:
+-----+-----+
|       features|      close|
+-----+-----+
|[246.529998779296...|242.60000610351562|
|[241.149993896484...|236.64999389648438|
|[239.309997558593...|238.17999267578125|
|[239.089996337890...|239.1199951171875|
|[233.759994506835...|231.0|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows

[*****100%*****] 1 of 1 completed

[DEBUG PRINT] Batch AMZN_0 RMSE: 1.4104
[DEBUG INGESTION] NVDA: Raw columns after yf.download: [('Close', 'NVDA'), ('High', 'NVDA'), ('Low', 'NVDA'), ('Open', 'NVDA'), ('Volume', 'NVDA')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] NVDA: First 3 rows after yf.download:
Price          Close        High        Low        Open        Volume
Ticker          NVDA         NVDA        NVDA        NVDA        NVDA
Date
2026-01-13  185.809998  188.110001  183.399994  185.000000  160128900
2026-01-14  183.139999  184.460007  180.800003  184.320007  159586100
2026-01-15  187.050003  189.699997  186.330002  186.500000  206188600
[DEBUG INGESTION] NVDA: Columns after reset_index: [('Date', ''), ('Close', 'NVDA'), ('High', 'NVDA'), ('Low', 'NVDA'), ('Open', 'NVDA'), ('Volume', 'NVDA')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] NVDA: First 3 rows after reset_index:
Price          Date        Close        High        Low        Open
Volume
Ticker          NVDA         NVDA        NVDA        NVDA        NVDA
NVDA
0      2026-01-13  185.809998  188.110001  183.399994  185.000000
160128900
1      2026-01-14  183.139999  184.460007  180.800003  184.320007
159586100
2      2026-01-15  187.050003  189.699997  186.330002  186.500000
206188600
[DEBUG INGESTION] NVDA: Columns after flattening and initial
lowercasing: ['date', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] NVDA: Columns after specific renaming: ['timestamp', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] NVDA: Final pandas DataFrame before Spark conversion
(first 3 rows):

```

	timestamp	open	high	low	close
adjusted_close \					
0	2026-01-13	185.000000	188.110001	183.399994	185.809998
	185.809998				
1	2026-01-14	184.320007	184.460007	180.800003	183.139999
	183.139999				
2	2026-01-15	186.500000	189.699997	186.330002	187.050003
	187.050003				
	volume	dividend_amount			
0	160128900.0	0.0			
1	159586100.0	0.0			
2	206188600.0	0.0			

[DEBUG PRINT] Type of sdf before calling train\_distributed\_model for NVDA: <class 'pyspark.sql.classic.dataframe.DataFrame'>

[DEBUG PRINT] Spark DataFrame Schema for Batch NVDA\_0:

```
root
|-- timestamp: string (nullable = true)
|-- open: double (nullable = true)
|-- high: double (nullable = true)
|-- low: double (nullable = true)
|-- close: double (nullable = true)
|-- adjusted_close: double (nullable = true)
|-- volume: double (nullable = true)
|-- dividend_amount: double (nullable = true)
```

[DEBUG PRINT] Sample of training\_data for Batch NVDA\_0:

features	close
[185.0,188.110000...]	185.80999755859375
[184.320007324218...]	183.1399938964844
[186.5,189.699996...]	187.0500030517578
[189.080001831054...]	186.22999572753906
[181.899993896484...]	178.07000732421875

only showing top 5 rows

[\*\*\*\*\*100%\*\*\*\*\*] 1 of 1 completed

[DEBUG PRINT] Batch NVDA\_0 RMSE: 1.1779

[DEBUG INGESTION] TSLA: Raw columns after yf.download: [('Close', 'TSLA'), ('High', 'TSLA'), ('Low', 'TSLA'), ('Open', 'TSLA'), ('Volume', 'TSLA')]

[DEBUG INGESTION] TSLA: First 3 rows after yf.download:

Price	Close	High	Low	Open	Volume
Ticker	TSLA	TSLA	TSLA	TSLA	TSLA

```

Date
2026-01-13 447.200012 451.809998 443.950012 450.200012 53719200
2026-01-14 439.200012 443.910004 434.220001 442.809998 57259500
2026-01-15 438.570007 445.359985 437.649994 441.130005 49465800
[DEBUG INGESTION] TSLA: Columns after reset_index: [('Date', ''),
('Close', 'TSLA'), ('High', 'TSLA'), ('Low', 'TSLA'), ('Open',
'TSLA'), ('Volume', 'TSLA')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] TSLA: First 3 rows after reset_index:
Price          Date        Close       High        Low       Open
Volume
Ticker          TSLA        TSLA        TSLA        TSLA
TSLA
0      2026-01-13 447.200012 451.809998 443.950012 450.200012
53719200
1      2026-01-14 439.200012 443.910004 434.220001 442.809998
57259500
2      2026-01-15 438.570007 445.359985 437.649994 441.130005
49465800
[DEBUG INGESTION] TSLA: Columns after flattening and initial
lowercasing: ['date', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] TSLA: Columns after specific renaming: ['timestamp',
'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] TSLA: Final pandas DataFrame before Spark conversion
(first 3 rows):
    timestamp        open        high        low        close
adjusted_close \
0 2026-01-13 450.200012 451.809998 443.950012 447.200012
447.200012
1 2026-01-14 442.809998 443.910004 434.220001 439.200012
439.200012
2 2026-01-15 441.130005 445.359985 437.649994 438.570007
438.570007

    volume  dividend_amount
0 53719200.0            0.0
1 57259500.0            0.0
2 49465800.0            0.0
[DEBUG PRINT] Type of sdf before calling train_distributed_model for
TSLA: <class 'pyspark.sql.DataFrame'>

[DEBUG PRINT] Spark DataFrame Schema for Batch TSLA_0:
root
|-- timestamp: string (nullable = true)
|-- open: double (nullable = true)
|-- high: double (nullable = true)
|-- low: double (nullable = true)
|-- close: double (nullable = true)
|-- adjusted_close: double (nullable = true)

```

```

| -- volume: double (nullable = true)
| -- dividend_amount: double (nullable = true)

[DEBUG PRINT] Sample of training_data for Batch TSLA_0:
+-----+-----+
|       features|      close|
+-----+-----+
|[450.200012207031...|447.20001220703125|
|[442.809997558593...|439.20001220703125|
|[441.130004882812...|438.57000732421875|
|[439.5, 447.25, 435...|           437.5|
|[429.359985351562...|           419.25|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows

[*****100%*****] 1 of 1 completed

[DEBUG PRINT] Batch TSLA_0 RMSE: 2.4789
[DEBUG INGESTION] META: Raw columns after yf.download: [('Close', 'META'), ('High', 'META'), ('Low', 'META'), ('Open', 'META'), ('Volume', 'META')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] META: First 3 rows after yf.download:
Price          Close        High        Low        Open        Volume
Ticker          META         META         META         META         META
Date
2026-01-13  631.090027  642.270020  624.099976  642.27002  18030400
2026-01-14  615.520020  628.450012  614.820007  626.50000  15527900
2026-01-15  620.799988  624.169983  614.229980  618.47998  13076100
[DEBUG INGESTION] META: Columns after reset_index: [('Date', ''), ('Close', 'META'), ('High', 'META'), ('Low', 'META'), ('Open', 'META'), ('Volume', 'META')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] META: First 3 rows after reset_index:
Price          Date        Close        High        Low        Open
Volume
Ticker          META         META         META         META         META
META
0    2026-01-13  631.090027  642.270020  624.099976  642.27002
18030400
1    2026-01-14  615.520020  628.450012  614.820007  626.50000
15527900
2    2026-01-15  620.799988  624.169983  614.229980  618.47998
13076100
[DEBUG INGESTION] META: Columns after flattening and initial
lowercasing: ['date', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] META: Columns after specific renaming: ['timestamp', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] META: Final pandas DataFrame before Spark conversion
(first 3 rows):
    timestamp      open      high      low      close
adjusted_close \

```

```

0 2026-01-13 642.27002 642.270020 624.099976 631.090027
631.090027
1 2026-01-14 626.50000 628.450012 614.820007 615.520020
615.520020
2 2026-01-15 618.47998 624.169983 614.229980 620.799988
620.799988

      volume  dividend_amount
0  18030400.0          0.0
1  15527900.0          0.0
2  13076100.0          0.0
[DEBUG PRINT] Type of sdf before calling train_distributed_model for
META: <class 'pyspark.sql.classic.DataFrame'>

[DEBUG PRINT] Spark DataFrame Schema for Batch META_0:
root
|-- timestamp: string (nullable = true)
|-- open: double (nullable = true)
|-- high: double (nullable = true)
|-- low: double (nullable = true)
|-- close: double (nullable = true)
|-- adjusted_close: double (nullable = true)
|-- volume: double (nullable = true)
|-- dividend_amount: double (nullable = true)

[DEBUG PRINT] Sample of training_data for Batch META_0:
+-----+-----+
|       features|      close|
+-----+-----+
|[642.27001953125,...|631.0900268554688|
|[626.5,628.450012...| 615.52001953125|
|[618.47998046875,...|620.7999877929688|
|[624.179992675781...|       620.25|
|[607.880004882812...|604.1199951171875|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows

[*****100%*****] 1 of 1 completed

[DEBUG PRINT] Batch META_0 RMSE: 4.2868
[DEBUG INGESTION] BRK-B: Raw columns after yf.download: [('Close', 'BRK-B'), ('High', 'BRK-B'), ('Low', 'BRK-B'), ('Open', 'BRK-B'), ('Volume', 'BRK-B')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] BRK-B: First 3 rows after yf.download:
Price           Close        High        Low        Open     Volume
Ticker          BRK-B       BRK-B       BRK-B       BRK-B    BRK-B
Date
2026-01-13  495.239990  498.000000  493.339996  497.619995  4257600

```

```

2026-01-14 493.149994 497.619995 492.000000 494.170013 5033700
2026-01-15 492.619995 495.630005 490.750000 492.950012 4165200
[DEBUG INGESTION] BRK-B: Columns after reset_index: [('Date', ''),
('Close', 'BRK-B'), ('High', 'BRK-B'), ('Low', 'BRK-B'), ('Open',
'BRK-B'), ('Volume', 'BRK-B')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] BRK-B: First 3 rows after reset_index:
Price          Date        Close       High        Low       Open
Volume
Ticker          Ticker      BRK-B       BRK-B      BRK-B      BRK-B
BRK-B
0      2026-01-13 495.239990 498.000000 493.339996 497.619995
4257600
1      2026-01-14 493.149994 497.619995 492.000000 494.170013
5033700
2      2026-01-15 492.619995 495.630005 490.750000 492.950012
4165200
[DEBUG INGESTION] BRK-B: Columns after flattening and initial
lowercasing: ['date', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] BRK-B: Columns after specific renaming:
['timestamp', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] BRK-B: Final pandas DataFrame before Spark
conversion (first 3 rows):
    timestamp      open      high      low      close
adjusted_close \
0 2026-01-13 497.619995 498.000000 493.339996 495.239990
495.239990
1 2026-01-14 494.170013 497.619995 492.000000 493.149994
493.149994
2 2026-01-15 492.950012 495.630005 490.750000 492.619995
492.619995

    volume  dividend_amount
0 4257600.0          0.0
1 5033700.0          0.0
2 4165200.0          0.0
[DEBUG PRINT] Type of sdf before calling train_distributed_model for
BRK-B: <class 'pyspark.sql.DataFrame'>

[DEBUG PRINT] Spark DataFrame Schema for Batch BRK-B_0:
root
|-- timestamp: string (nullable = true)
|-- open: double (nullable = true)
|-- high: double (nullable = true)
|-- low: double (nullable = true)
|-- close: double (nullable = true)
|-- adjusted_close: double (nullable = true)
|-- volume: double (nullable = true)
|-- dividend_amount: double (nullable = true)

```

```
[DEBUG PRINT] Sample of training_data for Batch BRK-B_0:
+-----+-----+
|       features|      close|
+-----+-----+
|[497.619995117187...| 495.239990234375|
|[494.170013427734...|493.1499938964844|
|[492.950012207031...|492.6199951171875|
|[491.670013427734...|493.2900085449219|
|[490.799987792968...|485.3900146484375|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows

[ ****100%*****] 1 of 1 completed

[DEBUG PRINT] Batch BRK-B_0 RMSE: 1.7547
[DEBUG INGESTION] JPM: Raw columns after yf.download: [('Close', 'JPM'), ('High', 'JPM'), ('Low', 'JPM'), ('Open', 'JPM'), ('Volume', 'JPM')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] JPM: First 3 rows after yf.download:
Price           Close        High        Low        Open        Volume
Ticker          JPM          JPM          JPM          JPM          JPM          JPM
Date
2026-01-13  310.899994  326.859985  310.570007  324.299988  19371200
2026-01-14  307.869995  311.760010  306.119995  308.200012  25951500
2026-01-15  309.260010  312.940002  307.750000  308.470001  14751400
[DEBUG INGESTION] JPM: Columns after reset_index: [('Date', ''), ('Close', 'JPM'), ('High', 'JPM'), ('Low', 'JPM'), ('Open', 'JPM'), ('Volume', 'JPM')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] JPM: First 3 rows after reset_index:
Price           Date        Close        High        Low        Open
Volume
Ticker          JPM          JPM          JPM          JPM          JPM
JPM
0      2026-01-13  310.899994  326.859985  310.570007  324.299988
19371200
1      2026-01-14  307.869995  311.760010  306.119995  308.200012
25951500
2      2026-01-15  309.260010  312.940002  307.750000  308.470001
14751400
[DEBUG INGESTION] JPM: Columns after flattening and initial
lowercasing: ['date', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] JPM: Columns after specific renaming: ['timestamp', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] JPM: Final pandas DataFrame before Spark conversion
(first 3 rows):
    timestamp      open      high      low      close
adjusted_close \
0 2026-01-13  324.299988  326.859985  310.570007  310.899994
310.899994
```

```

1 2026-01-14 308.200012 311.760010 306.119995 307.869995
307.869995
2 2026-01-15 308.470001 312.940002 307.750000 309.260010
309.260010

      volume  dividend_amount
0 19371200.0          0.0
1 25951500.0          0.0
2 14751400.0          0.0
[DEBUG PRINT] Type of sdf before calling train_distributed_model for
JPM: <class 'pyspark.sql.classic.DataFrame'>

[DEBUG PRINT] Spark DataFrame Schema for Batch JPM_0:
root
|-- timestamp: string (nullable = true)
|-- open: double (nullable = true)
|-- high: double (nullable = true)
|-- low: double (nullable = true)
|-- close: double (nullable = true)
|-- adjusted_close: double (nullable = true)
|-- volume: double (nullable = true)
|-- dividend_amount: double (nullable = true)

[DEBUG PRINT] Sample of training_data for Batch JPM_0:
+-----+-----+
|       features|      close|
+-----+-----+
|[324.299987792968...|310.8999938964844|
|[308.200012207031...|307.8699951171875|
|[308.470001220703...| 309.260009765625|
|[310.350006103515...|312.4700012207031|
|[306.209991455078...| 302.739990234375|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows

[*****100%*****] 1 of 1 completed

[DEBUG PRINT] Batch JPM_0 RMSE: 1.4620
[DEBUG INGESTION] V: Raw columns after yf.download: [('Close', 'V'), ('High', 'V'), ('Low', 'V'), ('Open', 'V'), ('Volume', 'V')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] V: First 3 rows after yf.download:
Price           Close           High           Low           Open           Volume
Ticker             V              V              V              V              V
Date
2026-01-13  327.205292  336.825439  323.163608  336.306520  20383500
2026-01-14  328.492645  329.221124  323.273397  327.983685  9388400
2026-01-15  327.075531  331.007425  325.698366  328.652266  8587700
[DEBUG INGESTION] V: Columns after reset_index: [('Date', '')],

```

```

('Close', 'V'), ('High', 'V'), ('Low', 'V'), ('Open', 'V'), ('Volume', 'V')]
[DEBUG INGESTION] V: First 3 rows after reset_index:
Price          Date      Close      High      Low      Open
Volume
Ticker
V
0   2026-01-13  327.205292  336.825439  323.163608  336.306520
20383500
1   2026-01-14  328.492645  329.221124  323.273397  327.983685
9388400
2   2026-01-15  327.075531  331.007425  325.698366  328.652266
8587700
[DEBUG INGESTION] V: Columns after flattening and initial lowercasing:
['date', 'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] V: Columns after specific renaming: ['timestamp',
'close', 'high', 'low', 'open', 'volume']
[DEBUG INGESTION] V: Final pandas DataFrame before Spark conversion
(first 3 rows):
    timestamp      open      high      low      close
adjusted_close \
0  2026-01-13  336.306520  336.825439  323.163608  327.205292
327.205292
1  2026-01-14  327.983685  329.221124  323.273397  328.492645
328.492645
2  2026-01-15  328.652266  331.007425  325.698366  327.075531
327.075531

    volume  dividend_amount
0  20383500.0          0.0
1  9388400.0          0.0
2  8587700.0          0.0
[DEBUG PRINT] Type of sdf before calling train_distributed_model for
V: <class 'pyspark.sql.dataframe.DataFrame'>

[DEBUG PRINT] Spark DataFrame Schema for Batch V_0:
root
|--- timestamp: string (nullable = true)
|--- open: double (nullable = true)
|--- high: double (nullable = true)
|--- low: double (nullable = true)
|--- close: double (nullable = true)
|--- adjusted_close: double (nullable = true)
|--- volume: double (nullable = true)
|--- dividend_amount: double (nullable = true)

[DEBUG PRINT] Sample of training_data for Batch V_0:
+-----+-----+

```

```

|      features |      close |
+-----+-----+
|[336.306519693089...|327.2052917480469|
|[327.983684999412...|328.4926452636719|
|[328.652266161026...|327.0755310058594|
|[326.107528572004...|327.6243896484375|
|[321.566897094622...|325.1495056152344|
+-----+-----+
only showing top 5 rows
[DEBUG PRINT] Batch V_0 RMSE: 1.7676
Training time (seconds): 26.0226149559021

```

## Cell 8 : Plotting the historical data

### Purpose

- This cell is responsible for plotting the historical close prices for all processed stock symbols.
- It iterates through the `all_symbols_data` list (populated during the ingestion phase) and generates a separate matplotlib plot for each symbol, displaying its close price over time.

```

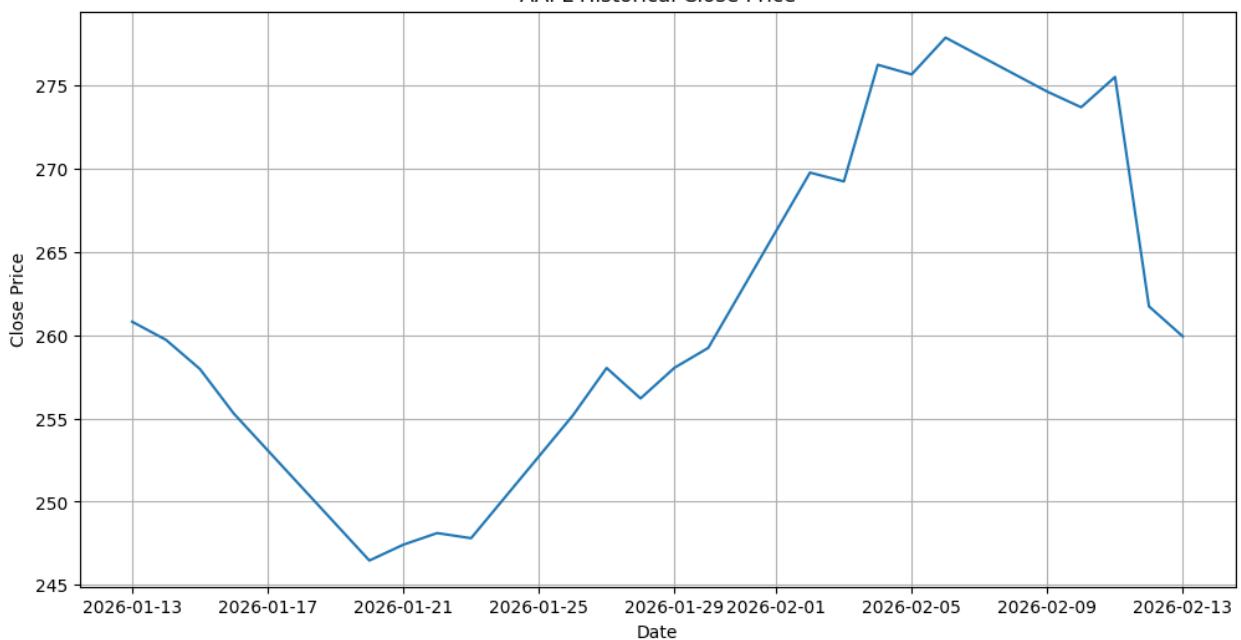
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

# Check if all_symbols_data is available and not empty
if 'all_symbols_data' in globals() and all_symbols_data:
    for item in all_symbols_data:
        symbol = item['symbol']
        pdf_data = item['data']

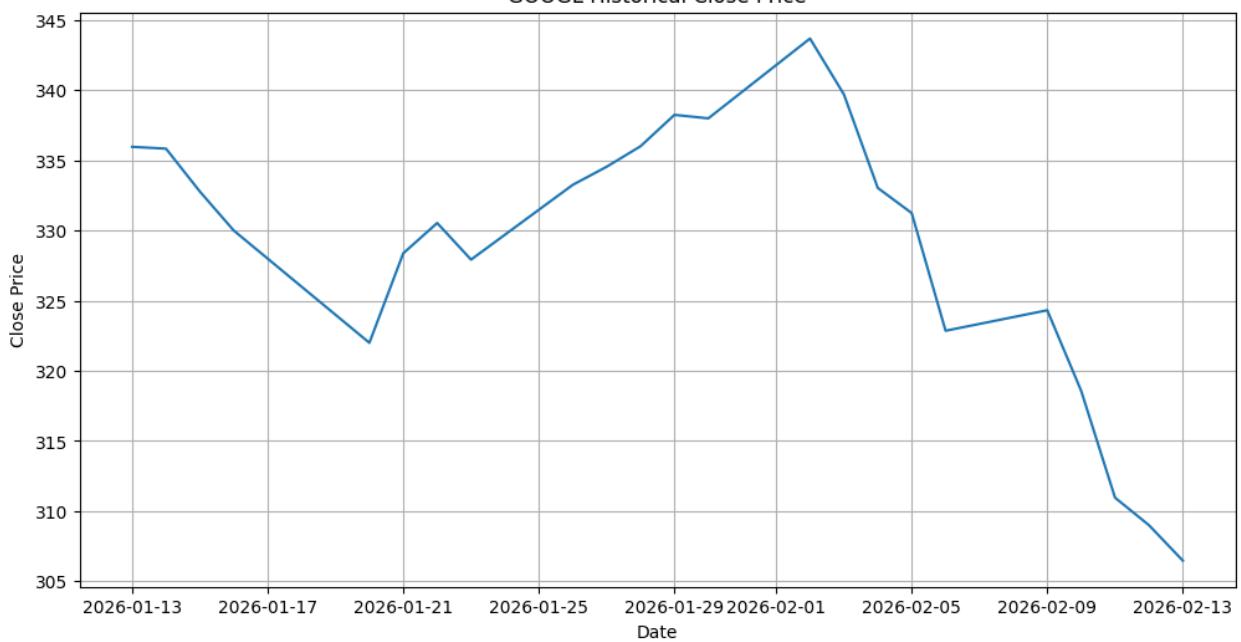
        if not pdf_data.empty:
            plt.figure(figsize=(12, 6))
            plt.plot(pd.to_datetime(pdf_data['timestamp']),
pdf_data['close'])
            plt.title(f'{symbol} Historical Close Price')
            plt.xlabel('Date')
            plt.ylabel('Close Price')
            plt.grid(True)
            plt.show()
        else:
            print(f"No data available to plot for {symbol}.")
else:
    print("No data available in all_symbols_data to plot. Please
ensure the previous cell ran successfully and fetched data.")

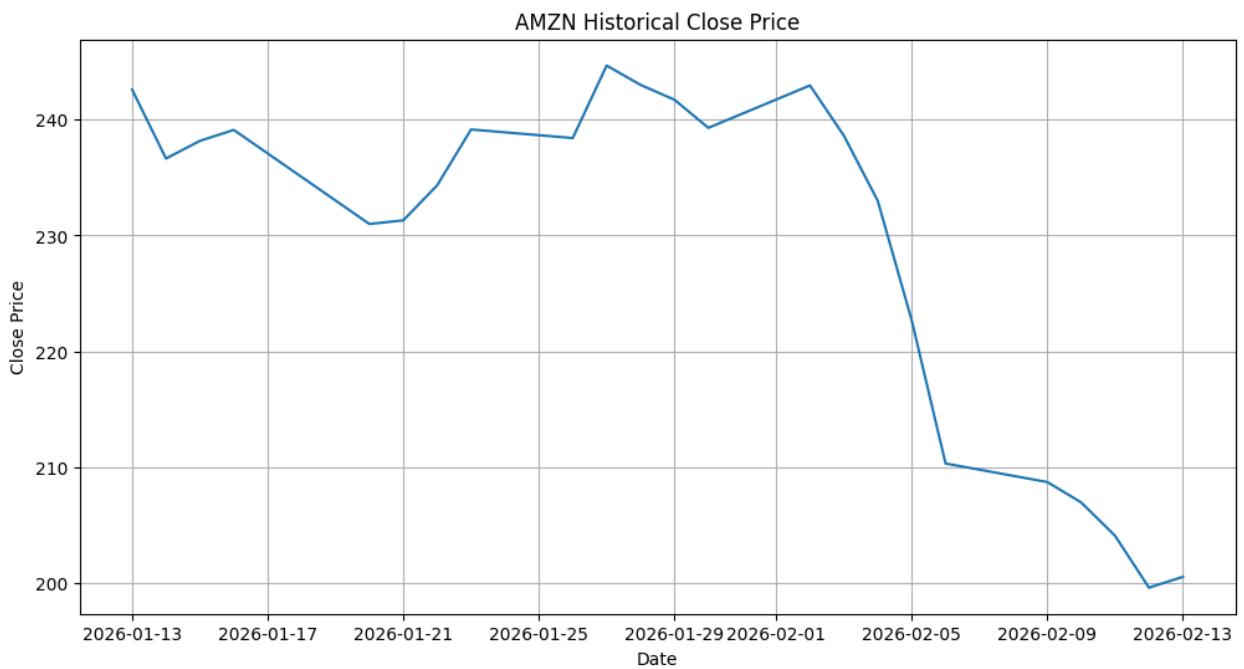
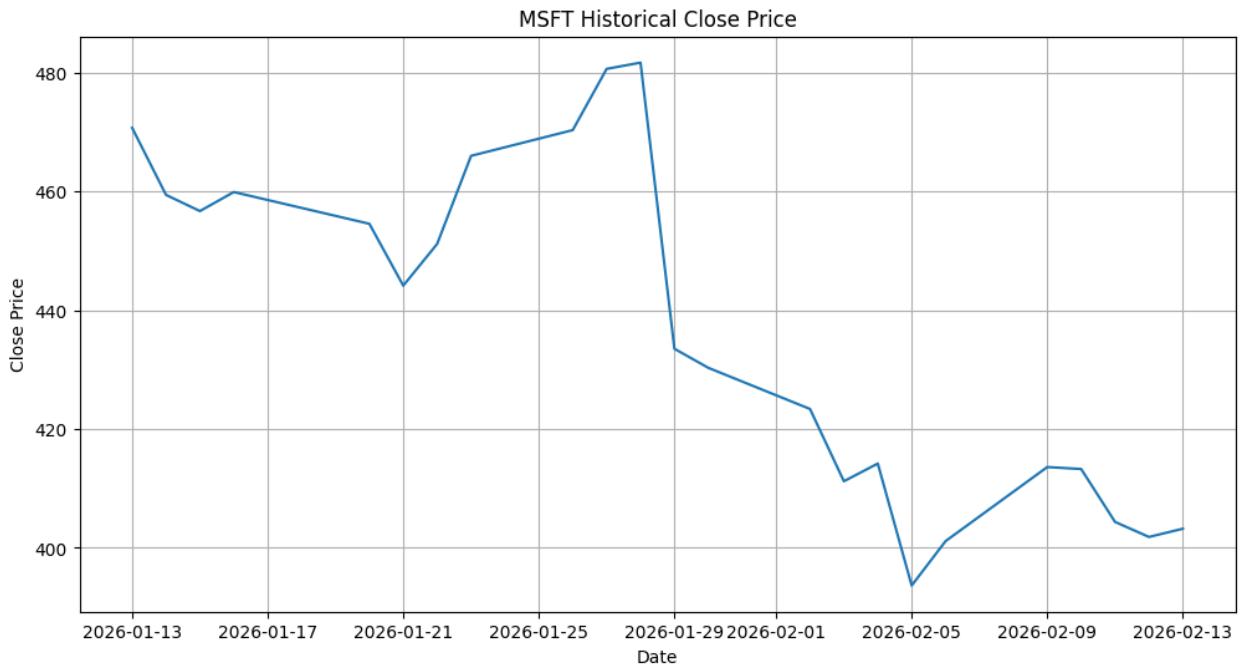
```

AAPL Historical Close Price

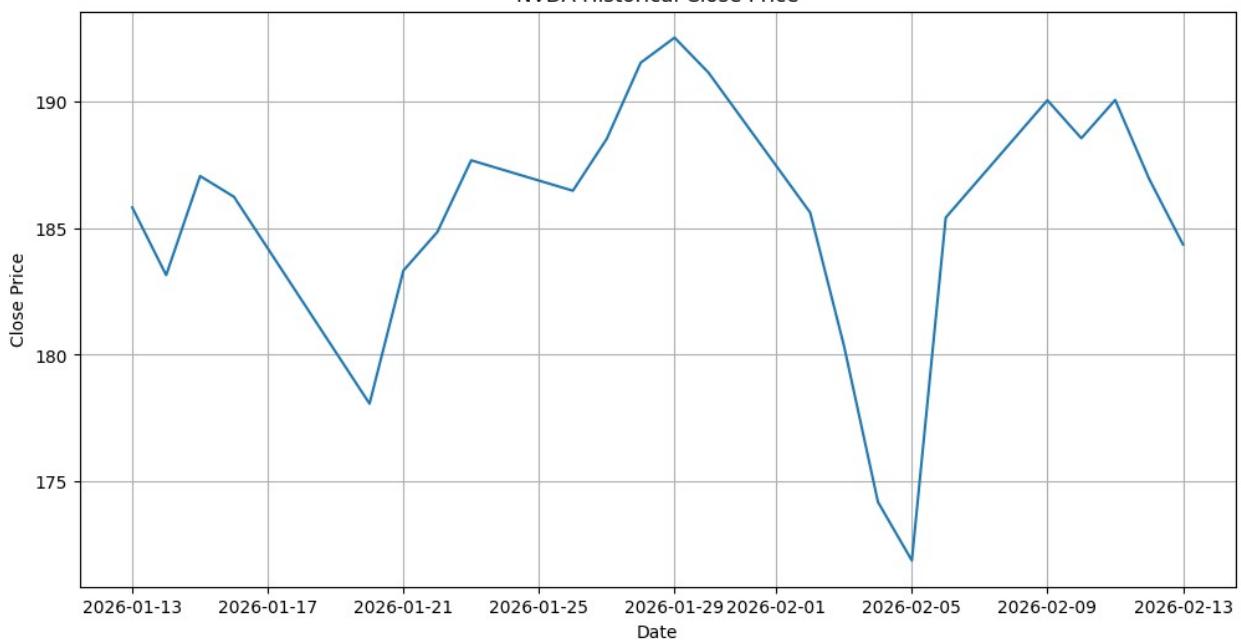


GOOGL Historical Close Price





NVDA Historical Close Price



TSLA Historical Close Price

