Graph G = (V, E)

Adjacency Lists:

1: 2, 4

2: 1, 2, 4, 5

3:

4: 1, 2, 5

5: 2, 4, 6

6: 5

Adjacency Matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Directed Graph

Adjacency Lists:

1: 4, 5

2: 1, 4

3: 2, 3

4: 1, 5

5: 4, 3

6: 5, 3

Adjacency Matrix

 $\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$

Breadth-first Search

- r: s, v
- s: r, w
- t: u, w, x
- u: t, y
- v: r
- w: s, t, x
- x: t, w, y
- y: u, x

Depth-first Search

1: 3, 5, 6, 9

2: 3, 4, 7

3: 1, 2, 4, 7, 9

4: 2, 3

5: 1, 7

6: **1**

7: 2, 3, 5

8:

9: 1, 3

DFS of undirected graph

Every edge in G can be classified as one of the following types of edges in the dfs forest:

tree edges

back edges

(join ancestor - descendant)

NO CROSS EDGES

Depth-first Search of Directed Graph

r: s, u

S: V

t: s, w

u: s

v: u

w:

DFS of directed graph

Every edge in G can be classified as one of the following types of edges in the dfs forest:

tree edges

back edges

(from descendant to ancestor)

forward edges

(from ancestor to descendant)

cross edges
BUT ONLY FROM RIGHT TO LEFT
(later to earlier)

DFS:

for each vertex
$$u \in V[G]$$
 do $\mathsf{color}[u] \leftarrow \mathsf{white}$

for each vertex
$$u \in V[G]$$
 do if $\operatorname{color}[u] = \operatorname{white}$

then $\mathsf{dfs} ext{-}\mathsf{visit}(u)$

$$\mathsf{dfs\text{-}visit}(u)$$
 $\mathsf{color}[u] \leftarrow \mathsf{gray}$

for each vertex
$$v \in Adj[u]$$
 do if $\operatorname{color}[v] = \operatorname{white}$

$$p[v] \leftarrow u$$
dfs-visit (v)

$$\mathsf{color}[u] \leftarrow \mathsf{black}$$

Modify dfs to:

- label vertices in order first visited (gray)
- label vertices in order dfs finished (black)
- count # of components in undirected graph
- detect cycle in directed graph
- detect cycle in undirected graph
- do topological sort of a DAG
- find strongly connected components in DAG