Predict Gender using Names

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Highlights:

Software used: Python 3, Jupyter Notebook

Key impact maker: Feature engineering using first name and last name

Model Used: Random Forest

 R^2 on Train = 0.91 R^2 on Test = 0.48

Steps Followed to Identify Gender

- 1. **Importing** all the required packages in python
- 2. Data Loading: importing all 8 csv files in python
- 3. Data Cleaning:
 - a. Getting same column names and removing spaces from column names to get uniformity for all 8 files
 - b. Appending all 8 files to 1 : all_data
- 4. Data Visualization: to know the key variables, distribution pattern, outliers
 - a. Scatter plot to find NA entries
 - b. Distribution of Male Female in the data: 20% female, 80% male
 - c. Distribution of Male Female within each race
- 5. **Data Preprocessing/Feature generation:** Based on inputs from visualization, doing the next step of creating features
 - a. Data Split to test & train: manual splitting done to ensure that 20-80 proportion of male female is restored based on gender and race both.
 - b. Changing Gender from Female as 1 and Male as 0
 - c. Dropping Race since it's not used as in input (reference: example in the email by Shashank)
 - d. Dropping all NA entries since models can not be implemented if NA values exists
 - e. Removing spaces from first name and last name; converting all of them in lower case. (First name has 1st character blank and hence removing this)
 - f. New feature generation:

- i. first name: First letter, First 2 letters, First 3 letters, Last letter, Last 2 letters, Last 3 letters, length of the string
- ii. last name: First letter, First 2 letters, First 3 letters, Last letter, Last 2 letters, Last 3 letters, length of the string
- 6. **Modelling: Decision Trees** was used but the model didn't show good results. R² on train: 0.99; R² on test: 0.37. clearly over fit. Also, predictions were Booleans (0 or 1), no float values which seemed a little against expectations. Hence tried a different model
- 7. Modelling: Random Forest showed better results with respect to Decision trees. R² on train: 0.91; R² on test: 0.48. predictions are not in float values which makes sense. Still an over fit though.

Key Problems Identified and tackled

- 1. Size of the data sets and proportion of male female is vast. The random split can't happen properly. Hence a manual split to ensure male female is captured in adequate proportion as it is present in the complete data set.
- 2. Spaces removed from first name and last name for better feature generation

Further scope of improvement

- Last Name is not present for Indians. Which means all values NaN. Hence it can't be used in the model. Therefore, I had to drop all Indian observations.
 If SNU: SURNAME UNKNOWN can replace NaN values, observation loss will not happen.
- 2. Replace first and last names written in Hindi script to English.
- 3. Split Indian names between first name and last names. The cases were very few in number and hence I didn't do it.
- 4. I didn't use Race in the model because I wasn't sure that will it be given at the deployment end? If it is given at deployment, it can be included provided we know in which format is it given.
- 5. The model is still an over fit and doing steps 1-4 of improvement can be helpful in reducing the same.