Internal Revenue Service

Department of the Treasury

Index Number: U.I.L. No.: 1362.01-03 Washington, DC 20224

Person to Contact:

Number: **199950011**Release Date: 12/17/1999

Refer Reply To:

CC:DOM:P&SI:3 PLR-106781-99

Date:

September 15, 1999

Legend

Company =

State =

Shareholders =

<u>a</u> =

<u>b</u> =

<u>c</u> =

Dear

This letter responds to a letter dated March 15, 1999, requesting a ruling on behalf of Company under § 1362(b)(5) of the Internal Revenue Code.

The information submitted discloses that Company was incorporated on \underline{a} in State. Company had two shareholders, Shareholders. It is represented that Company intended to be an S corporation since its incorporation.

Believing itself to be an S corporation, Company operated accordingly beginning on \underline{b} . After the end of its first taxable year ending on \underline{c} , however, Company discovered that its S election had not been timely filed. Accordingly, Company filed a C return for its first taxable year.

Company requests a ruling that its § 1362(a) election will be treated as timely made for its taxable year that ends on \underline{c} .

Section 1362(a) provides that a small business corporation may elect to be an S corporation.

Section 1362(b) explains when an S election will be effective. Generally, if an S election is made within the first two and one half months of a corporation's taxable year, then that corporation will be treated as an S corporation for the year in which the election is made. Section 1362(b)(3) provides that if an S election is made after the first two and one half months of a corporation's taxable year, then that corporation will not be treated as an S corporation until the taxable year following the year in which the S election is made.

Section 1362(b)(5) provides that if no § 1362(a) election is made for any taxable year, and the Secretary determines that there was reasonable cause for the failure to timely make such election, then the Secretary may treat such an election as timely made for such taxable year and § 1362(b)(3) shall not apply.

Section 1378(a) provides that for purposes of subtitle A, the term "permitted year" means a taxable year which (1) is a year ending December 31, or (2) any other accounting period for which the corporation establishes a business purpose to the satisfaction of the Secretary. For purposes of paragraph (2), any deferral of income to shareholders shall not be treated as a business purpose.

Section 18.1378-1(a) of the Temporary Income Tax Regulations provides that no corporation may make an election to be an S corporation for any taxable year unless the taxable year is a permitted year. In addition, an S corporation shall not change its taxable year to any taxable year other than a permitted year. A permitted year is a taxable year ending on December 31 or is any other taxable year for which the corporation establishes a business purpose (within the meaning of § 1.442-1(b)(1)) to the satisfaction of the Commissioner.

Applying the relevant law to the facts submitted and representations made, we rule that Company's § 1362(a) election will be treated as timely made for its year that begins on \underline{b} . However, this ruling is contingent on Company adopting a permitted year for its taxable year, filing S returns based on its permitted year, and reporting income to Shareholders based on that permitted year. This ruling is also conditioned on the representation that Shareholders' affected taxable years are open years. This ruling is contingent on Company filing Form 2553, Election by a Small Business Corporation, with an effective date of \underline{b} , with the appropriate Service Center within 60 days from the date of this ruling. A copy of this letter should be attached to the Form 2553.

Except as specifically set forth above, we express no opinion concerning the federal tax consequences of the foregoing facts. Specifically, we express no opinion on

whether Company otherwise qualifies as an S corporation.

This ruling is directed only to the taxpayer who requested it. Section 6110(k)(3) provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

Sincerely yours,

WILLIAM P. O'SHEA Chief, Branch 3 Office of the Assistant Chief Counsel (Passthroughs and Special Industries)

Enclosure:

Copy for section 6110 purposes