## **Internal Revenue Service**

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# Department of the Treasury

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Washington, DC 20224	

x Number: 1362.02-03	
	Person To Contact: , ID No. Telephone Number:
	Refer Reply To: CC:PSI:3 — PLR-107593-04 Date: June 08, 2004
Company:	
Partnership:	
Shareholders:	
Properties:	
State:	

#### PLR-107593-04

<u>a</u>:

<u>b</u>:

<u>c</u>:

d:

<u>e</u>:

<u>f</u>:

g:

h:

i:

<u>k</u>:

<u>m</u>:

<u>n</u>:

Dear :

This letter responds to a letter from your authorized representative dated February 3, 2004, as well as subsequent correspondence, submitted on behalf of Company, requesting a ruling that the rental income received by Company from the Properties is not passive investment income within the meaning of § 1362(d)(3)(C)(i) of the Internal Revenue Code.

### **FACTS**

Company was incorporated under the laws of State on  $\underline{a}$  and intends to elect under § 1362(a) to be an S corporation effective  $\underline{b}$ . Company has accumulated earnings and profits.

Company owns, leases, and manages commercial and residential real estate.

Company has  $\underline{c}$  full-time employees, including its manager. Through these employees, as well as independent contractors, Company provides various services in

its real estate leasing and management business. These services include regular property monitoring and inspection, common area maintenance, grounds maintenance and landscaping, interior and exterior painting of buildings and rental units, maintenance and repair of building structural components and mechanical systems, maintenance and repair of parking structures and lots, maintenance of all lighting and related fixtures in common areas inside and outside of buildings and in parking areas, maintenance and servicing of a swimming pool, maintenance of tenant storage areas, trash removal, pest control, security services, and a 24-hour on-call service for emergencies and tenant problems. In addition to the services provided to tenants, Company handles the usual leasing and administrative functions involved in managing rental real estate.

Company received or accrued approximately  $\underline{d}$  in rents (including its allocable share of Partnership's net rental income) and paid or incurred approximately  $\underline{e}$  in relevant expenses for  $\underline{f}$  on the Properties. The comparable figures for  $\underline{g}$  are  $\underline{h}$  and  $\underline{i}$ , respectively, and those figures for  $\underline{k}$  are  $\underline{m}$  and  $\underline{n}$ , respectively.

#### LAW AND ANALYSIS

Except as provided in § 1362(g), § 1362(a)(1) provides that a small business corporation may elect, in accordance with the provisions of § 1362, to be an S corporation.

Section 1362(d)(3)(A)(i) provides that an election under § 1362(a) terminates whenever the corporation (I) has accumulated earnings and profits at the close of each of three consecutive tax years, and (II) has gross receipts for each of such tax years more than 25 percent of which are passive investment income.

Except as otherwise provided in § 1362(d)(3)(C), § 1362(d)(3)(C)(i) provides that the term "passive investment income" means gross receipts derived from royalties, rents, dividends, interest, annuities, and sales or exchanges of stock or securities.

Section  $1.1362-2(c)(5)(ii)(B)(\underline{1})$  of the Income Tax Regulations provides that "rents" means amounts received for the use of, or the right to use, property (whether real or personal) of the corporation.

Section 1.1362-2(c)(5)(ii)(B)(2) provides that "rents" does not include rents derived in the active trade or business of renting property. Rents received by a corporation are derived in an active trade or business of renting property only if, based on all the facts and circumstances, the corporation provides significant services or incurs substantial costs in the rental business. Generally, significant services are not rendered and substantial costs are not incurred in connection with net leases. Whether significant services are performed or substantial costs are incurred in the rental business is determined based upon all the facts and circumstances including the

number of persons employed to provide the services and the types and amounts of costs and expenses incurred (other than depreciation).

#### CONCLUSION

Based solely on the facts and representations submitted, we conclude that the rents Company receives from the Properties are not passive investment income under § 1362(d)(3)(C)(i).

Except for the specific ruling above, we express or imply no opinion concerning the federal tax consequences of the facts of this case under any other provision of the Code. Specifically, we express or imply no opinion regarding Company's eligibility to be an S corporation. Further, the passive investment income rules of § 1362 are independent of the passive activity rules of § 469; unless an exception under § 469 applies, the rental activity remains passive for purposes of § 469.

Under a power of attorney on file with this office, we are sending a copy of this letter to your authorized representative.

This ruling is directed only to the taxpayer who requested it. According to § 6110(k)(3), this ruling may not be used or cited as precedent.

Sincerely,

/s/

JEANNE SULLIVAN
Senior Technician Reviewer, Branch 3
Office of Associate Chief Counsel
(Passthroughs and Special Industries)

enclosures: copy for § 6110 purposes

CC: