



TAX EXEMPT AND
GOVERNMENT ENTITIES
DIVISION

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY
INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE
TEGE EO Examinations Mail Stop 4920 DAL
1100 Commerce St.
Dallas, Texas 75242

501.03-00

Date: December 21, 2010

Release Number: 201111014

Release Date: 3/18/11

LEGEND

ORG = Organization name

XX = Date Address = address

ORG

ADDRESS

Taxpayer Identification Number:

Person to Contact:

Employee Identification Number:

Employee Telephone Number:

(Phone)

(Fax)

CERTIFIED MAIL – RETURN RECEIPT

Dear

This is a final adverse determination regarding your exempt status under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Our favorable determination letter to you dated January, 19XX is hereby revoked and you are no longer exempt under section 501(a) of the Code effective July 1, 20XX.

The revocation of your exempt status was made for the following reason(s):

You have failed to establish that you are operated exclusively for exempt purposes and that no part of your net earnings inures to the benefit of private shareholders or individuals. You failed to respond to repeated reasonable requests to allow the Internal Revenue Service to examine your records regarding your receipts, expenditures, or activities as required by sections 6001 and 6033(a)(1) of the Code.

Contributions to your organization are no longer deductible under IRC §170 after July 1, 20XX.

You are required to file income tax returns on Form 1120. These returns should be filed with the appropriate Service Center for the tax year ending June 30, 20XX, and for all tax years thereafter in accordance with the instructions of the return.

Processing of income tax returns and assessments of any taxes due will not be delayed should a petition for declaratory judgment be filed under section 7428 of the Internal Revenue Code.

If you decide to contest this determination under the declaratory judgment provisions of section

7428 of the Code, a petition to the United States Tax Court, the United States Court of Federal Claims, or the district court of the United States for the District of Columbia must be filed before the 91st Day after the date this determination was mailed to you. Please contact the clerk of the appropriate court for rules regarding filing petitions for declaratory judgments by referring to the enclosed Publication 892. You may write to the United States Tax Court at the following address:

You also have the right to contact the Office of the Taxpayer Advocate. Taxpayer Advocate assistance is not a substitute for established IRS procedures, such as the formal Appeals process. The Taxpayer Advocate cannot reverse a legally correct tax determination, or extend the time fixed by law that you have to file a petition in a United States court. The Taxpayer Advocate can, however, see that a tax matter that may not have been resolved through normal channels gets prompt and proper handling. You may call toll-free, 1-877-777-4778, and ask for Taxpayer Advocate Assistance. If you prefer, you may contact your local Taxpayer Advocate at:

If you have any questions, please contact the person whose name and telephone number are shown in the heading of this letter.

Sincerely,

Nanette M. Downing
Director, EO Examinations

Enclosures:
Publication 892



TAX EXEMPT AND
GOVERNMENT ENTITIES
DIVISION

DEPARTMENT OF THE TREASURY

Internal Revenue Service
Exempt Organizations Examinations
1100 Commerce Street
Dallas, Texas 75242

January 28, 2010

ORG
ADDRESS

Taxpayer Identification Number:

Form:

Tax Year(s) Ended:

Person to Contact/ID Number:

Contact Numbers:

Telephone:

Fax:

Certified Mail - Return Receipt Requested

Dear

We have enclosed a copy of our report of examination explaining why we believe revocation of your exempt status under section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code (Code) is necessary.

If you accept our findings, take no further action. We will issue a final revocation letter.

If you do not agree with our proposed revocation, you must submit to us a written request for Appeals Office consideration within 30 days from the date of this letter to protest our decision. Your protest should include a statement of the facts, the applicable law, and arguments in support of your position.

An Appeals officer will review your case. The Appeals office is independent of the Director, EO Examinations. The Appeals Office resolves most disputes informally and promptly. The enclosed Publication 3498, *The Examination Process*, and Publication 892, *Exempt Organizations Appeal Procedures for Unagreed Issues*, explain how to appeal an Internal Revenue Service (IRS) decision. Publication 3498 also includes information on your rights as a taxpayer and the IRS collection process.

You may also request that we refer this matter for technical advice as explained in Publication 892. If we issue a determination letter to you based on technical advice, no further administrative appeal is available to you within the IRS regarding the issue that was the subject of the technical advice.

If we do not hear from you within 30 days from the date of this letter, we will process your case based on the recommendations shown in the report of examination. If you do not protest this proposed determination within 30 days from the date of this letter, the IRS will consider it to be a failure to exhaust your available administrative remedies. Section 7428(b)(2) of the Code provides, in part: "A declaratory judgment or decree under this section shall not be issued in any proceeding unless the Tax Court, the Claims Court, or the District Court of the United States for the District of Columbia determines that the organization involved has exhausted its administrative remedies within the Internal Revenue Service." We will then issue a final revocation letter. We will also notify the appropriate state officials of the revocation in accordance with section 6104(c) of the Code.

You have the right to contact the office of the Taxpayer Advocate. Taxpayer Advocate assistance is not a substitute for established IRS procedures, such as the formal appeals process. The Taxpayer Advocate cannot reverse a legally correct tax determination, or extend the time fixed by law that you have to file a petition in a United States court. The Taxpayer Advocate can, however, see that a tax matter that may not have been resolved through normal channels gets prompt and proper handling. You may call toll-free 1-877-777-4778 and ask for Taxpayer Advocate Assistance. If you prefer, you may contact your local Taxpayer Advocate at:

If you have any questions, please call the contact person at the telephone number shown in the heading of this letter. If you write, please provide a telephone number and the most convenient time to call if we need to contact you.

Thank you for your cooperation.

Sincerely,

Nanette M. Downing
Acting Director, EO Examinations

Enclosures:
Forms 6018 & 4621-A
Pubs. 3498 & 892
Report of Examination

Form 886-A (Rev. January 19XX)	EXPLANATIONS OF ITEMS		Schedule number or exhibit
Name of taxpayer	Tax Identification Number	Year/Period ended	
ORG	EIN	June 30, 20XX	

LEGEND

ORG = Organization name XX = Date BM-1, BM-2, BM-3 & BM-4 = 1ST, 2ND, 3RD & 4TH BM

Issue:

Whether ORG qualifies for exemption under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code.

Facts:

The Internal Revenue Service has made reasonable requests to ORG to file Form 990 for the tax period ending June 30, 20XX.

1. Cover Letter 3606, Form 4564, Information Document Request, (IDR), and Publication 1 were sent to the organization on July 02, 20XX.
2. Agent called the CEO at her personal residence and at her job on several occasions to discuss the case. Also called the accountant assigned to represent the organization and discussed the case.
3. A 90 day notice and demand letter and IDR were sent by certified mail to the organization and representative on October 28, 20XX. The certified receipt was returned signed on 11/02/20XX by _____, CPA and returned to the agent. The certified letter sent to the organization's post office box number was returned.
4. A copy of the notice was sent directly to the personal residence of the CEO.

ORG has failed to respond to IRS correspondences and phone calls, and failed to file the Form 990 for the tax period ending June 30, 20XX.

The organization hired a CPA to represent the organization and to file delinquent returns. Agent contacted the representative numerous times to request returns.

In 20XX, the organization filed forms W-2/W-3, (22 W-2's) with Social Security Administration. The organization reported wages paid in 20XX of \$\$.

The organization correctly filed quarterly 941 returns for that year. The organization was required to file a 990 return as well for the year ending June 30, 20XX. ORG has failed to respond to the Internal Revenue Service correspondences and multiple telephone requests to file the Forms 990.

Background:

ORG was established in March, 19XX to provide long term residential assistance to recipients. The organization was granted tax exempt status as a 501(c)(3) non-profit organization in January, 19XX. According to the executive director, the organization no longer exists and does not conduct exempt activities. EO ceased operations in 20XX. Currently, the organization has no financial resources and no assets.

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ORG	EIN	June 30, 20XX	

The following individuals were listed as ORG directors:

<u>Name</u>
BM-1
BM-2
BM-3
BM-4
BM-5
BM-6

The officers of ORG included:

<u>Title</u>	<u>Name</u>
CEO	BM-3
President	BM-1
Secretary	BM-2

Failure to File Form 990s:

IRC § 6001 provides that every person liable for any tax imposed by the IRC, or for the collection thereof, shall keep adequate records as the Secretary of the Treasury or his delegate may from time to time prescribe.

IRC § 6033(a)(1) provides, except as provided in IRC § 6033(a)(2), every organization exempt from tax under section 501(a) shall file an annual return, stating specifically the items of gross income, receipts and disbursements, and such other information for the purposes of carrying out the internal revenue laws as the Secretary may by forms or regulations prescribe, and keep such records, render under oath such statements, make such other returns, and comply with such rules and regulations as the Secretary may from time to time prescribe.

Treas. Reg. § 1.6001-1(a) in conjunction with Treas. Reg. § 1.6001-1(c) provides that every organization exempt from tax under IRC § 501(a) and subject to the tax imposed by IRC § 511 on its unrelated business income must keep such permanent books or accounts or records, including inventories, as are sufficient to establish the amount of gross income, deduction, credits, or other matters required to be shown by such person in any return of such tax. Such organization shall also keep such books and records as are required to substantiate the information required by IRC § 6033.

Form 886-A (Rev. January 19XX)	EXPLANATIONS OF ITEMS		Schedule number or exhibit
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Treas. Reg. § 1.6001-1(e) states that the books or records required by this section shall be kept at all times available for inspection by authorized internal revenue officers or employees, and shall be retained as long as the contents thereof may be material in the administration of any internal revenue law.

Treas. Reg § 1.6033-1(h)(2) provides that every organization which has established its right to exemption from tax, whether or not it is required to file an annual return of information, shall submit such additional information as may be required by the district director for the purpose of enabling him to inquire further into its exempt status and to administer the provisions of subchapter F (section 501 and the following), chapter 1 of the Code and IRC § 6033.

Rev. Rul. 59-95, 1959-1 C.B. 627, concerns an exempt organization that was requested to produce a financial statement and statement of its operations for a certain year. However, its records were so incomplete that the organization was unable to furnish such statements. The Service held that the failure or inability to file the required information return or otherwise to comply with the provisions of IRC § 6033 and the regulations which implement it, may result in the termination of the exempt status of an organization previously held exempt, on the grounds that the organization has not established that it is observing the conditions required for the continuation of exempt status.

In accordance with the above cited provisions of the Code and regulations under IRC §§ 6001 and 6033, organizations recognized as exempt from federal income tax must meet certain reporting requirements. These requirements relate to the filing of a complete and accurate annual information (and other required federal tax forms) and the retention of records sufficient to determine whether such entity is operated for the purposes for which it was granted tax-exempt status and to determine its liability for any unrelated business income tax.

Conclusion:

It is the IRS's position that the organization failed to meet the reporting requirements under IRC §§ 6001 and 6033 to be recognized as exempt from federal income tax under IRC § 501(c)(3). Accordingly, the proposed revocation would be effective July 01, 20XX. Any contributions to the organization would no longer deductible as charitable contributions. Any contributions to this organization by those who were in part responsible for or were aware of, the activities or deficiencies on the part of the organization that gave rise to loss of exempt status will not be allowed as a deduction effective the date of revocation.

Form 886-A (Rev. January 19XX)	EXPLANATIONS OF ITEMS		Schedule number or exhibit
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ORG	EIN	June 30, 20XX	

If this revocation becomes final, appropriate State officials will be advised of the action in accordance with Internal Revenue Code 6104(c) and applicable regulations.

Form 1120 return should be filed for the tax period ending June 30, 20XX and all subsequent tax periods.