### **Internal Revenue Service**

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# Department of the Treasury

Washington, DC 20224

Third Party Communication: None Date of Communication: Not Applicable

Person To Contact:

, ID No.

Telephone Number:

Refer Reply To: CC:PSI:01 PLR-118012-18

Date:

October 15, 2018

### **LEGEND**

<u>X</u> =

Trust 1 =

Trust 2 =

Trust 3 =

Date 1 =

Date 2 =

State =

Years 1 =

Years 2 =

<u>a%</u> =

Dear :

This responds to a letter dated May 31, 2018, and supplemental information, submitted on behalf of  $\underline{X}$  by  $\underline{X}$ 's authorized representatives, requesting relief under section 1362(f) of the Internal Revenue Code (the Code).

#### **FACTS**

According to the information submitted and representations within,  $\underline{X}$  was incorporated on  $\underline{Date\ 1}$ , under the laws of  $\underline{State}$ . Effective  $\underline{Date\ 2}$ ,  $\underline{X}$  elected to be taxed as an S corporation. However, an Electing Small Business Trust (ESBT) election effective  $\underline{Date\ 2}$  was not timely filed for  $\underline{Trust\ 1}$ ,  $\underline{Trust\ 2}$ , and  $\underline{Trust\ 3}$ , shareholders of  $\underline{X}$ . Accordingly,  $\underline{Trust\ 1}$ ,  $\underline{Trust\ 2}$ , and  $\underline{Trust\ 3}$  were ineligible shareholders of  $\underline{X}$  and  $\underline{X}$ 's S corporation election was ineffective.

<u>X</u> represents that <u>Trust 1</u>, <u>Trust 2</u> and <u>Trust 3</u> have at all times met the requirements of an ESBT within the meaning of § 1361(d)(3), except that the trustees of <u>Trust 1</u>, <u>Trust 2</u>, and <u>Trust 3</u> did not make timely ESBT elections under § 1361(e)(3). <u>X</u> further represents that <u>Trust 1</u>, <u>Trust 2</u>, and <u>Trust 3</u> have not filed their income tax returns consistent with being ESBTs for <u>Years 1</u>.

 $\underline{X}$  represents that, other than the failure to make valid ESBT elections by  $\underline{Date\ 2}, \underline{X}$  has qualified as a small business corporation at all times since its election on  $\underline{Date\ 2}$ .  $\underline{X}$  further represents that  $\underline{X}$  and its shareholders have treated  $\underline{X}$  as an S corporation at all relevant times. In addition,  $\underline{X}$  represents that  $\underline{X}$  has filed its income tax returns consistent with having a valid S election in effect for all taxable years since  $\underline{X}$  elected to be an S corporation.

 $\underline{X}$  represents that its S corporation election termination was inadvertent and was not motivated by tax avoidance or retroactive tax planning. Further,  $\underline{X}$  represents that  $\underline{X}$  and its shareholders agree to make any adjustments required as a condition of obtaining relief under the inadvertent termination rule as provided under § 1362(f) that may be required by the Secretary.

## LAW AND ANALYSIS

Section 1361(a)(1) of the Code provides that the term "S corporation" means, with respect to any taxable year, a small business corporation for which an election under § 1362(a) is in effect for such year.

Section 1361(b)(1) defines a "small business corporation" as a domestic corporation which is not an ineligible corporation and which does not (A) have more than 100 shareholders, (B) have as a shareholder a person (other than an estate, a trust

described in § 1361(c)(2), or an organization described in § 1361(c)(6)) who is not an individual, (C) have a nonresident alien as a shareholder, and (D) have more than 1 class of stock.

Section 1361(c)(2)(A)(v) provides that, for purposes of § 1362(b)(1)(B), an electing small business trust (ESBT) may be an S corporation shareholder.

Section 1361(e) provides that an ESBT means any trust if (i) such trust does not have as a beneficiary any person other than (I) an individual, (II) an estate, (III) an organization described in § 170(c)(1) which holds a contingent interest in such trust and is not a potential current beneficiary, (ii) no interest in such trust was acquired by purchase, and (iii) an election under § 1361(e) applies to such trust.

Section 1361(e)(1)(B) provides that the term "electing small business trust" shall not include (i) any qualified subchapter S trust (as defined in § 1361(d)(3)) if an election under § 1361(d)(2) applies to any corporation the stock of which is held by such trust, (ii) any trust exempt from tax under subtitle A, and (iii) any charitable remainder annuity trust or charitable remainder unitrust (as defined in § 664(d)).

Section 1361(e)(3) provides that an election under § 1361(e) shall be made by the trustee. Any such election shall apply to the taxable year of the trust for which made and all subsequent taxable years of such trust unless revoked with the consent of the Secretary.

Section 1.1361-1(m)(2)(i) provides that the trustee of an ESBT must make the ESBT election by signing and filing, with the service center where the S corporation files its income tax return, a statement that meets the requirements of § 1.1361-1(m)(2)(ii).

Section 1.1361-1(m)(2)(iii) provides that the trustee of an ESBT must file the ESBT election within the time requirements prescribed in § 1.1361-1(j)(6)(iii) for filing a QSST election (generally within the 16-day-and-2-month period beginning on the day that the stock is transferred to the trust).

Section 1362(d)(2) provides that an S corporation election will be terminated whenever (at any time on or after the first day of the first taxable year for which the corporation is an S corporation) such corporation ceases to be a small business corporation.

Section 1362(f) provides, in relevant part, that if (1) an election under § 1362(a) by any corporation was not effective for the taxable year for which made (determined without regard to § 1362(b)(2)) by reason of a failure to meet the requirements of § 1361(b) or was terminated under § 1362(d)(2) or (3); (2) the Secretary determines that the circumstances resulting in such ineffectiveness or termination were inadvertent; (3) no later than a reasonable period of time after discovery of the circumstances resulting in such ineffectiveness or termination, steps were taken so that the corporation for which

the election was made or termination occurred is a small business corporation; and (4) the corporation for which the election was made or termination occurred, and each person who was a shareholder in such corporation at any time during the period specified pursuant to § 1362(f), agrees to make the adjustments (consistent with the treatment of such corporation as an S corporation) as may be required by the Secretary with respect to such period, then, notwithstanding the circumstances resulting in such ineffectiveness or termination, such corporation shall be treated as an S corporation during the period specified by the Secretary.

#### **CONCLUSION**

Based solely on the facts submitted and the representations made, we conclude that  $\underline{X}$ 's S election was inadvertently ineffective within the meaning of § 1362(f) on <u>Date 2</u> because <u>Trust 1</u>, <u>Trust 2</u>, and <u>Trust 3</u> were ineligible shareholders of  $\underline{X}$ . Pursuant to the provisions of § 1362(f),  $\underline{X}$  will be treated as an S corporation from <u>Date 2</u> and thereafter, provided  $\underline{X}$ 's S corporation election is otherwise effective and not terminated under § 1362(d).

This letter ruling is subject to the following conditions: (1) Within 120 days from the date of this letter, an adjustment payment in the amount of  $\underline{\$a}$  and a copy of this letter must be sent to the following address: Internal Revenue Service, Kansas City Service Center; 333 W. Pershing Road, Kansas City, MO 64108, Stop 7777, Manual Deposit; (2) within 120 days from the date of this letter, an election to treat  $\underline{Trust\ 1}$ ,  $\underline{Trust\ 2}$ , and  $\underline{Trust\ 3}$  as an ESBT effective  $\underline{Date\ 2}$  must be made with the appropriate service center; and (3)  $\underline{X}$  and its shareholders filing any necessary original or amended returns consistent with the relief granted in this letter within 120 days of this letter, including but not limited to income tax returns for  $\underline{Years\ 2}$  reflecting the treatment of  $\underline{Trust\ 1}$ ,  $\underline{Trust\ 2}$ , and  $\underline{Trust\ 3}$  as ESBTs. A copy of this letter should be attached to the ESBT elections and any amended returns. If these conditions are not met, then this letter ruling is null and void. Furthermore, if these conditions are not met,  $\underline{X}$  must send notification that its S election has terminated to the service center with which X's S election was filed.

Except as specifically ruled upon above, we express or imply no opinion concerning the federal tax consequences of the facts of this case under any other provision of the Code. Specifically, we express or imply no opinion regarding  $\underline{X}$ 's eligibility to be an S corporation.

This ruling is directed only to the taxpayer who requested it. According to § 6110(k)(3), this ruling may not be used or cited as precedent.

Pursuant to the power of attorney on file with this office, we are sending a copy of this letter to your authorized representatives.

Sincerely,

Wendy L. Kribell Assistant to the Branch Chief, Branch 1 Office of the Associate Chief Counsel (Passthroughs and Special Industries)

Enclosures (2)
Copy of letter
Copy of letter for §6110 purposes