# **Internal Revenue Service**

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Department of the Treasury

Date of Communication: Not Applicable

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Refer Reply To: CC:INTL:B2 PLR-118008-12

Date:

May 02, 2013

TY:

Legend

Taxpayer =

=

FC =

Country A =

Year 1 = Year 2 =

Date X =

r = s =

Tax Professional Q =

Dear :

This is in response to a letter dated March 26, 2012 and subsequent documentation submitted by Taxpayer that requested the consent of the Commissioner of the Internal Revenue Service ("Commissioner") for Taxpayer to make a retroactive qualified electing fund ("QEF") election under section 1295(b) of the Internal Revenue Code ("Code") and Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f) with respect to Taxpayer's investment in FC.

The ruling contained in this letter is based upon information and representations submitted by Taxpayer, and accompanied by a penalties of perjury statement executed by an appropriate party. While this office has not verified any of the material submitted in support of this request for ruling, such material is subject to verification on examination. The information submitted in the request is substantially as set forth below.

# **FACTS**

Beginning on Date X of Year 1, Taxpayer purchased r shares in FC, a Country A corporation. Taxpayer continues to hold s shares in FC.

Since before Year 1, Taxpayer has relied on Tax Professional Q, a practicing CPA, for tax advice as well as the accurate preparation of tax returns. Tax Professional Q was aware of Taxpayer's investment in FC, but failed to identify the investment as an interest in a passive foreign investment company (PFIC). Consequently, Tax Professional Q failed to properly advise Taxpayer of the availability of electing to treat stock owned by the Taxpayer in FC as stock in a QEF for the tax year ended in Year 1 and subsequent tax years.

In Year 2, Taxpayer became aware of the possibility that his investment in FC might constitute an investment in a PFIC and alerted Tax Professional Q of this concern. Tax Professional Q discovered that Taxpayer's interest in FC constituted an interest in a PFIC and advised Taxpayer of the need to take corrective action.

Taxpayer has submitted an affidavit, under penalties of perjury, describing the events that led to the failure to make the QEF election by the election due date, including the role of Tax Professional Q. Taxpayer represents that he provided information regarding the investment of FC to Tax Professional Q in Year 1 and subsequent years. Taxpayer represents that, in Year 1 and subsequent years: (1) FC was not identified as a PFIC; and (2) Taxpayer did not receive any advice regarding the availability of a QEF election with respect to his investment in FC. In addition, Taxpayer submitted an affidavit from Tax Professional Q corroborating the representations made by Taxpayer with respect to the discovery of FC's PFIC status.

Taxpayer represents that, as of the date of this request for ruling, the PFIC status of FC has not been raised by the IRS on audit for any of the taxable years at issue.

## **RULING REQUESTED**

Taxpayer requests the consent of the Commissioner to make a retroactive QEF election with respect to FC for Year 1 under Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f).

### LAW

Section 1295(a) provides that a PFIC will be treated as a QEF with respect to a taxpayer if (1) an election by the taxpayer under Code section 1295(b) applies to such PFIC for the taxable year and (2) the PFIC complies with such requirements as the Secretary may prescribe for purposes of determining the ordinary earnings and net capital gains of such company.

Under section 1295(b)(2), a QEF election may be made for any taxable year at any time on or before the due date (determined with regard to extensions) for filing the return for such taxable year. To the extent provided in regulations, such an election may be made after such due date if the taxpayer failed to make an election by the due date because the taxpayer reasonably believed the company was not a PFIC.

Under Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f), a shareholder may request the consent of the Commissioner to make a retroactive QEF election for a taxable year if:

- 1. the shareholder reasonably relied on a qualified tax professional, within the meaning of Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f)(2);
- 2. granting consent will not prejudice the interests of the United States government, as provided in Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f)(3);
- the request is made before a representative of the Internal Revenue Service raises upon audit the PFIC status of the corporation for any taxable year of the shareholder: and
- 4. the shareholder satisfies the procedural requirements of Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f)(4).

The procedural requirements include filing a request for consent to make a retroactive election with, and submitting a user fee to, the Office of the Associate Chief Counsel (International). Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f)(4)(i). Additionally, affidavits signed under penalties of perjury must be submitted that describe:

- 1. the events that led to the failure to make a QEF election by the election due date:
- 2. the discovery of such failure;
- 3. the engagement and responsibilities of the qualified tax professional; and
- 4. the extent to which the shareholder relied on such professional.

Treas. Reg. §§1.1295-3(f)(4)(ii) and (iii).

#### CONCLUSION

Based on the information submitted and representations made with Taxpayer's ruling request, we conclude that Taxpayer has satisfied Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(f).

Accordingly, consent is granted to Taxpayer to make a retroactive QEF election with respect to FC for Year 1, provided that Taxpayer complies with the rules under Treas. Reg. §1.1295-3(g) regarding the time and manner for making the retroactive QEF election.

Except as specifically set forth above, no opinion is expressed or implied concerning the U.S. federal tax consequences of the facts described above under any other provision of the Code.

This private letter ruling is directed only to the taxpayer who requested it. Section 6110(k)(3) provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

A copy of this letter ruling must be attached to any federal income tax return to which it is relevant. Alternatively, taxpayers filing their returns electronically may satisfy this requirement by attaching a statement to their return that provides the date and control number of the letter ruling.

In accordance with the Power of Attorney on file with this office, a copy of this letter is being sent to your authorized representative.

Sincerely,

Jeffery G. Mitchell Chief, Branch 2 (International)

CC: