

INTERNAL REVENUE SERVICE  
U.I.L. Nos: 0855.01-00  
              9100.00-00  
Number: **199938023**  
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CC:DOM:FI&P:2   PLR-106937-99

June 28, 1999

Trust        =

State        =

Fund A       =

Fund B       =

Fund C       =

Fund D       =

Fund E       =

Firm          =

Month        =

Date 1       =

Date 2       =

Date 3       =

Date 4       =

Date 5       =

Floor 1       =

Floor 2       =

Building      =

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Dear

This is in response to a ruling request submitted on behalf of Funds A, B, C, D and E (the "Funds"). The Funds request extensions of time pursuant to §301.9100-1(a) of the Procedure and Administration Regulations to elect under § 855(a) of the Internal Revenue Code.

#### FACTS

Trust is a State corporation that is registered as an open-end diversified management company under the Investment Company Act of 1940. Each Fund is a separate series of Trust that is treated as a separate corporation under §851(g) of the Code.

The Funds use a fiscal year ending on the last day of Month. Their income tax returns were due on Date 1 (pursuant to an extension of time to file).

Firm is the independent auditor and tax return preparer for Funds. CFO, an employee of Funds, is responsible for the final review of their returns and for filing the returns.

On Date 2, Firm forwarded by courier the Funds' completed Forms 1120-RIC to CFO. The Forms were incorrectly addressed to Floor 1 of Building instead of Floor 2, CFO's correct address. CFO was not expecting the delivery on Date 2 and was not aware that the Forms had been delivered to the wrong floor.

On Dates 2 and 3 CFO was involved in a project and had no opportunity to review the mail. On Date 1 CFO was out for personal reasons, and Date 4 was a legal holiday for which the office was closed. CFO returned to the office on Date 5, the first business day following the holiday, discovered the Forms, made the § 855 elections, executed the Forms and mailed them to the appropriate service center.

The Funds make the following representations:

1. The request for relief was filed by the taxpayer before the failure to make the regulatory election was discovered by the Service.
2. Granting the relief will not result in the taxpayer having a lower tax liability in the aggregate for all years to which the regulatory election applies than the taxpayer

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would have had if the election had been timely made (taking into account the time value of money).

3. The taxpayer did not seek to alter a return position for which an accuracy-related penalty has been or could have been imposed under section 6662 of the Code at the time the taxpayer requested relief and the new position requires or permits a regulatory election for which relief is requested.

4. Being fully informed of the required regulatory election and related tax consequences, the taxpayer did not choose to not file the election.

#### APPLICABLE LAW

Section 301.9100-1(c) of the regulations provides, in part, that the Commissioner has discretion to grant a reasonable extension of time to make a regulatory election (defined in section 301.9100-1(b) as an election whose deadline is prescribed by regulations or by a revenue ruling, a revenue procedure, a notice, or an announcement published in the Internal Revenue Bulletin), or a statutory election (but no more than 6 months except in the case of a taxpayer who is abroad), under all subtitles of the Internal Revenue Code except subtitles E, G, H, and I.

Section 301.9100-3(a) through (c)(1)(i) of the regulations sets forth rules that the Internal Revenue Service generally will use to determine whether, under the facts and circumstances of each situation, the Commissioner will grant an extension of time for regulatory elections that do not meet the requirements of section 301.9100-2. Section 301.9100-3(b) provides that subject to paragraphs (b)(3)(i) through (iii) of section 301.9100-3, when a taxpayer applies for relief under this section before the failure to make the regulatory election is discovered by the Service, the taxpayer will be deemed to have acted reasonably and in good faith; and section 301.9100-3(c) provides that the interests of the government are prejudiced if granting relief would result in the taxpayer having a lower tax liability in the aggregate for all years to which the regulatory election applies than the taxpayer would have had if the election had been timely made (taking into account the time value of money).

#### CONCLUSION

Based upon the facts and representations submitted, it is held that the Funds have shown good cause for granting reasonable extensions of time to allow them to make elections under § 855(a) of the Code. Accordingly, the time for filing the elections is extended to Date 5.

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No opinion is expressed as to whether any taxpayer's tax liability is not lower in the aggregate for all years to which the regulatory election applies than its tax liability would have been if the election had been timely made (taking into account the time value of money). Upon audit of the federal income tax returns involved, the district director's office will determine the taxpayer's tax liability for the years involved. If the district director's office determines the taxpayer's liability is lower, that office will determine the federal income tax effect.

This ruling is limited to the timeliness of the Funds' elections. This ruling does not relieve Funds from any penalty they may owe as a result of their failure to file their federal income tax returns on time. This ruling's application is limited to the facts, Code sections, and regulations cited herein. No opinion is expressed as to whether The Funds qualify as RICs under subchapter M, part I, of the Code.

A copy of this letter is being forwarded to the service center where Funds file their returns with instructions that although their Form 1120-RICs or extensions to file were not timely filed, Funds are to be treated as having made timely elections under § 855 of the Code.

Except as specifically provided otherwise, no opinion is expressed on the federal income tax consequences of the transaction described above.

This ruling is directed only to the taxpayers that requested it. Section 6110(k)(3) of the Code provides that it may not be used or cited as precedent.

In accordance with the terms of a power of attorney on file in this office, copies of this letter are being sent to your authorized representatives.

Sincerely yours,

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Assistant Chief Counsel  
(Financial Institutions & Products)