```
—— app.routes.ts.

const MY_ROUTES: Routes = [
{ path : 'home' Component : HomeComponent }, //
{ path : 'recent' Component : RecentComponent,
   children : [
      { path : 'transaction/:id' Component TransactionComponent }
   },
{ path : 'dispute/:id' redirectTo : 'home' }

path : 'payment' Component PaymentComponent }

path : 'thankyou' Component ThankyouComponent }
```

```
app.module.ts.

declaration : [
   AppComponent,
   HomeComponent,
   RecentComponent,
   TransactionComponent,
   PaymentComponent,
   ThankyouComponent
]

Imports : [


providers : [ DataService ].

bootstrap : [ MY-Component ]
```

app. Component. tr.

```
@ Component.
    Selector : 'app - root '
    template : '
<a [routerLink]="['home']" > Home </a>.
<a [routerLink]="['recent']" >View Recent Transak</a>
<a [routerLink]="['payment']" > Make Payment </a>

    <router - outlet >  </router - outlet >  //.

    `

export class AppComponent {




}.
```

```typescript
data.service.ts

export class DataService {

Constructor(private http:HttpClient, private route: Router){

}
getUserInformation ( ) {
this.http.get("https://bank.com/api/home").
Subscribe ( (data) => {

  });
}

getPendingTransaction () {
this.http.get("https://bank.com/api/recent").
pipe(
  filter((data) => data.status ='pending')
).
   Subscribe ( (reponseData) => { });
}

getApprovedTransaction () {
  this.http get("https://bank.com/api/recent").
pipe(
  filter((data) => data.status='approved')
).
  Subscribe ( (reponseData) => {

    });
}

getTransactionDetail (id : number) {
this.http.get("https://bank.com/api/recent/
                transaction/" + id ).
 Subscribe ( (data) => { } );
}

makePayment( amount : number,
              bankno : number,
              date : date ) {

const Payment = : {
  amount : 'amount'
  accountNumber : 'bank no'
  Payment Date : 'date' }

this.http.post("https://bank.com/api ", Payment
 Subscribe (() => {
   this.route.navigate(['thankyou']);
}
);
}
getAccountNumber ( id : number) {
this.http.get("https://bank.com/api/validatingaccu
            + id ).
Subscribe (() => {
}; }
}
```

```
home.component.ts.

@Component ( {
    Selector : `home`,
    template : `
    <p> welcome Back {{userInfo.name}} </p>
    <div >
        <p> your current balance : $ {{userInfo balance}}</p>
        <p> Total expense : $ {{userInfo. expenses }}</p>
        <p>Last payment : ${{userInfo. lastpayment}} </p>
    </div >.
    < pie [data] = "userInfo.chart" > </pie >




export class HomeComponent {
const userInfo;
constructor( private dataService: DataService){


}
OnInit ( ) {.
this.dataService. getUserInformation (). subscribe (
    (data) => {this. userinfo = data } )

}
```

```
Recent.Component.H.

@Component ({

  selector: 'recent'

  template: `
  <h2> Pending Transaction </h2>
  <table>
    <tr>
      <th> Date </th>
      <th> Description </th>
      <th> Category </th>
      <th> Amount </th>
    </tr>
    <tr *ngFor="let pending of pendingTransaction">
      <td>{{pending.date}}</td>
      <td>{{pending.description}}</td>
      <td>{{pending.category}}</td>
      <td>{{pending.amount}}</td>
      <td>
        <button [routerLink]="['transaction', id.value]">
          Details </button> </td>
      <td>
        <button [routerLink]="['dispute', id.value]">
          Dispute This charge </button> </td>
    </tr>
  </table>
  <h2> Approved Transaction </h2>
  <table>
    <tr>
      <th> Date </th>
      <th> Description </th>
      <th> Category </th>
      <th> Amount </th>
    </tr>
    <tr *ngFor="let approve of approvedTransaction">
      <td>{{approve.date}}</td>
      <td>{{approve.description}}</td>
      <td>{{approve.category}}</td>
      <td>{{approve.amount}}</td>
```

```
export class RecentComponent {
  const approvedTransaction [];
  const pendingTransaction [];

  Constructor (private dataService : DataService) {

  }

  OnInit () {
    this.dataService.getPendingTransaction()
    .Subscribe( (data) => {
        this.pendingTransaction = data;
      }
    );

    this.dataService.getApprovedTransaction()
    .Subscribe ((data) => {
        this.approvedTransaction = data;
      }
    )
  }
}
```

```
      <td>
        <button [routerLink]="['transaction', id.value]">
          Details </button>
      </td>
      <td>
        <button [routerLink]="['dispute', id.value]">
          Dispute This charge </button>
      </td>
    </tr>
  </table>

  <router-outlet> </router-outlet>
```

transaction. Component. ts.

```
@ Component ({

    Selector : transaction ,

    template : '
    <h1> Payment  Details </h1>
    <div>
        <P1>{{ transaction detail. description }} </P>

        <p> {{ transaction detail. address }} </p>

        < map [data] = " transaction detail. Location"}} >

        </ map >.

        <p> Transaction amount :{{ transaction detail. amount}}</P>
        <p> Transaction Date : {{ transaction detail. date }}</P>
        <p> Category : {{ transaction detail. category}} </P>
        <p> Purchase method : {{ transaction detail. method}} </P>
        <p> Card used : {{ transaction detail. card }}</P>
    </div> '

@ export class Transaction Component {

    const transaction detail;
    const id.
    Constructor ( private dataService . DataService ;
                  private  routi : ActivatedRoute )

}

onInit () {
    this. route. params. subscribe ( param => {  //

        this id = params {'id'}} ;

    this. dataservice. get TransactionDetail ( id ).

    subscribe ( (data) => {
                this. transaction detail = data
    }
) }

}.
```

```
payment.Component.ts

@Component({
    selector: 'payment',
    template:

<form [formGroup]='myform' (ngSubmit)="OnPayment()">

    <div>
        <label for="Amount">Amount</label>
        <input type='text'
               name='amount'
               formControlName='amount'
               placeholder='$'>.
<label for="bankNo">Bank Account Number</label>
<input type='text'
       name='bankNo'
       formControlName='bankNo'>.
(*) <label for="payment">Scheduled Payment date</label>
<input type='text'
       name='payment date'
       formControlName='date'>.

    </div>
    <button type='submit' [disabled]="!myform.valid">
        pay </button>.


<div ngIf="!myform.controls['amount'].valid>
    invalid input
</div>.

<div ngIf='!myform.Controls['bankno'].valid>
    invalid Account No
</div>.
<div ngIf='!myform.Controls['payment'].valid>
    invalid Date

</div>
```

```
export class paymentComponent {
    myform: FormGroup }

Constructor( private dataservice: DataService,
             private route: ActivatedRoute,
             private formBuilder: FormBuilder ){

this.myform = formBuilder.group({
    'amount': ['', [validators.required]],
    'bankNo': ['', [validators.required,
                    this.myValidators]],
    'date': ['', [validators.required]]
});

OnPayment() {
    this.dataservice.makePayment(
        this.myform.value.amount,
        this.myform.value.bankNo,
        this.myform.value.payment date );
    this.myform.reset();

myValidation(control: FormControl): {[s:string]:boo}
    const id; const message.
    this.route.params.subscribe(param => {
        this.id = params['id']
    })
    this.dataservice.getAccountNumber(id).
    Subscribe((data) => {
        this.message = data;
    }; }
    return message;
}
```

in the payload

(1) yes, we can

(2) Constructor is called during Construction of Component but ngOnInit are called during change detection phase.

(3) Components are directives with their Own template but directives are behaviors that are added to elements of existing Components.

(4) a Component S. Component. It is created with inline template and inline style but no file is created.

(5) It set a class called valid to the component, Dom element.

(6) non, emulated Native

(7) Events, Timer, XHR (application state change) goes through every component in the component tree.

(8) coz they optimize our code, which make it fast to execute.

(9) we can use OnPush Detection strategy.

(10) To get any information about the route associated with loaded component. e.g url, params query params,

(11) They create FormGroup instance & name it ngForm & return ngSubmit as output

(12) - It Overcomes CSRF / Highly scalable / secure and Work very will in stateless state [Restful API]

(13) preboot creates hidden div of browser resume initial payload & user see server view Client view is rendered to hidden div. Then preboot switch client view & Server views.

* In AOT we only send Empty HTML & JS code but in server side we sen rendered HTML to browser