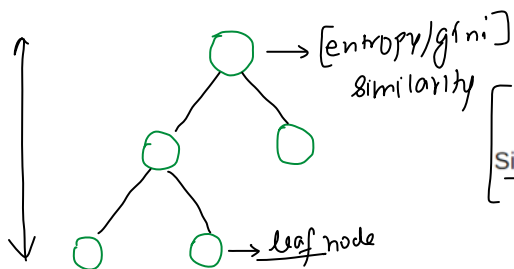


Plan of Attack

30 November 2023 10:42



Regression

$$\left[\text{Similarity Score} = \frac{(\sum \text{Residuals})^2}{N + \lambda} \right] \textcircled{1}$$

Classification

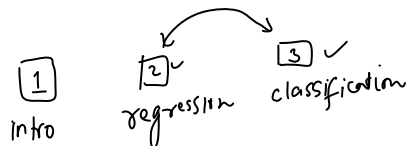
$$\left[\text{Similarity Score} = \frac{(\sum \text{Residuals})^2}{\sum [P (1 - P)] + \lambda} \right] \textcircled{2}$$

reg ✓

$$\left[\text{Output value} = \frac{\sum \text{Residuals}}{N + \lambda} \right] \textcircled{3}$$

✓

$$\left[\text{Output Value} = \frac{(\sum \text{Residuals})}{\sum [P (1 - P)] + \lambda} \right] \textcircled{4}$$

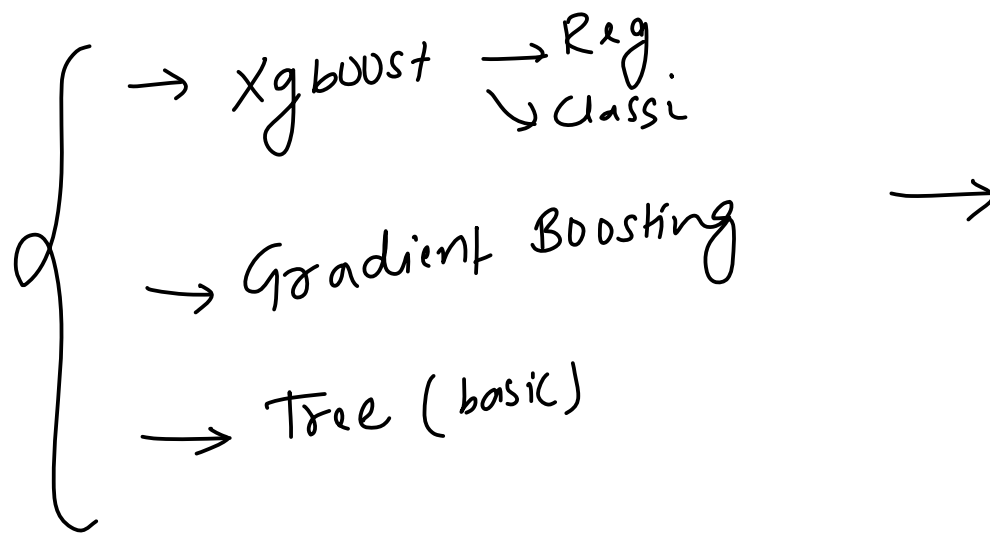


deep dive → goal

Prerequisite

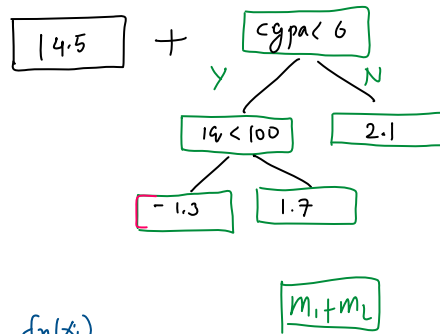
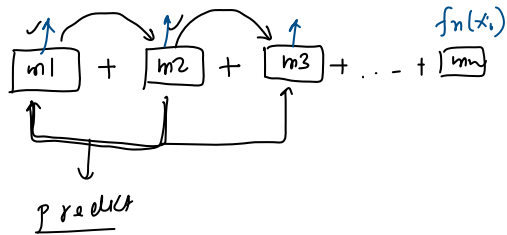
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Xgboost \rightarrow 2 model

cgpa	ier	package
6.5	71	13
5	91	10
9.1	120	16



Xgboost

train

out leaf weight

df, 1023

$$\hat{y}_i = 14.5 + 2.1 = 16.6 \text{ lpa}$$

$$\hat{y}_i = f_1(x_i) + f_2(x_i) + \dots + f_n(x_i)$$

$$\hat{y}_i = \sum_{j=1}^n f_j(x_i) \rightarrow \text{Xgboost}$$

$$[\sigma_{reg}]$$

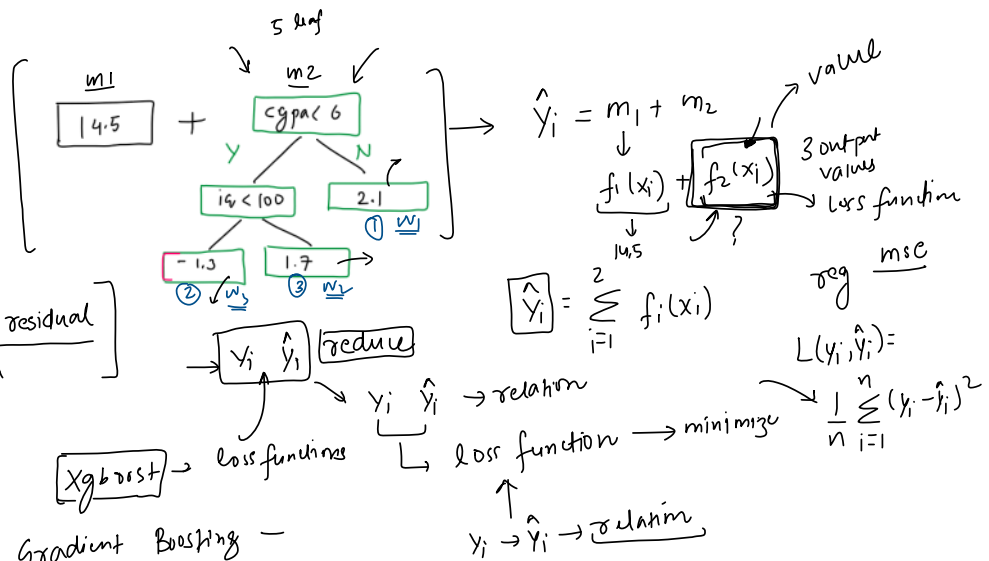
$$\text{output} =$$

$$\frac{\text{sum of residuals}}{N + \lambda}$$

origin story

cgpa	ia	$\sum Y_i^2$ package
→ 6.5	71	13
→ 5	91	10
→ 9.1	120	16

$$\left[\text{Output} = \frac{\sum \text{sum of residual}}{N + 1} \right]$$



Gradient Boosting -

flexible → loss function
↳ differentiable

flexibel \rightarrow differenzierbar
differenzierbar \rightarrow loss-funktion \rightarrow regularisierung
parameter

$[L(y_i, \hat{y}_i)]$

mse log loss

$m_1 + \boxed{m_2}$
 base \nearrow \nwarrow dt

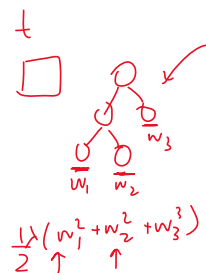
Diagram illustrating the loss function L and its components:

$$L = \sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, \hat{y}_i) + \mathcal{R}(f_2(x_i))$$

Annotations:

- L is labeled as the total loss.
- $\sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, \hat{y}_i)$ is labeled as the loss.
- $\mathcal{R}(f_2(x_i))$ is labeled as the regularization term.
- The regularization term is further defined as:

$$\mathcal{R}(f) = \gamma \mathbf{I} + \frac{1}{2} \lambda \|w\|^2$$
 where:
 - γ is labeled as the regularization parameter.
 - \mathbf{I} is labeled as the identity matrix.
 - λ is labeled as the regularization parameter.
 - $\|w\|^2$ is labeled as the squared norm of the weights.

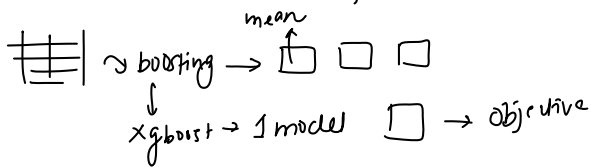


objective func

$$\mathcal{L} = \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, \hat{y}_i)}_{\text{loss function}} + \underbrace{\Omega(f_k)}_{\text{regular}} \leftarrow$$

$$\gamma \frac{T}{2} + \frac{1}{2} \lambda \|w\|^2$$

\downarrow leaf \downarrow leaf



Stage I

mean \downarrow

$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline m_1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ \rightarrow $\mathcal{L}^{(1)} = \sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, \hat{y}_i)$

$f_1(x_i)$

Stage II

mean \downarrow

$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline m_1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{|c|} \hline m_2 \\ \hline \end{array}$ $\xrightarrow{\text{decision}}$ $\mathcal{L}^{(2)} = \sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, f_1(x_i) + f_2(x_i)) + \Omega(f_2(x_i))$

$f_1(x_i)$ $f_2(x_i)$

$\hat{y}_i = f_1(x_i) + f_2(x_i)$

Stage III

mean \downarrow

$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline m_1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{|c|} \hline m_2 \\ \hline \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{|c|} \hline m_3 \\ \hline \end{array}$ \rightarrow $\mathcal{L}^{(3)} = \sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, f_1(x_i) + f_2(x_i) + f_3(x_i)) + \Omega(f_3(x_i))$

$f_1(x_i)$ $f_2(x_i)$ $f_3(x_i)$

$f_1(x_i) + f_2(x_i) + \dots + f_{t-1}(x_i) \rightarrow \hat{y}_i^{(t-1)}$

Stage t

mean \downarrow

$\begin{array}{|c|} \hline m_1 \\ \hline \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{|c|} \hline m_2 \\ \hline \end{array}$ \dots $\begin{array}{|c|} \hline m_t \\ \hline \end{array}$ \rightarrow $\mathcal{L}^{(t)} = \sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, f_1(x_i) + f_2(x_i) + \dots + f_t(x_i)) + \Omega(f_t(x_i))$

$f_1(x_i)$ $f_2(x_i)$ $f_t(x_i)$

$\mathcal{L}^{(t)} = \sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, \hat{y}_i^{(t-1)} + f_t(x_i)) + \Omega(f_t)$

last decision

At any stage t

$\mathcal{L}^{(t)} = \sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, \hat{y}_i^{(t-1)} + f_t(x_i)) + \Omega(f_t(x_i))$

\rightarrow minimize

Linear reg

$$\rightarrow L = \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \underset{\substack{\uparrow \\ \text{predicted}}}{m x_i - b})^2$$

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial m} = 0$$

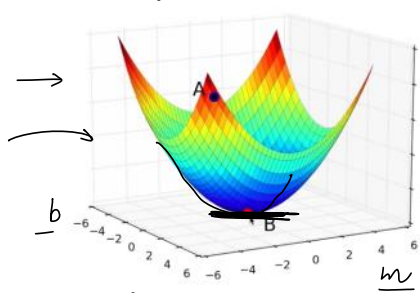
$$\underline{x} = 0$$

(m, b)

✓
b

grad desc

$$\left[\frac{\partial L}{\partial m} \right] \left[\frac{\partial q}{\partial b} \right] = 0$$



$$L(y_i)$$

some
often \rightarrow smooth
 \rightarrow differentiable

$$\frac{\partial L}{\partial f_H(x_i)}$$

Taylor series



→ pericardial
constriction

powerful approx tech

complex function \rightarrow approx \rightarrow polynomial e^x
accurate approx

$$\longrightarrow \frac{3x^2 + 2}{1}$$

$$\uparrow$$

 $3x^2 + 3x^3 + x^4 + x^5 \dots$

Objective \rightarrow usable
 \downarrow
Taylor series

How

 $e^x \rightarrow$ polynomial
 \rightarrow derivatives

$$\boxed{e^x} \rightarrow e^x$$

$$f(x) \text{ point } \rightarrow a$$

$$f(x) \simeq \underbrace{f(a)}_{1!} + \underbrace{f'(a)(x-a)}_{2!} + \underbrace{f''(a)(x-a)^2}_{3!} + \dots$$

$$f(x) = e^x \quad \boxed{a=0}$$

$$f(a) = e^a = 1$$

$$\frac{f'(a)}{1!} (x-a) = \frac{e^a}{1} (x-a) = e^0 (x-0) = x$$

$$\frac{f''(a)}{2!} (x-a)^2 = \frac{e^a}{2!} (x-a)^2 = \frac{e^0 (x)^2}{2!} = \frac{x^2}{2}$$

$$\frac{f'''(a)}{3!} (x-a)^3 = \frac{e^a}{3!} (x-a)^3 = \frac{1}{6} x^3 = \frac{x^3}{6}$$

$$e^x \simeq \boxed{1+x} + \frac{x^2}{2} + \frac{x^3}{6} + \dots$$

Applying Taylor Series

01 December 2023 00:51

$$f(x) \simeq \underbrace{f(a)} + \underbrace{f'(a)}(x-a) + \underbrace{\frac{f''(a)}{2!}}(x-a)^2 \dots \dots \dots]$$

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} =$$

$$f(x) = x^2$$

$$f'(x) \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = 2x$$

$$f'(a) = 2a$$

$$\rightarrow \mathcal{L}^{<t>} = \left[\sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, \hat{y}_i^{<t-1>} + f_t(x_i)) \right] + \underbrace{\mathcal{J}(f_t(x_i))}_{\text{2nd degree}}$$

$x \rightarrow \hat{y}_i^{<t-1>} + f_t(x_i) \quad a \rightarrow \hat{y}_i^{<t-1>}$

$$\mathcal{L}^{<t>} = \sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, \hat{y}_i^{<t-1>}) + g_i f_t(x_i) + \frac{1}{2} h_i f_t^2(x_i) + \mathcal{J}(f_t(x_i))$$

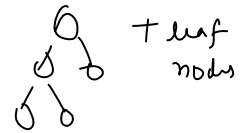
$$f(a) = \sum_{i=1}^n L(y_i, \hat{y}_i^{<t-1>}) \rightarrow \text{gradient } g_i$$

$$\frac{f'(a)}{1} (x-a) = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\frac{\partial L(y_i, \hat{y}_i^{<t-1>})}{\partial \hat{y}_i^{<t-1>}} \right] f_t(x_i) \rightarrow \text{hessian } h_i$$

$$\frac{f''(a)}{2} (x-a)^2 = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\frac{\partial^2 L(y_i, \hat{y}_i^{<t-1>})}{\partial \hat{y}_i^{<t-1>2}} \right] f_t^2(x_i)$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{(t)} \simeq \sum_{i=1}^n \left[\underbrace{\mathcal{L}(y_i, \hat{y}_i^{(t-1)})}_{\downarrow} + \underbrace{g_i f_t(x_i)}_{\uparrow} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} h_i f_t^2(x_i)}_{\checkmark} \right] + \underbrace{\Omega(f_t(x_i))}_{\checkmark}$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{(t)} = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[g_i f_t(x_i) + \frac{1}{2} h_i f_t^2(x_i) \right] + \boxed{\Omega(f_t(x_i))} \rightarrow \text{expand}$$



$$\mathcal{L}^{(t)} = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[g_i f_t(x_i) + \frac{1}{2} h_i f_t^2(x_i) \right] + \underbrace{\gamma T}_{\gamma T} + \underbrace{\frac{1}{2} \lambda \sum_{j=1}^T w_j^2}_{\substack{j=1 \rightarrow T \\ T \rightarrow \# \text{ leaf nodes}}}$$



$$\mathcal{L}^{(t)} = \sum_{j=1}^T \left[\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i w_j + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i \in I_j} h_i w_j^2 \right] + \gamma T + \frac{1}{2} \lambda \sum_{j=1}^T w_j^2$$

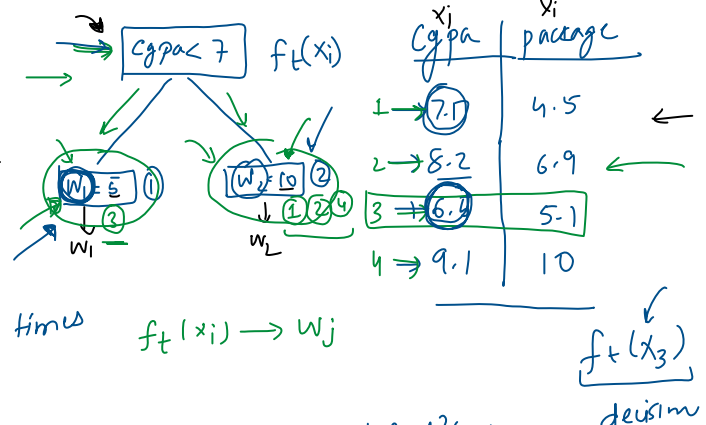
$$\left[\begin{array}{l} w_j \rightarrow f_t(x_i) \\ \sum_{i=1}^n \rightarrow \sum_{j=1}^T \sum_{i \in I_j} \end{array} \right]$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{(t)} = \sum_{i=1}^n \left[g_i f_t(x_i) + \frac{1}{2} h_i f_t^2(x_i) \right] + \gamma T + \frac{1}{2} \lambda \sum_{j=1}^T w_j^2$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{(t)} = \sum_{j=1}^T \left[\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i w_j + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i \in I_j} h_i w_j^2 \right] + \gamma T + \frac{1}{2} \lambda \sum_{j=1}^T w_j^2$$

$i \in I_j \rightarrow$ instance set of leaf j

4 terms



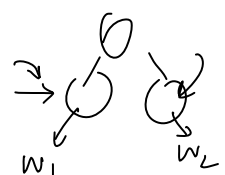
$$\rightarrow \left(g_1 f_t(x_1) + \frac{1}{2} h_1 f_t^2(x_1) \right) + \left(g_2 f_t(x_2) + \frac{1}{2} h_2 f_t^2(x_2) \right) + \dots + g_n f_t(x_n) + \frac{1}{2} h_n f_t^2(x_n)$$

$$\rightarrow \underbrace{g_3 f_t(x_3) + \frac{1}{2} h_3 f_t^2(x_3)}_{g_3 w_1 + \frac{1}{2} h_3 w_1^2} + \underbrace{g_1 f_t(x_1) + \frac{1}{2} h_1 f_t^2(x_1)}_{g_1 w_2 + \frac{1}{2} h_1 w_2^2} + g_2 f_t(x_2) + \frac{1}{2} h_2 f_t^2(x_2) + g_4 f_t(x_4) + \frac{1}{2} h_4 f_t^2(x_4)$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{(t)} = \sum_{j=1}^T \left[\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i w_j + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i \in I_j} h_i w_j^2 \right] + \gamma T + \frac{1}{2} \lambda \sum_{j=1}^T w_j^2$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{(t)} = \sum_{j=1}^T \left[\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i w_j + \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i \in I_j} h_i w_j^2 + \frac{1}{2} \lambda w_j^2 \right] + \gamma T$$

$$\mathcal{L}^{(t)} = \sum_{j=1}^T \left[\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i w_j + \frac{1}{2} \left(\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda \right) w_j^2 \right] + \gamma T$$



$$L^{(t)} = \sum_{j=1}^J \left[\underbrace{\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i w_j}_{\uparrow} + \frac{1}{2} \underbrace{\left(\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda \right) w_j^2}_{\uparrow} \right] + \gamma T$$

$$\frac{\partial L^{(t)}}{\partial w_j} = \sum_{i \in I_j} g_i + \left(\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda \right) w_j = 0$$

$$w_j = - \frac{\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i}{\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda}$$

$g_i / h_i \rightarrow$ formula
the
output



Output Value for Regression

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$$w_j = \frac{- \sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}_j} g_i}{\sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}_j} h_i + \lambda}$$

gradient

hessian

$$g = \frac{\partial L(y_i, \hat{y}_i^{(t-1)})}{\partial \hat{y}_i^{(t-1)}}$$

$$h = \frac{\partial^2 L(y_i, \hat{y}_i^{(t-1)})}{\partial \hat{y}_i^{(t-1)2}}$$

Loss

reg

classi

Reg → mse →

$$L = \frac{1}{2} \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i)^2$$

residual for every point

$$g_i = \frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}_i} = - \sum_{i=1}^n (y_i - \hat{y}_i) = - \sum_{i=1}^n (\hat{y}_i - y_i)$$

prev step

sum of residual

of residuals + 1

$$= \frac{\sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}_j} (y_i - \hat{y}_i^{(t-1)})}{\sum_{i \in \mathcal{I}_j} 1 + \lambda}$$

cgpa	ia	pa	pr	residual
8	80	8	8.5	8-8.5
9	90	9	8.5	9-8.5

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial \hat{y}_i} \frac{\partial L}{\partial \hat{y}_i} = \frac{\partial (y_i - \hat{y}_i)}{\partial \hat{y}_i} = -1$$

$$w_j = \frac{\text{sum of residual}}{\# \text{ residuals} + 1}$$

Output Value for Classification

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$$w_j = \frac{- \sum_{i \in I_j} g_i}{\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda}$$

$$\frac{g}{f} = \frac{\partial L(y_i, \hat{y}_i^{(t-1)})}{\partial \hat{y}_i^{(t-1)}}$$

$$\underline{h} = \frac{\partial^2 L(y_i, \hat{y}_i^{(t-1)})}{\partial \hat{y}_i^{(t-1)2}}$$

loss - log loss \rightarrow gradient boosting

$$\left[w_j = \frac{\text{Sum of residual}}{\sum_{i \in I_j} p_i (1 - p_i) + \lambda} \right]$$

$p_i \rightarrow$ pred prob of
prev timestep

Derivation of Similarity score

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$$\boxed{L^{(t)}} = \sum_{j=1}^T \left[\left(\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i \right) w_j + \frac{1}{2} \left(\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda \right) w_j^2 \right] + \gamma T$$

$$w_j = \frac{-\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i}{\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda}$$

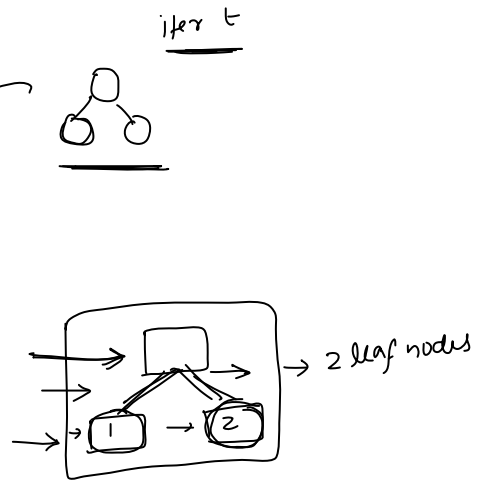
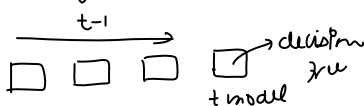
$$L^{(t)}(q) = \sum_{j=1}^T \left[\left(\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i \right) \frac{\left(-\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i \right)}{\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda} + \frac{1}{2} \left(\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda \right) \frac{\left(\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i \right)^2}{\left(\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda \right)^2} \right] + \gamma T$$

$$L^{(t)}(q) = \sum_{j=1}^T \left[-\frac{\left(\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i \right)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{\left(\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i \right)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda} \right] + \gamma T$$

$$\text{similarity score} = \sum_{j=1}^T \left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{\left(\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i \right)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda} \right] + \gamma T$$

$$L^{(t)}(q) = -\frac{1}{2} \sum_{j=1}^T \frac{\left(\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i \right)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda} + \gamma T$$

gini/entropy



$$L^{(t)}(q_p) = -\frac{1}{2} \frac{\left(\sum_{i \in I_p} g_i \right)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_p} h_i + \lambda} + \gamma$$

$$\boxed{L^{(t)}(q_c)} = -\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\left(\sum_{i \in I_L} g_i \right)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_L} h_i + \lambda} + \frac{\left(\sum_{i \in I_R} g_i \right)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_R} h_i + \lambda} \right] + 2\gamma$$

$$L^{(t)}(q_p) \rightarrow L^{(t)}(q_c)$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{\left(\sum_{i \in I_L} g_i \right)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_L} h_i + \lambda} + \frac{\left(\sum_{i \in I_R} g_i \right)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_R} h_i + \lambda} \right] + 2\gamma$$

$$-\frac{1}{2} \frac{(\sum_{i \in I_P} g_i)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_P} h_i + \lambda} + \gamma - \left(-\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{(\sum_{i \in I_L} g_i)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_L} h_i + \lambda} + \frac{(\sum_{i \in I_R} g_i)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_R} h_i + \lambda} \right] \pm 2\gamma \right)$$

$$\left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{(\sum_{i \in I_P} g_i)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_P} h_i + \lambda} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(\sum_{i \in I_L} g_i)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_L} h_i + \lambda} + \frac{1}{2} \frac{(\sum_{i \in I_R} g_i)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_R} h_i + \lambda} \right] - \gamma$$

$$\frac{1}{2} \left[\frac{(\sum_{i \in I_L} g_i)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_L} h_i + \lambda} + \frac{(\sum_{i \in I_R} g_i)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_R} h_i + \lambda} - \frac{(\sum_{i \in I_P} g_i)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_P} h_i + \lambda} \right] - \gamma \quad \text{differ}$$

Final Calculation of Similarity

02 December 2023 01:27

$$\text{similarity score} = \sum_{j=1}^T \left[-\frac{1}{2} \frac{\left(\sum_{i \in I_j} g_i \right)^2}{\sum_{i \in I_j} h_i + \lambda} \right] + \gamma T$$

reg

$g \rightarrow$ sum of residuals

$h \rightarrow \sum 1 \rightarrow N$

Class

$g \rightarrow$ residual

$h \rightarrow p_i(1-p_i)$