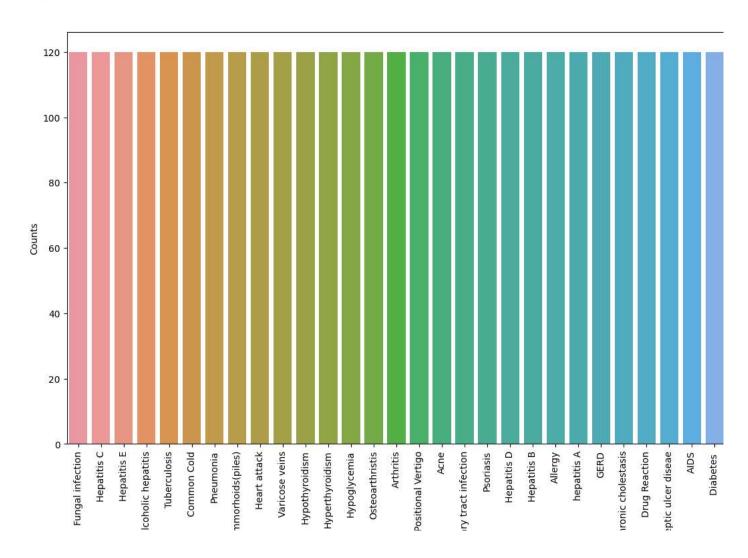
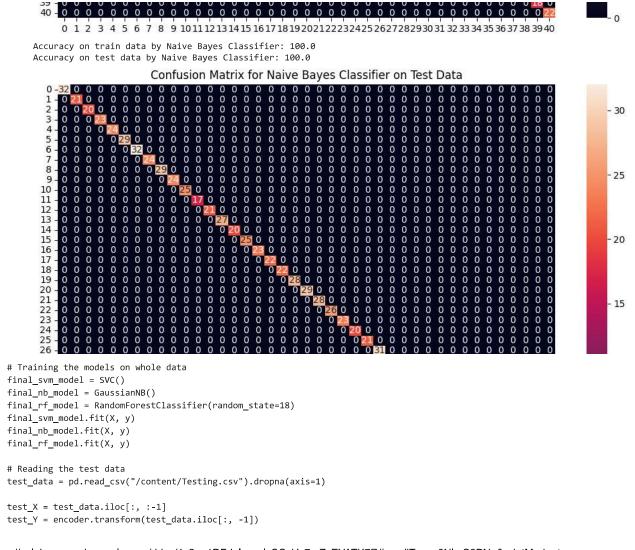
```
# Importing libraries
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
from scipy.stats import mode
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder
from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split, cross_val_score
from sklearn.svm import SVC
from sklearn.naive_bayes import GaussianNB
from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestClassifier
from sklearn.metrics import accuracy score, confusion matrix
%matplotlib inline
# Reading the train.csv by removing the
# last column since it's an empty column
DATA_PATH = "/content/Training.csv"
data = pd.read_csv(DATA_PATH).dropna(axis = 1)
# Checking whether the dataset is balanced or not
disease_counts = data["prognosis"].value_counts()
temp_df = pd.DataFrame({
  "Disease": disease_counts.index,
  "Counts": disease_counts.values
})
plt.figure(figsize = (18,8))
sns.barplot(x = "Disease", y = "Counts", data = temp_df)
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.show()
```



```
# Encoding the target value into numerical
# value using LabelEncoder
encoder = LabelEncoder()
data["prognosis"] = encoder.fit_transform(data["prognosis"])
X = data.iloc[:,:-1]
y = data.iloc[:, -1]
X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test =train_test_split(
X, y, test_size = 0.2, random_state = 24)
print(f"Train: \{X\_train.shape\}, \{y\_train.shape\}")
print(f"Test: {X_test.shape}, {y_test.shape}")
     Train: (3936, 132), (3936,)
     Test: (984, 132), (984,)
\# Defining scoring metric for k-fold cross validation
def cv_scoring(estimator, X, y):
    return accuracy_score(y, estimator.predict(X))
# Initializing Models
models = {
    "SVC":SVC(),
    "Gaussian NB":GaussianNB(),
    "Random Forest":RandomForestClassifier(random state=18)
# Producing cross validation score for the models
for model_name in models:
    model = models[model name]
    scores = cross_val_score(model, X, y, cv = 2,
                          n_{jobs} = -1,
                           scoring = cv_scoring)
    print("=="*30)
    print(model_name)
    print(f"Scores: {scores}")
    print(f"Mean Score: {np.mean(scores)}")
     Scores: [1. 1.]
     Mean Score: 1.0
     _____
     Gaussian NB
     Scores: [1. 1.]
     Mean Score: 1.0
     _____
     Random Forest
     Scores: [1. 1.]
     Mean Score: 1.0
# Training and testing SVM Classifier
svm_model = SVC()
svm_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
preds = svm_model.predict(X_test)
print(f"Accuracy on train data by SVM Classifier\
: {accuracy_score(y_train, svm_model.predict(X_train))*100}")
print(f"Accuracy on test data by SVM Classifier\
: {accuracy_score(y_test, preds)*100}")
cf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, preds)
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
sns.heatmap(cf_matrix, annot=True)
plt.title("Confusion Matrix for SVM Classifier on Test Data")
plt.show()
# Training and testing Naive Bayes Classifier
nb_model = GaussianNB()
nb_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
preds = nb model.predict(X test)
print(f"Accuracy on train data by Naive Bayes Classifier\
: {accuracy_score(y_train, nb_model.predict(X_train))*100}")
```

```
print(f"Accuracy on test data by Naive Bayes Classifier\
: {accuracy_score(y_test, preds)*100}")
cf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, preds)
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
sns.heatmap(cf_matrix, annot=True)
plt.title("Confusion Matrix for Naive Bayes Classifier on Test Data")
plt.show()
# Training and testing Random Forest Classifier
rf_model = RandomForestClassifier(random_state=18)
rf_model.fit(X_train, y_train)
preds = rf_model.predict(X_test)
print(f"Accuracy on train data by Random Forest Classifier\
: {accuracy_score(y_train, rf_model.predict(X_train))*100}")
print(f"Accuracy on test data by Random Forest Classifier\
: {accuracy_score(y_test, preds)*100}")
cf_matrix = confusion_matrix(y_test, preds)
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
sns.heatmap(cf_matrix, annot=True)
plt.title("Confusion Matrix for Random Forest Classifier on Test Data")
plt.show()
```



```
# Making prediction by take mode of predictions
# made by all the classifiers
svm_preds = final_svm_model.predict(test_X)
nb_preds = final_nb_model.predict(test_X)
rf_preds = final_rf_model.predict(test_X)
final_preds = [[mode([i,j,k])[0][0] for i,j,k in zip(svm_preds, nb_preds, rf_preds)]]
print(f"Accuracy on Test dataset by the combined model\
: {accuracy_score(test_Y, final_preds)*100}")
cf_matrix = confusion_matrix(test_Y, final_preds)
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
sns.heatmap(cf_matrix, annot = True)
plt.title("Confusion Matrix for Combined Model on Test Dataset")
plt.show()
                                               Traceback (most recent call last)
     <ipython-input-25-71e3c90373d6> in <cell line: 21>()
          19 rf_preds = final_rf_model.predict(test_X)
          20
     ---> 21 final_preds = [[mode([i,j,k])[0][0] for i,j,k in zip(svm_preds, nb_preds, rf_preds)]]
          22
          23 print(f"Accuracy on Test dataset by the combined model\
     <ipython-input-25-71e3c90373d6> in <listcomp>(.0)
          19 rf_preds = final_rf_model.predict(test_X)
          20
     ---> 21 final_preds = [[mode([i,j,k])[0][0] for i,j,k in zip(svm_preds, nb_preds, rf_preds)]]
          22
          23 print(f"Accuracy on Test dataset by the combined model\
     IndexError: invalid index to scalar variable.
      SEARCH STACK OVERFLOW
symptoms = X.columns.values
# Creating a symptom index dictionary to encode the
# input symptoms into numerical form
symptom_index = {}
for index, value in enumerate(symptoms):
  symptom = " ".join([i.capitalize() for i in value.split("_")])
  symptom\_index[symptom] = index
data_dict = {
  "symptom_index":symptom_index,
  "predictions_classes":encoder.classes_
# Defining the Function
# Input: string containing symptoms separated by commas
# Output: Generated predictions by models
def predictDisease(symptoms):
  symptoms = symptoms.split(",")
  # creating input data for the models
  input_data = [0] * len(data_dict["symptom_index"])
  for symptom in symptoms:
    index = data_dict["symptom_index"][symptom]
    input_data[index] = 1
  # reshaping the input data and converting it
  # into suitable format for model predictions
  input_data = np.array(input_data).reshape(1,-1)
  # generating individual outputs
  \label{eq:rf_model.predict} rf\_prediction = data\_dict["predictions\_classes"][final\_rf\_model.predict(input\_data)[0]]
  nb_prediction = data_dict["predictions_classes"][final_nb_model.predict(input_data)[0]]
  svm_prediction = data_dict["predictions_classes"][final_svm_model.predict(input_data)[0]]
  # making final prediction by taking mode of all predictions
  final_prediction = mode([rf_prediction, nb_prediction, svm_prediction])[0][0]
```