Uptake Database Task

Create Table Student:-

```
MySQL>  INSERT INTO
Student(First_Name,Last_Name,GPA,Enrollment_Date,Major) VALUES
   -> ("Shivansh","Mahajan",8.79,now(),"Computer Science"),
   -> ("Umesh" ,"Sharma" ,8.44 ,now(),"Mathematics"),
   -> ("Rakesh", "Kumar",5.60,now() ,"Biology"),
   -> ("Radha", "Sharma",9.20,now(),"Chemistry"),
   -> ("Kush", "Kumar",7.85,now(),"Physics"),
   -> ("Prem","opra",9.56,now(),"History"),
   -> ("Pankaj","Vats",9.78,now(),"English"),
   -> ("Navleen","Kau",7.00,now(),"Mathematic");

Query OK, 8 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 8  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

OutPut:-

```
mysql> select * from Student;
+------------+------------+-----------+------+--------------------+-----------------+
| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA  | Enrollment_Date    | Major           |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+--------------------+-----------------+
|          1 | Shivansh   | Mahajan   | 8.79 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Computer Science |
|          2 | Umesh      | Sharma    | 8.44 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematics      |
|          3 | Rakesh     | Kumar     |  5.6 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Biology          |
|          4 | Radha      | Sharma    |  9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry        |
```

```
|         5 | Kush       | Kumar     | 7.85 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Physics
|
|         6 | Prem       | opra      | 9.56 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | History
|
|         7 | Pankaj     | Vats      | 9.78 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | English
|
|         8 | Navleen    | Kau       |    7 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic
|
+-----------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+-----------------+
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Create Table Program:-

```
MySQL> INSERT INTO Program(Student_ID,PROGRAM_NAME,PROGRAM_START_DATE)
VALUES
    -> (1, "Computer Science", now()),
    -> (2, "Mathematics", now()),
    -> (8, "Mathematics", now()),
    -> (5, "Physics", now()),
    -> (4, "Chemistry", now()),
    -> (7, "Psychology", now()),
    -> (6, "History", now()),
    -> (3, "Biology", now());
Query OK, 8 rows affected (0.00 sec)
Records: 8  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

Output:-

```
MySQL> select * from Program;
+----+------------+-----------------+--------------------+
| ID | Student_ID | PROGRAM_NAME    | PROGRAM_START_DATE |
+----+------------+-----------------+--------------------+
|  1 |          1 | Computer Science | 2024-03-20 14:43:55 |
|  2 |          1 | Computer Science | 2024-03-20 14:44:16 |
|  3 |          2 | Mathematics     | 2024-03-20 14:44:16 |
|  4 |          8 | Mathematics     | 2024-03-20 14:44:16 |
|  5 |          5 | Physics         | 2024-03-20 14:44:16 |
|  6 |          4 | Chemistry       | 2024-03-20 14:44:16 |
|  7 |          7 | Psychology      | 2024-03-20 14:44:16 |
|  8 |          6 | History         | 2024-03-20 14:44:16 |
|  9 |          3 | Biology         | 2024-03-20 14:44:16 |
+----+------------+-----------------+--------------------+
9 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

Create table Scholarship:-

```
MySQL> INSERT INTO Scholarship(Student_ID,SCHOLARSHIP_AMOUNT,SCHOLARSHIP_DATE) VALUES
    -> (1, 5000, now()),
```

```
    -> (2, 4500, now()),
    -> (3, 3000, now()),
    -> (1, 4000, now());
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 4  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

OUTPUT:-

```
mysql> select * from Scholarship;
+----+------------+-------------------+--------------------+
| ID | Student_ID | SCHOLARSHIP_AMOUNT | SCHOLARSHIP_DATE    |
+----+------------+-------------------+--------------------+
```

| 1 | 1 | 5000 | 2024-03-20 14:50:00 |

| 2 | 2 | 4500 | 2024-03-20 14:50:00 |

| 3 | 3 | 3000 | 2024-03-20 14:50:00 |

| 4 | 1 | 4000 | 2024-03-20 14:50:00 |

+----+------------+--------------------+---------------------+

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

SQL QUERIES:-

1. Write a SQL query to fetch “FIRST_NAME” from the Student table in upper case and use ALIAS name as STUDENT_NAME.

   OUTPUT:-
   MySQL> SELECT UPPER(FIRST_NAME) AS STUDENT_NAME FROM Student;
   +--------------+

| STUDENT_NAME |
+--------------+
| SHIVANSH |
| UMESH |
| RAKESH |
| RADHA |
| KUSH |
| PREM |
| PANKAJ |
| NAVLEEN |
+--------------+
8 rows in set (0.01 sec)

2. Write a SQL query to fetch unique values of MAJOR Subjects from Student table.
   OUTPUT:-
   mysql> SELECT DISTINCT major
   -> FROM student;
   +------------------+
   | major |
   +------------------+
   | Computer Science |
   | Mathematics |
   | Biology |
   | Chemistry |
   | Physics |
   | History |
   | English |
   | Mathematic |
   +------------------+
   8 rows in set (0.00 sec)

3. Write a SQL query to print the first 3 characters of FIRST_NAME from Student table.
   OUTPUT:-
   mysql> SELECT SUBSTRING(First_Name,1,3) from Student;
   +---------------------------+
   | SUBSTRING(First_Name,1,3) |
   +---------------------------+
   | Shi |
   | Ume |
   | Rak |
   | Rad |

```
| Kus                  |
| Pre                  |
| Pan                  |
| Nav                  |
+--------------------------+
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

4. Write a SQL query to find the position of alphabet (‘a’) int the first name column ‘Shivansh’ from Student table.
   OUTPUT:-

```
mysql> SELECT INSTR(FIRST_NAME, 'a') FROM Student WHERE FIRST_NAME = 'Shivansh';
+------------------------+
| INSTR(FIRST_NAME, 'a') |
+------------------------+
|                      5 |
+------------------------+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

5.Write a SQL query that fetches the unique values of MAJOR Subjects from Student table and print its length.

OUTPUT:-

```
mysql> SELECT DISTINCT Major,LENGTH(Major) FROM Student;
+------------------+---------------+
| Major            | LENGTH(Major) |
+------------------+---------------+
```

| Computer Science | 16 |

| Mathematic | 10 |

| Biology | 7 |

| Chemistry | 9 |

| Physics | 7 |

| History | 7 |

| English | 7 |

+------------------+---------------+

5. rows in set (0.00 sec)

6. Write a SQL query to print FIRST_NAME from the Student table after replacing ‘a’ with ‘A’.
   OUTPUT:-

   mysql> SELECT REPLACE(FIRST_NAME, 'a', 'A') From Student;
   +-------------------------------+
   | REPLACE(FIRST_NAME, 'a', 'A') |
   +-------------------------------+
   | ShivAnsh |
   | Umesh |
   | RAkesh |
   | RAdhA |
   | Kush |
   | Prem |
   | PAnkAj |
   | NAvleen |
   +-------------------------------+
   8 rows in set (0.00 sec)

7. Write a SQL query to print the FIRST_NAME and LAST_NAME from Student table into single column COMPLETE_NAME.
   OUTPUT:-

mysql> SELECT CONCAT(FIRST_NAME, ' ', LAST_NAME) AS COMPLETE_NAME FROM Student;

+------------------+

| COMPLETE_NAME |

+------------------+

| Shivansh Mahajan |

| Umesh Sharma |

| Rakesh Kumar |

| Radha Sharma |

| Kush Kumar |

| Prem opra |

| Pankaj Vats |

| Navleen Kau |

+------------------+

8 rows in set (0.00 sec)

8. Write a SQL query to print all Student details from Student table order by FIRST_NAME Ascending and MAJOR Subject descending .
   OUTPUT:-

   mysql> SELECT * FROM Student ORDER BY First_Name ASC,Major DESC;

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+

| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA | Enrollment_Date | Major |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+

| 5 | Kush | Kumar | 7.85 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Physics |

| 8 | Navleen | Kau | 7 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic |

| 7 | Pankaj | Vats | 9.78 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | English |

| 6 | Prem | opra | 9.56 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | History |

| 4 | Radha | Sharma | 9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry |

| 3 | Rakesh | Kumar | 5.6 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Biology |

| 1 | Shivansh | Mahajan | 8.79 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Computer Science |

| 2 | Umesh | Sharma | 8.44 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic

8 rows in set (0.0

9.Write a SQL query to print details of the Students with the FIRST_NAME as ‘Prem’ and ‘Shivansh’ from Student table.

OUTPUT:-

```
mysql> SELECT *
   -> FROM Student
   -> WHERE FIRST_NAME IN ('Prem', 'Shivansh');
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA  | Enrollment_Date     | Major            |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
|          1 | Shivansh   | Mahajan   | 8.79 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Computer Science |
|          6 | Prem       | opra      | 9.56 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | History          |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

9. Write a SQL query to print details of the Students excluding FIRST_NAME as ‘Prem’ and ‘Shivansh’ from Student table.
   OUTPUT:-

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Student WHERE First_Name NOT IN('Prem','Shivansh');
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+
| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA  | Enrollment_Date     | Major      |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+
```

| 2 | Umesh | Sharma | 8.44 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic |

| 3 | Rakesh | Kumar | 5.6 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Biology |

| 4 | Radha | Sharma | 9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry |

| 5 | Kush | Kumar | 7.85 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Physics |

| 7 | Pankaj | Vats | 9.78 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | English |

| 8 | Navleen | Kau | 7 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+

6 rows in set (0.00 sec)

11. Write a SQL query to print details of the Students whose FIRST_NAME ends with ‘a’.

OUTPUT:-

mysql> SELECT * FROM Student WHERE First_Name LIKE '%a';

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+-----------+

| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA | Enrollment_Date | Major |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+-----------+

| 4 | Radha | Sharma | 9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+-----------+

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

12. Write an SQL query to print details of the Students whose FIRST_NAME ends with ‘a’ and contains six alphabets.

OUTPUT:-

mysql> SELECT * FROM Student WHERE First_Name LIKE '_____%a';

Empty set (0.00 sec)

13. Write an SQL query to print details of the Students whose GPA lies between 9.00 and 9.99.

OUTPUT:-

mysql> SELECT * From Student WHERE GPA BETWEEN 9 AND 9.99;

```
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+-----------+
| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA  | Enrollment_Date     | Major     |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+-----------+
|          4 | Radha      | Sharma    |  9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry |
|          6 | Prem       | opra      | 9.56 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | History   |
|          7 | Pankaj     | Vats      | 9.78 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | English   |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+-----------+
```

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

14. Write an SQL query to fetch the count of Students having Major Subject ‘Computer Science’.

mysql> SELECT COUNT(*) From Student Where Major = 'Computer Science';

OUTPUT:-

```
+----------+
| COUNT(*) |
+----------+
|        1 |
+----------+
```

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

15. Write an SQL query to fetch Students full names with GPA >= 8.5 and <= 9.5.

mysql> SELECT * FROM Student WHERE GPA >= 8.5 AND 9.5;

OUTPUT:-

```
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA  | Enrollment_Date     | Major            |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
|          1 | Shivansh   | Mahajan   | 8.79 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Computer Science |
|          4 | Radha      | Sharma    |  9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry        |
```

| 6 | Prem | opra | 9.56 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | History |

| 7 | Pankaj | Vats | 9.78 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | English |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+

16. Write an SQL query to fetch the no. of Students for each MAJOR subject in the descending order.

mysql> SELECT major, COUNT(student_id) AS num_students

-> FROM student

-> GROUP BY major

-> ORDER BY num_students DESC;

+------------------+--------------+

| major | num_students |

+------------------+--------------+

| Mathematic | 2 |

| Computer Science | 1 |

| Biology | 1 |

| Chemistry | 1 |

| Physics | 1 |

| History | 1 |

| English | 1 |

+------------------+--------------+

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

17. Display the details of students who have received scholarships, including their names, scholarship amounts, and scholarship dates.

mysql> SELECT First_Name ,Last_Name, SCHOLARSHIP_AMOUNT , SCHOLARSHIP_DATE From Student INNER JOIN Scholarship ON Student.Student_ID = Scholarsh

ip.Student_ID;

OUTPUT:-

+------------+-----------+--------------------+---------------------+

| First_Name | Last_Name | SCHOLARSHIP_AMOUNT | SCHOLARSHIP_DATE |

```
+------------+-----------+--------------------+---------------------+
| Shivansh   | Mahajan   |               5000 | 2024-03-20 14:50:00 |
| Umesh      | Sharma    |               4500 | 2024-03-20 14:50:00 |
| Rakesh     | Kumar     |               3000 | 2024-03-20 14:50:00 |
| Shivansh   | Mahajan   |               4000 | 2024-03-20 14:50:00 |
+------------+-----------+--------------------+---------------------+
4 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

18. Write an SQL query to show only odd rows from Student table.

```
mysql> Select * from Student where (Student_ID % 2) = 1;
```

OUTPUT:-

```
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA  | Enrollment_Date     | Major            |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
|          1 | Shivansh   | Mahajan   | 8.79 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Computer Science |
|          3 | Rakesh     | Kumar     |  5.6 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Biology          |
|          5 | Kush       | Kumar     | 7.85 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Physics          |
```

| 7 | Pankaj | Vats | 9.78 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | English |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+

4 rows in set (0.01 sec)

19. Write an SQL query to show only even rows from Student table.

mysql> Select * from Student where (Student_ID % 2) = 0;

OUTPUT:-

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+

| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA | Enrollment_Date | Major |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+

| 2 | Umesh | Sharma | 8.44 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic |

| 4 | Radha | Sharma | 9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry |

| 6 | Prem | opra | 9.56 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | History |

| 8 | Navleen | Kau | 7 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

20. List all students and their scholarship amounts if they have received any. If a student has not received a scholarship, display NULL for the scholarship details.

21. Write an SQL query to show the top n (say 5) records of Student table order by descending GPA.

mysql> SELECT * from Student ORDER BY GPA DESC LIMIT 5;

OUTPUT:-

```
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA  | Enrollment_Date     | Major            |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
|          7 | Pankaj     | Vats      | 9.78 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | English          |
|          6 | Prem       | opra      | 9.56 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | History          |
```

| 4 | Radha | Sharma | 9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry |

| 1 | Shivansh | Mahajan | 8.79 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Computer Science |

| 2 | Umesh | Sharma | 8.44 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+

5 rows in set (0.00 sec)

22. Write an SQL query to determine the nth (say n=5) highest GPA from a table.

OUTPUT:-

mysql> select * from Student ORDER BY GPA LIMIT 4,1;

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+

| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA | Enrollment_Date | Major |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+

| 2 | Umesh | Sharma | 8.44 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

23. Write an SQL query to determine the 5th highest GPA without using LIMIT keyword.

mysql> select * from (

-> select ROW_NUMBER() OVER (ORDER BY GPA DESC) AS RANKING, GPA FROM Student) as FIFTHGPA WHERE RANKING = 5;

OUTPUT:-

+---------+------+

| RANKING | GPA |

+---------+------+

| 5 | 7.85 |

+---------+------+

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

24. Write an SQL query to fetch the list of Students with the same GPA.

mysql> SELECT s1. *

-> FROM Student s1, Student s2

-> WHERE s1. GPA = s2. GPA

-> AND s1. Student_id != s2. Student_id;

OUTPUT:-

Empty set (0.01 sec)

25. Write an SQL query to show the second highest GPA from a Student table using sub-query.

mysql> SELECT MAX(GPA)

-> FROM Student

-> WHERE GPA NOT IN (SELECT MAX(GPA) FROM Student);

Second Way:-

```
select *from Student
group by GPA
order by  GPA DESC limit 1,1
```

```
+----------+
| MAX(GPA) |
+----------+
|     9.56 |
+----------+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

26. Write an SQL query to show one row twice in results from a table.

```
mysql> select * from Student
    -> UNION ALL
    -> select * from Student
    -> Order By Student_ID;
```

OUTPUT:-

```
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA  | Enrollment_Date     | Major            |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
```

| 1 | Shivansh | Mahajan | 8.79 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Computer Science |

| 1 | Shivansh | Mahajan | 8.79 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Computer Science |

| 2 | Umesh | Sharma | 8.44 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic |

| 2 | Umesh | Sharma | 8.44 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic |

| 3 | Rakesh | Kumar | 5.6 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Biology |

| 3 | Rakesh | Kumar | 5.6 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Biology |

| 4 | Radha | Sharma | 9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry |

| 4 | Radha | Sharma | 9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry |

| 5 | Kush | Kumar | 7.85 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Physics |

| 5 | Kush | Kumar | 7.85 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Physics |

| 6 | Prem | opra | 9.56 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | History |

| 6 | Prem | opra | 9.56 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | History |

| 7 | Pankaj | Vats | 9.78 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | English |

| 7 | Pankaj | Vats | 9.78 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | English |

| 8 | Navleen | Kau | 7 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic |

| 8 | Navleen | Kau | 7 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+

16 rows in set (0.00 sec)

27. Write an SQL query to list STUDENT_ID who does not get Scholarship.

mysql> select Student_ID from Student WHERE Student_ID NOT IN (select Student_ID from Scholarship);

OUTPUT:-

+------------+

| Student_ID |

+------------+

| 4 |

| 5 |

| 6 |

| 7 |

| 8 |

+------------+

5 rows in set (0.01 sec)

28. Write an SQL query to fetch the first 50% records from a table.

mysql> SELECT * FROM Student where Student_ID <= (select COUNT(Student_ID)/2 from Student);

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+

| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA | Enrollment_Date | Major |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+

| 1 | Shivansh | Mahajan | 8.79 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Computer Science |

| 2 | Umesh | Sharma | 8.44 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic |

| 3 | Rakesh | Kumar | 5.6 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Biology |

| 4 | Radha | Sharma | 9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+

4 rows in set (0.00 sec)

29. Write an SQL query to fetch the MAJOR subject that have less than 4 people in it.

mysql> select Major, COUNT(Major) as Major_COUNT From Student GROUP BY Major HAVING COUNT(Major) < 4 ;

OUTPUT:-

+------------------+-------------+

| Major | Major_COUNT |

+------------------+-------------+

| Computer Science | 1 |

| Mathematic | 2 |

| Biology | 1 |

| Chemistry | 1 |

| Physics | 1 |

| History | 1 |

| English | 1 |

+------------------+-------------+

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

30. Write an SQL query to show all MAJOR subject along with the number of people in there.

mysql> SELECT MAJOR, COUNT(MAJOR) AS ALL_MAJOR FROM Student GROUP BY MAJOR;

OUTPUT:-

+------------------+-----------+

| MAJOR | ALL_MAJOR |

+------------------+-----------+

| Computer Science | 1 |

| Mathematic | 2 |

| Biology | 1 |

| Chemistry | 1 |

| Physics | 1 |

| History | 1 |

| English | 1 |

+------------------+-----------+

7 rows in set (0.01 sec)

31. Write an SQL query to show the last record from a table.

mysql> SELECT * FROM Student WHERE Student_ID=(SELECT max(Student_ID) FROM Student);

OUTPUT:-

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+

| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA | Enrollment_Date | Major |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+

| 8 | Navleen | Kau | 7 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

32. Write an SQL query to fetch the first row of a table.

mysql> SELECT * FROM Student WHERE Student_ID=(SELECT min(Student_ID) FROM Student);

OUTPUT:-

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+

| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA | Enrollment_Date | Major |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+

| 1 | Shivansh | Mahajan | 8.79 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Computer Science |

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

33. Write an SQL query to fetch the last five records from a table.

mysql> SELECT * FROM Student where Student_ID >= (select COUNT(Student_ID)/2 from Student);

OUTPUT:-

```
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+
| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA  | Enrollment_Date     | Major      |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+
|          4 | Radha      | Sharma    |  9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry  |
|          5 | Kush       | Kumar     | 7.85 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Physics    |
|          6 | Prem       | opra      | 9.56 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | History    |
|          7 | Pankaj     | Vats      | 9.78 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | English    |
|          8 | Navleen    | Kau       |    7 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

34. Write an SQL query to fetch three max GPA from a table using co-related subquery.

```
mysql> select First_Name,GPA
    -> from Student S1
    -> where 3 >= (SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT GPA)
    -> from Student S2
    ->          WHERE S2.GPA >= S1.GPA)
    -> ORDER BY GPA DESC
    -> LIMIT 3;
```

OUTPUT:-

+------------+------+

| First_Name | GPA |

+------------+------+

| Pankaj | 9.78 |

| Prem | 9.56 |

| Radha | 9.2 |

+------------+------+

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

35. Write an SQL query to fetch three min GPA from a table using co-related subquery.

mysql> select First_Name,GPA from Student S1 where 3 >= (SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT GPA) from Student S2 WHERE S2.GPA <= S1.G

PA) ORDER BY GPA DESC LIMIT 3;

OUTPUT:- DESC

+------------+------+

| First_Name | GPA |

+------------+------+

| Kush | 7.85 |

| Navleen | 7 |

| Rakesh | 5.6 |

+------------+------+

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

mysql> select First_Name,GPA from Student S1 where 3 >= (SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT GPA) from Student S2 WHERE S2.GPA <= S1.GPA) ORDER BY GPA ASC LIMIT 3;

OUTPUT:- Answer of 35 with ASC

+------------+------+

| First_Name | GPA |

+------------+------+

| Rakesh | 5.6 |

| Navleen | 7 |

| Kush | 7.85 |

+------------+------+

3 rows in set (0.00 sec)

36. Write an SQL query to fetch nth max GPA from a table.

mysql> select CONCAT(First_Name, "",Last_Name) as FULL_NAME,GPA FROM Student ORDER BY GPA LIMIT 2,1;

OUTPUT:-

+-----------------+------+

| FULL_NAME | GPA |

+-----------------+------+

| ShivanshMahajan | 7.5 |

+-----------------+------+

1 row in set (0.00 sec)

37. Write an SQL query to fetch MAJOR subjects along with the max GPA in each of these MAJOR subjects.

mysql> select DISTINCT (Major), MAX(GPA) From Student GROUP BY Major;

OUTPUT:-

+------------------+----------+

| Major | MAX(GPA) |

+------------------+----------+

| Computer Science | 7.5 |

| Mathematic | 8.44 |

| Biology | 5.6 |

| Chemistry | 9.2 |

| Physics | 7.5 |

| History | 9.56 |

| English | 9.78 |

+------------------+----------+

7 rows in set (0.00 sec)

38. Write an SQL query to fetch the names of Students who has highest GPA.

```
mysql> SELECT FIRST_NAME, GPA
   -> FROM Student
   -> WHERE GPA = (SELECT MAX(GPA) FROM Student);
```

OUTPUT:-

+------------+------+

| FIRST_NAME | GPA |

+------------+------+

| Pankaj | 9.78 |

+------------+------+

1 row in set (0.01 sec)

39. Write an SQL query to show the current date and time.

```
mysql> SELECT now();
+---------------------+
| now()               |
+---------------------+
| 2024-03-21 10:50:03 |
+---------------------+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

40. Write a query to create a new table which consists of data and structure copied from the other table (say Student) or clone the table named Student.

```
mysql> create table Clone_Student AS Select * from Student;
Query OK, 8 rows affected (0.05 sec)
Records: 8  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from Clone_Student;
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA  | Enrollment_Date     | Major            |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
|          1 | Shivansh   | Mahajan   |  7.5 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Computer Science |
|          2 | Umesh      | Sharma    | 8.44 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic       |
|          3 | Rakesh     | Kumar     |  5.6 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Biology          |
|          4 | Radha      | Sharma    |  9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry        |
|          5 | Kush       | Kumar     | 7.85 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Physics          |
|          6 | Prem       | opra      | 9.56 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | History          |
|          7 | Pankaj     | Vats      | 9.78 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | English          |
|          8 | Navleen    | Kau       |    7 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic       |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

41. Write an SQL query to update the GPA of all the students in ‘Computer Science’ MAJOR subject to 7.5.

```
mysql> UPDATE Student SET GPA = 7.5 WHERE Major = "Computer Science";

Query OK, 1 row affected (0.03 sec)

Rows matched: 1  Changed: 1  Warnings: 0

mysql> select * from Student;

+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA  | Enrollment_Date     | Major            |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
|          1 | Shivansh   | Mahajan   |  7.5 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Computer Science |
|          2 | Umesh      | Sharma    | 8.44 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic       |
|          3 | Rakesh     | Kumar     |  5.6 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Biology          |
|          4 | Radha      | Sharma    |  9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry        |
|          5 | Kush       | Kumar     | 7.85 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Physics          |
|          6 | Prem       | opra      | 9.56 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | History          |
|          7 | Pankaj     | Vats      | 9.78 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | English          |
|          8 | Navleen    | Kau       |    7 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Mathematic       |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+

8 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

42. Write an SQL query to find the average GPA for each major.

```
mysql> SELECT MAJOR, AVG(GPA) AS AVERAGE_GPA
    -> FROM STUDENT
    -> GROUP BY MAJOR;
```

OUTPUT:-

```
+------------------+-------------------+
| MAJOR            | AVERAGE_GPA       |
+------------------+-------------------+
| Computer Science |               7.5 |
| Mathematic       |  7.71999979019165 |
| Biology          | 5.599999904632568 |
| Chemistry        | 9.199999809265137 |
| Physics          | 7.849999904632568 |
| History          |   9.5600004196167 |
| English          | 9.779999732971191 |
+------------------+-------------------+
7 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

43. Write an SQL query to show the top 3 students with the highest GPA.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Student ORDER BY GPA DESC LIMIT 3;
```

OUTPUT:-

```
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+-----------+
| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA  | Enrollment_Date     | Major     |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+-----------+
|          7 | Pankaj     | Vats      | 9.78 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | English   |
|          6 | Prem       | opra      | 9.56 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | History   |
|          4 | Radha      | Sharma    |  9.2 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Chemistry |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+-----------+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

44. Write an SQL query to find the number of students in each major who have a GPA greater than 7.5.

```
mysql> SELECT MAJOR, COUNT(STUDENT_ID) AS HIGH_GPA
    -> FROM Student
    -> WHERE GPA > 7.5
    -> GROUP BY MAJOR;
```

OUTPUT:-

```
+------------+----------------+
| MAJOR      | HIGH_GPA |
+------------+----------------+
| Mathematic |              1 |
| Chemistry  |              1 |
| Physics    |              1 |
| History    |              1 |
| English    |              1 |
+------------+----------------+
5 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

45. Write an SQL query to find the students who have the same GPA as ‘Shivansh Mahajan’.

OUTPUT:-

```
mysql> select * from Student WHERE GPA = (SELECT GPA FROM Student WHERE First_Name =
"Shivansh" OR Last_Name = "Mahajan");
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
| Student_ID | First_Name | Last_Name | GPA  | Enrollment_Date     | Major            |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
|          1 | Shivansh   | Mahajan   |  7.5 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Computer Science |
|          5 | Kush       | Kumar     |  7.5 | 2024-03-20 14:43:37 | Physics          |
+------------+------------+-----------+------+---------------------+------------------+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```