# MACHINE LEARNING

# In Q1 to Q11, only one option is correct, choose the correct option: (answer are marked in Red)

<ol> <li>Which of the following method</li> <li>Least Square Error</li> <li>Logarithmic Loss</li> </ol>	ds do we use to find the l B) Maximum Likelihood D) Both A and B		ne for data in Linear Regression?
Answer: A			
<ul><li>2. Which of the following statement is true about</li><li>A) Linear regression is sensitive to outliers</li><li>C) Can't say</li></ul>		outliers in linear regression?  B) linear regression is not sensitive to outliers  D) none of these	
Answer: A			
<ul><li>3. A line falls from left to right if a</li><li>A) Positive</li><li>C) Zero</li></ul>	B) Neg	g <mark>ative</mark> defined	
Answer: B			
<ul><li>4. Which of the following will have variable?</li><li>A) Regression</li><li>C) Both of them</li></ul>	B) Corr	tween de relation ne of thes	pendent variable and independent e
Answer: A			
<ul><li>5. Which of the following is the re</li><li>A) High bias and high variance</li><li>C) Low bias and high variance</li></ul>	eason for over fitting cor	ndition?	B) Low bias and low variance D) none of these
Answer: A			
<ul><li>6. If output involves label then th</li><li>A) Descriptive model</li><li>C) Reinforcement learning</li></ul>	at model is called as:		B) Predictive modal D) All of the above
Answer: B			
7. Lasso and Ridge regression tec A) Cross validation C) SMOTE	hniques belong to	?	B) Removing outliers D) Regularization
Answer: D			
8. To overcome with imbalance d A) Cross validation C) Kernel	lataset which technique		llarization
Answer: D			

<ol><li>The AUC Receiver Operator Characteristic (AUCRO classification problems. It uses to make graph</li></ol>	•
A) TPR and FPR	B) Sensitivity and precision
C) Sensitivity and Specificity	D) Recall and precision
Answer: A	
10. In AUC Receiver Operator Characteristic (AUCRC curve should be less.	OC) curve for the better model area under the
A) True	B) False
Answer: B	
11. Pick the feature extraction from below:	
A) Construction bag of words from a email	
B) Apply PCA to project high dimensional data	
C) Removing stop words	

Answer: A & B

D) Forward selection

# In Q12, more than one options are correct, choose all the correct options:

- 12. Which of the following is true about Normal Equation used to compute the coefficient of the Linear Regression?
- A) We don't have to choose the learning rate.
- B) It becomes slow when number of features is very large.
- C) We need to iterate.
- D) It does not make use of dependent variable.

Answer: A & B

# Q13 and Q15 are subjective answer type questions, Answer them briefly.

# 13. Explain the term regularization?

Answer: It is a technique used to reduce the errors by fitting the function appropriately on the given training data set and avoiding overfitting.

The commonly used regularization techniques are:

- L1 regularization (lasso)
- L2 regularization (ridge)
- Dropout regularization

# 14. Which particular algorithms are used for regularization?

Answer: There Particular Algorithms used for regularization

- Ridge Regression
- LASSO (Least Absolute Shrinkage and Selection Operator) Regression
- Elastic-Net Regression

The working of these algorithms is quite similar to Linear Regression. just only the loss function keeps changing.

# 15. Explain the term error present in linear regression equation?

Answer: Linear regression often uses mean-square error to calculate the error in the model.

mean-square error is calculated by:

- measuring the distance of the observed y-values from the predicted y-values at each value of x;
- square each of these distances;
- calculating the mean of each of the squared distances.

Linear regression fits a line to the data by finding the regression coefficient that results in the smallest mean-square error.