Constructors in Java

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Java constructors or constructors in Java is a terminology been used to construct something in our programs. A constructor in Java is a **special method** that is used to initialize objects. The constructor is called when an object of a class is created. It can be used to set initial values for object attributes.

In Java, a constructor is a block of codes similar to the method. It is called when an instance of the class is created. At the time of calling the constructor, memory for the object is allocated in the memory. It is a special type of method which is used to initialize the object. Every time an object is created using the new() keyword, at least one constructor is called.

Note: It is not necessary to write a constructor for a class. It is because java compiler creates a default constructor if your class doesn't have any.



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Now let us come up with the syntax for the constructor being invoked at the time of object or instance creation.

```
class Geek
{
    ......

// A Constructor
    new Geek() {}

.....
}

// We can create an object of the above class
// using the below statement. This statement
// calls above constructor.
Geek obj = new Geek();
```



Need of Constructor

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done by the programmer or by Java itself (default constructor).

When is a Constructor called?

Each time an object is created using a **new()** keyword, at least one constructor (it could be the default constructor) is invoked to assign initial values to the **data members** of the same class.

The rules for writing constructors are as follows:

• Constructor(s) of a class must have the same name as the class name in which it resides.

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- A constructor in Java can not be abstract, final, static, or Synchronized.
- Access modifiers can be used in constructor declaration to control its access i.e which other class can call the constructor.

So by far, we have learned constructors are used to initializing the object's state. Like <u>methods</u>, a constructor also contains a collection of statements (i.e. instructions) that are executed at the time of Object creation.

Types of Constructors in Java

Now is the correct time to discuss types of the constructor, so primarily there are two types of constructors in java:

- No-argument constructor
- Parameterized Constructor

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Note: Default constructor provides the default values to the object like 0, null, etc. depending on the type.

Example:

Java

```
// Java Program to illustrate calling a
// no-argument constructor

import java.io.*;

class Geek {
    int num;
    String name;

    // this would be invoked while an object
    // of that class is created.
    Geek() { System.out.println("Constructor called"); }
}

class GFG {
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
```

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2. Parameterized Constructor

A constructor that has parameters is known as parameterized constructor. If we want to initialize fields of the class with our own values, then use a parameterized constructor.

Example:

Java



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Output

GeekName :adam and GeekId :1

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Now the most important topic that comes into play is the strong incorporation of OOPS with constructors known as constructor overloading. JustLike methods, we can overload constructors for creating objects in different ways. Compiler differentiates constructors on the basis of numbers of parameters, types of the parameters, and order of the parameters.

Example:

Java

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```
// Constructor with one argument but with different
   // type than previous..
   Geek(long id)
        System.out.println("Constructor with one argument : " +
                                            "Long : " + id);
}
class GFG
   public static void main(String[] args)
        // Creating the objects of the class named 'Geek'
        // by passing different arguments
        // Invoke the constructor with one argument of
        // type 'String'.
        Geek geek2 = new Geek("Shikhar");
        // Invoke the constructor with two arguments
        Geek geek3 = new Geek("Dharmesh", 26);
        // Invoke the constructor with one argument of
        // type 'Long'.
        Geek geek4 = new Geek(325614567);
```

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In order to know to deep down into constructors there are two concepts been widely used as listed below:

- Constructor Chaining
- Copy constructor

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