

$$① \quad \begin{cases} \sum_{i=1}^n (27|x_{2i}|^3 + 125|x_{2i-1}|^3) \rightarrow \text{extr} \\ \sum_{i=1}^n (9x_{2i}^2 + 25x_{2i-1}^2) = 16 \end{cases}$$

$$y_{2i} = 3|x_{2i}|, \quad y_{2i-1} = 5|x_{2i-1}|$$

$$\begin{cases} \sum_{j=1}^{2n} y_j^3 \rightarrow \text{extr} \\ \sum_{j=1}^{2n} y_j^2 = 16 \\ y_j \geq 0, j=1, 2n \end{cases}$$

$$② \quad \left| \sum_{i=1}^n x_i y_i \right| \leq \left( \sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|^p \right)^{1/p} \left( \sum_{i=1}^n |y_i|^q \right)^{1/q}$$

$$\tilde{x}_i \geq 0, \quad \tilde{y}_i \geq 0, \quad \frac{1}{p} + \frac{1}{q} = 1, \quad p > 1$$

$(\tilde{x}_1, \dots, \tilde{x}_n)$

D-ko  $q$ -mo molesko gnd  $x_i, y_i \geq 0$

$$|x_i| = a_i \geq 0, \quad |y_i| = b_i \geq 0$$

Icn Paecu.  $(b_i)$  — kak b-p n-b. D-eni.  $\forall b$

$n$ -bo bounded nru  $\forall (a_1, \dots, a_n)$

fix nruge  $\begin{pmatrix} b \\ * \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$  u  $q$ -en;

$$\sum_{i=1}^n a_i b_i \leq \left( \sum_{i=1}^n a_i^p \right)^{1/p} \left( \sum_{i=1}^n b_i^q \right)^{1/q}, \quad \forall a_i, b_i \geq 0$$

$\underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n a_i^p}_{\|A\|} \quad \underbrace{\sum_{i=1}^n b_i^q}_{\|b\| - \text{fix 2.}}$

$$\begin{cases} \sum_{i=1}^n a_i b_i \rightarrow \max \\ \sum_{i=1}^n a_i^p = A^p \end{cases} \quad \|A\| \quad \text{b00: } A > 0$$

$\{a_i \geq 0, i = \overline{1, n}\}$  - канн.  $\Rightarrow \exists \max$  и  $\min$

$$L(a, \lambda) = \lambda_0 \left( \sum_{i=1}^n a_i b_i \right) + \lambda_1 \left( \sum_{i=1}^n a_i P - AP \right) - \sum_{i=1}^n \lambda_{i+1} a_i$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} L'_{a_i} = \lambda_0 b_i + \lambda_1 \cdot P a_i^{P-1} - \lambda_{i+1} = 0, \quad i = \overline{1, n} \\ \sum a_i P = AP \\ \lambda_{i+1} a_i = 0 \quad \forall i = \overline{1, n} \\ a_i \geq 0 \end{array} \right.$$

a)  $\lambda_0 = 0$   $\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \lambda_1 \cdot P a_i^{P-1} = \lambda_{i+1} \quad \forall i = \overline{1, n} \quad ?! \\ \lambda_{i+1} a_i = 0 \end{array} \right.$

б)  $\lambda_0 \neq 0$   $\lambda_0 = P$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} b_i + \lambda_1 a_i^{P-1} - \frac{\lambda_{i+1}}{P} = 0, \quad i = \overline{1, n} \\ \sum a_i P = AP \\ \lambda_{i+1} a_i = 0 \quad \forall i = \overline{1, n} \\ a_i \geq 0 \end{array} \right.$$

Пусть  $k \neq 0$  и  $k = m$

то  $a_i \neq 0 \quad \forall i = \overline{1, k} \Rightarrow \lambda_{i+1} = 0, \quad i = \overline{1, k}$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} b_i = -\lambda_1 a_i^{P-1}, \quad i = \overline{1, k} \quad (\lambda_{i+1} = 0) \\ \lambda_{i+1} = P \cdot b_i, \quad i = \overline{k+1, n} \quad (a_i = 0) \end{array} \right.$$

Если  $\exists \lambda_{i+1} \neq 0 \Rightarrow b_i > 0 \Rightarrow \lambda_{i+1} > 0$

ср. м. в этом сл. и.б. макс

Усл.  
сост.  
функ.

А м. макс и.б. макс на точке  
у кот.  $\lambda_{i+1} = 0 \Rightarrow a_i \geq 0$

Если  $\lambda_1 = 0 \Rightarrow$  макс. т. не макс

$\Rightarrow$   
т.е.  $\lambda_1 \neq 0$  и  $\lambda_{i+1} = 0$

$$\forall i: b_i + \lambda_1 a_i^{p-1} = 0 \Rightarrow$$

$$a_i^{p-1} = - \frac{b_i}{\lambda_1}$$

$$a_i = \left( -\frac{b_i}{\lambda_1} \right)^{\frac{1}{p-1}} = b_i^{\frac{1}{p-1}} \cdot \left( -\frac{1}{\lambda_1} \right)^{\frac{1}{p-1}}$$

$$\sum_1^n \left( -\frac{b_i}{\lambda_1} \right)^{\frac{p}{p-1}} = A^p$$

$$\left( \left( -\frac{1}{\lambda_1} \right)^{\frac{1}{p-1}} \right)^p \sum_1^n b_i^{\frac{p}{p-1}} = A^p$$

$$\left( -\frac{1}{\lambda_1} \right)^{p-1} = \frac{A}{\left( \sum b_j^q \right)^{1/p}}$$

$$a_i^* = \frac{A \cdot b_i^{\frac{1}{p-1}}}{\left( \sum b_j^q \right)^{1/p}} \quad \text{--- m. max}$$

$$\sum_1^n a_i^* b_i = \sum_1^n \frac{A \cdot b_i^{\frac{1}{p-1}}}{\left( \sum b_j^q \right)^{1/p}} \cdot b_i = \frac{A}{\left( \sum b_j^q \right)^{1/p}} \sum_{i=1}^n b_i^{\frac{1}{p-1} + 1} =$$

$$= \frac{A}{\left( \sum b_j^q \right)^{1/p}} \cdot \sum_1^n b_j^q = A \left( \sum b_j^q \right)^{\frac{1}{p}}$$

б m. max найз. буре р-во

$$\text{II cn.} \left\{ \begin{array}{l} \sum a_i b_i \rightarrow \max \\ \sum a_i p = A^p \\ \sum b_j q = B^q \\ a_i, b_j \geq 0 \end{array} \right.$$

$$L(a, b, \lambda) = \lambda_0 (\sum a_i b_i) + \lambda_1 (\sum a_i p - A^p) + \\ + \lambda_2 (\sum b_j q - B^q) - \sum_1^n \lambda_{2+i} a_i - \sum_1^n \lambda_{2+n+j} b_j$$

$$L'_{a_i} =$$

$$L'_{b_i} =$$

