# *ASSIGNMENT 5*

GSI Intro to Big Data and Data Mining

*The University of Texas at Austin*

*Zhaowen Fan*
*Rafael Ignacio Gonzalez Chong*

## Table of Contents

### Task 1: How many flights are in this dataset from Houston to city of "Los Angeles"? Print the number.

```
> #Task 1: How many flights are in this dataset from Houston to city of "Los Angels"?
he number.
> num.flights.LA <- delay.dat.houston %>%
+   filter(Dest == "LAX") %>%
+   nrow()
>
> print (as.integer(num.flights.LA))
[1] 5283
```

Fig. 1 Flights from Houston to LAX.

There are 5283 flights from Houston to Los Angeles.

### Task 2: Which top 10 destination cities have the greatest number of flights?

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Dallas | 13496 |
| 2 | Atlanta | 8584 |
| 3 | New Orleans | 7974 |
| 4 | Dallas-Fort Worth | 7964 |
| 5 | Chicago | 7705 |
| 6 | San Antonio | 6332 |
| 7 | Austin | 6014 |
| 8 | Phoenix | 5898 |
| 9 | Denver | 5647 |
| 10 | New York | 5312 |

Fig. 2 Top 10 cities with the greatest number of flights.

The table represents the city with the number of flights.

### Task 3: Which states have no flights?

```
> print(states.without.flights)
   state
1     AS
2     CQ
3     DC
4     DE
5     GU
6     ID
7     ME
8     MT
9     ND
10    NH
11    RI
12    SD
13    VI
14    VT
15    WY
```

Fig. 3 States with no flights.

There are 15 states with no flights.

### Task 4: Which top 10 destination cities have the most cancelations of flights?

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | Dallas | 611 |
| 2 | Dallas-Fort Worth | 245 |
| 3 | Chicago | 215 |
| 4 | New Orleans | 210 |
| 5 | Atlanta | 200 |
| 6 | Harlingen | 166 |
| 7 | New York | 131 |
| 8 | San Antonio | 110 |
| 9 | Phoenix | 109 |
| 10 | Lafayette | 98 |

Fig. 4 Cities with most cancelations of flights.

These 10 cities are the ones with the greatest number of canceled flights in the US.

### Task 5: Is there any Cities without a Flight from Houston?

```
> cat("Total cities without flights from Houston:", nrow(cities.without.flights), "\n")
Total cities without flights from Houston: 2532
```

Fig. 5 Cities without flights from Houston.

There are 2532 flights that not departure from Houston.

### Task 6: What is the ratio of flights canceled for each state?

| | state | canceled.flights |
|---|---|---|
| 1 | LA | 3.10 |
| 2 | TX | 3.01 |
| 3 | IL | 2.79 |
| 4 | NY | 2.47 |
| 5 | KS | 2.45 |
| 6 | MS | 2.35 |
| 7 | GA | 2.30 |
| 8 | WI | 2.27 |
| 9 | AR | 2.13 |
| 10 | KY | 2.07 |
| 11 | AL | 2.04 |
| 12 | WV | 1.93 |
| 13 | MO | 1.80 |
| 14 | NC | 1.78 |
| 15 | IA | 1.74 |
| 16 | TN | 1.73 |
| 17 | AZ | 1.72 |
| 18 | OK | 1.66 |
| 19 | NM | 1.64 |
| 20 | SC | 1.59 |

| | | |
|---|---|---|
| 21 | VA | 1.54 |
| 22 | UT | 1.52 |
| 23 | NE | 1.48 |
| 24 | CO | 1.45 |
| 25 | OH | 1.43 |
| 26 | OR | 1.42 |
| 27 | FL | 1.36 |
| 28 | MN | 1.34 |
| 29 | MI | 1.30 |
| 30 | PA | 1.15 |
| 31 | MD | 1.14 |
| 32 | IN | 1.08 |
| 33 | MA | 1.04 |
| 34 | NV | 1.03 |
| 35 | CA | 0.96 |
| 36 | WA | 0.96 |
| 37 | HI | 0.85 |
| 38 | NJ | 0.78 |
| 39 | PR | 0.41 |
| 40 | AK | 0.00 |
| 41 | CT | 0.00 |

Fig. 5 and 6 Ratios of flights canceled with its percentage.

### Appendices (Code)

```
#ASSIGNMENT 5

#GSI Intro to Big Data and Data Mining

#Zhaowen Fan

#Rafael Ignacio Gonzalez Chong


DelayDataLocation <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kiat/R-
Examples/master/Datasets/airline/HoustonAirline.csv"

delay.dat.houston <- read.csv(DelayDataLocation,

                              header=TRUE,

                              stringsAsFactors = FALSE)
```

```
airportDataLocation <- "https://raw.githubusercontent.com/kiat/R-Examples/master/Datasets/airline/airports.csv"

airports <- read.csv(airportDataLocation,

                     header=TRUE,

                     stringsAsFactors = FALSE)



#Task 1: How many flights are in this dataset from Houston to city of "Los Angels"? Print the number.

num.flights.LA <- delay.dat.houston %>%

  filter(Dest == "LAX") %>%

  nrow()


print (as.integer(num.flights.LA))



#Task 2:  Which top-10 destination cities have the greatest number of flights?

delay.dat.houston %>%

  left_join(airports, by = c("Dest" = "iata")) %>%

  group_by(city) %>%

  summarise(

    NFlights = n()

  ) %>%

arrange(desc(NFlights)) %>%

  slice_head(n=10)
```

```
#Task 3:  Which states have no flights?
all.us.states <- airports %>%
  select(iata, state) %>%
  distinct()

states.with.flights <- delay.dat.houston %>%
  left_join(all.us.states, by = c("Dest" = "iata")) %>%
  distinct(state)

states.without.flights <- all.us.states %>%
  distinct(state) %>%
  filter(!state %in% states.with.flights$state) %>%
  arrange(state)

print(states.without.flights)



#Task 3 (changed question):To which states do we have direct flights?
states.with.direct.flights <- delay.dat.houston %>%
  left_join(airports, by = c("Dest" = "iata")) %>%
  distinct(state) %>%
  arrange(state) %>%
  mutate(Number = row_number()) %>%
  select(Number, State = state)

print(states.with.direct.flights)
```

```
#Task 4: Which top 10 destination cities have the most cancelations of flights?
delay.dat.houston %>%
  filter(Cancelled == 1) %>%
  left_join(airports, by = c("Dest" = "iata")) %>%
  group_by(city) %>%
  summarise(CancelledFlights = n()) %>%
  arrange(desc(CancelledFlights)) %>%
  slice_head(n = 10)



#Task 5: Is there any Cities without a Flight from Houston?
iata.with.flights <- unique(delay.dat.houston$Dest)

all.us.cities <- airports %>%
  filter(nchar(iata) == 3, iata != "") %>%
  select(city, iata) %>%
  distinct()

all.us.cities <- all.us.cities %>%
  mutate(has.flight = iata %in% iata.with.flights)

cities.without.flights <- all.us.cities %>%
  group_by(city) %>%
  summarise(any.flight = any(has.flight)) %>%
  filter(!any.flight) %>%
  arrange(city)
```

```
cat("Total cities without flights from Houston:", nrow(cities.without.flights), "\n")



#Task 6: What is the ratio of flights canceled for each state?
flights.with.states <- delay.dat.houston %>%
  left_join(airports, by = c("Dest" = "iata"))

cancel.percentage.by.state <- flights.with.states %>%
  group_by(state) %>%
  summarise(
    total.flights = n(),
    canceled.flights = sum(Cancelled == 1)
  ) %>%
  filter(!is.na(state) & total.flights > 0) %>%
  transmute(
    state,
    canceled.flights = round(100 * canceled.flights / total.flights, 2)
  ) %>%
  arrange(desc(canceled.flights))

print(as.data.frame(cancel.percentage.by.state))
```