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Assignment 10

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Download all latex-tikz codes from

https://github.com/surbhi0912/EE5609/

1 Problem

Given that there are real constants a, b, c, d such that the identity

$$\lambda x^{2} + 2xy + y^{2} = (ax + by)^{2} + (cx + dy)^{2}$$
 (1.0.1)

holds for all $x, y \in \mathbb{R}$. This implies

- 1) $\lambda = -5$
- 2) $\lambda \geq 1$
- 3) $0 < \lambda < 1$
- 4) there is no such $\lambda \in \mathbb{R}$

2 Solution

Given that

$$\lambda x^{2} + 2xy + y^{2} = (ax + by)^{2} + (cx + dy)^{2}$$
(2.0.1)

Arranging this in form of a matrix,

$$(x \quad y) \begin{pmatrix} \lambda & 1 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} x & y \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} a^2 + c^2 & ab + cd \\ ab + cd & b^2 + d^2 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$
 (2.0.2)

From this, we get

$$\lambda = a^2 + c^2 \tag{2.0.3}$$

$$ab + cd = 1$$
 (2.0.4)

$$b^2 + d^2 = 1 (2.0.5)$$

Let

$$\mathbf{u} = \begin{pmatrix} a \\ c \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.6}$$

$$\mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} b \\ d \end{pmatrix} \tag{2.0.7}$$

$$\|\mathbf{u}\|^2 = a^2 + c^2 = \lambda$$
 (2.0.8)

$$\|\mathbf{v}\|^2 = b^2 + d^2 = 1$$
 (2.0.9)

Then,

$$\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{v} = \begin{pmatrix} a & c \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} b \\ d \end{pmatrix} = ab + cd = 1 \tag{2.0.10}$$

Using the Cauchy-Schwartz Inequality, we get

$$|\mathbf{u}^T \mathbf{v}|^2 \le ||\mathbf{u}||^2 ||\mathbf{v}||^2$$
 (2.0.11)

Now, substituing values from (2.0.8), (2.0.9), (2.0.10) above,

$$\implies 1 \le \lambda$$
 (2.0.12)

So from the given options, option 2) $\lambda \ge 1$ is correct.