Instructor: Dr. Sartaj Sahni Spring, 2005

Advanced Data Structures (COP 5536)

Final Exam

CLOSED BOOK 90 Minutes

Name:

PLEASE READ THE FOLLOWING INSTRUCTIONS CAREFULLY

- 1. For all problems, use only the algorithms discussed in class/text.
- 2. Write your name at the top of every exam sheet.
- 3. Write your answers directly on the exam question sheet. You may use scrap paper (supplied by your proctor) for work, but these will not be graded.
- 4. All answers will be graded on correctness, efficiency, clarity, elegance and other normal criteria that determine quality.
- 5. The points assigned to each question are provided in parentheses.
- 6. You may use only a pen or a pencil. No calculators allowed.
- 7. Do not write on the reverse side of the exam sheet.
- 8. Do not write close to the margins since those areas do not always make it through when faxed.

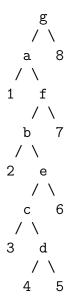
Name:

- 1. (6) For B-trees,
 - (a) (4) Construct a minimum height **B-tree of order-5** that contain the following key values with 7 in the root node

(b) (2) Delete the keys 7 from the resulting B-tree of part (a). Show the tree following each deletion.

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2. (12) Consider the following splay tree:



- (a) (6) Perform a search for element d under the assumption this is a Top-down splay tree using two-level moves. Show the tree(s) after each step of the splay.
- (b) (6) Perform the follow operation sequence on an initially empty splay tree under the assumption this is a *Bottom-up* splay tree using two-level moves. (Showing each step)

$$Insert(14), Insert(10), Insert(8), Insert(5), Insert(9), Insert(1)$$

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- 3. (12) For Patricia,
 - (a) (8) Insert the following sequence of keys into an initially empty instance of Patricia:

01000, 10010, 01011, 00111, 10101, 10100

Draw the Patricia instance following each insertion.

(b) (4) Delete key 10100 from Figure below and draw the resulting instance.

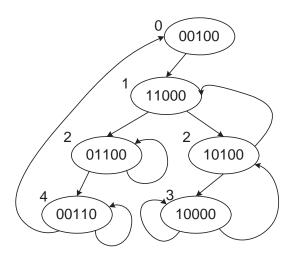


Figure 3. Patricia

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Name:

4. (6) Start with an empty min radix priority search tree (*RPST*) with the range [0,24). Peform *insert* operations into the RPST in sequence with the following keys: (10,12), (8,16), (3,4), (23,6), (13,18), (17,9). Show each step. The elements x and y of a key (x,y) stand for the search and priority key values, respectively.

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5. (14)

- (a) (8) Describe a range tree with 2 key fields (i.e., k = 2). Describe the data structure and explain how to search a key (x, y).
- (b) (6) You are given a $2^k \times 2^k$ binary image. Assume that we are using a quadtree to represent the image. Describe how to perform counterclockwise rotation by 90 degrees.

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