Instructor: Dr. Sartaj Sahni Fall, 2003

Advanced Data Structures (COP 5536 /AD 711R) Final Exam

CLOSED BOOK 120 Minutes

## NOTE:

- 1. For all problems, use only the algorithms discussed in class/text.
- 2. All answers will be graded on correctness, efficiency, clarity, elegance and other normal criteria that determine quality.
- 3. The points assigned to each question are provided in parentheses.

- 1. (10) For B-trees,
  - (a) (5) Construct an order-4 B-tree with height 3. All nodes of your B-tree should be 2 nodes.
  - (b) (5) Delete the key value of the root node, showing each step.

- 2. (12) Consider the splay tree:
  - (a) (6) Insert the following keys into an initially empty splay tree:

Show each step and use the bottom-up method.

(b) (6) Discuss the advantages of using a splay tree over an ordinary binary search tree.

3. (12) Insert the following keys into an initially empty instance of Patricia:

0100, 1011, 1001, 0111, 1010, 0001

- (a) (8) Draw the Patricia instance following each insertion.
- (b) (4) From the result tree of Part (a), delete the key 0100 and draw the resulting instance.

- 4. (8) For the min radix priority search tree(RPST) with the range [0,32),
  - (a) (5) Perform *insert* operations into an initially empty RPST in sequence with the following keys: (4,4), (25,8), (7,7), (10,17), (17,2), (7,5). Show each step. (Note: The elements x and y of a key (x,y) represents the *search* and *priority* key values, respectively.)
  - (b) (3) Delete key (4,4) from the result RPST of Part (a).

- 5. (8) For the questions, answer briefly.
  - (a) (3) What is a *quad-tree*? Describe the data structure and give an example of its application with your solution.
  - (b) (5) What is a range tree with two key fields, i.e., k = 2? Describe the data structure and explain how to perform a search operation for a given key (x, y).