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## National Institute of Technology, Delhi

Name of the Examination: B. Tech.

**Branch** 

: B.Tech (ECE)

Semester

: VI

Title of the Course

: Digital Signal Processing

Course Code : ECB 352

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 25

Note: All questions are compulsory.

Q1. Find the energy and power of the given discrete time signal

[3 Marks]

gy and power of the given discrete the given discrete that 
$$x(n) = \begin{cases} n^2 & 0 \le n \le 3\\ 10 - n & 4 \le n \le 6\\ n & 7 \le n \le 9\\ 0 & otherwise \end{cases}$$

Define causal and non causal systems. How we can predict whether the given system Q2. [4 Marks] is stable or not? Determine whether the given system with impulse response is (i) Causal (ii) Stable.

 $h(n) = [u(n) - u(n-4) + \delta(n-4)]a^n$ 

where 1 < a < 4

Q3. Determine the convolution of following sequences

[3 Marks]

 $x(n) = 4[u(n) - u(n-1)] + 2\delta(n-1) + \delta(n-2) + 3[u(n-3) - u(n-4)]$  $h(n) = [u(-n-1) - u(-n-2)] + 2\delta(n) + 2[u(-n+1) - u(-n)] + \delta(n-2)$ 

Q4. Using properties of Z-Transform, determine

[3 Marks]

(a) Cross correlation of sequences;  $x_1(n) = \{1,3,2,1\}$  and  $x_2(n) = \{2,4,1,2\}$ 

(b) Initial and final values of x(n), if  $X(z) = \frac{z+2}{4(z-1)(z+0.7)}$ 

Q5. Find the Z-Transform of the given discrete time signal and plot its ROC.

[3 Marks]

 $x(n) = -n2^n u(-n-1)$ Find the Inverse Z-transform using long division method.

[3 Marks]

$$X(z) = \frac{z^2 + z + 2}{z^3 - 2z^2 + 3z + 4}$$
;  $ROC$ ;  $|z| < 1$ 

Find 5-point circular convolution of two sequences using concentric circle method [3 Marks] (graphical method).

$$0 \le n \le 2$$

$$x_1(n) = (1.5)^n$$
  $0 \le n \le 2$   
 $x_2(n) = 2n - 3$   $0 \le n \le 3$ 

$$0 \le n \le 3$$

**Q8.** Find the IDFT of  $X(k) = \{4, -j2, 0, j2\}$ 

[3 Marks]