

Roll No.:.....

National Institute of Technology, Delhi

Name of the Examination: B. Tech.			
Branch	: All Branches(CSE,ECE& EEE)	Semester	: II
Title of the Course	: Data Structures	Course Code	: CSB102

Time: 3 Hours

Maximum Marks: 50

Note : All parts of section A are compulsory.
Attempt any four questions in section B.
Attempt any two questions in section C.

SECTION A

Q1) Attempt all parts.

[1*10]

- Which data structure is used to perform recursion?
- Convert the expression $((A + B) * C - (D - E) ^ (F + G))$ to equivalent Prefix and Postfix notations.
- Does the minimum spanning tree of a graph give the shortest distance between any 2 specified nodes?
- The following formula is of which data structure.
 $Left_subtree(key) \leq node(key) \leq Right_subtree(key)$
- Which algorithmic approach tries to achieve localized optimum solution of a problem. Explain
- What is a threaded binary tree?
- List out some advantages of circular Queue over Queue.
- What are height balanced trees and why they are required.
- _____ data structure is used to implement DFS and _____ data structure is used to implement BFS.
- What is the main difference between a graph and a tree.

SECTION B

- Q2) What are priority queues? Write an algorithm to insert an element in a priority queue [5]
- Q3) Suppose Z is the following list of 14 alphabetic characters:

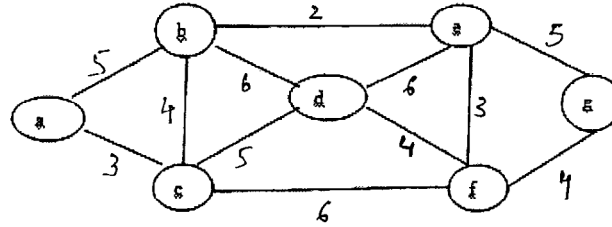
DATA STRUCTURES

Suppose the characters in Z are to be sorted alphabetically. Use the quicksort algorithm to find the final position of the first character D. Show each step of execution. [5]

- Q4) Insert the following nodes into an AVL tree : show the stepwise rotations required
13, 10, 15, 5, 11, 16, 4, 6, 14, 3, 7, 14, 17, 20, 22, 8 [5]
- Q5) a) The following numbers are inserted into an empty binary search tree in the given order:
10, 1, 3, 5, 15, 12, 16. What is the height of the binary search tree. [2.5]

- b) Explain all the three cases of deletion in a binary search tree. Delete nodes having key value 10, 15, 16 from the BST formed in Q5 part (a) [2.5]

Q6) What do you understand by a Minimum Spanning Tree(MST) . Create a MST of the given graph by

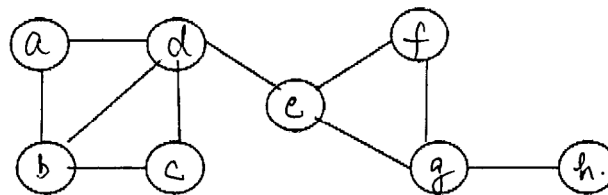


using *Prim's* algorithm.

SECTION C

- Q7) a) what do you understand by hashing. Discuss about the needs and advantages of doing hashing [4]
b) What are the collision resolution techniques used in hashing. Elaborate [6]

Q8) Discuss the procedure used in traversing a graph using Breadth first search. Write the algorithm for the same. For the given graph call the BFS procedure and draw the resulting tree [10]



- Q9) a) Discuss the differences between Greedy approach, dynamic programming and divide and conquer. Give examples of problems solved by these approaches respectively [5]
b) Which of the above mentioned approach is used to perform quick sort. Write the code for performing quick sort [5]