Roll	No.:

National Institute of Technology, Delhi

Name of the Examination: Mid Sem Exam (Sep 2019)

Branch

: ECE (B.Tech)

Semester

: 111

Title of the Course

: Electromagnetic Theory

Course Code : ECL 203

Time: 2 Hours

Maximum Marks: 25

Note: All questions are compulsory. Figure in right hand margin indicates full marks for the question.

Q1. Write short note on spherical coordinate system.

[1.5 Marks]

Q2. Given $A = 5\hat{a}_x$ and $B = 4\hat{a}_x + B_y \hat{a}_y$, then find B_y such that the angle between A and B is 45^0 . If B also has a term $B_z\hat{a}_z$, what relationship must exist between B_y and Bz?

[1.5 Marks]

Q3. Discuss the following terms

[2 Marks]

- (a) Divergence
- (b) Curl
- (c) Gradient
- (d) Laplacian
- Q4. State and prove Stoke's theorem.

[2 Marks]

Q5. Express vector $\mathbf{A} = 2xyz\mathbf{\hat{a}_x} - 5(x + y + z)\mathbf{\hat{a}_z}$ in spherical coordinate (variables and components).

[2 Marks]

Q6. Q_1 and Q_2 are the point charges located at (0,-4, 3) and (0, 1, 1). If Q_1 is 2nC, find Q_2 such that the force on a test charge Q at (0,-3, 4) has no z component.

[3 Marks]

Q7. Find E at P(1,5,2) m in free space if a point charge of 6μ C is located at (0,0,1), the uniform line charge with density $\rho_L = 180$ nC/m along x axis..

[3 Marks]

Q8. Given a vector field $\mathbf{F} = 30e^{-r}\hat{\mathbf{a}}_r - 2z\hat{\mathbf{a}}_z$ in cylindrical coordinates.

[3 Marks]

- (a) Find the total flux due to this field from the closed surface of the cylinder r = 3, z = 0 and z = 4.
- (b) Verify the divergence theorem.
- Q9. A closed surface is defined in spherical coordinates by 3 < r < 5, $0.1\pi < \theta < 0.3\pi$, $1.2\pi < \emptyset < 1.6\pi$.

[3 Marks]

- (a) Find the volume enclosed
- **(b)** Find the distance from $P_1(r=3,\theta=0.1\pi, \emptyset=1.2\pi)$ to $P_2(r=5,\theta=0.3\pi, \emptyset=1.6\pi)$
- (c) Find the total surface area.
- Q10. What is Gauss's law? What are the properties of Gaussian surface? Derive the expressions for electric field intensity and electric flux density due to an infinite line charge of density ρ C/m lying along z-axis using Gauss's law.

[4 Marks]