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# National Institute of Technology Delhi

### Make Up Examinations

Name of Specialization: Electrical & Electronics Engg

Year: Third

Semester: VI

**Course Name: Power Electronics** 

Maximum Marks - 50

**Course Code: EEB-351** 

**Total Time: 3:00 Hours** 

Note:

- All Questions are compulsory.
- Do not write irrelevant theory and draw neat waveforms and circuit diagrams.
- Assume data where ever required.

#### Section A (01 mark each and all parts are compulsory)

Q1) Define step up cycloconverter.

- (1)
- Q2) In type-A chopper, per unit ripple in the load current is maximum when the duty cycle is equal to....
  - (1)

Q3) Draw the circuit diagram of single phase dual converter.

(1)

Q4) Draw the basic structure of Thyristor.

(1)

Q5) Draw the symbol of IGBT and MOSFET.

(1)

Q6) Define converter.

(1)

Q7) Draw the block diagram of a typical power electronic system.

(1)

Q8) Make a list of uncontrolled and controlled switches.

(1)

Q9) What do you mean by THD for an inverter system.

(1)

Q10) Define latching current

(1)

#### Section B (Any four (04) are to be attempted)

- Q11) What is current limit control? How does it differ from TRC? Which of these control strategies is preferred over the other and why?
- Q12) Describe the working of two-stage sequence control of voltage controllers for R load with the help of output voltage and current waveforms. (5)
- Q13) A single-phase symmetrical semiconverter is connected to RL load. Discuss its working. Illustrate your answer with waveforms of source voltage, output voltage, output current, thyristor current, source current & voltage across thyristor.
- Q14) Discuss the two-transistor model of a thyristor. Derive an expression for the anode current.
- (5)

Q15) Discuss the various types of power electronics converters.

(5)

## Section C (Any two (02) are to be attempted)

- Q16) A single-phase full bridge inverter may be connected to a load consisting of (i) R (ii) RL (iii) RLC overdamped (iv) RLC underdamped. For all these loads, draw the load current waveforms under steady operating conditions. Discuss the nature of these waveforms.
- Q17) Discuss the principle of working of a three-phase bridge inverter with an appropriate circuit diagram. Draw and explain phase and line voltage waveforms on the assumption that each thyristor conducts for  $120^{\circ}$ . The sequence of firing of various SCRs should also be indicated in the diagram. (10)
- Q18) Sketch switching characteristics of a thyristor during its turn-on and turn-off processes. Show the variation of voltage across the thyristor and current through it during these two dynamic processes. Indicate clearly the various intervals into which turn-on and turn-off times can be subdivided. Discuss briefly the nature of these curves. (10)