Roll No.:....

National Institute of Technology Delhi

Name of the Examination: B.Tech.

Branch: ECE, CSE, EEE

Course Title: Signals and Systems

Time: 3 Hours

Note: Answer all questions in short.

Semester: 3rd

Course Code: ECB 204

Maximum Marks: 50

Section - A: Each question is of 2 mark, attempt all questions

Q.1 (a) Check $x(t) = t^3$ is even or odd signal.

Q.1 (b) Check the given signal $x(t) = cos(0.5t) + sin(\pi t)$ is periodic or non-periodic. Find the period of signal if it is periodic.

Q.1 (c) Check the given signal $x(t) = e^{-8t}u(t)$ is energy or power or neither of both.

Q.1 (d) Check whether the system having impulse response h(t) is BIBO stable or not?

$$h(t) = t + 2$$

Q.1 (e) Find the convolution of the given discrete time signals

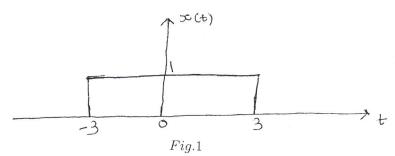
$$x[n] = \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 4 & 2 \end{bmatrix}$$

and

$$h[n] = \begin{bmatrix} 3 & 3 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$$

Section - B: Attempt any four questions

Q. 2. A continuous time signal x(t) is shown in Fig.1. Sketch and label carefully the following signal x(4t+20).



Q.3. Let x(t) be a signal with x(t) = 0 for t < 10. Determine the values of t for which the even part of signal y(t) is guaranteed to be zero.

$$y(t) = x(3 - 5t) + x(\frac{t}{3} - 5)$$

Q.4. Compute the convolution y(t) = x(t) * h(t), where

$$h(t) = u(t) - u(t-2)$$

and

$$x(t) = e^{-2t}u(t)$$

Q. 5. Let

$$x[n] = -1^n u[n] + \alpha^n u[-n - n_0]$$

Determine the constraints on the complex number α and integer n_0 , given that the ROC of X(z) is 1 < |z| < 2.

Q. 6. Find the trigonometric Fourier series of a periodic signal x(t) defined by

$$x(t) = t^2$$
, for $-\pi < t < \pi$ and $x(t + 2\pi) = x(t)$.

Section - C: Attempt any two questions

Q.7. Let $x_1(t)$ be a continuous time periodic signal with fundamental frequency w_1 and Fourier series coefficients a_k , Given that

$$x_2(t) = x_1(t+2) + x_1(t+4)$$

How is the fundamental frequency w_2 of $x_2(t)$ related to w_1 ? Also find Fourier series coefficients b_k of $x_2(t)$ as a function of coefficients a_k .

Q.8. The system function of a causal LTI system is

$$H(s) = \frac{s+1}{s^2 + s + 2}$$

Determine and sketch the response y(t) when the input is

$$x(t) = e^{-|t|}$$
 for $0 \le t \le 2$.

Q.9. For the given following second order differential equation for causal and stable LTI systems, determine whether the corresponding impulse response is under-damped, over-damped, critically-damped or oscillatory.

$$\frac{d^2y}{dt^2} + 20\frac{dy}{dt} + y(t) = x(t)$$

End of Question Paper