1-1.8-10

EE24BTECH11066 - YERRA AKHILESH

Question:

If $\mathbf{Q}(0,1)$ is equidistant from $\mathbf{P}(5,-3)$ and $\mathbf{R}(x,6)$, find the values of x.Also find the distances QR and PR.

Solution:

point	Description
P	(5, -3)
Q	(0, 1)
R	(x, 6)

TABLE 0: Variables Used

$$PQ = QR \tag{0.1}$$

$$\sqrt{(\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{Q})^{\top} (\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{Q})} = \sqrt{(\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{R})^{\top} (\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{R})}$$
(0.2)

$$\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{Q} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -4 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.3}$$

$$\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{R} = \begin{pmatrix} -x \\ -5 \end{pmatrix} \tag{0.4}$$

$$\sqrt{41} = \sqrt{x^2 + 25} \tag{0.5}$$

on comparing both sides,

$$x = \pm 4 \tag{0.6}$$

$$QR = \sqrt{(\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{R})^{\top} (\mathbf{Q} - \mathbf{R})}$$
 (0.7)

$$QR = \sqrt{41} \tag{0.8}$$

$$PR = \sqrt{(\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{R})^{\top} (\mathbf{P} - \mathbf{R})}$$
 (0.9)

if x = 4,

$$PR = \sqrt{82} \tag{0.10}$$

if x = -4,

$$PR = \sqrt{162} \tag{0.11}$$

