

Ex No: 10

Date:

**IMPLEMENT CODE OPTIMIZATION TECHNIQUES
DEAD CODE AND COMMON SUB EXPRESSION ELIMINATION**

AIM:

To write a C program to implement the dead code elimination and common sub expression elimination (code optimization) techniques.

ALGORITHM:

- Start
- Create the input file which contains three address code.
- Open the file in read mode.
- If the file pointer returns NULL, exit the program else go to 5.
- Scan the input symbol from left to right.
- Store the first expression in a string.
- Compare the string with the other expressions in the file.
- If there is a match, remove the expression from the input file.
- Perform these steps 5-8 for all the input symbols in the file.
- Scan the input symbol from the file from left to right.
- Get the operand before the operator from the three address code.
- Check whether the operand is used in any other expression in the three address codes.
- If the operand is not used, then eliminate the complete expression from the three-address code else go to 14.
- Perform steps 11 to 13 for all the operands in the three address code till the end of the file is reached.
- Stop.

PROGRAM:

```
#include<stdio.h>

#include<conio.h>

#include<string.h>

struct op
{
    char l;
    char r[20];
```

```

    }
    op[10], pr[10];

void main()
{
    int a, i, k, j, n, z = 0, m, q;
    char * p, * l;
    char temp, t;
    char * tem;
    clrscr();
    printf("enter no of values");
    scanf("%d", & n);
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf("\tleft\t");
        op[i].l = getche();
        printf("\tright\t");
        scanf("%s", op[i].r);
    }
    printf("intermediate Code\n");
    for (i = 0; i < n; i++)
    {
        printf("%c=", op[i].l);
        printf("%s\n", op[i].r);
    }
    for (i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)
    {
        temp = op[i].l;
        for (j = 0; j < n; j++)
        {
            p = strchr(op[j].r, temp);
            if (p)
            {
                pr[z].l = op[i].l;
                strcpy(pr[z].r, op[i].r);
                z++;
            }
        }
    }
    pr[z].l = op[n - 1].l;
    strcpy(pr[z].r, op[n - 1].r);
    z++;
}

```

```

printf("\nafter dead code elimination\n");
for (k = 0; k < z; k++)
{
    printf("%c\t=", pr[k].l);
    printf("%s\n", pr[k].r);
}

//sub expression elimination
for (m = 0; m < z; m++)
{
    tem = pr[m].r;
    for (j = m + 1; j < z; j++)
    {
        p = strstr(tem, pr[j].r);
        if (p)
        {
            t = pr[j].l;
            pr[j].l = pr[m].l;
            for (i = 0; i < z; i++)
            {
                l = strchr(pr[i].r, t);
                if (l) {
                    a = l - pr[i].r;
                    //printf("pos: %d",a);
                    pr[i].r[a] = pr[m].l;
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
printf("eliminate common expression\n");
for (i = 0; i < z; i++) {
    printf("%c\t=", pr[i].l);
    printf("%s\n", pr[i].r);
}

// duplicate production elimination
for (i = 0; i < z; i++)
{
    for (j = i + 1; j < z; j++)
    {
        q = strcmp(pr[i].r, pr[j].r);
        if ((pr[i].l == pr[j].l) && !q)

```

```

        {
            pr[i].l = '\0';
            strcpy(pr[i].r, '\0');
        }
    }
}
printf("optimized code");
for (i = 0; i < z; i++)
{
    if (pr[i].l != '\0') {
        printf("%c=", pr[i].l);
        printf("%s\n", pr[i].r);
    } } getch();
}

```

OUTPUT:

```

[root@fedora student]# vi exp10_271.c
[root@fedora student]# cc exp10_271.c
[root@fedora student]# ./a.out
Enter number of values: 3
Enter left and right values:
    left: x
    right: 8
    left: y
    right: z+s
    left: a
    right: b+c

Intermediate Code:
x = 8
y = z+s
a = b+c

Optimized Code:
y = z+s
a = b+c

```

RESULT: