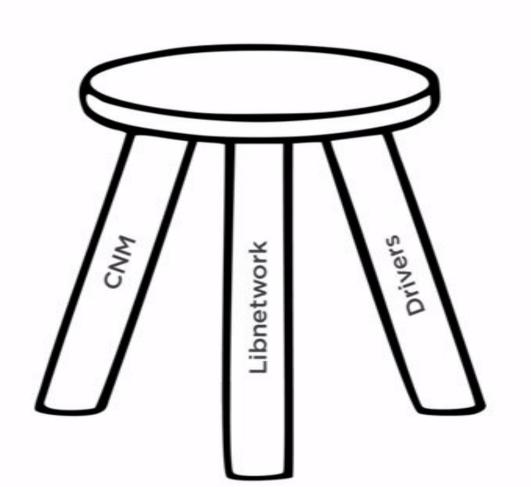
DOCKER NETWORKING



The Three Pillars of Docker Networking



<u>CNM</u> — Libnetwork — Drivers

Grand design/DNA of Docker networking



Grand design/DNA

of Docker networking

https://github.com/docker/libnetwork/blob/master/docs/design.md

CNM S CNI

Container network model	AKA	Container network interface
Docker	Speciality	Kubernetes
Docker, Inc.	Origin	CoreOS, Inc.

CNM



Sandbox

A.k.a. namespace
Isolated area of OS
Contains full network

ains full network stack



Endpoint

Network interface

E.g. eth0



Network

Connected endpoints

Libnetwork DNA: Sandbox Endpoint Network Spec from Docker, Inc. Now open source Grand design/DNA of Docker networking https://github.com/docker/libnetwork/blob/master/docs/design.md

logic, API, UX etc...

X-platform Pluggable

Written in Go/Golang

CNM by Docker, Inc.

Real-world implementation of

Central place for all Docker networking

https://github.com/docker/libnetwork

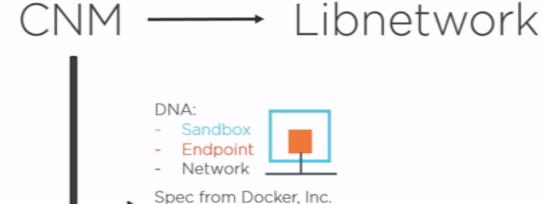
Central place for all Docker networking logic, API, UX etc...

https://github.com/docker/libnetwork

X-platform Pluggable

Written in Go/Golang

Real-world implementation of CNM by Docker, Inc.



Now open source

Grand design/DNA of

Docker networking

Network-specific detail

 Overlay MACVLAN

IPVLAN

Bridge

"Local" = native

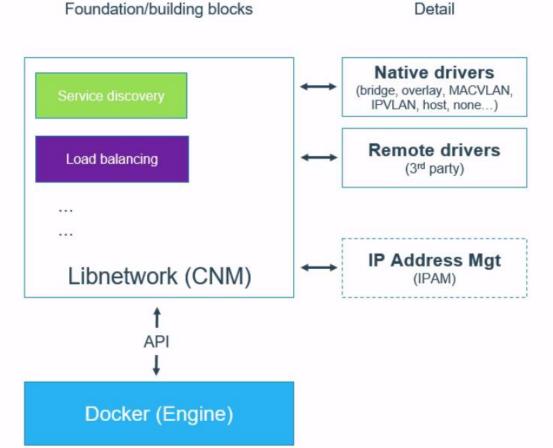
"Remote" = 3rd party

https://github.com/docker/libnetwork/blob/master/docs/design.md

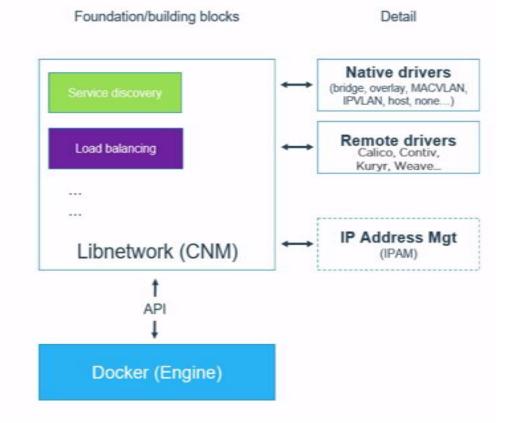
CNM — Libnetwork — Drivers

Design Control plane & Data plane

/DNA Data plane



- Network gossip
- Encryption
- Service discovery
- IP address management





```
root@dockerpract1:/home/user# docker network ls
NETWORK ID
                    NAME
                                         DRIVER
                                                              SCOPE
                    bridge
                                         bridge
1487578a0b71
                                                              local
ea93df7c85b
                                                              local
                    host
                                         host
                                         nu11
3b6b4efe6d84
                                                              local
                    none
root@dockerpract1:/home/user# |
```

```
SCOPE
swarm = multi-host
local = single-host
```

AGENDA



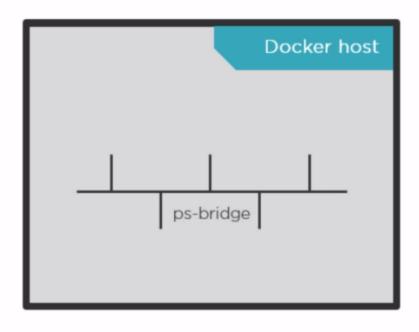
Single-host Networking

With the bridge driver (Linux)

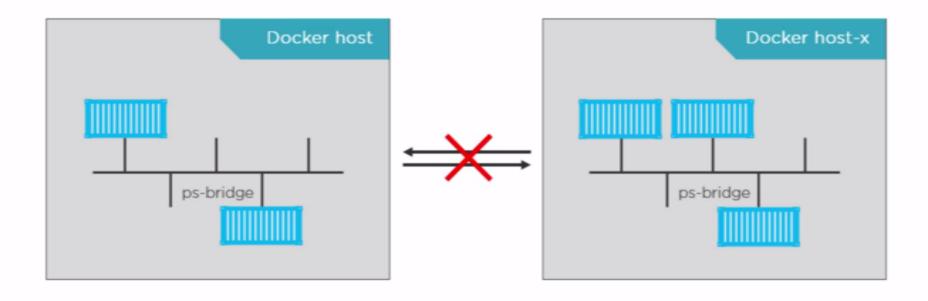
≈ nat driver (Windows)



Single-host



Single-host



CREATE NETWORK

Docker network create -d bridge --subnet 10.1.0.0/24 qt-bridge

```
root@dockerpract1:/home/user# docker network create -d bridge --subnet 10.0.0.0/
24 ps-bridge
54ac2de113229954b4b895dd467f985f7bfcf3c34d9ef1d7459c23ebc084e49c
root@dockerpract1:/home/user# docker network ls
NETWORK TD
                     NAME
                                           DRTVFR
                                                                 SCOPE
1487578a0b71
                     bridge
                                           bridge
                                                                 local
9ea93df7c85b
                                                                 local
                     host
                                           host
9b6b4efe6d84
                                           nu11
                                                                 local
                     none
                     ps-bridge
54ac2de11322
                                           bridge
                                                                 local
54ac2de11322 ps-bridge
root@dockerpract1:/home/user#|
```

CREATE NETWORK (CONTD..)

```
root@dockerpract1:/home/user# docker inspect ps-bridge
          "Name": "ps-bridge",
          "Td": "54ac2de113229954b4b895dd467f985f7bfcf3c34d9ef1d7459c23ebc084e49c"
          "Created": "2017-02-21T09:37:52.994323939Z",
          "Scope": "local",
"Driver": "bridge",
"EnableIPv6": false,
          "IPAM": {
                "Driver": "default", 
"Options": {},
                "Config": |
                           "Subnet": "10.0.0.0/24"
         },
"Internal": false,
"Attachable": false,
"Containers": {},
          "Options": {},
"Labels": {}
root@dockerpract1:/home/user#
```

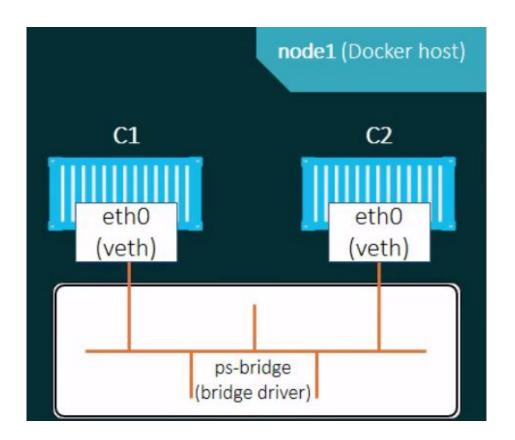
CREATE CONTAINERS IN CUSTOM BRIDGE

```
docker run -dt --name c1 --network ps-bridge ubuntu sleep 1d
docker run -dt --name c2 --network ps-bridge ubuntu sleep 1d
Inspect network (docker network inspect ps-bridge)
```

CREATE CONTAINERS IN CUSTOM BRIDGE

```
"Containers": {
               "6a3cc4ac3df97141e922dad90169aa565ed230e634e4386a3e85fa6051573948":
{
                                      e5200afd291b20142b3742be586a18c03b2673f761a6b461c
0ab9b44cb5a7d38"
                    "MacAddress": "02:42:0a:00:00:02",
"IPv4Address": "10.0.0.2/24",
                          dd6c1f590f2846346986512a3bbcbe4abd248e62e9d528d682fc022c":
{
                    "Name": "c2",
                                     "327bef4cfb84490a3a4213a2ce15237ea113173f71c6f473a
1871570821cbf11"
                    "MacAddress": "02:42:0a:00:00:03", 
"IPv4Address": "10.0.0.3/24", 
"IPv6Address": ""
```

NETWORK TOPOLOGY FOR BRIDGE



TEST

```
Ping other container (c1) from c2

root@c9eff113dd6c:/# ping c1

PING c1 (10.0.0.2) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from c1.ps-bridge (10.0.0.2): icmp_seq=1 ttl=64 time=0.047 ms
64 bytes from c1.ps-bridge (10.0.0.2): icmp_seq=2 ttl=64 time=0.075 ms
64 bytes from c1.ps-bridge (10.0.0.2): icmp_seq=3 ttl=64 time=0.079 ms
64 bytes from c1.ps-bridge (10.0.0.2): icmp_seq=4 ttl=64 time=0.099 ms

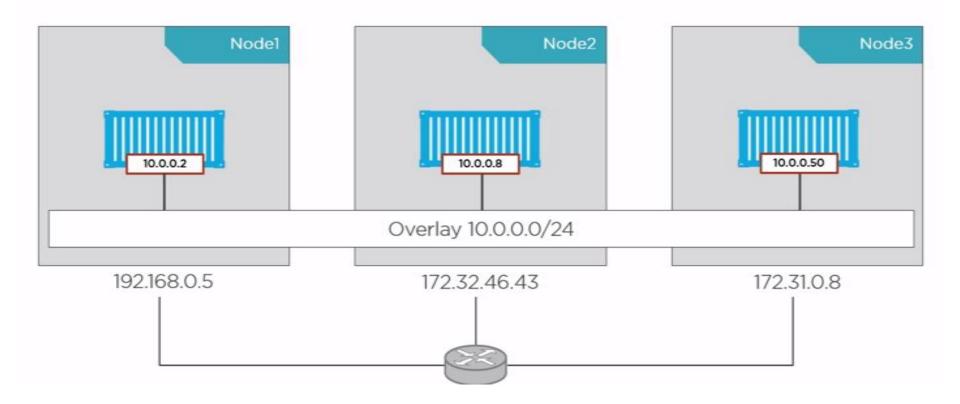
AC

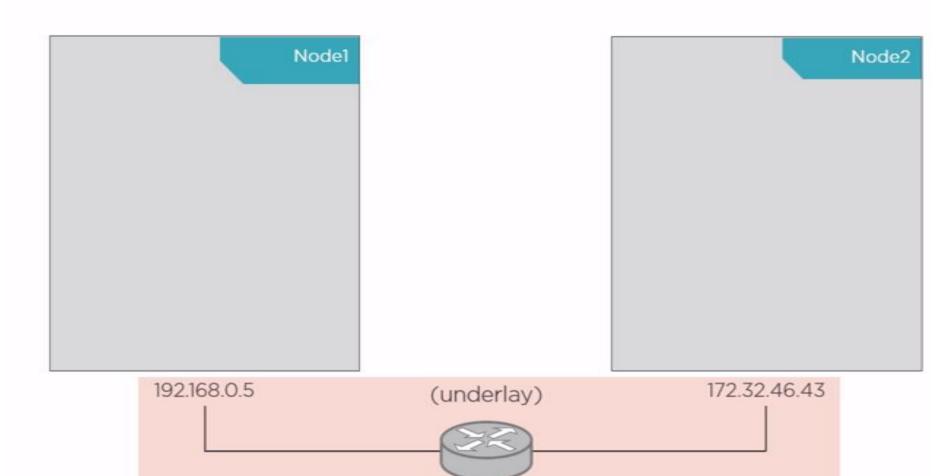
--- c1 ping statistics ---
4 packets transmitted, 4 received, 0% packet loss, time 2999ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.047/0.075/0.099/0.018 ms
root@c9eff113dd6c:/# |
```

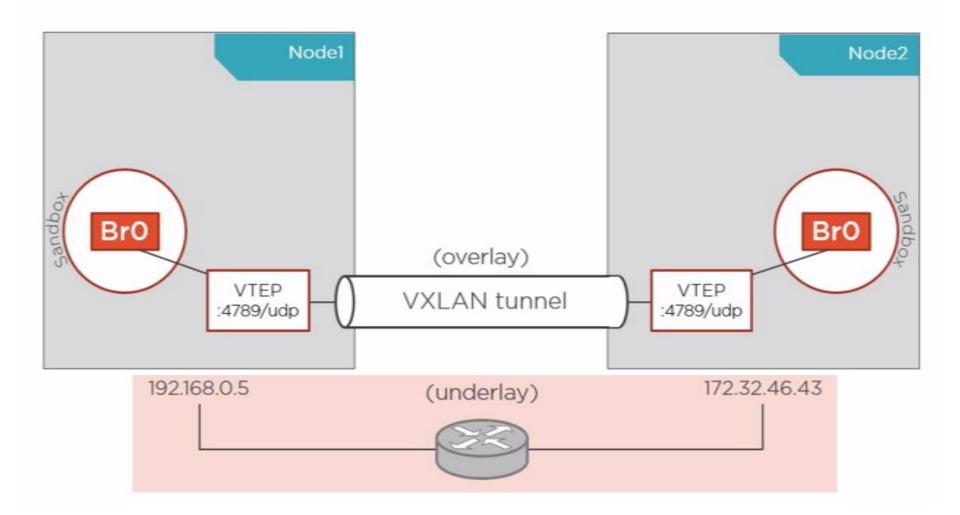
Multi-host Networking

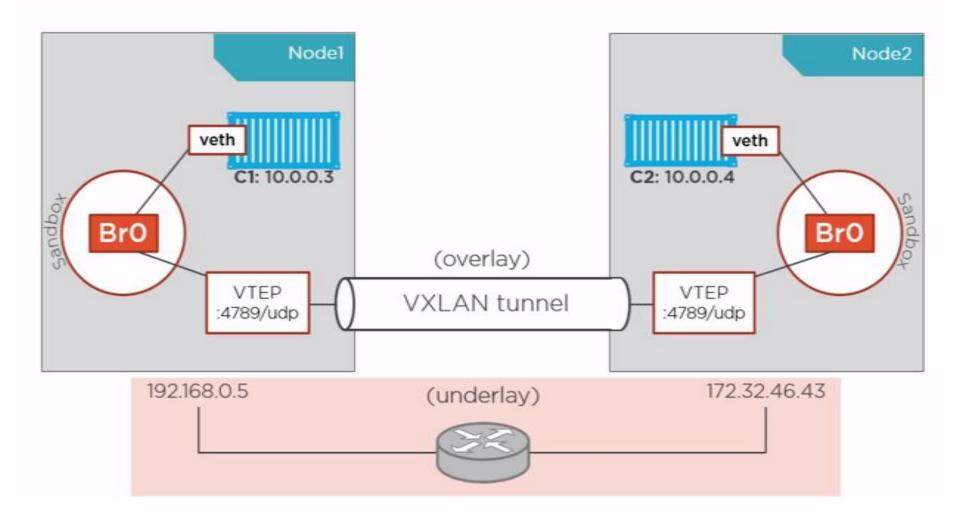
with the Docker overlay driver

Multi-host Overlay









STEPS FOR MULTI-HOST NETWORKING

Install docker on two or more hosts

On the first machine execute "docker swarm init"

Execute docker swarm join in other hosts

Execute docker network ls and you should be able to see ingress with DRIVER as overlay

Execute "docker node ls" to find out nodes

Note: Following ports should be open ====>

2789/udp 7946/tcp/udp 2377/tcp

CREATION OF OVERLAY NETWORK

"Docker network create -d overlay qt-over" to create network

Try executing "docker network ls" on other container you will not see the qt-over as docker follows lazy approach

To see the qt-over start a container.

"docker service create --name qt-svc --network qt-over -replicas 3 hello-world sleep 1d"

To see the status execute on host1 "docker service ps ps-svc"