

Data Collection

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
In [2]: df = pd.read_csv(r"C:\Users\user\Downloads\5_Instagram data (1).csv")
df
```

Out[2]:

	Impressions	From Home	From Hashtags	From Explore	From Other	Saves	Comments	Shares	Likes	Profile Visits	F
0	3920	2586	1028	619	56	98	9	5	162	35	
1	5394	2727	1838	1174	78	194	7	14	224	48	
2	4021	2085	1188	0	533	41	11	1	131	62	
3	4528	2700	621	932	73	172	10	7	213	23	
4	2518	1704	255	279	37	96	5	4	123	8	
...	
114	13700	5185	3041	5352	77	573	2	38	373	73	
115	5731	1923	1368	2266	65	135	4	1	148	20	
116	4139	1133	1538	1367	33	36	0	1	92	34	
117	32695	11815	3147	17414	170	1095	2	75	549	148	

	Impressions	From Home	From Hashtags	From Explore	From Other	Saves	Comments	Shares	Likes	Profile Visits	Followers
118	36919	13473	4176	16444	2547	653	5	26	443	611	119

119 rows × 13 columns

```
In [3]: df.info()
```

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 119 entries, 0 to 118
Data columns (total 13 columns):
#   Column                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   Impressions           119 non-null    int64
1   From Home             119 non-null    int64
2   From Hashtags         119 non-null    int64
3   From Explore          119 non-null    int64
4   From Other            119 non-null    int64
5   Saves                 119 non-null    int64
6   Comments              119 non-null    int64
7   Shares               119 non-null    int64
8   Likes                 119 non-null    int64
9   Profile Visits        119 non-null    int64
10  Follows               119 non-null    int64
11  Caption               119 non-null    object
12  Hashtags              119 non-null    object
dtypes: int64(11), object(2)
memory usage: 12.2+ KB
```

```
In [4]: df.describe()
```

Out[4]:

	Impressions	From Home	From Hashtags	From Explore	From Other	Saves	Comments
count	119.000000	119.000000	119.000000	119.000000	119.000000	119.000000	119.00
mean	5703.991597	2475.789916	1887.512605	1078.100840	171.092437	153.310924	6.66
std	4843.780105	1489.386348	1884.361443	2613.026132	289.431031	156.317731	3.54
min	1941.000000	1133.000000	116.000000	0.000000	9.000000	22.000000	0.00
25%	3467.000000	1945.000000	726.000000	157.500000	38.000000	65.000000	4.00
50%	4289.000000	2207.000000	1278.000000	326.000000	74.000000	109.000000	6.00
75%	6138.000000	2602.500000	2363.500000	689.500000	196.000000	169.000000	8.00
max	36919.000000	13473.000000	11817.000000	17414.000000	2547.000000	1095.000000	19.00

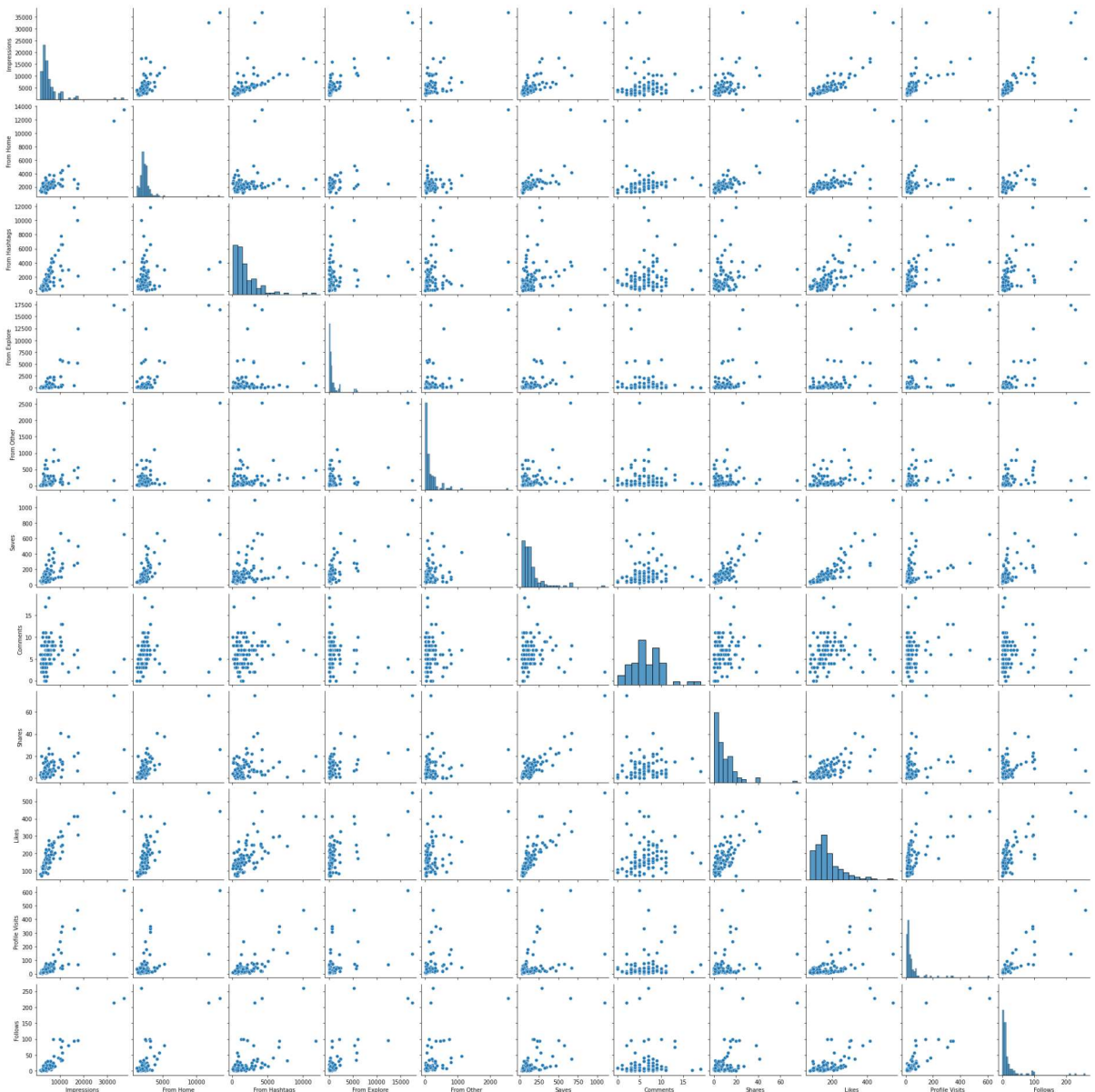
```
In [5]: df.columns
```

```
Out[5]: Index(['Impressions', 'From Home', 'From Hashtags', 'From Explore',  
             'From Other', 'Saves', 'Comments', 'Shares', 'Likes', 'Profile Visits',  
             'Follows', 'Caption', 'Hashtags'],  
            dtype='object')
```

EDA and visualization

```
In [6]: sns.pairplot(df)
```

```
Out[6]: <seaborn.axisgrid.PairGrid at 0x1f209bcba60>
```

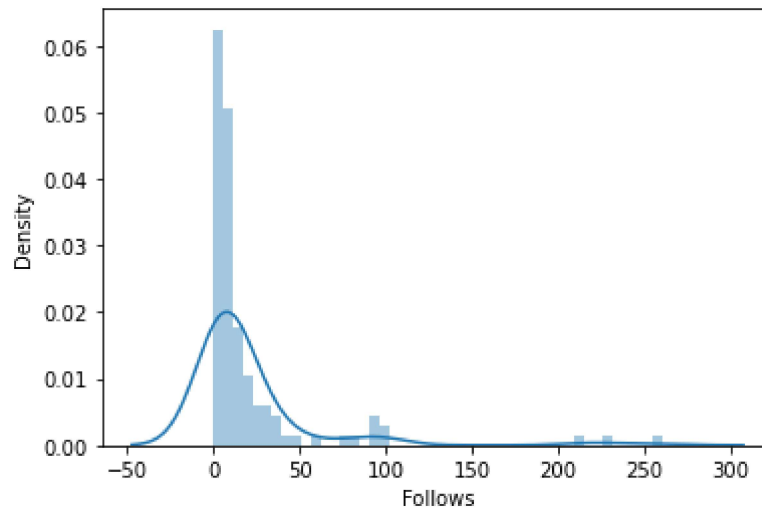


```
In [7]: sns.distplot(df['Follows'])
```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\seaborn\distributions.py:2557: FutureWarning: `distplot` is a deprecated function and will be removed in a future version. Please adapt your code to use either `displot` (a figure-level function with similar flexibility) or `histplot` (an axes-level function for histograms).

```
warnings.warn(msg, FutureWarning)
```

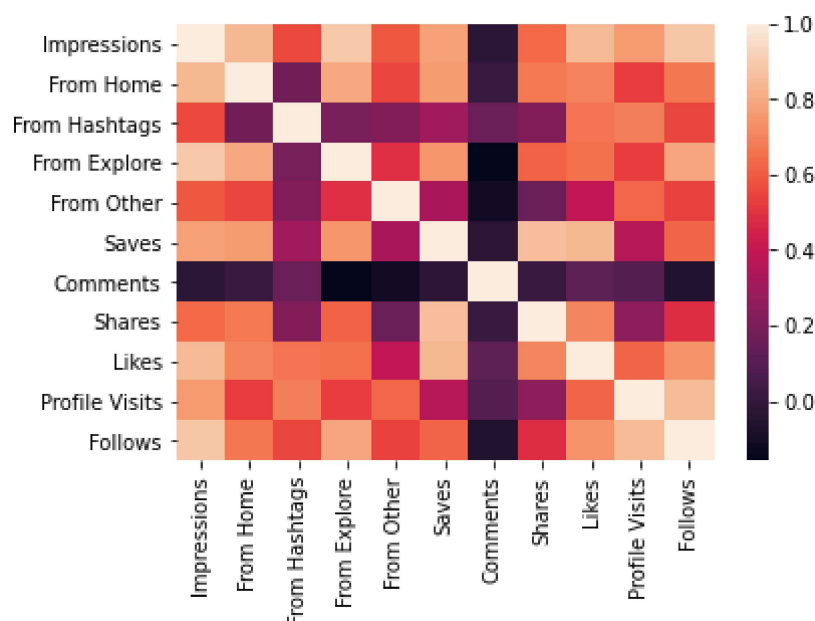
```
Out[7]: <AxesSubplot:xlabel='Follows', ylabel='Density'>
```



```
In [8]: df1 = df[['Impressions', 'From Home', 'From Hashtags', 'From Explore',
                  'From Other', 'Saves', 'Comments', 'Shares', 'Likes', 'Profile Visits',
                  'Follows']]
```

```
In [9]: sns.heatmap(df1.corr())
```

```
Out[9]: <AxesSubplot:>
```



model building

```
In [10]: x = df1[['Impressions', 'From Home', 'From Hashtags', 'From Explore',  
                'From Other', 'Saves', 'Comments', 'Shares', 'Likes', 'Profile Visits']  
y = df1['Follows']
```

```
In [11]: from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split  
  
x_train,x_test,y_train,y_test = train_test_split(x,y,test_size=0.3)
```

```
In [12]: from sklearn.linear_model import LinearRegression  
  
lr = LinearRegression()  
lr.fit(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[12]: LinearRegression()

```
In [13]: print(lr.intercept_)  
  
11.650186519898833
```

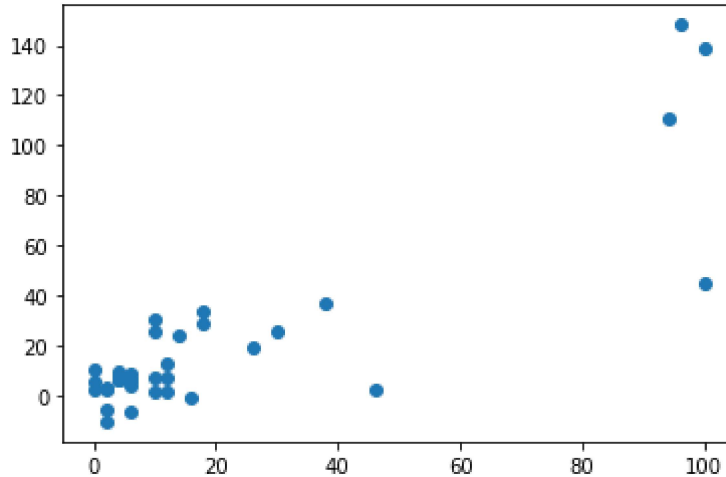
```
In [14]: coeff = pd.DataFrame(lr.coef_,x.columns,columns=['Co-efficient'])  
coeff
```

Out[14]:

	Co-efficient
Impressions	-0.000811
From Home	-0.007331
From Hashtags	-0.000679
From Explore	0.010658
From Other	-0.028086
Saves	0.023275
Comments	-0.848715
Shares	0.127148
Likes	0.053639
Profile Visits	0.363318

```
In [15]: prediction = lr.predict(x_test)
plt.scatter(y_test,prediction)
```

Out[15]: <matplotlib.collections.PathCollection at 0x1f2104964f0>



```
In [16]: print(lr.score(x_test,y_test))
```

0.6188588265053196

```
In [17]: from sklearn.linear_model import Ridge,Lasso
```

```
In [18]: rr = Ridge(alpha=10)
rr.fit(x_train,y_train)
rr.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[18]: 0.6185897632868087

```
In [19]: rr.score(x_train,y_train)
```

Out[19]: 0.9471403592188646

```
In [20]: ls = Lasso(alpha=10)
ls.fit(x_train,y_train)
ls.score(x_train,y_train)
```

C:\ProgramData\Anaconda3\lib\site-packages\sklearn\linear_model_coordinate_descent.py:530: ConvergenceWarning: Objective did not converge. You might want to increase the number of iterations. Duality gap: 92.32321820816105, tolerance: 16.699489156626505
model = cd_fast.enet_coordinate_descent(

Out[20]: 0.9433748722151031

```
In [21]: ls.score(x_test,y_test)
```

Out[21]: 0.5938028365678165

In []: