

Adaptation of IDPT system based on patient-authored text data using NLP: Supplement resources

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Supplement Documents

1 Introduction

This document is created as the supplement resources for the paper entitled Adaptation of IDPT system based on patient-authored text data using NLP: Supplement resources by Mukhiya et. al. (itsmeskm99@gmail.com).

2 Prepossessing algorithm

3 PHQ-9 questionnaire symptoms

4 Seed term generation algorithm

Algorithm 1: Preprocessing test text sentences

input : A patient authored test text

output : Processed test text

```
1 text ← encode(text, UTF-8);
2 text ← lower(text);
3 text ← strip(text);
4 symbols = [#,$, +, -, =, http, https]);
5 slangs=[(âon't", âill not "),("isn't", "is not "),("can't", "can
  not "), (n't", not "),("i'm", "i am "),("'re", äre "),('d",
  âould "),('ll", âill ")]
6 foreach word w in text do
7   | if contains(word, symbol) then
8   |   | text ← remove_symbol(word, text);
9   | end if
10  | if contains(word, slangs) then
11  |   | text ← replace_slangs(word, slangs);
12  | end if
13 end foreach
14 return text
```

ID	PHQ-9 symptoms	Extracted Lexicons
S1	Little interest or pleasure in doing things	[interest, interested]
S2	Feeling down, depressed, or hopeless	[feeling, depressed, hopeless]
S3	Trouble falling or staying asleep, or sleeping too much	[sleep, asleep]
S4	Feeling tired or having little energy	[tired, energy]
S5	Poor appetite or overeating	[appetite, overeating]
S6	Feeling bad about yourself or that you are a failure or have let yourself or your family down	[failure, family]
S7	Trouble concentrating on things, such as reading the newspaper or watching television	[concentration, reading, watching]
S8	Moving or speaking so slowly that other people could have noticed. Or the opposite being so fidgety or restless that you have been moving around a lot more than usual	[moving, speaking, restless]
S9	Thoughts that you would be better off dead, or of hurting yourself	[dead, hurt, suicide]

Tabell 1: PHQ-9 symptoms (original) and the extracted lexicons (created)

Algorithm 2: Algorithm to generate lexicons

input : *extracted_lexicons* from PHQ-9

output : Domain specific contextual-aware lexicons

```
1 seed_terms  $\leftarrow$  [];  
2 foreach symptom  $s \in$  extracted_lexicons do  
3   terms  $\leftarrow$  [];  
4   foreach word  $w \in s$  do  
5     synonyms  $\leftarrow$  wordnet.synonyms(s);  
6     foreach synonym  $w \in$  synonyms do  
7       terms  $\leftarrow$  wordnet.hyperonym(s);  
8       terms  $\leftarrow$  wordnet.hyponym(s);  
9       terms  $\leftarrow$  wordnet.antonyms(s);  
10    end foreach  
11  end foreach  
12  sWord  $\leftarrow$  [];  
13  if Model==Depression2Vec then  
14    foreach term  $t$  in  $\in$  terms do  
15      sWord  $\leftarrow$  word2vecdep( $t, nWord = 5$ )  
16    end foreach  
17  end if  
18  if Model==Glove2vec then  
19    foreach term  $t$  in  $\in$  terms do  
20      sWord  $\leftarrow$  glove2vec( $t, word_{sim} > 80\%$ )  
21    end foreach  
22  end if  
23  if Model==Wordnet then  
24    foreach term  $t$  in  $\in$  terms do  
25      sWord  $\leftarrow t$   
26    end foreach  
27  end if  
28  terms  $\leftarrow$  sWord;  
29  seed_terms  $\leftarrow$  terms;  
30 end foreach  
31 return seed_terms
```
