

## Question: 2

\* Given Date:

87	92	78	95	88	90	84	89	93	91
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\* Algorithm: ~~Insertion~~

↳ Insertion sort is best in this because it is smaller & Insertion sort easy for the teacher, it is to implement.

\* Solution:

→ 87, 92, 78, 95, 88, 90, 84, 89, 93, 91

92 > 87 → don't swap

78 < 92 → swap with index 2 to 1

→ 87, 78, 92, 95, 88, 90, 84, 89, 93, 91

78 < 87 → swap it

→ 78, 87, 92, 95, 88, 90, 84, 89, 93, 91

95 > 92 → don't swap

88 < 95 → swap it

→ 78, 87, 92, 88, 95, 90, 84, 89, 93, 91

88 < 92 → swap it

→ 78, 87, 88, 92, 95, 90, 84, 89, 93, 91

90 < 95 → swap it

→ 78, 87, 88, 92, 90, 95, ...

90 < 92 → swap it

→ 78, 87, 88, 90, 92, 95, 84, 89, 93, 91

84 < 95 → swap

84 < 92 → swap again

84 < 90 → swap again

84 < 88 → swap again

84 < 87 → swap again

84 > 78 → don't swap

→ 78, 84, 87, 88, 90, 92, 95, 89, 93, 91

89 < 95 → swap

89 < 92 → swap

89 < 90 → swap

89 > 88 → don't swap

→ 78, 84, 87, 88, 89, 90, 92, 95, 93, 91.

93 > 95 → swap

→ 78, 84, 87, 88, 89, 90, 92, 93, 95, 91

91 > 95 → swap

91 > 93 → swap

91 > 92 → swap

91 > 90 → don't swap.

→ 78, 84, 87, 88, 89, 90, 92, 93, 95

Hence, Array is completely sorted.

Question: 2:-

\* Given data.

1023	1018	1025	1020	1019	1022	1021	1017	1024	1016
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\* Algorithm:

→ In this case we use Radix sort because no of input larger so we have quickly sorting & it easy.

Pass: 1

1020	1021	1022	1023	1024	1025	1016	1017	1018	1019
index 0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

∴ check last digit

Pass: 2

Pass: 2	1019	1025
	1018	1024
	1017	1023
1020	1016	1022
0	1	2
		3
		4
		5
		6
		7
		8
		9

∴ check 2nd last digit.

Pass: 3

0	1	2	3	4	5	6				
	1025									
	1024									
	1023									
	1022									
	1021									
	1020									
	1019									
	1018									
	1017									
	1016									
class: 3										
index: 0		1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9

∴ check 3rd last digit

Pass: 4

All input on index (1) same order.

∴ check first digit

Final Sorted Array:

1016	1017	1018	1019	1020	1021	1022	1023	1024	1025
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### Question: 3 :~

\* Given Data.

22.5	24.3	23.1	21.9	25.7	24.8	26.2	22.0	23.5	25.0
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\* Algorithm:

↳ In this case I use Bucket sort for sorting because no. of input is decimal & smaller so bucket sort to implement & understand. in bucket sub array use insertion sort.

Bucket's

- 0 → ~~21.9~~
- 1 → ~~21.9~~ sorted
- 2 → 22.5, 22.0 → 22.0, 22.5
- 3 → ~~23.1~~, ~~23.5~~ sorted
- 4 → ~~24.3~~, ~~24.8~~ sorted
- 5 → ~~25.7~~, ~~25.0~~ → 25.0, 25.7
- 6 → ~~26.2~~ sorted
- 7
- 8
- 9

Final Sorted Array:

21.9	22.0	22.5	23.1	23.5	24.3	24.8	25.0	25.7	26.2
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### Question: 4 :~

\* Given Data.

Emma	Rushford	Franklin	Jack	Alice	Frank	Grace	Hannah	Charlie	David	Isaac	Bob
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~~Pass~~

\* Algorithm:

↳ In this case I use Radix sort for sorting because input is Alphabetic & it easy in that case.

Pass 1: check last alphabet.

Emma, bob, Isaac, Rushford, David, Alice, Grace, Charlie, Hannah, Jack, Frank, Franklin

Pass 2: check 2nd alphabate of Pass 1:

isaac, hannah, alice, grace, jack, david, charlie, franklin, Emma, ~~frank~~, bob, rushford

Pass 3: check 3rd alphabate of Pass 2:

isaac, grace, jack, ~~frank~~, bob, alice, charlie, franklin, emma, hannah, rushford, david

Pass 4: check 4th alphabate of Pass 3:

bob, david, emma, rushford, jack, franklin, alice, hannah, grace, frank, charlie, isaac.

Pass 5: check 5th alphabate of Pass 4:

Bob, Emma, jack, alice, hannah, charlie, david, frank, grace, rushford, isaac, franklin

Pass 6: check 6th alphabate of Pass 5:

Bob, Emma, jack, alice, david, frank, grace, isaac, franklin, hannah, charlie, rushford

Pass 7: check 7th alphabate of Pass 6:

Bob, Emma, jack, alice, david, frank, grace, isaac, charlie, franklin, rushford.

Pass 8: check 8th alphabate of Pass 7:

Final Sorted List.

Bob, Emma, Jack, Alice, David, Frank, Grace, Isaac, Charlie, Franklin, Rushford.

## Question: 5 :-

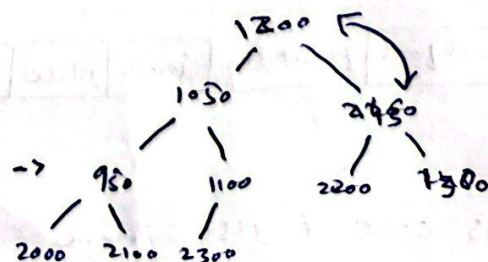
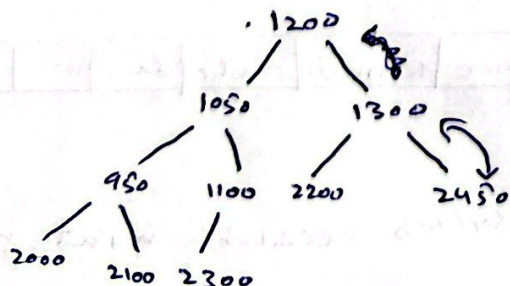
\* Give Data.

1200	1050	1300	950	1100	2200	2450	2000	2100	2300
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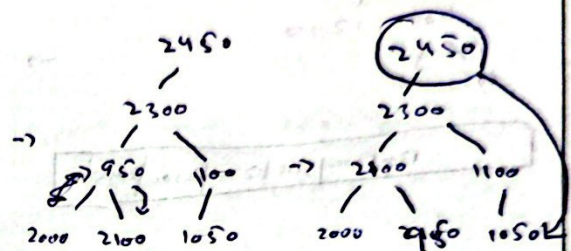
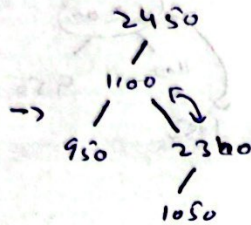
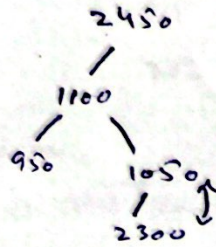
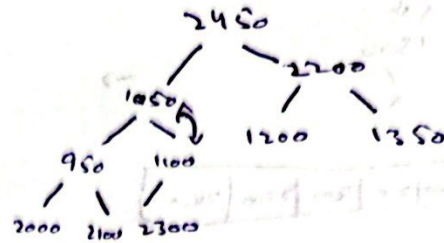
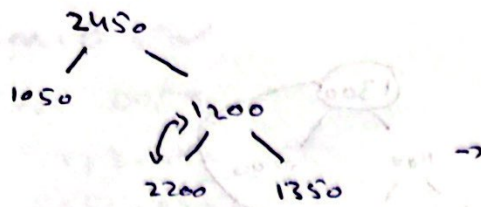
\* Algorithm:

→ In this case I use Max heap sort which perfectly suitable for this & easy to sort.

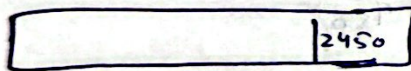
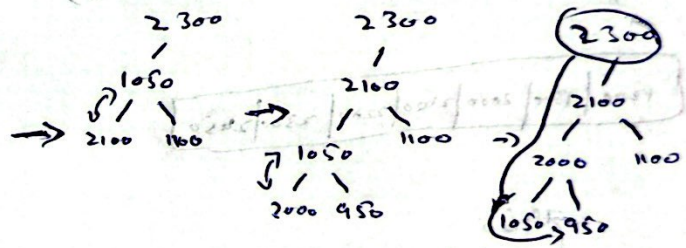
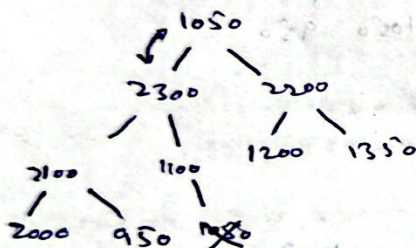
Tree:



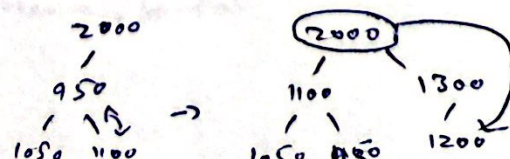
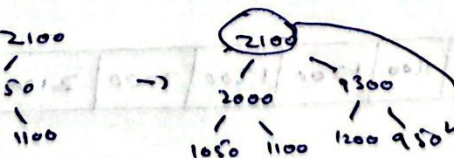
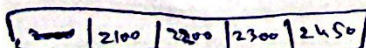
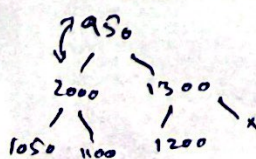
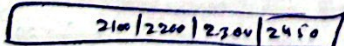
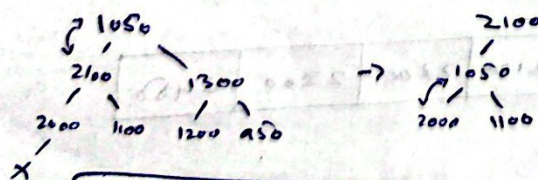
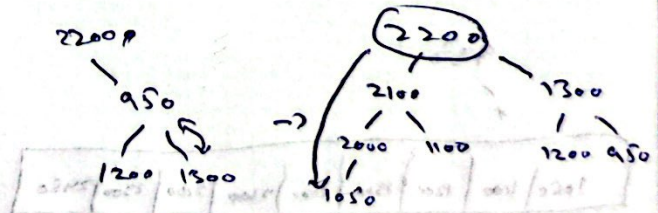
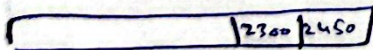
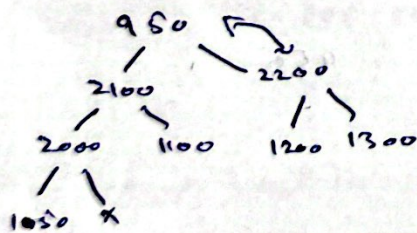




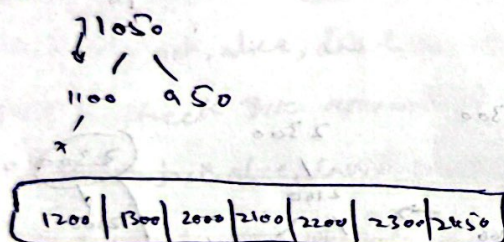
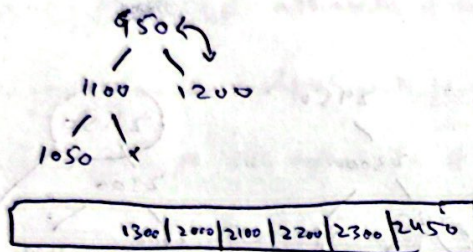
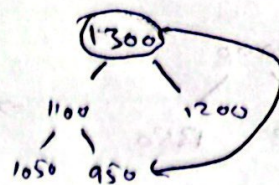
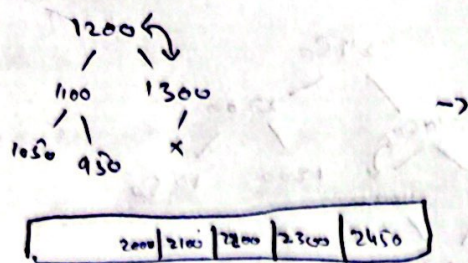
root  
Swap with last & delete.



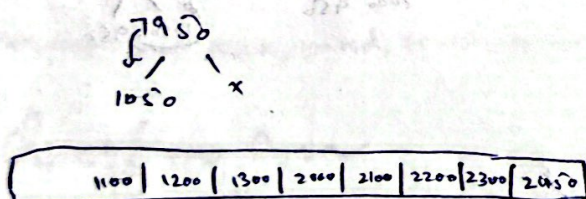
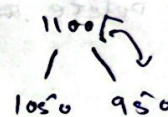
Swap & delete.



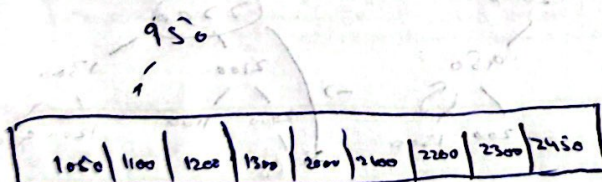
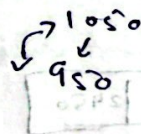




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Final sorted:

950	1050	1100	1200	1300	2000	2100	2200	2300	2450
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## Question: 6 :-

\* Given data.

123-456-7890

987-654-3210

555-123-4567

777-888-9999

111-222-3333

323-423-7634

\* Algorithm.

→ in this case, I use Radix Sort, which more appropriate.

Pass 1: check last No:

123-456-7890

987-654-3210

111-222-3333

323-423-7634

555-123-4567

777-888-9999

Pass 2: check 2nd No:

987-654-3210

111-222-3333

323-423-7634

555-123-4567

123-456-7890

777-888-9999

⋮

Pass 10: check first No:

111-222-3333

123-456-7890

323-423-7634

555-123-4567

777-888-9999

987-654-3210

Hence, sorted.



Question: 7: ~

Algorithm	No. of comparison	No. of swaps	Best case	Average case	Worst case	in place	stable
Insertion sort	$O(n^2)$	$O(n^2)$	$O(n)$	$O(n^2)$	$O(n^2)$	Yes	Yes
Bucket sort	$O(n^2)$	$O(n^2)$	$O(n+k)$	$O(n+k)$	$O(n^2)$	No	Yes
Radix sort	$O(nk)$	$O(n+k)$	$O(nk)$	$O(nk)$	$O(nk)$	No	Yes
Merge sort	$O(n \log n)$	$O(n \log n)$	$O(n \log n)$	$O(n \log n)$	$O(n \log n)$	No	Yes
Max-Heap sort	$O(n \log n)$	$O(n \log n)$	$O(n \log n)$	$O(n \log n)$	$O(n \log n)$	Yes	No