

Calculus and its Applications (Basics)

KRISHNASAMY R

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Department of Applied Mathematics and Computational Sciences

PSG College of Technology, Coimbatore - 641 004

email: rky.amcs@psgtech.ac.in

Mobile No.: 9843245352

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LIMITS AND CONTINUITY: Standard functions – Graphs - Limit - continuity - piecewise continuity - periodic - differentiable functions - Riemann sum - integrable functions - fundamental theorem of calculus

SEQUENCES AND SERIES: Sequences - increasing - decreasing - bounded - function - limit properties - Series – convergence and divergence – alternating series test - absolute convergence – ratio test - power series - Taylor series (single variable)

FUNCTIONS OF TWO VARIABLES: Models - partial derivative and its geometrical interpretation - Stationary points – maxima and minima - saddle points - Taylor series - Constrained maxima and minima – Lagrange multiplier method.

MULTIPLE INTEGRALS: Evaluation of multiple integrals – Cartesian and polar forms - Change of order of integration - Applications of multiple integrals to find area and volume.

ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS: Linear Differential Equations of first order - Exact differential equations - Integrating factors - Bernoulli equations - Linear Differential Equations of higher order with constant coefficients - Euler's equation with variable coefficients - Simultaneous equations - Method of variation of parameters. Modeling simple systems.

VECTOR CALCULUS: Vector differentiation - gradient - divergent - curl - vector integration - Greens theorem - Stokes theorem - Gauss divergence theorem (concepts only).

TEXT BOOKS:

- 1 Thomas G B Jr., Maurice D Wier, Joel Hass, Frank R. Giordano, Thomas' Calculus, Pearson Education, 2018.
- 2 Erwin Kreyszig, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley, 2014.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

- 1 Ben Orlin, Change Is the Only Constant: The Wisdom of Calculus in a Madcap World, Black Dog & Leventhal, New York, 2019.
- 2 Ray Wyile C and Raymond Wyile C, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, McGraw Hill, 2013.
- 3 Ken F. Riley, Mike P. Hobson, Stephen J. Bence, Mathematical Methods for Physics and Engineering, Cambridge University Press, 2018
- 4 Deborah Hughes-Hallett, Patti Frazer Lock, Andrew M. Gleason, Applied Calculus, Wiley, 2017
- 5 Judith A. Beecher, Judith A. Penna, Marvin L. Bittinger, College Algebra, 5th Edition, Pearson, 2016

Cartesian product of two sets - every element will be ordered
pairs

Relation - subset of Cartesian product

function - set of all ordered pairs such that no two can have
the same first member

every relation is a function - false

every function is a relation - true

Range subset of codomain

real valued function -- both domain and codomain are real numbers

$f: X \rightarrow Y$

one to one function - different elements in X will have different images in Y
 $f(x) = f(y)$ implies $x = y$

onto function: Range=codomain

injective surjective

Bijjective function: If it is one-one and onto

many to one function:

identity function: every element will be mapped to itself $f:X \rightarrow Y$

$$f(x)=x$$

constant function: every element in the domain will be mapped to some particular element in the codomain

$$f(x)=c$$

into function: atleast one element in codomain which has no preimage

THANK YOU