

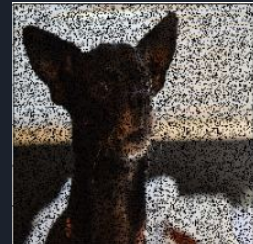
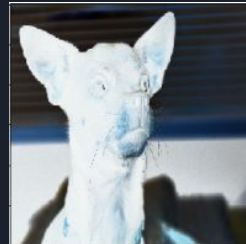
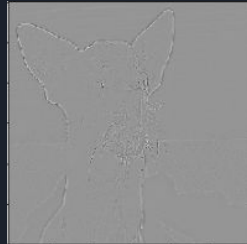
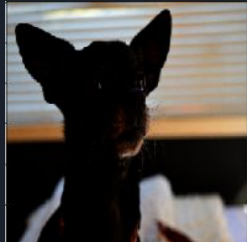
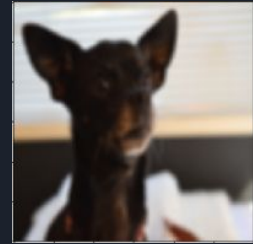
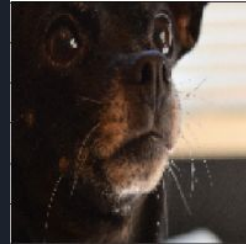


Using “imgaug” Python Library for Image Augmentation

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What is imgaug?

- Python library that allows for easy image augmentation
- Provides a wide variety of different augmentations that are commonly used when attempting to improve the task accuracy of AI being trained with images





Summary of Tutorial

- **Goal of Tutorial**

- Demonstrate how to use imgaug to improve classification accuracy of Deep Learning-based Image Classifier for two Chihuahuas

- **Tutorial Process**

- Stores 26 images of a black Chihuahua (Scarlett) and 34 images of a white Chihuahua (Pistachio) for a total of 60 images
- Two Experiments
 - Exp. 1 trains with 48 randomly selected non-augmented images and validated with the remaining 12 images
 - Exp. 2 trains with 48 randomly selected non-augmented images + 96 images from applying 2 augmentations to non-augmented images
 - Validation set gets same treatment (12 non-aug + 24 aug images)
 - Both models in the experiments are the same and trained for 50 epochs

- **Results of Tutorial**

- Validation accuracy for Experiment 1 -> **63%**
- Validation accuracy for Experiment 2 -> **100%**

Python Libraries Used

- **Main Libraries**

- imgaug
- tensorflow
- keras



- **Additional Libraries**

- sklearn
- matplotlib
- pandas
- numpy
- os, glob, pickle





Key Commands during Tutorial

- `img = image.load_img(imagePath)`
 - Uses `keras.preprocessing` to load an image from a path on computer
- `plt.imshow(img)`
 - Uses `matplotlib.pyplot` to display image to jupyter notebook cell
- `aug_img = aug.augment_image(img)`
 - Uses `imgaug` to apply an augmentation to `img` and save the new augmented image
- `seq = iaa.Sequential([aug1, aug2, aug3])`
 - Uses `imgaug` to allow multiple augmentations to be applied to one image at once
- `x_train, x_val, y_train, y_val = train_test_split(x, y, test_size=0.2)`
 - Uses `sklearn.model_selection` to randomly split image data into train and testing variables
- `model.compile(), model.fit(), and model.predict()`
 - Use `keras` to execute Deep Learning training process with train and testing variables



Link to Tutorial!

<https://nbviewer.jupyter.org/github/alswilli/CMPS-184-ImgAug-Presentation/blob/master/CMPS%20184%20Presentation%20-%20imgaug%20Python%20library%20with%20Deep%20Learning.ipynb>