

# 扫描二维码关注微信/微博 获取最新面试题及权威解答

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## 非算法面试题汇总

#### Part 1: CS Foundation

线程 vs 进程(Yelp) 11/2015
补码/反码(Yelp) 11/2015

3. 内存、硬盘、闪存(Uber) 10/2015

4. 并行/并发(Uber) 10/2015
5. 死锁(Centrify) 12/2015
6. 虚拟内存(LinkedIn) 11/2015

TCP/IP 三次握手(IBM) 10/2015
TCP 和 UDP 区别(LinkedIn) 11/2015

9. 一个百万级别用户量的 WebService 网页加载速度太慢,原因是什么(LinkedIn) 11/2015

10. 输入 www.google.com 会发生什么

## Part 2: System Design

- 1. What's app(Uber) 10/2015
- 2. Monitor System(LinkedIn: Tools Team) 11/2015
- 3. Amazon Production Page(LinkedIn) 11/2015
- 4. Uber(Uber) 10/2015
- 5. Uber'GeoLocation(Uber)
- 6. Messenger(Uber)
- 7. Twitter(Asana)
- 8. RPC(Google)
- 9. Chrome(Google) 12/2015

## Part 3: OOD

- 1. Parking Lot
- 2. Black Jack
- 3. Blocking Queue(Centrify) 12/2015
- 4. Notification Center(Uber/Shopkick) including coding
- 5. CVS Parser(Uber) including coding

## Part 4: Living Coding

- 1. (Mobile) Download/Parse JSON -> Show Image and Text in ListView(Linkedin/Coursera)
- 2. File I/O System: Read files from formatted inputs and design an iterator as output (Uber) 10/2015

## Part 5: Offline Assignment

- similar to Download/Parse JSON -> Show Image and Text in ListView/GridView +
   ConfigurationChange, Async Image Loading, HTTP request/response performance
   (TripAdvisor/Flickr 1 hour coding) experienced Android position
- Parse JSON raw data from Rotten Tomatoes, store into a local database, then design 3 RESTful APIs to answer queries(Beep.com)
  11/2015
- 3. check 一个 robot 是否能 reach target。输入是一个文件,文件内容相当于一个二维矩阵,""表示空;"O"表示障碍物,robot 不能越过;"T"表示 target.(TripAdvisor) 10/2015

### Part 6: Others

- 1. MapReduce 实现 N-Gram(Beepi.com) 11/2015
- 2. MapReduce 如何应用