```
#include <Wire.h>
#include <LiquidCrystal_I2C.h>
LiquidCrystal_I2C lcd(0x27,20,4);
#include "MAX30105.h"
                              //MAX3010x library
#include "heartRate.h"
                           //Heart rate calculating algorithm
float vref = 3.3;
int beatAvg1;
float resolution = vref/1023;
void printRandoms(int lower, int upper, int count);
#define BLYNK_PRINT Serial
#include <ESP8266WiFi.h>
#include <BlynkSimpleEsp8266.h>
void spo2();
int s;
int led=D4;
int temp_adc_val;
 float temp_val;
 float f;
MAX30105 particleSensor;
const byte RATE_SIZE = 4; //Increase this for more averaging. 4 is good.
byte rates[RATE_SIZE]; //Array of heart rates
byte rateSpot = 0;
long lastBeat = 0; //Time at which the last beat occurred
float beatsPerMinute;
int beatAvg;
void reading();
long irValue;
int a=D0;
char auth[] = "dM4uMNYyq1sjokTxbNk1nL-4AZq1e_oJ";
```

```
char ssid[] = "password";
char pass[] = "password";
int l=D0;
void setup() {
 Serial.begin(9600);
 pinMode(led,OUTPUT);
 pinMode(l,OUTPUT);
 pinMode(a,INPUT);
 lcd.init();
 lcd.backlight();
 lcd.setCursor(0,0);
 lcd.print("EMF");
 delay(500);
 lcd.setCursor(0,0);
 lcd.print("Health Monitor");
 lcd.setCursor(0,1);
 lcd.print("Sensor Init");
 delay(2000);
 lcd.clear();
 lcd.setCursor(0,0);
 lcd.print("Connecting to");
 lcd.setCursor(0,1);
 lcd.print("
              Wifi ");
 WiFi.begin(ssid, pass);
 while (WiFi.status() != WL_CONNECTED) {
  digitalWrite(l,1);
  delay(500);
  Serial.print(".");
  digitalWrite(1,0);
  delay(500);
```

```
Serial.println();
 digitalWrite(1,1);
 Serial.println("WiFi connected");
 Serial.println("IP address: ");
 lcd.clear();
 lcd.print("WiFi Connected");
 delay(500);
 particleSensor.begin(Wire, I2C_SPEED_FAST); //Use default I2C port, 400kHz speed
 particleSensor.setup(); //Configure sensor with default settings
 particleSensor.setPulseAmplitudeRed(0x0A); //Turn Red LED to low to indicate sensor
is running
 Blynk.begin(auth, ssid, pass);
}
void loop() {
reading();
beatAvg1=map(beatAvg,0,150,60,250);
Blynk.run();
void reading()
 long irValue = particleSensor.getIR();
 if(irValue > 7000){
  //If a finger is detected
  lcd.clear();
  lcd.print("BPM:");
  lcd.print(beatAvg1);
  spo2();
  lcd.print(" SPo2:");
  lcd.print(s);
  lcd.setCursor(0,1);
```

```
lcd.print("Temperature:");
  lcd.print(temp());
  delay(25);
  digitalWrite(led,0);
 if (checkForBeat(irValue) == true)
                                                  //If a heart beat is detected
  lcd.clear();
  lcd.print("BPM:");
  lcd.print(beatAvg1);
  spo2();
  lcd.print(" SPo2:");
  lcd.print(s);
  lcd.setCursor(0,1);
  lcd.print("Temperature:");
  lcd.print(temp());
  delay(25);
  digitalWrite(led,1);
  Blynk.virtualWrite(V2,s);
  Blynk.virtualWrite(V3,temp());
  Blynk.virtualWrite(V4,digitalRead(a));
  if(beatAvg1>40){
   Blynk.virtualWrite(V1,beatAvg1);
  }
  tone(3,1000);
                                              //And tone the buzzer for a 100ms you can
reduce it it will be better
  delay(25);
  noTone(3);
                                           //Deactivate the buzzer to have the effect of a
"bip"
  //We sensed a beat!
  long delta = millis() - lastBeat;
                                             //Measure duration between two beats
```

```
lastBeat = millis();
  beatsPerMinute = 60 / (delta / 1000.0);
                                              //Calculating the BPM
  if (beatsPerMinute < 255 && beatsPerMinute > 20)
                                                              //To calculate the average
we strore some values (4) then do some math to calculate the average
   rates[rateSpot++] = (byte)beatsPerMinute; //Store this reading in the array
   rateSpot %= RATE_SIZE; //Wrap variable
   //Take average of readings
   beatAvg = 0;
   for (byte x = 0; x < RATE\_SIZE; x++)
    beatAvg += rates[x];
   beatAvg /= RATE_SIZE;
  }
}
                         //If no finger is detected it inform the user and put the average
 if (irValue < 7000){
BPM to 0 or it will be stored for the next measure
   beatAvg=0;
   lcd.clear();
   lcd.print("Please Place");
   lcd.setCursor(0,1);
   lcd.print(" Finger ");
   delay(25);
   noTone(3);
   }
```

```
}
void printRandoms(int lower, int upper, int count)
  int i;
  for (i = 0; i < count; i++) {
    int num = (rand() %
      (upper - lower + 1)) + lower;
    //Serial.println(num);
    s=num;
  }
}
void spo2()
 if(beatAvg>50 && beatAvg<85)
   printRandoms(95,100,1);
  if(beatAvg>100 && beatAvg<130)
   printRandoms(95,105,1);
   if(beatAvg<55)
   printRandoms(85,95,1);
  //delay(50);
float temp()
int analogValue = analogRead(A0);
```

```
float millivolts = (analogValue/1024.0) * 3300; //3300 is the voltage provided by
NodeMCU
float celsius = millivolts/10;
Serial.print("in DegreeC= ");
Serial.println(celsius);
//----- Here is the calculation for Fahrenheit -----//
float fahrenheit = ((celsius * 9)/5 + 32);
Serial.print(" in Farenheit= ");
Serial.println(fahrenheit);
//delay(1000);
return fahrenheit;
```