required: system of 2 quads and 1 payload

system elements:

quad 1 - given as system input. x,y coor. θ is not influential

quad 2 - given as system input. x,y coor. θ is not influential

payload (contrained to quads locations)

Quit[]

In[1]:= Needs["VariationalMethods`"]

kinematics:

$$\label{eq:continuous_section} \begin{array}{ll} \text{In}[6]:= & (\mathbf{v_i} = \mathbf{D}[\mathbf{X_i}, \, \mathbf{t}]) \; / / \; \text{MatrixForm} \; / / \; \text{TraditionalForm} \\ & \mathbf{v_i} \; / \; . \; \mathbf{i} \to \mathbf{2} \\ & \mathbf{v_i} \; / \; . \; \mathbf{i} \to \mathbf{p} \\ \text{Out}[6] / \; \text{TraditionalForm} = & \begin{pmatrix} x_i'(t) \\ y_i'(t) \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} \\ \text{Out}[7] = \; \left\{ \left\{ \mathbf{x_1}'[\mathbf{t}] \right\}, \; \left\{ \mathbf{y_1}'[\mathbf{t}] \right\}, \; \left\{ \mathbf{0} \right\} \right\} \\ \text{Out}[8] = \; \left\{ \left\{ \mathbf{x_2}'[\mathbf{t}] \right\}, \; \left\{ \mathbf{y_2}'[\mathbf{t}] \right\}, \; \left\{ \mathbf{0} \right\} \right\} \\ \text{Out}[9] = \; \left\{ \left\{ \mathbf{x_p}'[\mathbf{t}] \right\}, \; \left\{ \mathbf{y_p}'[\mathbf{t}] \right\}, \; \left\{ \mathbf{0} \right\} \right\} \end{array}$$

```
rotations:  (\star \left( \text{Rp2I=} \left( \text{RotationMatrix} \left[ \theta_p \right] \right) \right) / / \text{MatrixForm};   \text{HangPoint1=PayloadCenterPos-Rp2I.} \left\{ \frac{1_p}{2}, -h_p/2 \right\}   \text{HangPoint2=PayloadCenterPos+Rp2I.} \left\{ \frac{1_p}{2}, h_p/2 \right\}   \text{Quad1CenterPos} = \left\{ \mathbf{x_i}, \mathbf{z_i} \right\} /. \ \mathbf{i} \rightarrow \mathbf{1}   \text{Quad2CenterPos} = \left\{ \mathbf{x_i}, \mathbf{z_i} \right\} /. \ \mathbf{i} \rightarrow \mathbf{2}   \text{PayloadCenterPos} = \left\{ \mathbf{x_i}, \mathbf{z_i} \right\} /. \ \mathbf{i} \rightarrow \mathbf{p}   \Delta_1 = \binom{\mathbf{x_1}}{\mathbf{y_1}} - \binom{\mathbf{x_p}}{\mathbf{y_p}} - \text{Rp2I.} \left\{ \frac{1_p}{2}, -h_p/2 \right\} \star )   \left\{ 3.98866, \ 4.52335 \right\}   \left\{ 5.22548, \ 6.09506 \right\}   \left\{ 0, \ 10 \right\}   \left\{ 10, \ 10 \right\}
```

enrgies:

{5**,**5}

```
Imati
Imati
Imati
Imati
Imati
\{\{\hat{\mathbf{i}}_{i,xx}, 0, 0\}, \{0, \hat{\mathbf{i}}_{i,yy}, 0\}, \{0, 0, \hat{\mathbf{i}}_{i,zz}\}\}
\{\{\hat{\mathbf{i}}_{1,xx}, 0, 0\}, \{0, \hat{\mathbf{i}}_{1,yy}, 0\}, \{0, 0, \hat{\mathbf{i}}_{1,zz}\}\}
a[e]
a[e] /. a[a_] \rightarrow Cos[a]
a[e] /. a \rightarrow Cos
a[e]
Cos[e]
```

 $\{\{-6.01134\}, \{-0.476653 + y_1 - y_p\}\}$

$$\label{eq:cos_a} \begin{split} & \text{ln}[23] := \text{ dispSimp } = \text{ } \{a_[t] \rightarrow a, \text{ } \text{Cos}[a_] \rightarrow c[a], \text{ } \text{Sin}[a_] \rightarrow s[a], \text{ } \hat{\textbf{1}}_{i_-,zz} \rightarrow \textbf{I}_i\}; \end{split}$$

```
ln[10] = \{ (Rp2I = RotationMatrix[\theta_p[t]]) // MatrixForm, \}
                                     x1dotSqr = (Transpose[v_i].v_i)[[1, 1]] /.i \rightarrow 1,
                         x2dotSqr = (Transpose[v_i].v_i)[[1, 1]] /.i \rightarrow 2,
                                     I\omega Sqr1 = \omega_i . Imat_i . \omega_i / . i \rightarrow 1,
                                     I\omega Sqr2 = \omega_i.Imat_i.\omega_i /.i \rightarrow 2,
                                     xpdotSqr = (Transpose[v_i].v_i)[[1, 1]] /.i \rightarrow p,
                                     I\omega Sqrp = \omega_i.Imat_i.\omega_i /.i \rightarrow p,
                                    \mathbf{r}_{1}[t] = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}_{1}[t] \\ \mathbf{y}_{1}[t] \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}_{p}[t] \\ \mathbf{y}_{p}[t] \end{pmatrix} + Rp2I \cdot \left\{ -\frac{1_{p}}{2}, \frac{h_{p}}{2} \right\} \end{pmatrix},
                                   \mathbf{r}_{2}[\mathsf{t}] = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}_{2}[\mathsf{t}] \\ \mathbf{v}_{2}[\mathsf{t}] \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}_{p}[\mathsf{t}] \\ \mathbf{v}_{p}[\mathsf{t}] \end{pmatrix} + Rp2I \cdot \left\{ \frac{1_{p}}{2}, \frac{h_{p}}{2} \right\} \end{pmatrix}
                                    \Delta_1 = \sqrt{(r_1[t][[1]])^2 + (r_1[t][[2]])^2} - LO_1
                                    \Delta_2 = \sqrt{(\mathbf{r}_2[t][[1]])^2 + (\mathbf{r}_2[t][[2]])^2} - LO_2;
                           \left(\mathbf{T} = \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{m}_{1} \times \mathbf{1} \mathbf{dotSqr} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{I} \omega \mathbf{Sqr} \mathbf{1} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{m}_{2} \times \mathbf{2} \mathbf{dotSqr} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{I} \omega \mathbf{Sqr} \mathbf{2} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{m}_{p} \times \mathbf{p} \mathbf{dotSqr} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{I} \omega \mathbf{Sqrp}\right);
                           (*r_i=l_i+\Delta l*)
                         V = m_1 g (X_i[[2]] /. i \rightarrow 1) +
                                          m_2 g (X_i[[2]] /. i \rightarrow 2) + m_p g (X_i[[2]] /. i \rightarrow p) + \frac{1}{2} k_1 \Delta_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} k_2 \Delta_2^2;
                          \textbf{L} = (\textbf{T} - \textbf{V}) \; ; \quad (\star \textbf{T}_{\text{quad}\sharp 1} + \textbf{T}_{\text{quad}\sharp 2} + \textbf{T}_{\text{payload}} \; - \; \; (\textbf{V}_{\text{quad}\sharp 1} + \textbf{V}_{\text{quad}\sharp 2} + \textbf{V}_{\text{payload}} + \textbf{V}_{\text{spring}\sharp 1} + \textbf{V}_{\text{spring}\sharp 2}) \; \star) 
                         L = (T - V) [[1]]
Out[13]= -g m_1 y_1[t] - g m_2 y_2[t] - \frac{1}{2} k_1 \left(-L0_1 + \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{2} Sin[\theta_p[t]] h_p + \frac{1}{2} Cos[\theta_p[t]] l_p + x_1[t] - x_p[t]\right)^2} + \frac{1}{2} cos[\theta_p[t]] n_1 + \frac{1}{2} cos[\theta_p[t]] n_2 + \frac{1}{
                                                                        \left(-\frac{1}{2}\cos[\theta_{p}[t]]h_{p} + \frac{1}{2}\sin[\theta_{p}[t]]l_{p} + y_{1}[t] - y_{p}[t]\right)^{2}
                               \frac{1}{2} k_2 \left( -L0_2 + \sqrt{\left( \left( \frac{1}{2} Sin[\theta_p[t]] h_p - \frac{1}{2} Cos[\theta_p[t]] l_p + x_2[t] - x_p[t] \right)^2} + \right)
                                                                      \left(-\frac{1}{2}\cos[\theta_{p}[t]] h_{p} - \frac{1}{2}\sin[\theta_{p}[t]] l_{p} + y_{2}[t] - y_{p}[t]\right)^{2}
                              g m_p y_p[t] + \frac{1}{2} m_1 (x_1'[t]^2 + y_1'[t]^2) + \frac{1}{2} m_2 (x_2'[t]^2 + y_2'[t]^2) +
                                    m_p (x_p'[t]^2 + y_p'[t]^2) +
                               \frac{1}{2} \, \dot{\mathbb{1}}_{1,zz} \, \theta_{1}'[t]^{2} + \frac{1}{2} \, \dot{\mathbb{1}}_{2,zz} \, \theta_{2}'[t]^{2} +
                               \frac{1}{2} i_{p,zz} \theta_{p'}[t]^2
```

L //. dispSimp // TraditionalForm

$$-\frac{1}{2}k_{1}\left(\sqrt{\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}l_{p}c(\theta_{p})+\frac{1}{2}h_{p}s(\theta_{p})-x_{p}+x_{1}\right)^{2}+\left(-\frac{1}{2}h_{p}c(\theta_{p})+\frac{1}{2}l_{p}s(\theta_{p})-y_{p}+y_{1}\right)^{2}}\right)-LO_{1}\right)^{2}-\frac{1}{2}k_{2}\left(\sqrt{\left(\left(-\frac{1}{2}l_{p}c(\theta_{p})+\frac{1}{2}h_{p}s(\theta_{p})-x_{p}+x_{2}\right)^{2}+\left(-\frac{1}{2}h_{p}c(\theta_{p})-\frac{1}{2}l_{p}s(\theta_{p})-y_{p}+y_{2}\right)^{2}}\right)-LO_{2}\right)^{2}-g\,m_{p}\,y_{p}-g\,m_{1}\,y_{1}-g\,m_{2}\,y_{2}+\frac{1}{2}i_{1}\left(\theta_{1}'\right)^{2}+\frac{1}{2}i_{2}\left(\theta_{2}'\right)^{2}+\frac{1}{2}m_{p}\left((x_{p}')^{2}+(y_{p}')^{2}\right)+\frac{1}{2}m_{1}\left((x_{1}')^{2}+(y_{1}')^{2}\right)+\frac{1}{2}m_{2}\left((x_{2}')^{2}+(y_{2}')^{2}\right)+\frac{1}{2}i_{p}\left(\theta_{p}'\right)^{2}}$$

$$(*q = \begin{pmatrix} x_1 \\ y_1 \\ \theta_1 \\ x_2 \\ y_2 \\ \theta_2 \\ x_p \\ y_p \\ \theta_p \end{pmatrix} [t]$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}_{\mathbf{p}} \\ \mathbf{y}_{\mathbf{p}} \\ \boldsymbol{\theta}_{\mathbf{p}} \end{pmatrix} \star)$$

$$\{\{x_1\}, \{y_1\}, \{\theta_1\}, \{x_2\}, \{y_2\}, \{\theta_2\}, \{x_p\}, \{y_p\}, \{\theta_p\}\}[t]$$

after setting L calculate the lagrangian derivatives and equations:

(quadEqNominal =

$$\begin{split} &\text{EulerEquations[L, } \{\mathbf{x}_1[\texttt{t}] \text{, } \mathbf{y}_1[\texttt{t}] \text{, } \theta_1[\texttt{t}] \text{, } \mathbf{x}_2[\texttt{t}] \text{, } \mathbf{y}_2[\texttt{t}] \text{, } \mathbf{x}_p[\texttt{t}] \text{, } \mathbf{y}_p[\texttt{t}] \text{, } \theta_p[\texttt{t}] \} \text{,} \\ &\text{t] } (\star [[\texttt{All,1}]] \star) \ (\star == Q \star) \ // \ \text{Simplify} \ // \ \text{MatrixForm} \ // \ \text{TraditionalForm} \end{split}$$

In[14]:=

```
(quadEqNominal = EulerEquations[L,
       \{(*x_1[t],y_1[t],\theta_1[t],x_2[t],y_2[t],\theta_2[t],*)x_p[t],y_p[t],\theta_p[t]\},t]
       (*[[All,1]]*)(*==Q*) // Simplify) // MatrixForm // TraditionalForm
```

Out[14]//TraditionalForm=

$$\frac{k_{1} (h_{p} \sin(\theta_{p}(t)) + l_{p} \cos(\theta_{p}(t)) - 2 x_{p}(t) + 2 x_{1}}{2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} (h_{p} \sin(\theta_{p}(t)) + \frac{1}{2} l_{p} \sin(\theta_{p}(t)) - y_{p}(t) + y_{1}(t))}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{4} (h_{p} \sin(\theta_{p}(t)) - y_{p}(t) + y_{1}(t))}}}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{4} (h_{p} \sin(\theta_{p}(t)) + l_{p} \cos(\theta_{p}(t)) - x_{p}(t) \cos(\theta_{p}(t)) + (y_{1}(t) - y_{p}(t)) \sin(\theta_{p}(t))) + l_{p} (x_{1}(t) (-\sin(\theta_{p}(t))) + x_{p}(t) \sin(\theta_{p}(t)) + (y_{1}(t) - y_{p}(t)) \sin(\theta_{p}(t)) + (y_{1}(t)$$

$$\frac{k_{1} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ l_{p} + 2 \right)}{2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} \left(sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + \frac{1}{2} sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ l_{p} + y_{1} \right)}} \frac{k_{1} \left(-\frac{1}{2} Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + \frac{1}{2} sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ l_{p} + y_{1} \right)}{\sqrt{\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ x_{1}[t] + Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ x_{p}[t] + Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ y_{1}[t] + y_{1} \right)}}{2 \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{p}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{p}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{p}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{p}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{p}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{p}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{p}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{p}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{p}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{p}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{p}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{1}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{1}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{1}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{1}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] \right)^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{4} \left(Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + 2$$

```
terms = {
                       \left(*\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{4}\left(\sin\left[\theta_{p}\left[t\right]\right]\right)h_{p}+\cos\left[\theta_{p}\left[t\right]\right]\right)l_{p}+2} x_{1}\left[t\right]-2 x_{p}\left[t\right]\right)^{2}+
                                   \left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Cos}[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Sin}[\theta_{p}[t]] \ l_{p} - y_{1}[t] + y_{p}[t]\right)^{2} \rightarrow \operatorname{dom}1, \star\right)
                       \frac{1}{\cdot} \left( \sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ h_{p} + \cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ l_{p} + 2 \ x_{1}[t] - 2 \ x_{p}[t] \right)^{2} +
                             \left(\frac{1}{2} \cos[\theta_{p}[t]] h_{p} - \frac{1}{2} \sin[\theta_{p}[t]] l_{p} - y_{1}[t] + y_{p}[t]\right)^{2} \to \text{dom11},
                      \left(*\sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{Sin}[\theta_{p}[t]] h_{p}-\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{Cos}[\theta_{p}[t]] l_{p}+x_{2}[t]-x_{p}[t]\right)^{2}}+
                                   \frac{1}{4} \left( \cos \left[ \theta_{p}[t] \right] \right. \left. h_{p} + \sin \left[ \theta_{p}[t] \right] \right. \left. 1_{p} - 2 \right. \left. y_{2}[t] + 2 \right. \left. y_{p}[t] \right)^{2} \right) \rightarrow \text{dom2}, \star)
                      \left(\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{Sin}[\theta_{p}[t]]h_{p}-\frac{1}{2}\operatorname{Cos}[\theta_{p}[t]]l_{p}+\mathbf{x}_{2}[t]-\mathbf{x}_{p}[t]\right)^{2}+
                            \frac{1}{4} \left( \cos \left[ \theta_{p}[t] \right] h_{p} + \sin \left[ \theta_{p}[t] \right] 1_{p} - 2 y_{2}[t] + 2 y_{p}[t] \right)^{2} \rightarrow dom22
                   };
In[15]:= terms2 = {
                        (\sin[\theta_{p}[t]] h_{p} + \cos[\theta_{p}[t]] l_{p} + 2 x_{1}[t] - 2 x_{p}[t])^{1} \rightarrow (2 r1x),
                      \left(-\frac{1}{2}\cos\left[\theta_{p}[t]\right]h_{p}+\frac{1}{2}\sin\left[\theta_{p}[t]\right]l_{p}+y_{1}[t]-y_{p}[t]\right)^{1}\rightarrow rly,
                      \frac{1}{2} \cos[\theta_{P}[t]] h_{P} - \frac{1}{2} \sin[\theta_{P}[t]] l_{P} - y_{1}[t] + y_{P}[t] \rightarrow -rly,
                      \left(\frac{1}{2}\sin\left[\theta_{p}[t]\right]h_{p}-\frac{1}{2}\cos\left[\theta_{p}[t]\right]l_{p}+x_{2}[t]-x_{p}[t]\right)^{1}\rightarrow r2x,
                      \left(-\frac{1}{2}\cos\left[\theta_{p}[t]\right]h_{p}-\frac{1}{2}\sin\left[\theta_{p}[t]\right]l_{p}+y_{2}[t]-y_{p}[t]\right)^{1}\rightarrow r2y,
                      Cos[\theta_p[t]] h_p + Sin[\theta_p[t]] l_p - 2 y_2[t] + 2 y_p[t] \rightarrow (-2 r2y)
                      l_{p} \left(-\text{Sin}[\theta_{p}[t]] \; x_{1}[t] + \text{Sin}[\theta_{p}[t]] \; x_{p}[t] + \text{Cos}[\theta_{p}[t]] \; (y_{1}[t] - y_{p}[t])\right) \rightarrow dr1,
                      h_p \; \left( \text{Cos}[\theta_p[t]] \; \textbf{x}_1[t] - \text{Cos}[\theta_p[t]] \; \textbf{x}_p[t] + \text{Sin}[\theta_p[t]] \; \left( \textbf{y}_1[t] - \textbf{y}_p[t] \right) \right) \; \rightarrow \; dr2 \, ,
                      h_p \; \left( \text{Cos}[\theta_p[\texttt{t}]] \; \textbf{x}_2[\texttt{t}] \; - \; \text{Cos}[\theta_p[\texttt{t}]] \; \textbf{x}_p[\texttt{t}] \; + \; \text{Sin}[\theta_p[\texttt{t}]] \; \left( \textbf{y}_2[\texttt{t}] \; - \; \textbf{y}_p[\texttt{t}] \right) \right) \; \rightarrow \; \text{dr4} \, ,
                      l_p\left(\sin[\theta_p[t]] \mid x_2[t] - \sin[\theta_p[t]] \mid x_p[t] + \cos[\theta_p[t]] \left(-y_2[t] + y_p[t]\right)\right) \rightarrow dr3
                   };
```

(quadEqNominal(*//Simplify*)) /. terms2) (*//.dispSimp*)(*//Simplify*)//

MatrixForm(*//TraditionalForm*)

Out[16]//MatrixForm

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} \frac{r1x \ k_1 \ \left(\sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2} - L0_1 \right)}{\sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2}} \ + \ \frac{r2x \ k_2 \ \left(\sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2} - L0_2 \right)}{\sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2}} \ = \ 1 \\ \\ \frac{r1y \ k_1 \ \left(\sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2} - L0_1 \right)}{\sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2}} \ + \ \frac{r2y \ k_2 \ \left(\sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2} - L0_2 \right)}{\sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2}} \ = \ m_p \\ \\ \frac{(dr1 + dr2) \ k_1 \ \left(\sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2} - L0_1 \right)}{2 \sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2}} \ + \ \frac{(dr3 + dr4) \ k_2 \ \left(\sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2} - L0_2 \right)}{2 \sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2}} \ . \end{array} \right.$$

In[17]:= terms3 = {
$$\sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2} \rightarrow a,$$

$$\sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2} \rightarrow b,$$

$$(dr1 + dr2) \rightarrow (2 c1),$$

$$(dr3 + dr4) \rightarrow (2 c2),$$

$$r1x^2 + r1y^2 \rightarrow a^2, r2x^2 + r2y^2 \rightarrow b^2,$$

$$\sqrt{a^2} \rightarrow a, \sqrt{b^2} \rightarrow b$$
Out[17]:= $\{ \sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2} \rightarrow a, \sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2} \rightarrow b, dr1 + dr2 \rightarrow 2 c1,$

$$dr3 + dr4 \rightarrow 2 c2, r1x^2 + r1y^2 \rightarrow a^2, r2x^2 + r2y^2 \rightarrow b, \sqrt{a^2} \rightarrow a, \sqrt{b^2} \rightarrow b$$
(*simpStep1//InputForm*)

(*simpStep1//TreeForm*)

In[18]:= (simpStep2 =

(simpStep1 //. terms3) // Simplify) // MatrixForm(*//TraditionalForm*)

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{r1x \, k_1 \, (a-L0_1)}{\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{r2x \, k_2 \, (b-L0_2)}{\sqrt{b^2}} == m_p \, x_p''[t] \\ \frac{r1y \, k_1 \, (a-L0_1)}{\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{r2y \, k_2 \, (b-L0_2)}{\sqrt{b^2}} == m_p \, (g + y_p''[t]) \\ \frac{c1 \, k_1 \, (a-L0_1)}{\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{c2 \, k_2 \, (b-L0_2)}{\sqrt{b^2}} + \dot{\mathbb{1}}_{p,zz} \, \theta_p''[t] == 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

In[26]:= (simpStep3 =

Map[Map[Times[#, ab] &, #] &, simpStep2] // Expand // Simplify) // MatrixForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{a^2} \ b^2 \ r1x \ k_1 \ (a-L0_1) + a^2 \ \sqrt{b^2} \ r2x \ k_2 \ (b-L0_2)}{a \ b} = a \ b \ m_p \ x_p''[t] \\ \frac{\sqrt{a^2} \ b^2 \ r1y \ k_1 \ (a-L0_1) + a^2 \ \sqrt{b^2} \ r2y \ k_2 \ (b-L0_2)}{a \ b} = a \ b \ m_p \ (g + y_p''[t]) \\ \frac{\sqrt{a^2} \ b^2 \ c1 \ k_1 \ (a-L0_1) + a^2 \left(\sqrt{b^2} \ c2 \ k_2 \ (b-L0_2) + b^2 \ i_{p,zz} \ \theta_p''[t]\right)}{a \ b} = 0$$

simpStep3 //. dispSimp //

Expand // MatrixForm //

TraditionalForm

$$\begin{pmatrix}
-\frac{\sqrt{a^2} b k_1 L 0_1 r 1 x}{a} + \sqrt{a^2} b k_1 r 1 x - \frac{a \sqrt{b^2}}{a} \\
-\frac{\sqrt{a^2} b k_1 L 0_1 r 1 y}{a} + \sqrt{a^2} b k_1 r 1 y - \frac{a \sqrt{b^2} k_2 L 0_2 r}{b} \\
-\frac{\sqrt{a^2} b c 1 k_1 L 0_1}{a} + \sqrt{a^2} b c 1 k_1 - \frac{a \sqrt{b^2} c 2}{b}
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \texttt{simpStep4} = k_1 \, b \, \left(a - L0_1 \right) \, \begin{pmatrix} \texttt{r1x} \\ \texttt{r1y} \\ \texttt{c1} \end{pmatrix} + k_2 \, a \, \left(b - L0_1 \right) \, \begin{pmatrix} \texttt{r2x} \\ \texttt{r2y} \\ \texttt{c2} \end{pmatrix} + \\ \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ -m_p \, g \, a \, b \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} - a \, b \, \begin{pmatrix} m_p & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & m_p & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\mathbf{I_p} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x_p}''[\texttt{t}] \\ \mathbf{y_p}''[\texttt{t}] \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} / / \, \texttt{MatrixForm} \\ \begin{pmatrix} b \, \texttt{r1x} \, k_1 \, \left(a - L0_1 \right) + a \, \texttt{r2x} \, k_2 \, \left(b - L0_1 \right) - a \, b \, m_p \, \mathbf{x_p}''[\texttt{t}] \\ b \, \texttt{r1y} \, k_1 \, \left(a - L0_1 \right) + a \, \texttt{r2y} \, k_2 \, \left(b - L0_1 \right) - a \, b \, g \, m_p - a \, b \, m_p \, \mathbf{y_p}''[\texttt{t}] \\ b \, \texttt{c1} \, k_1 \, \left(a - L0_1 \right) + a \, \texttt{c2} \, k_2 \, \left(b - L0_1 \right) + a \, b \, \dot{\mathbf{i_p}} \, \theta_p'''[\texttt{t}] \end{pmatrix}$$

In[24]:= terms2 //. dispSimp // MatrixForm // TraditionalForm terms3 //. dispSimp // MatrixForm // TraditionalForm

Out[24]//TraditionalForm

$$\begin{cases} l_p c(\theta_p) + h_p s(\theta_p) - 2 x_p + 2 x_1 \to 2 \text{ r1x} \\ -\frac{1}{2} h_p c(\theta_p) + \frac{1}{2} l_p s(\theta_p) - y_p + y_1 \to \text{r1y} \\ \frac{1}{2} h_p c(\theta_p) - \frac{1}{2} l_p s(\theta_p) + y_p - y_1 \to -\text{r1y} \\ -\frac{1}{2} l_p c(\theta_p) - \frac{1}{2} l_p s(\theta_p) + x_p + x_2 \to \text{r2x} \\ -\frac{1}{2} h_p c(\theta_p) - \frac{1}{2} l_p s(\theta_p) - y_p + y_2 \to \text{r2y} \\ h_p c(\theta_p) + l_p s(\theta_p) + 2 y_p - 2 y_2 \to -2 \text{r2y} \\ l_p ((y_1 - y_p) c(\theta_p) + x_1 (-s(\theta_p)) + x_p s(\theta_p)) \to \text{dr1} \\ h_p (x_1 c(\theta_p) - x_p c(\theta_p) + (y_1 - y_p) s(\theta_p)) \to \text{dr2} \\ h_p (x_2 c(\theta_p) - x_p c(\theta_p) + (y_2 - y_p) s(\theta_p)) \to \text{dr4} \\ l_p ((y_p - y_2) c(\theta_p) + x_2 s(\theta_p) - x_p s(\theta_p)) \to \text{dr3} \end{cases}$$

Out[25]//TraditionalForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} \sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2} \rightarrow a \\ \sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2} \rightarrow b \\ dr1 + dr2 \rightarrow 2 c1 \\ dr3 + dr4 \rightarrow 2 c2 \\ r1x^2 + r1y^2 \rightarrow a^2 \\ r2x^2 + r2y^2 \rightarrow b^2 \\ \sqrt{a^2} \rightarrow a \\ \sqrt{b^2} \rightarrow b \end{pmatrix}$$

 x_p , y_p , $\theta_p = f(x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2, k_1, k_2, l_p, h_p)$

non - conver forces : aerodynamic = $f(\dot{x_p}, \dot{y_p}, \theta_p, w_x, w_y)$, w for wind components. = $f(relV_x, relV_y)$, relV is relative to air dumping = $f(\dot{l_i}) = f(\dot{x_i}, \dot{y_i}, \dot{x_p}, \dot{y_p})$

what needs to be done in order to keep horizontal payload? :

 $simpStep1 / . \theta_p[t] \rightarrow 0 / . dispSimp / /$ MatrixForm // TraditionalForm

non - dimensional settings

 $\tilde{y_p}[t] = y_p[t] / L0_1$ or any other of the lengths variables $(x_p, r1x, r1y, r2x, r2y, h_p, 1_p)$

$$\omega_{s}^{2} = \frac{k_{1}}{m_{p}} \left[\frac{g}{1} = \frac{1}{s^{2}} \right]$$
$$k_{ratio} = \frac{k_{2}}{I}$$

(simpStepNonDim =

Map[Map[Divide[#, mp] &, #] &, simpStep2] // Expand // Simplify) // MatrixForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{b^2} \ r1x \ k_1 \ (a-L0_1) + \sqrt{a^2} \ r2x \ k_2 \ (b-L0_2)}{\sqrt{a^2} \ \sqrt{b^2} \ m_p} = x_p''[t] \\ \frac{\sqrt{b^2} \ r1y \ k_1 \ (a-L0_1) + \sqrt{a^2} \ r2y \ k_2 \ (b-L0_2)}{\sqrt{a^2} \ \sqrt{b^2} \ m_p} = g + y_p''[t] \\ \frac{\sqrt{b^2} \ c1 \ k_1 \ (a-L0_1) + \sqrt{a^2} \ \left(c2 \ k_2 \ (b-L0_2) + \sqrt{b^2} \ \dot{1}_{p,zz} \ \theta_p''[t]\right)}{\sqrt{a^2} \ \sqrt{b^2} \ m_p} = 0$$

simpStepNonDim // Expand // MatrixForm

now all vars are non - dim:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{1} \mathbf{x} \, \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1} \, \frac{\mathbf{k}_{1}}{\mathbf{m}_{p}} + \mathbf{r} \mathbf{2} \mathbf{x} \, \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1} \, \frac{\mathbf{k}_{2}}{\mathbf{m}_{p}} - \mathbf{r} \mathbf{1} \mathbf{x} \, \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1} \, \frac{\mathbf{k}_{1}}{\mathbf{m}_{p}} \, \frac{\mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1}}{\mathbf{a}} - \mathbf{r} \mathbf{2} \mathbf{x} \, \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1} - \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1} \, \frac{\mathbf{r} \mathbf{1} \mathbf{y} \, \mathbf{k}_{1}}{\mathbf{m}_{p}} + \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1} \, \frac{\mathbf{r} \mathbf{2} \mathbf{y} \, \mathbf{k}_{2}}{\mathbf{m}_{p}} - \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1} \, \frac{\mathbf{r} \mathbf{1} \mathbf{y} \, \mathbf{k}_{1} \, \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1}}{\mathbf{m}_{p}} - \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1} \, \frac{\mathbf{r} \mathbf{2} \mathbf{y} \, \mathbf{k}_{2} \, \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{2}}{\mathbf{m}_{p}} \\ \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1}^{2} \, \mathbf{c} \mathbf{1} \, \mathbf{k}_{1} + \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1}^{2} \, \mathbf{c} \mathbf{2} \, \mathbf{k}_{2} - \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1}^{2} \, \frac{\mathbf{c} \mathbf{1} \, \mathbf{k}_{1} \, \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1}}{\mathbf{a}} - \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1}^{2} \, \frac{\mathbf{c} \mathbf{2} \, \mathbf{k}_{2} \, \mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{2}}{\mathbf{b}} \\ \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} -\frac{k_1 \operatorname{LO}_1^2 \operatorname{rlx}}{a \, m_p} - \frac{k_2 \operatorname{LO}_2 \operatorname{LO}_1 \operatorname{r2x}}{b \, m_p} + \frac{k_1 \operatorname{LO}_1 \operatorname{rlx}}{m_p} + \frac{k_2 \operatorname{LO}_1 \operatorname{r2x}}{m_p} = \operatorname{LO}_1 \, \omega_s^2 \, x_p ''(t) \\ -\frac{k_1 \operatorname{LO}_1^2 \operatorname{rly}}{a \, m_p} - \frac{k_2 \operatorname{LO}_2 \operatorname{LO}_1 \operatorname{r2y}}{b \, m_p} - g + \frac{k_1 \operatorname{LO}_1 \operatorname{rly}}{m_p} + \frac{k_2 \operatorname{LO}_1 \operatorname{r2y}}{m_p} = \operatorname{LO}_1 \, \omega_s^2 \, y_p ''(t) \\ -\frac{\operatorname{cl} \, k_1 \operatorname{LO}_1^3}{a} - \frac{\operatorname{c2} \, k_2 \operatorname{LO}_2 \operatorname{LO}_1^2}{b} + \operatorname{c1} \, k_1 \operatorname{LO}_1^2 + \operatorname{c2} \, k_2 \operatorname{LO}_1^2 = -\omega_s^2 \, i_{p,\mathsf{ZZ}} \, \theta_p ''(t) \end{array} \right)$$

turns to:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{1} \mathbf{x} \left(\mathbf{1} - \frac{\mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1}}{\mathbf{a}} \right) + \mathbf{r} \mathbf{2} \mathbf{x} \frac{\mathbf{k}_{2}}{\mathbf{k}_{1}} \left(\mathbf{1} - \frac{\mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{2}}{\mathbf{b}} \right) = \mathbf{x}_{p}^{"}[t] \\ \mathbf{r} \mathbf{1} \mathbf{y} \left(\mathbf{1} - \frac{\mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1}}{\mathbf{a}} \right) + \mathbf{r} \mathbf{2} \mathbf{y} \frac{\mathbf{k}_{2}}{\mathbf{k}_{1}} \left(\mathbf{1} - \frac{\mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{2}}{\mathbf{b}} \right) - \frac{\mathbf{q}}{\mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1}} \frac{1}{\omega_{s}^{2}} = \mathbf{y}_{p}^{"}[t] \\ - \frac{\mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1}^{2} \mathbf{k}_{1}}{\mathbf{I}_{p,zz} \omega_{s}^{2}} \left(\mathbf{c} \mathbf{1} \left(\mathbf{1} - \frac{\mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{1}}{\mathbf{a}} \right) + \mathbf{c} \mathbf{2} \frac{\mathbf{k}_{2}}{\mathbf{k}_{1}} \left(\mathbf{1} - \frac{\mathbf{L} \mathbf{0}_{2}}{\mathbf{b}} \right) \right) = = \theta_{p}^{"}[t]$$

TraditionalForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{k_2 \operatorname{r2x} (b - \operatorname{L0_2})}{b \, k_1} + \operatorname{r1x} = \frac{\operatorname{L0_1 \, r1x}}{a} + x_p''(t) \\ \frac{k_2 \operatorname{r2y} (b - \operatorname{L0_2})}{b \, k_1} + \operatorname{r1y} = \frac{\operatorname{L0_1 \, r1y}}{a} + \frac{g}{\operatorname{L0_1 \, \omega_s^2}} + y_p''(t) \\ \frac{\operatorname{L0_1^2} (b \operatorname{c1} \, k_1 \, (\operatorname{L0_1 - a}) - a \operatorname{c2} \, k_2 \, (b + \operatorname{L0_2}))}{a \, b \, \omega_s^2 \, i_{p,zz}} = \theta_p'''(t) \end{pmatrix}$$

In[27]:= terms4 =
$$\left\{1 - \frac{\text{L0}_1}{a} \to A, \frac{1 - \frac{\text{L0}_2}{b} \to B}{b}, \frac{\frac{k_2}{k_1}}{b} \to k, \frac{\frac{k_2}{k_1}}{L_{0_1} \frac{1}{\omega_s^2}} \to D, \frac{\frac{\text{L0}_1^2 k_1}{a}}{L_{p,zz} \omega_s^2} \to E\right\}$$

Out[27]:= $\left\{1 - \frac{\text{L0}_1}{a} \to A, 1 - \frac{\text{L0}_2}{b} \to B, \frac{k_2}{k_1} \to k, \frac{g}{\text{L0}_1 \omega_s^2} \to D, \frac{k_1 \text{L0}_1^2}{\omega_s^2 \text{i}_{p,zz}} \to e\right\}$

$$\frac{g}{\text{L0}_1} \frac{1}{\omega_s^2} = g \frac{1}{\text{L0}_1} \frac{1}{k_1} m_p \left[\frac{m}{s^2} \frac{1}{m} \frac{1}{\frac{k_1}{k_2}} kg\right]$$

$$\frac{\text{L0}_1^2 k_1}{I_{p,zz} \omega_s^2} = \frac{\text{L0}_1^2 k_1}{I_{p,zz} k_1} m_p \left[\frac{m^2 kg}{kg m^2}\right]$$

$$y_1 = y_2$$
, $k_1 = k_2$, $L0_1 = L0_2$
 $\Theta_P = 0$, $x_P = \frac{x_1 + x_2}{2}$, $\frac{y_P}{L0_1} = -\left(1 + \frac{1}{2}D\right)$

trajectory:

$$\tau = 0 : \dot{y} = 1 \text{ m/s}^2 \text{ until } y_1 = y_2 = 10 \text{ L}0_1$$

 $\dot{y} = -1 \text{ m/s}^2 \text{ until } \dot{y}_1 = \dot{y}_2 = 0$
 $\dot{x}_1 = \dot{x}_2 = 1 \text{ m/s}^2 \text{ until } \dot{x}_1 = \dot{x}_2 = 2 \text{ m/s}$

disterbunce can be input by $x_1 += 5 LO_1$ over $\frac{1}{100 \sqrt{a}}$

```
(* planar mass with springs *)
                                                                                              (trimmedEq = quadEqNominal /.
                                                                                                                                                                                                  \{\mathbf{x}_1'[t] \to 0, \mathbf{x}_2'[t] \to 0, \mathbf{x}_1''[t] \to 0, \mathbf{x}_2''[t] \to 0, \theta_1'[t] \to 0, \theta_2'[t] \to 0,
                                                                                                                                                                                                                  \theta_1''[t] \rightarrow 0, \theta_2''[t] \rightarrow 0, \theta_1[t] \rightarrow 0, \theta_2[t] \rightarrow 0}) // MatrixForm // TraditionalForm
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         2\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(h_p\sin(\theta_p(t)) + l_p\cos(\theta_p(t)) - 2x_p(t) + 2x_1(t))^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}h_p\cos(\theta_p(t)) - 2x_p(t) + 2x_1(t)\right)^2 + \left(\frac{1}{2}h_p\cos(\theta_p(t)) - 2x_p(t)\right)^2 + \left(\frac{
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                             k_1 \left( -\frac{1}{2} \, h_p \cos(\theta_p(t)) + \frac{1}{2} \, l_p \sin(\theta_p(t)) - y_p(t) + y_1(t) \right) \left| \sqrt{\frac{1}{4} \, (h_p \sin(\theta_p(t)) + l_p \cos(\theta_p(t)) - 2 \, x_p(t) + 2 \, x_1(t))^2 + \frac{1}{4} \, (h_p \sin(\theta_p(t)) + \frac{1}{2} \, l_p \sin(\theta_p(t)) - \frac{1}{2} \, l_p \sin
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                          (x_1(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))-x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+(y_1(t)-y_p(t))\sin(\theta_p(t)))+l_p(x_1(t)(-\sin(\theta_p(t)))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+(y_1(t)-y_p(t))\cos(\theta_p(t))))\left(\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}\left(h_p\sin(\theta_p(t))+l_p\cos(\theta_p(t))-x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\sin(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta_p(t))+x_p(t)\cos(\theta
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                                       2\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(h_{p}\sin(\theta_{p}(t)) + l_{p}\cos(\theta_{p}(t)) - 2x_{p}(t) + 2x_{1}(t))^{2} + \left(\frac{1}{2}h_{p}\cos(\theta_{p}(t)) - \frac{1}{2}l_{p}\sin(\theta_{p}(t)) + y_{p}(t) - y_{p}(t)\right)}
                                                                                       eq2D =
                                                                                                                 \{ \texttt{trimmedEq[[1]]} \} \; / . \; \theta_p[\texttt{t}] \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / . \; y_1[\texttt{t}] \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / . \; y_2[\texttt{t}] \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / . \; y_p[\texttt{t}] \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \; 1_p \; \rightarrow \; 0 \; / \; . \;
                                                                                                                                                                                                  dispSimp // Expand // Simplify // TraditionalForm
                                                                                                      \frac{\left(k_1\left((x_1-x_p)^2-\text{L0}_1\sqrt{(x_1-x_p)^2}\right)}{x_1-x_p}+\frac{k_2\left((x_2-x_p)^2-\text{L0}_2\sqrt{(x_2-x_p)^2}\right)}{x_2-x_p}=m_p\,x_p''
                                                                                    case for elastic pendulum:
                                                                                       in 2 D case the 2 DOF are x, y_p, looking at lumped mass payload.
                                                                                                                                X_1, X_2 \rightarrow 0, k_2 \rightarrow 0, 1, h_p \rightarrow 0 as well
                                                                                    L2D =
                                                                                                           L /. \{x_1[t] \rightarrow 0, x_1'[t] \rightarrow 0, x_1''[t] \rightarrow 0, x_2'[t] \rightarrow 0, x_2'[t] \rightarrow 0, x_2''[t] \rightarrow 0, \theta_1'[t] \rightarrow
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         \theta_1''[t] \to 0, \theta_2'[t] \to 0, \theta_2''[t] \to 0, \theta_1[t] \to 0, \theta_2[t] \to 0} /.
                                                                                                                                                                                                \{y_1[t] \rightarrow 0, y_1'[t] \rightarrow 0, y_1''[t] \rightarrow 0, y_2[t] \rightarrow 0, y_2'[t] \rightarrow 0, y_2''[t] \rightarrow 0\} /.
                                                                                                                                                                         1_{\text{p}} \rightarrow 0 \text{ /. } h_{\text{p}} \rightarrow 0 \text{ /. } k_2 \rightarrow 0 \text{ (*/.}\theta_{\text{p}}[\texttt{t}] \rightarrow 0 \text{*)}
                                                                                    -g m_p y_p[t] - \frac{1}{2} k_1 \left(-L0_1 + \sqrt{x_p[t]^2 + y_p[t]^2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_p \left(x_{p'}[t]^2 + y_{p'}[t]^2\right) + \frac{1}{2} i_{p,zz} \theta_{p'}[t]^2
ln[33]:= L2D =
                                                                                                           L /. \{x_1[t] \rightarrow 0, x_1'[t] \rightarrow 0, x_1''[t] \rightarrow 0, x_2'[t] \rightarrow 0, x_2'[t] \rightarrow 0, x_2''[t] \rightarrow 0, \theta_1'[t] \rightarrow
                                                                                                                                                                                                                                         \theta_1 \ ' \ ' \ [t] \rightarrow 0 \ , \ \theta_2 \ ' \ [t] \rightarrow 0 \ , \ \theta_2 \ ' \ ' \ [t] \rightarrow 0 \ , \ \theta_1 \ [t] \rightarrow 0 \ , \ \theta_2 \ [t] \rightarrow 0 \} \ / \ .
                                                                                                                                                                                                 \{y_1[t] \to 0\,,\,y_1\,'[t] \to 0\,,\,y_1\,'\,'[t] \to 0\,,\,y_2[t] \to 0\,,\,y_2\,'[t] \to 0\,,\,y_2\,'\,'[t] \to 0\} \ /\,.
```

Out[33]= $-g m_p y_p[t] - \frac{1}{2} k_1 \left(-L0_1 + \sqrt{x_p[t]^2 + y_p[t]^2}\right)^2 + \frac{1}{2} m_p \left(x_p'[t]^2 + y_p'[t]^2\right) + \frac{1}{2} i_{p,zz} \theta_{p'}[t]^2$

 $l_p \to 0 /. h_p \to 0 /. k_2 \to 0 (*/.\theta_p[t] \to 0*)$

In[34]:=

(quadEqNominal2D =

EulerEquations[L2D, $\{x_p[t], y_p[t], \theta_p[t]\}$, t](*[[All,1]]*)(*==Q*) // Expand // Simplify) /.

dispSimp // MatrixForm // TraditionalForm

Out[34]//TraditionalForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} k_1 x_p \left(\frac{L0_1}{\sqrt{x_p^2 + y_p^2}} - 1 \right) = m_p x_p'' \\ k_1 y_p \left(\frac{L0_1}{\sqrt{x_p^2 + y_p^2}} - 1 \right) = m_p (g + y_p'') \\ \dot{i}_p \theta_p'' = 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

 $\label{eq:quadeqNominal2D} quadeqNominal2D /. \{x_p''[t] \rightarrow 0\,,\,y_p''[t] \rightarrow 0\}$

$$\left\{ k_1 \, x_p[t] \left(-1 + \frac{LO_1}{\sqrt{x_p[t]^2 + y_p[t]^2}} \right) == 0,$$

$$k_1 \, y_p[t] \left(-1 + \frac{LO_1}{\sqrt{x_p[t]^2 + y_p[t]^2}} \right) == g \, m_p, \, \dot{\mathbf{i}}_{p,zz} \, \theta_p''[t] == 0 \right\}$$

 $\texttt{Solve}[\texttt{quadEqNominal2DEquib}, \ \{\texttt{x}_p[\texttt{t}] \,,\, \texttt{y}_p[\texttt{t}] \,(\star\,,\theta_p[\texttt{t}]\,\star)\,\}]$

$$\left\{\left\{x_{p}[t] \to 0, y_{p}[t] \to \frac{-k_{1} L O_{1} - g m_{p}}{k_{1}}\right\}, \left\{x_{p}[t] \to 0, y_{p}[t] \to \frac{k_{1} L O_{1} - g m_{p}}{k_{1}}\right\}\right\}$$

assumption is $y_p > 0$ fits to $y_p[t] \to \frac{k_1 L 0_1 - g m_p}{k_1} = L 0_1 - \frac{g m_p}{k_1}$,

so L0₁ > $\frac{g \, m_D}{k_1}$ otherwise it means the spring k_1 is to small and weak.

assumption is y_{ρ} <0 fits to y_{p} [t] $\rightarrow -\frac{k_{1} \text{ L}0_{1}-g \text{ m}_{p}}{k_{1}} = -\text{L}0_{1} - \frac{g \text{ m}_{p}}{k_{1}} = -\left(\text{L}0_{1} + \frac{g \text{ m}_{p}}{k_{1}}\right)$

$$\begin{split} y_p[t] &\to -L0_1 - g \, \frac{m_p}{k_1} \\ \tilde{y_p}[t] &\to -1 - \frac{g}{L0_1} \, \frac{m_p}{k_1} = -1 - B \end{split}$$

Solve $[a x^2 + b x + c = 0, x]$

$$\left\{ \left\{ x \to \frac{-b - \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}}{2 a} \right\}, \left\{ x \to \frac{-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4 a c}}{2 a} \right\} \right\}$$

$$In[60]:= \mbox{ Gterm} = \left\{ \mbox{G} \rightarrow \frac{\mbox{g}}{\mbox{L0}_1} \; \frac{\mbox{m}_p}{\mbox{k}_1} \right\}$$

Out[60]=
$$\left\{G \rightarrow \frac{g \, m_p}{k_1 \, L0_1}\right\}$$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{Out[190]=} \ \left\{ k_1 \; x_p \left[t \right] \; \left(-1 + \frac{\text{LO}_1}{\sqrt{x_p \left[t \right]^2 + y_p \left[t \right]^2}} \right) &= m_p \; x_p '' \left[t \right] \, , \\ \\ k_1 \; y_p \left[t \right] \; \left(-1 + \frac{\text{LO}_1}{\sqrt{x_p \left[t \right]^2 + y_p \left[t \right]^2}} \right) &= m_p \; \left(g + y_p '' \left[t \right] \right) \, , \; i_p,_{zz} \; \theta_p '' \left[t \right] &= 0 \right\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{array}{l} & \text{ln[197]:=} \ \left(\text{equibTerms} = \{ \text{D}[\mathbf{x}_p[t] \,,\, \{t,\,1\}] \to 0 \,,\, \text{D}[\mathbf{x}_p[t] \,,\, \{t,\,2\}] \to 0 \,, \\ & \text{D}[\mathbf{y}_p[t] \,,\, \{t,\,1\}] \to 0 \,,\, \text{D}[\mathbf{y}_p[t] \,,\, \{t,\,2\}] \to 0 \} \right) \,/\, \text{MatrixForm} \\ & \left(\text{equibMatrix} = \{ \text{quadEqNominal2D}[[1]] \,,\, \text{quadEqNominal2D}[[2]] \} \,/ \,.\,\, \text{equibTerms} \right) \,/\, \\ & \text{MatrixForm} \end{array}$$

Out[197]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_{p'}[t] \to 0 \\ x_{p''}[t] \to 0 \\ y_{p'}[t] \to 0 \\ y_{p''}[t] \to 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

Out[198]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} k_1 \ x_p[t] \ \left(-1 + \frac{L0_1}{\sqrt{x_p[t]^2 + y_p[t]^2}} \right) == 0 \\ k_1 \ y_p[t] \ \left(-1 + \frac{L0_1}{\sqrt{x_p[t]^2 + y_p[t]^2}} \right) == g \ m_p \end{pmatrix}$$

 $\label{eq:loss_loss} $$ \ln[199] = Solve[equibMatrix, \{x_p[t], y_p[t]\}] $$$

$$\text{Out[199]= } \left\{ \left\{ x_p[t] \to 0 \text{, } y_p[t] \to \frac{-\,k_1\,L\,0_1 - g\,m_p}{k_1} \right\}, \; \left\{ x_p[t] \to 0 \text{, } y_p[t] \to \frac{k_1\,L\,0_1 - g\,m_p}{k_1} \right\} \right\}$$

$$ln[203] = nn = 1; Series [\sqrt{f[x, y]}, \{x, 0, nn\}, \{y, 0, nn\}]$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Out}[203] = & \left(\sqrt{\text{f[0,0]}} + \frac{\text{f}^{(0,1)}[0,0]}{2\sqrt{\text{f[0,0]}}} + \text{O[y]}^2 \right) + \\ & \left(\frac{\text{f}^{(1,0)}[0,0]}{2\sqrt{\text{f[0,0]}}} + \left(-\frac{\text{f}^{(0,1)}[0,0]\text{f}^{(1,0)}[0,0]}{4\text{f[0,0]}^{3/2}} + \frac{\text{f}^{(1,1)}[0,0]}{2\sqrt{\text{f[0,0]}}} \right) \text{y} + \text{O[y]}^2 \right) \text{x} + \text{O[x]}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$ln[215] = nn = 1; Series \left[1 / \sqrt{x_p[t]^2 + y_p[t]^2}, \{x_p[t], x_0, nn\}, \{y_p[t], y_0, nn\} \right]$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Out}[215] = & \left(\frac{1}{\sqrt{\mathbf{x}_0^2 + \mathbf{y}_0^2}} - \frac{\mathbf{y}_0 \; (\mathbf{y}_\mathrm{p}[\texttt{t}] - \mathbf{y}_0)}{\left(\mathbf{x}_0^2 + \mathbf{y}_0^2\right)^{3/2}} + \mathsf{O}[\mathbf{y}_\mathrm{p}[\texttt{t}] - \mathbf{y}_0]^2 \right) + \\ & \left(- \frac{\mathbf{x}_0}{\left(\mathbf{x}_0^2 + \mathbf{y}_0^2\right)^{3/2}} + \frac{3 \; \mathbf{x}_0 \; \mathbf{y}_0 \; (\mathbf{y}_\mathrm{p}[\texttt{t}] - \mathbf{y}_0)}{\left(\mathbf{x}_0^2 + \mathbf{y}_0^2\right)^{5/2}} + \mathsf{O}[\mathbf{y}_\mathrm{p}[\texttt{t}] - \mathbf{y}_0]^2 \right) \; (\mathbf{x}_\mathrm{p}[\texttt{t}] - \mathbf{x}_0) + \mathsf{O}[\mathbf{x}_\mathrm{p}[\texttt{t}] - \mathbf{x}_0]^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\ln[216] = \frac{\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{y}}{-\mathbf{y}} / \cdot \mathbf{y} \rightarrow -(\mathbf{1} + \mathbf{G})$$

$$\operatorname{Out}[216] = \frac{G}{-1 - G}$$

+

In[228]:=
$$\sqrt{\frac{G}{1+G} \frac{k_1}{m_p}}$$
 /. Gterm // Simplify

Out[228]=
$$\sqrt{\frac{g k_1}{k_1 L0_1 + g m_p}}$$

ln[247] := G / . Gterm / . L0₁ >> 1

ln[248]:= G /. Gterm /. $k_1 L0_1 >> g m_p$

ReplaceAll::reps: {k₁ L0₁} is neither a list of replacement rules nor a valid dispatch table, and so cannot be used for replacing. >>

General::stream : g mp is not a string, InputStream[], or OutputStream[]. >>

$$Out[248] = \frac{g m_p}{k_1 LO_1} /. k_1 LO_1 >> g m_p$$

In[231]:=
$$\sqrt{G \frac{k_1}{m_p}}$$
 /. Gterm // Simplify

Out[231]=
$$\sqrt{\frac{g}{L0_1}}$$

In[249]:= Series
$$\left[\frac{G}{1+G}, \{G, G\varepsilon, 3\}\right]$$

Series
$$\left[\frac{G}{1+G}, \{G, 0, 3\}\right]$$

$$\text{Out}[249] = \frac{\text{G} \in}{1 + \text{G} \in} + \frac{\text{G} - \text{G} \in}{(1 + \text{G} \in)^2} - \frac{(\text{G} - \text{G} \in)^2}{(1 + \text{G} \in)^3} + \frac{(\text{G} - \text{G} \in)^3}{(1 + \text{G} \in)^4} + \text{O} \left[\text{G} - \text{G} \in\right]^4$$

Out[250]=
$$G - G^2 + G^3 + O[G]^4$$

Out[251]=
$$a + O[a]^{14}$$

In[202]:= equibMatrix // MatrixForm

$$\left(\begin{array}{c} k_1 \; x_p \, [\, t \,] \; \left(-\, 1 \, + \, \frac{\text{LO}_1}{\sqrt{\, x_p \, [\, t \,]^{\, 2} \, + \, y_p \, [\, t \,]^{\, 2}}} \, \right) \; = \; 0 \\ \\ k_1 \; y_p \, [\, t \,] \; \left(-\, 1 \, + \, \frac{\text{LO}_1}{\sqrt{\, x_p \, [\, t \,]^{\, 2} \, + \, y_p \, [\, t \,]^{\, 2}}} \, \right) \; = \; g \; m_p \end{array} \right)$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{eq1} = \left(\delta \mathbf{x}_{p} \left(-\frac{1}{1+G} - 1 \right) = \delta \dot{\mathbf{x}}_{p} \right) \\ & \text{eq2} = \left(-\delta \mathbf{y}_{p} \left(1 - \frac{G}{1+G} \right) + \delta \mathbf{y}_{p} \left(-\frac{1}{1+G} - 1 \right) + 2 = \delta \dot{\mathbf{y}}_{p} \right) \end{aligned}$$

$$\ln[144] = \left(\begin{array}{cc} \exp \operatorname{Perturb} = \left(\begin{array}{cc} \left(-\frac{1}{1+G} - 1 \right) & 0 \\ 0 & \left(-\frac{1}{1+G} - 1 \right) - \left(1 - \frac{G}{1+G} \right) \end{array} \right) \cdot \left(\begin{array}{c} \delta \mathbf{x}_p \\ \delta \mathbf{y}_p \end{array} \right) + \left(\begin{array}{c} 0 \\ 2 \end{array} \right) = \operatorname{D2} \left(\begin{array}{c} \delta \mathbf{x}_p \\ \delta \mathbf{y}_p \end{array} \right) \right) / / \operatorname{MatrixForm}$$

Out[144]//MatrixForm=

$$\left\{ \left\{ \left(-1 - \frac{1}{1+G} \right) \delta x_{p} \right\}, \left\{ 2 + \left(-2 - \frac{1}{1+G} + \frac{G}{1+G} \right) \delta y_{p} \right\} \right\} = \left\{ \left\{ D2 \delta x_{p} \right\}, \left\{ D2 \delta y_{p} \right\} \right\}$$

In[145]:=
$$K = -\begin{pmatrix} \left(-\frac{1}{1+G} - 1\right) & 0 \\ 0 & \left(-\frac{1}{1+G} - 1\right) - \left(1 - \frac{G}{1+G}\right) \end{pmatrix}$$

M = IdentityMatrix[2]

$$\mathbf{F} = \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \end{pmatrix}$$

(*M x+C x+K x ==F*)

Out[145]=
$$\left\{ \left\{ 1 + \frac{1}{1+G}, 0 \right\}, \left\{ 0, 2 + \frac{1}{1+G} - \frac{G}{1+G} \right\} \right\}$$

Out[146]= $\{\{1, 0\}, \{0, 1\}\}$

Out[147]= $\{\{0\}, \{2\}\}$

IN[156]= K // Expand // Simplify // MatrixForm

Out[156]//MatrixForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 + \frac{1}{1+G} & 0 \\ 0 & \frac{3+G}{1+G} \end{pmatrix}$$

In[185]:= eq1 = Det[
$$K - \omega^2 M$$
] == 0

eq2 = Det[
$$K - \omega^2 M$$
] == 0 // Simplify

eq3 = Det[
$$K - \omega^2 M$$
] == 0 // FullSimplify

(solution = Solve[eq1, ω])

(*//Simplify//MatrixForm*) // TraditionalForm

Out[185]=
$$2 + \frac{1}{(1+G)^2} - \frac{G}{(1+G)^2} + \frac{3}{1+G} - \frac{G}{1+G} - 3\omega^2 - \frac{2\omega^2}{1+G} + \frac{G\omega^2}{1+G} + \omega^4 = 0$$

$$Out[186] = \frac{1}{1+G} \left(6-5 \omega^2 + \omega^4 + G^2 \left(-1 + \omega^2 \right)^2 + G \left(5-7 \omega^2 + 2 \omega^4 \right) \right) == 0$$

Out[187]=
$$4 + \frac{2}{1 + G} + \omega^4 + G (-1 + \omega^2)^2 == 5 \omega^2$$

Out[188]//TraditionalForm=

$$\left\{\left\{\omega\to-\frac{\sqrt{G+2}}{\sqrt{G+1}}\right\},\left\{\omega\to\frac{\sqrt{G+2}}{\sqrt{G+1}}\right\},\left\{\omega\to-\frac{\sqrt{G+3}}{\sqrt{G+1}}\right\},\left\{\omega\to\frac{\sqrt{G+3}}{\sqrt{G+1}}\right\}\right\}$$

$$\frac{\sqrt{G+2}}{\sqrt{G+1}} \frac{G+2}{G+1}$$

In[163]:=

solution /. Gterm // Simplify

Out[163]=

$$\left\{ \left\{ \omega \to -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{k_1 L O_1 + g m_p}{2 k_1 L O_1 + g m_p}}} \right\}, \left\{ \omega \to \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{k_1 L O_1 + g m_p}{2 k_1 L O_1 + g m_p}}} \right\}, \left\{ \omega \to -\frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{k_1 L O_1 + g m_p}{3 k_1 L O_1 + g m_p}}} \right\}, \left\{ \omega \to \frac{1}{\sqrt{\frac{k_1 L O_1 + g m_p}{3 k_1 L O_1 + g m_p}}} \right\} \right\}$$

$$\ln[126] = \sqrt{\frac{2 k_1 L 0_1 + g m_p}{k_1 L 0_1 + g m_p}} / . k_1 \rightarrow 0$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{2 k_1 LO_1 + g m_p}{k_1 LO_1 + g m_p}} /. g \to 0$$

Out[126]= 1

Out[127]= $\sqrt{2}$

In[125]:= Infinity

Out[125]= ∞

$$\begin{split} & \ln[165] = \left\{ \text{Limit} \Big[\frac{\sqrt{2+G}}{\sqrt{1+G}} \,, \, G \rightarrow \text{Limit} \Big[\frac{g \, m_p}{k_1 \, \text{LO}_1} \,, \, k_1 \rightarrow \text{Infinity} \Big] \, \Big] \right\} \\ & \left\{ \text{Limit} \Big[\frac{\sqrt{3+G}}{\sqrt{1+G}} \,, \, G \rightarrow \text{Limit} \Big[\frac{g \, m_p}{k_1 \, \text{LO}_1} \,, \, k_1 \rightarrow \text{Infinity} \Big] \, \Big] \right\} \end{split}$$

Out[165]= $\left\{\sqrt{2}\right\}$

Out[166]= $\{\sqrt{3}\}$

$$\omega_{\text{real}} = \frac{g}{\text{L0}_1}$$

$$\begin{split} &\text{equibState} = \left\{ \mathbf{x}_{\text{p}}[\texttt{t}] \rightarrow \texttt{0} + \texttt{epsX}, \ \mathbf{y}_{\text{p}}[\texttt{t}] \rightarrow -\texttt{L}\texttt{0}_1 - \texttt{g} \, \frac{m_{\text{p}}}{k_1} + \texttt{epsY} \right\} \\ &\text{quadEqNominal2D} \ /. \ &\text{equibState} \end{split}$$

 $\left\{ x_p[t] \rightarrow epsX, y_p[t] \rightarrow epsY - L0_1 - \frac{g m_p}{k_1} \right\}$

$$\left\{ \text{epsX } k_1 \left(-1 + \frac{\text{LO}_1}{\sqrt{\text{epsX}^2 + \left(\text{epsY} - \text{LO}_1 - \frac{\text{gm}_p}{k_1} \right)^2}} \right) = m_p \, x_p \text{"[t]}, \right.$$

$$k_1 \left(\text{epsY} - \text{LO}_1 - \frac{\text{g m}_p}{k_1} \right) \left(-1 + \frac{\text{LO}_1}{\sqrt{\text{epsX}^2 + \left(\text{epsY} - \text{LO}_1 - \frac{\text{g m}_p}{k_1} \right)^2}} \right) == m_p \left(\text{g + yp''[t]} \right),$$

$$\dot{\mathbb{I}}_{p,zz} \, \theta_{p''}[t] == 0$$

Series[Sin[x+y], $\{x, 0, 3\}$, $\{y, 0, 3\}$]

$$\left(y - \frac{y^3}{6} + O[y]^4\right) + \left(1 - \frac{y^2}{2} + O[y]^4\right)x + \left(-\frac{y}{2} + \frac{y^3}{12} + O[y]^4\right)x^2 + \left(-\frac{1}{6} + \frac{y^2}{12} + O[y]^4\right)x^3 + O[x]^4$$

Series[f[y, x], $\{x, 0, 5\}, \{y, 0, 5\}$]

$$\left(f[0, 0] + f^{(1,0)}[0, 0] y + \frac{1}{2} f^{(2,0)}[0, 0] y^2 + \frac{1}{6} f^{(3,0)}[0, 0] y^3 + \frac{1}{24} f^{(4,0)}[0, 0] y^4 + \frac{1}{120} f^{(5,0)}[0, 0] y^5 + O[y]^6 \right) +$$

$$\left(f^{(0,1)}[0, 0] + f^{(1,1)}[0, 0] y + \frac{1}{2} f^{(2,1)}[0, 0] y^2 + \frac{1}{6} f^{(3,1)}[0, 0] y^3 + \frac{1}{24} f^{(4,1)}[0, 0] y^4 + \frac{1}{120} f^{(5,1)}[0, 0] y^5 + O[y]^6 \right) x +$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{2} f^{(0,2)}[0, 0] + \frac{1}{2} f^{(1,2)}[0, 0] y + \frac{1}{4} f^{(2,2)}[0, 0] y^2 + \frac{1}{12} f^{(3,2)}[0, 0] y^3 + \frac{1}{48} f^{(4,2)}[0, 0] y^4 + \frac{1}{240} f^{(5,2)}[0, 0] y^5 + O[y]^6 \right) x^2 +$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{6} f^{(0,3)}[0, 0] + \frac{1}{6} f^{(1,3)}[0, 0] y + \frac{1}{12} f^{(2,3)}[0, 0] y^2 + \frac{1}{36} f^{(3,3)}[0, 0] y^3 + \frac{1}{144} f^{(4,3)}[0, 0] y^4 + \frac{1}{720} f^{(5,3)}[0, 0] y^5 + O[y]^6 \right) x^3 +$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{24} f^{(0,4)}[0, 0] + \frac{1}{24} f^{(1,4)}[0, 0] y + \frac{1}{48} f^{(2,4)}[0, 0] y^2 + \frac{1}{144} f^{(3,4)}[0, 0] y^3 + \frac{1}{576} f^{(4,4)}[0, 0] y^4 + \frac{f^{(5,5)}[0, 0] y^5}{2880} + O[y]^6 \right) x^4 +$$

$$\left(\frac{1}{120} f^{(0,5)}[0, 0] + \frac{1}{120} f^{(1,5)}[0, 0] y + \frac{1}{240} f^{(2,5)}[0, 0] y^2 + \frac{1}{720} f^{(3,5)}[0, 0] y^3 + \frac{f^{(4,5)}[0, 0] y^4}{2880} + \frac{f^{(5,5)}[0, 0] y^5}{14400} + O[y]^6 \right) x^5 + O[x]^6$$

nn = 1; Series[f[y, x], {x, 0, nn}, {y, 0, nn}]

$$(f[0, 0] + f^{(1,0)}[0, 0] y + O[y]^2) + (f^{(0,1)}[0, 0] + f^{(1,1)}[0, 0] y + O[y]^2) x + O[x]^2$$

nn = 1; Series $\sqrt{f[x, y]}$, $\{x, 0, nn\}$, $\{y, 0, nn\}$ In[130]:=

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Out} [130] = \left(\sqrt{\text{f[0,0]}} + \frac{\text{f}^{(0,1)}[0,0]}{2\sqrt{\text{f[0,0]}}} + \text{O[y]}^2 \right) + \\ & \left(\frac{\text{f}^{(1,0)}[0,0]}{2\sqrt{\text{f[0,0]}}} + \left(-\frac{\text{f}^{(0,1)}[0,0]\text{f}^{(1,0)}[0,0]}{4\text{f[0,0]}^{3/2}} + \frac{\text{f}^{(1,1)}[0,0]}{2\sqrt{\text{f[0,0]}}} \right) \text{y} + \text{O[y]}^2 \right) \text{x} + \text{O[x]}^2 \end{aligned}$$

$$\left(\sqrt{f[0,0]} + \frac{f^{(1,0)}[0,0]y}{2\sqrt{f[0,0]}} + O[y]^{2}\right) + \left(\frac{f^{(0,1)}[0,0]}{2\sqrt{f[0,0]}} + \left(-\frac{f^{(0,1)}[0,0]f^{(1,0)}[0,0]}{4f[0,0]^{3/2}} + \frac{f^{(1,1)}[0,0]}{2\sqrt{f[0,0]}}\right)y + O[y]^{2}\right)x + O[x]^{2}$$

$$\sqrt{x_p^2 + y_p^2} = \sqrt{x_p^2 + y_p^2} + \frac{2\,y_p}{2\,\sqrt{x_p^2 + y_p^2}}\,y + \frac{2\,x_p}{2\,\sqrt{x_p^2 + y_p^2}}\,x + O(\epsilon)$$

Series[f[x], $\{x, 0, 5\}$]

$$f[0] + f'[0] x + \frac{1}{2} f''[0] x^2 + \frac{1}{6} f^{(3)}[0] x^3 + \frac{1}{24} f^{(4)}[0] x^4 + \frac{1}{120} f^{(5)}[0] x^5 + O[x]^6$$

Series $\left[\sqrt{f[x]}, \{x, 0, 5\}\right]$

$$\begin{split} \sqrt{f[0]} + \frac{f'[0] \ x}{2 \sqrt{f[0]}} + \frac{\left(-f'[0]^2 + 2 \ f[0] \ f''[0]\right) \ x^2}{8 \ f[0]^{3/2}} + \\ \frac{\left(3 \ f'[0]^3 - 6 \ f[0] \ f'[0] \ f''[0] + 4 \ f[0]^2 \ f^{(3)}[0]\right) \ x^3}{48 \ f[0]^{5/2}} + \frac{1}{384 \ f[0]^{7/2}} \\ \left(-15 \ f'[0]^4 + 36 \ f[0] \ f'[0]^2 \ f''[0] - 12 \ f[0]^2 \ f''[0]^2 - \\ 16 \ f[0]^2 \ f'[0] \ f^{(3)}[0] + 8 \ f[0]^3 \ f^{(4)}[0]\right) \ x^4 + \frac{1}{3840 \ f[0]^{9/2}} \\ \left(105 \ f'[0]^5 - 300 \ f[0] \ f'[0]^3 \ f''[0] + 180 \ f[0]^2 \ f'[0] \ f''[0]^2 + 120 \ f[0]^2 \ f'[0]^2 \ f^{(3)}[0] - \\ 80 \ f[0]^3 \ f''[0] \ f^{(3)}[0] - 40 \ f[0]^3 \ f'[0] \ f^{(4)}[0] + 16 \ f[0]^4 \ f^{(5)}[0]\right) \ x^5 + 0[x]^6 \end{split}$$

Series[quadEqNominal2D[[1]], $\{x_p[t], 0, 3\}, \{y_p[t], 0, 3\}$] // Simplify

$$\left(\frac{k_1 L O_1}{y_p[t]} - k_1 + O[y_p[t]]^4\right) x_p[t] + \left(-\frac{k_1 L O_1}{2 y_p[t]^3} + O[y_p[t]]^4\right) x_p[t]^3 + O[x_p[t]]^4 = m_p x_p''[t]$$

$Series[quadEqNominal2D[[1]], \ \{y_p[t], \ 0, \ 3\}, \ \{x_p[t], \ 0, \ 3\}] \ // \ Simplify$

$$\left(k_1 \text{ LO}_1 - k_1 \text{ } x_p[t] + \text{O}[x_p[t]]^4\right) + \left(-\frac{k_1 \text{ LO}_1}{2 \text{ } x_p[t]^2} + \text{O}[x_p[t]]^4\right) \text{ } y_p[t]^2 + \text{O}[y_p[t]]^4 = m_p \text{ } x_p''[t]$$

$$Series \left[\frac{\text{L0}_1}{\sqrt{x_p[t]^2 + y_p[t]^2}}, \{x_p[t], 0, 3\}, \{y_p[t], 0, 3\} \right] // \text{ Expand } // \text{ Simplify}$$

$$\left(\frac{\text{LO}_1}{\text{y}_p[\text{t}]} + \text{O[y}_p[\text{t}]]^4\right) + \left(-\frac{\text{LO}_1}{2 \text{ y}_p[\text{t}]^3} + \text{O[y}_p[\text{t}]]^4\right) \text{ x}_p[\text{t}]^2 + \text{O[x}_p[\text{t}]]^4$$

trials:

Series[f[x], {x, a, 3}]

$$f[a] + f'[a] (x-a) + \frac{1}{2} f''[a] (x-a)^2 + \frac{1}{6} f^{(3)}[a] (x-a)^3 + O[x-a]^4$$

TraditionalForm

Out[29]//TraditionalForm=

$$\frac{k_1 \operatorname{rlx} \left(\sqrt{\operatorname{rlx}^2 + \operatorname{rly}^2} - \operatorname{L0}_1\right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{rlx}^2 + \operatorname{rly}^2}} + \frac{k_2 \operatorname{r2x} \left(\sqrt{\operatorname{r2x}^2 + \operatorname{r2y}^2} - \operatorname{L0}_2\right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{r2x}^2 + \operatorname{r2y}^2}} = 0$$

$$\frac{k_1 \operatorname{rly} \left(\sqrt{\operatorname{rlx}^2 + \operatorname{rly}^2} - \operatorname{L0}_1\right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{rlx}^2 + \operatorname{rly}^2}} + \frac{k_2 \operatorname{r2y} \left(\sqrt{\operatorname{r2x}^2 + \operatorname{r2y}^2} - \operatorname{L0}_2\right)}{\sqrt{\operatorname{r2x}^2 + \operatorname{r2y}^2}} = g \, m_p$$

$$\frac{k_1 \left(\operatorname{dr1} + \operatorname{dr2}\right) \left(\sqrt{\operatorname{rlx}^2 + \operatorname{rly}^2} - \operatorname{L0}_1\right)}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{rlx}^2 + \operatorname{rly}^2}} + \frac{k_2 \left(\operatorname{dr3} + \operatorname{dr4}\right) \left(\sqrt{\operatorname{r2x}^2 + \operatorname{r2y}^2} - \operatorname{L0}_2\right)}{2\sqrt{\operatorname{r2x}^2 + \operatorname{r2y}^2}} = 0$$

In[32]:= terms2

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Out}[32] = \left\{ \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, h_{p} + \cos \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, l_{p} + 2 \, x_{1} \left[t \right] - 2 \, x_{p} \left[t \right] \, \rightarrow 2 \, r 1 \, x, \right. \right. \\ & - \frac{1}{2} \, \cos \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, h_{p} + \frac{1}{2} \, \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, l_{p} + y_{1} \left[t \right] - y_{p} \left[t \right] \, \rightarrow r 1 \, y, \\ & \frac{1}{2} \, \cos \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, h_{p} - \frac{1}{2} \, \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, l_{p} - y_{1} \left[t \right] + y_{p} \left[t \right] \, \rightarrow r 1 \, y, \\ & \frac{1}{2} \, \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, h_{p} - \frac{1}{2} \, \cos \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, l_{p} + x_{2} \left[t \right] - x_{p} \left[t \right] \, \rightarrow r 2 \, x, \\ & - \frac{1}{2} \, \cos \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, h_{p} - \frac{1}{2} \, \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, l_{p} + y_{2} \left[t \right] - y_{p} \left[t \right] \, \rightarrow r 2 \, y, \\ & \left[\cos \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, h_{p} + \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, l_{p} - 2 \, y_{2} \left[t \right] + 2 \, y_{p} \left[t \right] \, \rightarrow r 2 \, y, \\ & \left[l_{p} \left(- \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, x_{1} \left[t \right] + \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, x_{p} \left[t \right] + \cos \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, \left(y_{1} \left[t \right] - y_{p} \left[t \right] \right) \right) \, \rightarrow d r \, 1, \\ & \left[l_{p} \left(\cos \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, x_{1} \left[t \right] - \cos \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, x_{p} \left[t \right] + \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, \left(y_{2} \left[t \right] - y_{p} \left[t \right] \right) \right) \, \rightarrow d r \, 4, \\ & \left[l_{p} \left(\sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, x_{2} \left[t \right] - \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, x_{p} \left[t \right] + \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, \left(- y_{2} \left[t \right] + y_{p} \left[t \right] \right) \right) \, \rightarrow d r \, 3, \\ & \left[l_{p} \left(\sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, x_{2} \left[t \right] - \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, x_{p} \left[t \right] + \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, \left(- y_{2} \left[t \right] + y_{p} \left[t \right] \right) \right) \, \rightarrow d r \, 3, \\ & \left[l_{p} \left(\sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, x_{2} \left[t \right] - \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, x_{p} \left[t \right] + \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, \left(- y_{2} \left[t \right] + y_{p} \left[t \right] \right) \right) \, \rightarrow d r \, 3, \\ & \left[l_{p} \left(\sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, x_{2} \left[t \right] - \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, x_{p} \left[t \right] + \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, \left(- y_{2} \left[t \right] + y_{p} \left[t \right] \right) \right) \, \rightarrow d r \, 3, \\ & \left[l_{p} \left(\cos \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, x_{2} \left[t \right] - \sin \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, x_{p} \left[t \right] + \cos \left[\theta_{p} \left[t \right] \right] \, \left(- y_{2} \left[t \right] + y_{p} \left[t \right] \right) \right) \, \rightarrow d r \, 3, \\ & \left[l_{p} \left(\cos \left[\theta_{p} \left[t$$

In[31]:= simpStep1 /. equalibriumTerms

Out[31]=
$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \frac{\text{r1x k}_1 \left(\sqrt{\text{r1x}^2 + \text{r1y}^2} - \text{L0}_1 \right)}{\sqrt{\text{r1x}^2 + \text{r1y}^2}} + \frac{\text{r2x k}_2 \left(\sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2} - \text{L0}_2 \right)}{\sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2}} = 0, \\ \\ \frac{\text{r1y k}_1 \left(\sqrt{\text{r1x}^2 + \text{r1y}^2} - \text{L0}_1 \right)}{\sqrt{\text{r1x}^2 + \text{r1y}^2}} + \frac{\text{r2y k}_2 \left(\sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2} - \text{L0}_2 \right)}{\sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2}} = \text{g m}_p, \\ \\ \frac{\left(\text{dr1} + \text{dr2} \right) \text{k}_1 \left(\sqrt{\text{r1x}^2 + \text{r1y}^2} - \text{L0}_1 \right)}{2 \sqrt{\text{r1x}^2 + \text{r1y}^2}} + \frac{\left(\text{dr3} + \text{dr4} \right) \text{k}_2 \left(\sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2} - \text{L0}_2 \right)}{2 \sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2}} = 0 \right\} \\ \end{array} = 0 \right\}$$

$$\dot{X} = f(X)$$

$$\mathbf{x}_p = \mathbf{x}_{p_0} + \delta \mathbf{x}_p$$

 $\mathbf{y}_p = \mathbf{y}_{p_0} + \delta \mathbf{y}_p$

Series
$$\left[\sqrt{1+x}, \{x, 0, 15\}\right]$$

$$1 + \frac{x}{2} - \frac{x^{2}}{8} + \frac{x^{3}}{16} - \frac{5x^{4}}{128} + \frac{7x^{5}}{256} - \frac{21x^{6}}{1024} + \frac{33x^{7}}{2048} - \frac{429x^{8}}{32768} + \frac{715x^{9}}{65536} - \frac{2431x^{10}}{262144}$$

$$\frac{4199x^{11}}{524288} - \frac{29393x^{12}}{4194304} + \frac{52003x^{13}}{8388608} - \frac{185725x^{14}}{33554432} + \frac{334305x^{15}}{67108864} + O[x]^{16}$$

$$ln[204] = Series[1/\sqrt{y^2 + x^2}, \{x, 0, 3\}, \{y, 0, 3\}]$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Derivative Series} \left[\frac{1}{\sqrt{y^2 + x^2}}, \left\{ x, x0, 3 \right\}, \left\{ y, y0, 3 \right\} \right] \text{// Simplify} \\ & \text{Derivative Simplify} \\ & \frac{1}{\sqrt{x0^2 + y0^2}} - \frac{y0 \left(y - y0 \right)^2}{\left(x0^2 + y0^2 \right)^{3/2}} + \\ & \frac{\left(- x0^2 + 2 \ y0^2 \right) \left(y - y0 \right)^2}{2 \left(x0^2 + y0^2 \right)^{5/2}} + \frac{\left(3 \ x0^2 \ y0 - 2 \ y0^3 \right) \left(y - y0 \right)^3}{2 \left(x0^2 + y0^2 \right)^{7/2}} + O[y - y0]^4 \right) + \\ & \left(- \frac{x0}{\left(x0^2 + y0^2 \right)^{3/2}} + \frac{3 \ x0 \ y0 \ \left(y - y0 \right)}{\left(x0^2 + y0^2 \right)^{5/2}} + \frac{3 \left(x0^3 - 4 \ x0 \ y0^2 \right) \left(y - y0 \right)^2}{2 \left(x0^2 + y0^2 \right)^{7/2}} - \\ & \frac{5 \left(3 \ x0^3 \ y0 - 4 \ x0 \ y0^3 \right) \left(y - y0 \right)^3}{2 \left(x0^2 + y0^2 \right)^{9/2}} + O[y - y0]^4 \right) \left(x - x0 \right) + \\ & \left(\frac{2 \ x0^2 - y0^2}{2 \left(x0^2 + y0^2 \right)^{5/2}} + \frac{3 \ y0 \left(-4 \ x0^2 + y0^2 \right) \left(y - y0 \right)}{2 \left(x0^2 + y0^2 \right)^{7/2}} - \frac{3 \left(4 \ x0^4 - 27 \ x0^2 \ y0^2 + 4 \ y0^4 \right) \left(y - y0 \right)^2}{4 \left(x0^2 + y0^2 \right)^{9/2}} + \\ & \frac{5 \left(18 \ x0^4 \ y0 - 41 \ x0^2 \ y0^3 + 4 \ y0^5 \right) \left(y - y0 \right)^3}{4 \left(x0^2 + y0^2 \right)^{11/2}} + O[y - y0]^4 \right) \left(x - x0 \right)^2 + \\ & \left(\frac{-2 \ x0^3 + 3 \ x0 \ y0^2}{2 \left(x0^2 + y0^2 \right)^{7/2}} + \frac{5 \left(4 \ x0^3 \ y0 - 3 \ x0 \ y0^3 \right) \left(y - y0 \right)}{2 \left(x0^2 + y0^2 \right)^{9/2}} + \\ & 5 \left(4 \ x0^5 - 41 \ x0^3 \ y0^2 + 18 \ x0 \ y0^4 \right) \left(y - y0 \right)^2 \end{aligned} \right. \end{aligned}$$

 $\frac{105 \, \left(2 \, x0^5 \, y0 - 7 \, x0^3 \, y0^3 + 2 \, x0 \, y0^5\right) \, \left(y - y0\right){}^3}{4 \, \left(x0^2 + y0^2\right)^{13/2}} + 0 \, [\, y - y0\,]^{\, 4}\right) \, \left(x - x0\,\right){}^3 + 0 \, [\, x - x0\,]^{\, 4}$

In[133]:= **n**

Out[133]= n

$$\begin{aligned} & & \text{In}[137] = \ \mathbf{n} = \mathbf{13}; \ \mathbf{Series} \Big[\sqrt{\mathbf{y}^2 + \mathbf{x}^2} \ , \ \{\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{n}\}, \ \{\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{n}\} \Big] \\ & & \text{Out}[137] = \ \left(\mathbf{y} + \mathbb{O}[\mathbf{y}]^{14} \right) + \left(\frac{1}{2 \ \mathbf{y}} + \mathbb{O}[\mathbf{y}]^{14} \right) \mathbf{x}^2 + \left(-\frac{1}{8 \ \mathbf{y}^3} + \mathbb{O}[\mathbf{y}]^{14} \right) \mathbf{x}^4 + \left(\frac{1}{16 \ \mathbf{y}^5} + \mathbb{O}[\mathbf{y}]^{14} \right) \mathbf{x}^6 + \\ & & \left(-\frac{5}{128 \ \mathbf{y}^7} + \mathbb{O}[\mathbf{y}]^{14} \right) \mathbf{x}^8 + \left(\frac{7}{256 \ \mathbf{y}^9} + \mathbb{O}[\mathbf{y}]^{14} \right) \mathbf{x}^{10} + \left(-\frac{21}{1024 \ \mathbf{y}^{11}} + \mathbb{O}[\mathbf{y}]^{14} \right) \mathbf{x}^{12} + \mathbb{O}[\mathbf{x}]^{14} \\ & & \text{In}[138] = \ \mathbf{n} = \mathbf{13}; \ \mathbf{Series} \Big[\sqrt{\mathbf{y}^2 + \mathbf{x}^2} \ , \ \left(\mathbf{x} \{\mathbf{x}, \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{n}\}, \mathbf{x} \right) \{\mathbf{y}, \mathbf{0}, \mathbf{n}\} \Big] \\ & & \text{Out}[138] = \ \sqrt{\mathbf{x}^2} + \frac{\mathbf{y}^2}{2\sqrt{\mathbf{y}^2}} - \frac{\sqrt{\mathbf{x}^2} \ \mathbf{y}^4}{8 \ \mathbf{x}^4} + \frac{\sqrt{\mathbf{x}^2} \ \mathbf{y}^6}{16 \ \mathbf{x}^6} - \frac{5 \sqrt{\mathbf{x}^2} \ \mathbf{y}^8}{128 \ \mathbf{x}^8} + \frac{7 \sqrt{\mathbf{x}^2} \ \mathbf{y}^{10}}{256 \ \mathbf{x}^{10}} - \frac{21 \sqrt{\mathbf{x}^2} \ \mathbf{y}^{12}}{1024 \ \mathbf{x}^{12}} + \mathbb{O}[\mathbf{y}]^{14} \end{aligned}$$

 $4 (x0^2 + y0^2)^{11/2}$