## required: system of 2 quads and 1 payload

system elements:

quad 1 - given as system input. x,y coor.  $\theta$  is not influential

quad 2 - given as system input. x,y coor.  $\theta$  is not influential

payload (contrained to quads locations)

In[29]:= **Quit**[]

Needs["VariationalMethods`"]

kinematics:

Out[22]=  $\{\{x_p'[t]\}, \{y_p'[t]\}, \{0\}\}$ 

```
\ln[23] = \text{dispSimp} = \{a_[t] \rightarrow a, \cos[a_] \rightarrow c[a], \sin[a_] \rightarrow s[a], \dot{n}_i, zz \rightarrow I_i\};
                        \{(Rp2I = RotationMatrix[\theta_p[t]]) // MatrixForm,
                                   x1dotSqr = (Transpose[v_i].v_i)[[1, 1]] /. i \rightarrow 1
                       x2dotSqr = (Transpose[v_i].v_i)[[1, 1]] /. i \rightarrow 2,
                                   I\omega Sqr1 = \omega_i.Imat_i.\omega_i /.i \rightarrow 1,
                                   I\omega Sqr2 = \omega_i . Imat_i . \omega_i / . i \rightarrow 2,
                                  xpdotSqr = (Transpose[v_i].v_i)[[1, 1]] /. i \rightarrow p,
                                   I\omega Sqrp = \omega_i . Imat_i . \omega_i / . i \rightarrow p,
                                 \mathbf{r}_{1}[t] = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}_{1}[t] \\ \mathbf{v}_{1}[t] \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}_{p}[t] \\ \mathbf{v}_{p}[t] \end{pmatrix} + Rp2I \cdot \left\{ -\frac{1_{p}}{2}, \frac{h_{p}}{2} \right\} \end{pmatrix},
                                 \mathbf{r}_{2}[t] = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}_{2}[t] \\ \mathbf{y}_{2}[t] \end{pmatrix} - \begin{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}_{p}[t] \\ \mathbf{y}_{p}[t] \end{pmatrix} + Rp2I \cdot \left\{ \frac{1_{p}}{2}, \frac{h_{p}}{2} \right\} \end{pmatrix}
                                 \Delta_1 = \sqrt{(r_1[t][[1]])^2 + (r_1[t][[2]])^2} - LO_1,
                                 \Delta_2 = \sqrt{(r_2[t][[1]])^2 + (r_2[t][[2]])^2} - LO_2;
                         \left(\mathbf{T} = \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{m}_1 \times \mathbf{1} \mathbf{dot} \mathbf{Sqr} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{I} \omega \mathbf{Sqr} \mathbf{1} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{m}_2 \times \mathbf{2} \mathbf{dot} \mathbf{Sqr} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{I} \omega \mathbf{Sqr} \mathbf{2} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{m}_p \times \mathbf{pdot} \mathbf{Sqr} + \frac{1}{2} \mathbf{I} \omega \mathbf{Sqrp}\right);
                         (*r_i=l_i+\Delta l*)
                       V = m_1 q (X_i [[2]] /. i \rightarrow 1) +
                                       m_2 g (X_i[[2]] /. i \rightarrow 2) + m_p g (X_i[[2]] /. i \rightarrow p) + \frac{1}{2} k_1 \Delta_1^2 + \frac{1}{2} k_2 \Delta_2^2;
                        L = (T - V) [[1]] (*T_{quad#1} + T_{quad#2} + T_{payload} - (V_{quad#1} + V_{quad#2} + V_{payload} + V_{spring#1} + V_{spring#2}) *) 
Out[27]= -g m_1 y_1[t] - g m_2 y_2[t] - \frac{1}{2} k_1 \left(-L0_1 + \sqrt{\left(\frac{1}{2} Sin[\theta_p[t]] h_p + \frac{1}{2} Cos[\theta_p[t]] l_p + x_1[t] - x_p[t]\right)^2} + \frac{1}{2} cos[\theta_p[t]] n_1 + \frac{1}{2} cos[\theta_p[t]] n_2 + \frac{1}{
                                                                  \left(-\frac{1}{2}\cos[\theta_{p}[t]]h_{p} + \frac{1}{2}\sin[\theta_{p}[t]]l_{p} + y_{1}[t] - y_{p}[t]\right)^{2}\right)^{2}
                             \frac{1}{2} k_2 \left( -L0_2 + \sqrt{\left( \left( \frac{1}{2} Sin[\theta_p[t]] h_p - \frac{1}{2} Cos[\theta_p[t]] l_p + x_2[t] - x_p[t] \right)^2} + \right.
                                                                 \left(-\frac{1}{2}\cos\left[\theta_{p}[t]\right]h_{p}-\frac{1}{2}\sin\left[\theta_{p}[t]\right]l_{p}+y_{2}[t]-y_{p}[t]\right)^{2}\right)^{2}-
                           g m_p y_p[t] + \frac{1}{2} m_1 (x_1'[t]^2 + y_1'[t]^2) + \frac{1}{2} m_2 (x_2'[t]^2 + y_2'[t]^2) +
                                 m_p (x_p'[t]^2 + y_p'[t]^2) +
                             \frac{1}{2}\,\dot{\mathbb{1}}_{1,zz}\,\theta_{1}'[t]^{2}+\frac{1}{2}\,\dot{\mathbb{1}}_{2,zz}\,\theta_{2}'[t]^{2}+
                             \frac{1}{2} i_{p,zz} \theta_{p'}[t]^2
```

In[28]:=

L //. dispSimp // TraditionalForm

Out[28]//TraditionalForm

$$-\frac{1}{2}k_{1}\left(\sqrt{\left(\left(\frac{1}{2}l_{p}c(\theta_{p})+\frac{1}{2}h_{p}s(\theta_{p})-x_{p}+x_{1}\right)^{2}+\left(-\frac{1}{2}h_{p}c(\theta_{p})+\frac{1}{2}l_{p}s(\theta_{p})-y_{p}+y_{1}\right)^{2}}\right)-LO_{1}\right)^{2}-\frac{1}{2}k_{2}\left(\sqrt{\left(\left(-\frac{1}{2}l_{p}c(\theta_{p})+\frac{1}{2}h_{p}s(\theta_{p})-x_{p}+x_{2}\right)^{2}+\left(-\frac{1}{2}h_{p}c(\theta_{p})-\frac{1}{2}l_{p}s(\theta_{p})-y_{p}+y_{2}\right)^{2}}\right)-LO_{2}\right)^{2}-g\,m_{p}\,y_{p}-g\,m_{1}\,y_{1}-g\,m_{2}\,y_{2}+\frac{1}{2}i_{1}\left(\theta_{1}'\right)^{2}+\frac{1}{2}i_{2}\left(\theta_{2}'\right)^{2}+\frac{1}{2}m_{p}\left((x_{p}')^{2}+(y_{p}')^{2}\right)+\frac{1}{2}m_{1}\left((x_{1}')^{2}+(y_{1}')^{2}\right)+\frac{1}{2}m_{2}\left((x_{2}')^{2}+(y_{2}')^{2}\right)+\frac{1}{2}i_{p}\left(\theta_{p}'\right)^{2}$$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left( \text{quadEqNominal = EulerEquations[L,} \right. \\ & \left. \left\{ \left( \star \mathbf{x}_1[\texttt{t}], \mathbf{y}_1[\texttt{t}], \theta_1[\texttt{t}], \mathbf{x}_2[\texttt{t}], \mathbf{y}_2[\texttt{t}], \theta_2[\texttt{t}], \star \right) \mathbf{x}_p[\texttt{t}], \mathbf{y}_p[\texttt{t}], \theta_p[\texttt{t}] \right\}, \, \texttt{t} \\ & \left( \star [\texttt{All,1}]] \star \right) \left( \star = Q \star \right) \, / / \, \text{Simplify} \right) \, / / \, \text{MatrixForm} \, / \, \text{TraditionalForm} \end{aligned}$$

$$k_1 (h_p \sin(\theta_p(t)) + l_p \cos(\theta_p(t)) - 2x_p(t) + 2x_1$$

$$2\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(h_p\sin(\theta_p))}$$

$$k_1 \left( -\frac{1}{2} h_p \cos(\theta_p(t)) + \frac{1}{2} l_p \sin(\theta_p(t)) - y_p(t) + y_1(t) \right)$$

$$\sqrt{\frac{1}{4} \left( h_p \sin(\theta_p(t)) + l_l \right)}$$

$$i_{p,zz} \theta_{p}''(t) + \frac{k_1 (h_p (x_1(t) \cos(\theta_p(t)) - x_p(t) \cos(\theta_p(t)) + (y_1(t) - y_p(t)) \sin(\theta_p(t))) + l_p (x_1(t) (-\sin(\theta_p(t))) + x_p(t) \sin(\theta_p(t)) + (y_1(t) - y_p(t)) \sin(\theta_p(t))) + l_p (x_1(t) (-\sin(\theta_p(t))) + x_p(t) \sin(\theta_p(t)) + (y_1(t) - y_p(t)) \sin(\theta_p(t))) + l_p (x_1(t) (-\sin(\theta_p(t))) + x_p(t) \sin(\theta_p(t)) + (y_1(t) - y_p(t)) \sin(\theta_p(t)) + l_p (x_1(t) (-\sin(\theta_p(t))) + x_p(t) \sin(\theta_p(t)) + (y_1(t) - y_p(t)) \sin(\theta_p(t)) + l_p (x_1(t) (-\sin(\theta_p(t))) + x_p(t) \sin(\theta_p(t)) + (y_1(t) - y_p(t)) \sin(\theta_p(t)) + l_p (x_1(t) (-\sin(\theta_p(t))) + (y_1(t) - y_p(t)) \sin(\theta_p(t)) + l_p (x_1(t) (-\sin(\theta_p(t))) + (y_1(t) - y_p(t)) \sin(\theta_p(t)) + l_p (x_1(t) (-\sin(\theta_p(t))) + (y_1(t) - y_p(t)) \sin(\theta_p(t)) + l_p (x_1(t) (-\sin(\theta_p(t))) + (y_1(t) - y_p(t)) \sin(\theta_p(t)) + l_p (x_1(t) (-\sin(\theta_p(t))) + (y_1(t) - y_p(t)) \sin(\theta_p(t)) + (y_1(t) - y_p($$

$$2\sqrt{\frac{1}{4}(h_p\sin(\theta_p(t))+l_p\cos(\theta_p(t))-2x_p(t))}$$

```
In[2]:= terms2 = {
                  \left( \text{Sin}\left[\theta_{p}[t]\right] \right. h_{p} + \text{Cos}\left[\theta_{p}[t]\right] \left. 1_{p} + 2 \, x_{1}[t] - 2 \, x_{p}[t] \right)^{1} \rightarrow \left( 2 \, \text{r1x} \right),
                \left(-\frac{1}{2}\cos[\theta_{p}[t]] h_{p} + \frac{1}{2}\sin[\theta_{p}[t]] l_{p} + y_{1}[t] - y_{p}[t]\right)^{1} \rightarrow r1y,
                \frac{1}{2} \cos[\theta_{p}[t]] h_{p} - \frac{1}{2} \sin[\theta_{p}[t]] l_{p} - y_{1}[t] + y_{p}[t] \rightarrow -rly,
                \left(\frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Sin}\left[\theta_{p}[t]\right] h_{p} - \frac{1}{2} \operatorname{Cos}\left[\theta_{p}[t]\right] l_{p} + x_{2}[t] - x_{p}[t]\right)^{1} \rightarrow r2x,
                \left(-\frac{1}{2}\cos\left[\theta_{p}[t]\right]h_{p}-\frac{1}{2}\sin\left[\theta_{p}[t]\right]l_{p}+y_{2}[t]-y_{p}[t]\right)^{1}\rightarrow r2y,
                Cos[\theta_p[t]] h_p + Sin[\theta_p[t]] l_p - 2 y_2[t] + 2 y_p[t] \rightarrow (-2 r2y),
                l_{p} \left( -\sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ x_{1}[t] + \sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ x_{p}[t] + \cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ (y_{1}[t] - y_{p}[t]) \right) \rightarrow dr1,
               h_p \; \left( \text{Cos}[\theta_p[\texttt{t}]] \; \texttt{x}_1[\texttt{t}] \; - \; \text{Cos}[\theta_p[\texttt{t}]] \; \texttt{x}_p[\texttt{t}] \; + \; \text{Sin}[\theta_p[\texttt{t}]] \; \left( \texttt{y}_1[\texttt{t}] \; - \; \texttt{y}_p[\texttt{t}] \right) \right) \; \rightarrow \; dr2 \, ,
               h_p (Cos[\theta_p[t]] x_2[t] - Cos[\theta_p[t]] x_p[t] + Sin[\theta_p[t]] (y_2[t] - y_p[t])) \rightarrow dr4
                l_p\left(\sin\left[\theta_p[t]\right]x_2[t]-\sin\left[\theta_p[t]\right]x_p[t]+\cos\left[\theta_p[t]\right]\left(-y_2[t]+y_p[t]\right)\right)\to dr3
              };
         (simpStep1 =
                       (quadEqNominal(*//Simplify*)) /. terms2)
                   (*//.dispSimp*)(*//Simplify*)//
            MatrixForm(*//TraditionalForm*)
                                            \frac{\text{rlx } k_1 \left( \sqrt{\text{rlx}^2 + \text{rly}^2 - \text{LO}_1} \right)}{\sqrt{\text{rlx}^2 + \text{rly}^2}} \ + \ \frac{\text{r2x } k_2 \left( \sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2 - \text{LO}_2} \right)}{\sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2}} \ == \ 1
                                 \frac{\text{rly } k_1 \left( \sqrt{\text{rlx}^2 + \text{rly}^2} - \text{LO}_1 \right)}{\sqrt{\text{rlx}^2 + \text{rly}^2}} \ + \ \frac{\text{r2y } k_2 \left( \sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2} - \text{LO}_2 \right)}{\sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2}} \ == \ m_p
               \frac{(dr1+dr2) k_1 \left(\sqrt{r1x^2+r1y^2}-L0_1\right)}{2 \sqrt{r1x^2+r1v^2}} + \frac{(dr3+dr4) k_2 \left(\sqrt{r2x^2+r2y^2}-L0_2\right)}{2 \sqrt{r2x^2+r2v^2}}
```

In[3]:= terms3 = {
$$\sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2} \rightarrow a,$$

$$\sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2} \rightarrow b,$$

$$(dr1 + dr2) \rightarrow (2 c1),$$

$$(dr3 + dr4) \rightarrow (2 c2),$$

$$r1x^2 + r1y^2 \rightarrow a^2, r2x^2 + r2y^2 \rightarrow b^2,$$

$$\sqrt{a^2} \rightarrow a, \sqrt{b^2} \rightarrow b$$
Out[3]=  $\{
\sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2} \rightarrow a, \sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2} \rightarrow b, dr1 + dr2 \rightarrow 2 c1,$ 

$$dr3 + dr4 \rightarrow 2 c2, r1x^2 + r1y^2 \rightarrow a^2, r2x^2 + r2y^2 \rightarrow b^2, \sqrt{a^2} \rightarrow a, \sqrt{b^2} \rightarrow b$$
(\*simpStep1//InputForm\*)
$$(*simpStep1//TreeForm*)$$

(simpStep2 =

(simpStep1 //. terms3) // Simplify) //

MatrixForm(\*//TraditionalForm\*)

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{r1x \ k_1 \ (a-L0_1)}{\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{r2x \ k_2 \ (b-L0_2)}{\sqrt{b^2}} == m_p \ x_p''[t] \\ \frac{r1y \ k_1 \ (a-L0_1)}{\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{r2y \ k_2 \ (b-L0_2)}{\sqrt{b^2}} == m_p \ (g + y_p''[t]) \\ \frac{c1 \ k_1 \ (a-L0_1)}{\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{c2 \ k_2 \ (b-L0_2)}{\sqrt{b^2}} + ip_{r,zz} \ \theta_p''[t] == 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

(simpStep3 =

Map[Map[Times[#, ab] &, #] &, simpStep2] // Expand // Simplify) // MatrixForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{\sqrt{a^2} \ b^2 \ r1x \ k_1 \ (a-L0_1) + a^2 \ \sqrt{b^2} \ r2x \ k_2 \ (b-L0_2)}{a \ b} = a \ b \ m_p \ x_p''[t] \\ \frac{\sqrt{a^2} \ b^2 \ r1y \ k_1 \ (a-L0_1) + a^2 \ \sqrt{b^2} \ r2y \ k_2 \ (b-L0_2)}{a \ b} = a \ b \ m_p \ (g + y_p''[t]) \\ \frac{\sqrt{a^2} \ b^2 \ c1 \ k_1 \ (a-L0_1) + a^2 \left(\sqrt{b^2} \ c2 \ k_2 \ (b-L0_2) + b^2 \ i_{p,zz} \ \theta_p''[t]\right)}{a \ b} = 0$$

```
simpStep3 //. dispSimp //
   Expand // MatrixForm //
 TraditionalForm
```

$$\begin{pmatrix} -\frac{\sqrt{a^2} b \, k_1 \, \text{L} \, 0_1 \, \text{r} \, 1 \, \text{x}}{a} + \sqrt{a^2} b \, k_1 \, \text{r} \, 1 \, \text{x} - \frac{a \, \sqrt{b^2}}{a} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{a^2} b \, k_1 \, \text{L} \, 0_1 \, \text{r} \, 1 \, \text{y}}{a} + \sqrt{a^2} b \, k_1 \, \text{r} \, 1 \, \text{y} - \frac{a \, \sqrt{b^2} \, k_2 \, \text{L} \, 0_2 \, \text{r}}{b} \\ -\frac{\sqrt{a^2} \, b \, \text{c} \, 1 \, k_1 \, \text{L} \, 0_1}{a} + \sqrt{a^2} \, b \, \text{c} \, 1 \, k_1 - \frac{a \, \sqrt{b^2} \, \, \text{c}'}{b} \\ \left[ \text{simpStep4} = k_1 \, b \, (a - \text{L} \, 0_1) \left( \frac{\text{r} \, 1 \, \text{x}}{\text{r} \, 1 \, \text{y}} \right) + k_2 \, a \, (b - \text{L} \, 0_1) \left( \frac{\text{r} \, 2 \, \text{x}}{\text{r} \, 2 \, \text{y}} \right) + \frac{1}{c^2} \right) \right]$$

```
terms2 //. dispSimp // MatrixForm // TraditionalForm
terms3 //. dispSimp // MatrixForm // TraditionalForm
```

$$\begin{cases} l_p c(\theta_p) + h_p s(\theta_p) - 2 x_p + 2 x_1 \to 2 r 1 x \\ -\frac{1}{2} h_p c(\theta_p) + \frac{1}{2} l_p s(\theta_p) - y_p + y_1 \to r 1 y \\ \frac{1}{2} h_p c(\theta_p) - \frac{1}{2} l_p s(\theta_p) + y_p - y_1 \to -r 1 y \\ -\frac{1}{2} l_p c(\theta_p) + \frac{1}{2} h_p s(\theta_p) - x_p + x_2 \to r 2 x \\ -\frac{1}{2} h_p c(\theta_p) - \frac{1}{2} l_p s(\theta_p) - y_p + y_2 \to r 2 y \\ h_p c(\theta_p) + l_p s(\theta_p) + 2 y_p - 2 y_2 \to -2 r 2 y \\ l_p ((y_1 - y_p) c(\theta_p) + x_1 (-s(\theta_p)) + x_p s(\theta_p)) \to dr 1 \\ h_p (x_1 c(\theta_p) - x_p c(\theta_p) + (y_1 - y_p) s(\theta_p)) \to dr 2 \\ h_p (x_2 c(\theta_p) - x_p c(\theta_p) + (y_2 - y_p) s(\theta_p)) \to dr 4 \\ l_p ((y_p - y_2) c(\theta_p) + x_2 s(\theta_p) - x_p s(\theta_p)) \to dr 3 \end{cases}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2} \rightarrow a \\
\sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2} \rightarrow b \\
dr1 + dr2 \rightarrow 2 c1 \\
dr3 + dr4 \rightarrow 2 c2 \\
r1x^2 + r1y^2 \rightarrow a^2 \\
r2x^2 + r2y^2 \rightarrow b^2 \\
\sqrt{a^2} \rightarrow a \\
\sqrt{b^2} \rightarrow b
\end{pmatrix}$$

 $(*x_p, y_p, \theta_p \texttt{=} \texttt{f}(x_1, y_1, x_2, y_2, k_1, k_2, l_p, h_p) *)$ 

```
non - conver forces :
      aerodynamic = f(\dot{x_p}, \dot{y_p}, \theta_p, w_x, w_y),
w for wind components. = f(relV_x, relV_y), relV is relative to air
dumping = f(\dot{l_i}) = f(\dot{x_i}, \dot{y_i}, \dot{x_p}, \dot{y_p})
```

non dim the full equations

(\*/.terms3\*) // MatrixForm

$$\frac{r1x \ k_1 \left(\sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2} - L0_1\right)}{\sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2}} + \frac{r2x \ k_2 \left(\sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2} - L0_2\right)}{\sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2}} = 1$$

$$\frac{r1y \ k_1 \left(\sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2} - L0_1\right)}{\sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2}} + \frac{r2y \ k_2 \left(\sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2} - L0_2\right)}{\sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2}} = m_p$$

$$\frac{(dr1 + dr2) \ k_1 \left(\sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2} - L0_1\right)}{2 \sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2}} + \frac{(dr3 + dr4) \ k_2 \left(\sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2} - L0_2\right)}{2 \sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2}} = 0$$

(smallEqs =

quadEqNominal /. terms2 /.
terms3) // MatrixForm

$$\left(\begin{array}{c}
\frac{\text{r1x } k_1 \ (a-\text{L0}_1)}{\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{\text{r2x } k_2 \ (b-\text{L0}_2)}{\sqrt{b^2}} == m_p \ \Sigma \\
\frac{\text{r1y } k_1 \ (a-\text{L0}_1)}{\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{\text{r2y } k_2 \ (b-\text{L0}_2)}{\sqrt{b^2}} == m_p \ (g + \frac{\text{c1} k_1 \ (a-\text{L0}_1)}{\sqrt{a^2}} + \frac{\text{c2} k_2 \ (b-\text{L0}_2)}{\sqrt{b^2}} + \text{i}_{p,zz} \ \theta_{p'}
\end{array}\right)$$

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} (*(NonDimEq=Map[Map[Times[\#, $\frac{1}{m_p\omega_s^2LO_1}]\&,$\#]\&,\\ & (*simpStep1*)smallEqs](*//Expand*)//\\ & FullSimplify)//MatrixForm*) \end{tabular}$ 

NonDimEq manually settings the terms:

 $\tilde{y_p}[t] = y_p[t] / L0_1$  or any other of the lengths variables  $(x_p, r1x, r1y, r2x, r2y, h_p, l_p)$  $t = \tau / \omega_s$ 

$$\omega_{s}^{2} = \frac{k_{1}}{m_{p}} \left[ \frac{g}{1} = \frac{1}{s^{2}} \right]$$

Ais non - dimentional form of 'a'

Bis non - dimentional form of 'b'

$$\begin{split} \left( \text{NonDimEq} = \left\{ \frac{k_1}{m_p} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{A} \frac{LO_1}{LO_1} \right) \, \mathbf{r} 1 \mathbf{x} \, \mathbf{L} O_1 + \right. \\ \left. \frac{k_2}{k_1} \frac{k_1}{m_p} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{B} \frac{LO_2}{LO_1} \right) \, \mathbf{r} 2 \mathbf{x} \, \mathbf{L} O_1 = = \right. \\ \left. LO_1 \, \omega_s^2 \, \mathbf{x}_p^{\prime\prime\prime} [\mathsf{t}] \, , \, \, \frac{k_1}{m_p} \left( 1 - \frac{1}{A} \frac{LO_1}{LO_1} \right) \, \mathbf{r} 1 \mathbf{y} \, \mathbf{L} O_1 + \right. \\ \left. \frac{k_2}{k_1} \, \frac{k_1}{m_p} \, \left( 1 - \frac{1}{B} \frac{LO_2}{LO_1} \right) \, \mathbf{r} 2 \mathbf{y} \, \mathbf{L} O_1 - \right. \\ \left. g == LO_1 \, \omega_s^2 \, \mathbf{y}_p^{\prime\prime\prime} [\mathsf{t}] \, , \\ \left. \frac{k_1}{-\dot{\mathbf{l}}_{p,zz}} \, \left( 1 - \frac{1}{A} \frac{LO_1}{LO_1} \right) \, \mathbf{c}_1 \, \mathbf{L} O_1^2 + \frac{k_2}{k_1} \, \frac{k_1}{-\dot{\mathbf{l}}_{p,zz}} \right. \\ \left. \left( 1 - \frac{1}{B} \frac{LO_2}{LO_1} \right) \, \mathbf{c}_2 \, \mathbf{L} O_1^2 = = \omega_s^2 \, \theta_p^{\prime\prime\prime} [\mathsf{t}] \right\} \right) \, // \end{split}$$

Flatten // MatrixForm //

## TraditionalForm

$$\begin{pmatrix}
\frac{(1-\frac{1}{4})k_1 L O_1 r 1 x}{m_p} + \frac{k_2 L O_1 r 2 x \left(1-\frac{L O_2}{B L O_1}\right)}{m_p} = L O_1 \omega_s^2 x_p''(t) \\
\frac{(1-\frac{1}{4})k_1 L O_1 r 1 y}{m_p} + \frac{k_2 L O_1 r 2 y \left(1-\frac{L O_2}{B L O_1}\right)}{m_p} - g = L O_1 \omega_s^2 y_p''(t) \\
-\frac{(1-\frac{1}{4})c_1 k_1 L O_1^2}{i_{p,zz}} - \frac{c_2 k_2 L O_1^2 \left(1-\frac{L O_2}{B L O_1}\right)}{i_{p,zz}} = \omega_s^2 \theta_p''(t)
\end{pmatrix}$$

$$(*terms 4 = \{ (*1 - \frac{10_{\circ}}{a} \rightarrow A, 1 - \frac{10_{\circ}}{b} \rightarrow B, *) \\ \frac{k_{\circ}}{k_{\circ}} + k_{\circ} (*) + k_{\circ} + k_{\circ$$

using 'greekTerms' list:

Out[1]//TraditionalForm

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_p''(t) = \left(1 - \frac{1}{A}\right) r 1 x + \kappa r 2 x \left(1 - \frac{\mathcal{L}}{B}\right) \\ y_p''(t) = \left(1 - \frac{1}{A}\right) r 1 y + \kappa r 2 y \left(1 - \frac{\mathcal{L}}{B}\right) - \gamma \\ \theta_p''(t) = -\alpha \left(\left(1 - \frac{1}{A}\right) c_1 + c_2 \kappa \left(1 - \frac{\mathcal{L}}{B}\right)\right) \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\mathcal{V}_{1} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{1} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{r} \mathbf{1} \mathbf{y} \\ \mathbf{c}_{1} \end{pmatrix} (\mathbf{x}_{1}, \mathbf{x}_{p}, \boldsymbol{\theta}_{p, ...})$$

$$\mathcal{V}_{2} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{r} \mathbf{2} \mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{r} \mathbf{2} \mathbf{y} \\ \mathbf{c}_{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\dot{\mathcal{X}} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\alpha \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{1}{A} \end{pmatrix} \mathcal{V}_1 + \kappa \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\alpha \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{1}{B} \mathcal{L} \end{pmatrix} \mathcal{V}_2 - \begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ \gamma \\ 0 \end{pmatrix}$$

```
\begin{aligned} &\text{terms3} \\ &\text{Out[8]=} & \left\{ \text{Sin}[\theta_p[t]] \ h_p + \text{Cos}[\theta_p[t]] \ l_p + 2 \ x_1[t] - 2 \ x_p[t] \right\} - 2 \ r1x, \\ &- \frac{1}{2} \cos[\theta_p[t]] \ h_p + \frac{1}{2} \sin[\theta_p[t]] \ l_p + y_1[t] - y_p[t] \rightarrow r1y, \\ &\frac{1}{2} \cos[\theta_p[t]] \ h_p - \frac{1}{2} \sin[\theta_p[t]] \ l_p - y_1[t] + y_p[t] \rightarrow -r1y, \\ &\frac{1}{2} \sin[\theta_p[t]] \ h_p - \frac{1}{2} \cos[\theta_p[t]] \ l_p + x_2[t] - x_p[t] \rightarrow r2x, \\ &- \frac{1}{2} \cos[\theta_p[t]] \ h_p - \frac{1}{2} \sin[\theta_p[t]] \ l_p + y_2[t] - y_p[t] \rightarrow r2y, \\ &\text{Cos}[\theta_p[t]] \ h_p + \sin[\theta_p[t]] \ l_p - 2 \ y_2[t] + 2 \ y_p[t] \rightarrow -2 \ r2y, \\ &l_p \ (-\sin[\theta_p[t]] \ x_1[t] + \sin[\theta_p[t]] \ x_p[t] + \cos[\theta_p[t]] \ (y_1[t] - y_p[t])) \rightarrow dr1, \\ &h_p \ (\cos[\theta_p[t]] \ x_1[t] - \cos[\theta_p[t]] \ x_p[t] + \sin[\theta_p[t]] \ (y_2[t] - y_p[t])) \rightarrow dr2, \\ &h_p \ (\cos[\theta_p[t]] \ x_2[t] - \sin[\theta_p[t]] \ x_p[t] + \sin[\theta_p[t]] \ (y_2[t] - y_p[t])) \rightarrow dr4, \\ &l_p \ (\sin[\theta_p[t]] \ x_2[t] - \sin[\theta_p[t]] \ x_p[t] + \cos[\theta_p[t]] \ (-y_2[t] + y_p[t])) \rightarrow dr3 \end{aligned}
\text{Out[9]=} \ \left\{ \sqrt{r1x^2 + r1y^2} \ \rightarrow a, \ \sqrt{r2x^2 + r2y^2} \ \rightarrow b, \ dr1 + dr2 \rightarrow 2 \ c1, \\ &dr3 + dr4 \rightarrow 2 \ c2, \ r1x^2 + r1y^2 \rightarrow a^2, \ r2x^2 + r2y^2 \rightarrow b^2, \ \sqrt{a^2} \rightarrow a, \ \sqrt{b^2} \rightarrow b \right\}
```

```
\begin{aligned} & \text{In}[117] = \ \mathcal{X} = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{x}_p \left[ \mathbf{t} \right] \\ \boldsymbol{\theta}_p \left[ \mathbf{t} \right] \end{pmatrix} \left( \star / / \text{Flatten} \star \right) \\ & \text{greekTermsSymetricCase} = \left\{ \\ & \left( \star \frac{k_2}{k_1} \star \star \right) \mathcal{K} \to 1, \\ & \left( \star \frac{k_2}{k_1} \star \star \right) \mathcal{L} \to 1 \\ & \right\} \\ & \text{greekTermsGeneral} = \left\{ \\ & \left( \star \frac{k_2}{k_1} \star \star \right) \mathcal{K} \to 1, \\ & \left( \star \frac{k_2}{k_1} \star \star \right) \mathcal{K} \to 1, \\ & \left( \star \frac{k_2}{k_1} \star \star \right) \mathcal{L} \to 1, \\ & \left( \star \frac{k_2}{m_p} - \star \right) \mathcal{U}_p \mathcal{U}_p \to 1, \\ & \left( \star \frac{m_p L_0^2}{k_p} \left[ -\frac{L_0^2 k_1}{L_0 \mu^2} \right] \to \star \right) \alpha \to 1, \\ & \left( \star \frac{\alpha}{m_p} L_0^2 \left[ -\frac{L_0^2 k_1}{L_0 \mu^2} \right] \to \star \right) \gamma \to 1 \ \left( \star \text{ make sure it is not over-determined constant } \star \right) \\ & \right\} \\ & \left( \star \text{ already here } : \text{ replacing all former } h_p, l_p \text{ with new } 2h_p, 2l_p \star \right) \\ & \lambda \left( \star \to \sqrt{r 1 \kappa^2 + r 1 \gamma^2} \star \right) = \sqrt{\left( \left( \sin \left[ \theta_p \left[ t \right] \right] h_p + \cos \left[ \theta_p \left[ t \right] \right] l_p + \left( \kappa_1 \left[ t \right] - \kappa_p \left[ t \right] \right) \right)^2 + \\ & \left( - \cos \left[ \theta_p \left[ t \right] \right] h_p + \sin \left[ \theta_p \left[ t \right] \right] h_p - \cos \left[ \theta_p \left[ t \right] \right] l_p + \left( \kappa_2 \left[ t \right] - \kappa_p \left[ t \right] \right) \right)^2 + \\ & \left( - \cos \left[ \theta_p \left[ t \right] \right] h_p - \sin \left[ \theta_p \left[ t \right] \right] l_p + \left( y_2 \left[ t \right] - y_p \left[ t \right] \right) \right)^2 \right) \end{aligned}
```

```
(*c_1(*\rightarrow dr1+dr2*)=l_p \ (-Sin[\theta_p[t]] \ (x_1[t]-x_p[t])+Cos[\theta_p[t]] \ (y_1[t]-y_p[t]))+cos[\theta_p[t]]
                                              h_p (Cos[\theta_p[t]](x_1[t]-x_p[t])+Sin[\theta_p[t]](y_1[t]-y_p[t]))
                                                    c_2(*\to dr3+dr4*) = l_p(Sin[\theta_p[t]](x_2[t]-x_p[t]) + Cos[\theta_p[t]](-y_2[t]+y_p[t])) + cos[\theta_p[t]](-y_2[t]+y_p[t]) + cos[\theta_p[t]](-y_2[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]) + cos[\theta_p[t]](-y_2[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+y_p[t]+
                                             h_{p} \ (\text{Cos}[\theta_{p}[t]] \ ( \ \textbf{x}_{2}[t] - \ \textbf{x}_{p}[t]) + \text{Sin}[\theta_{p}[t]] \ \ (\textbf{y}_{2}[t] - \textbf{y}_{p}[t])) \, \star)
                            \mathcal{V}_1 \left( \star = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{r}_1 \mathbf{y} \\ \mathbf{r}_1 \end{bmatrix} \star \right) =
                                                                                                                                                                                                                              (Sin[\theta_p[t]] h_p + Cos[\theta_p[t]] l_p + (x_1[t] - x_p[t]))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (-\cos[\theta_{p}[t]]h_{p} + \sin[\theta_{p}[t]]l_{p} + (y_{1}[t] - y_{p}[t]))
                                    \mathcal{V}_2\left(\star = \begin{pmatrix} \mathbf{r} 2\mathbf{x} \\ \mathbf{r} 2\mathbf{y} \end{pmatrix} \star\right) =
                                                                                                                                                                                                                            (Sin[\theta_p[t]] h_p - Cos[\theta_p[t]] l_p + (x_2[t] - x_p[t]))
                                                                                                                                                                                                                        (-\;\text{Cos}\left[\theta_p\left[t\right]\right]\;h_p\;\text{-}\;\text{Sin}\left[\theta_p\left[t\right]\right]\;l_p\;\text{+}\;\left(y_2\left[t\right]\;\text{-}\;y_p\left[t\right]\right))
                                                      (Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] \ (\textbf{x}_{2}[t] - \textbf{x}_{p}[t]) + Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ (-\textbf{y}_{2}[t] + \textbf{y}_{p}[t])) + h_{p} \ (Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ (\textbf{x}_{2}[t] - \textbf{x}_{p}[t])) + h_{p} \ (Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] \ (\textbf{x}_{2}[t] - \textbf{x}_
                               "equations with no general forces :"
                            EOM =
                                        \mathsf{D} \left[ \mathcal{X}, \, \left\{ \mathsf{t}, \, 2 \right\} \right] \; = \; \left( \left( \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & \sigma \end{array} \right) \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\mathtt{A}} \right) \right) \cdot \mathcal{V}_1 \; + \; \left( \kappa \left( \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -\sigma \end{array} \right) \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\mathtt{B}} \, \mathcal{L} \right) \right) \cdot \mathcal{V}_2 \; - \; \left( \begin{array}{c} 0 \\ \gamma \\ 0 \end{array} \right) \; / / \; \mathsf{Flatten} \; ; 
Out[117]= \{\{x_p[t]\}, \{y_p[t]\}, \{\theta_p[t]\}\}
Out[118]= \{\kappa \to 1, \mathcal{L} \to 1\}
Out[119]= \left\{\kappa \to 1, \ \mathcal{L} \to 1, \ \omega_s^2 \to 1, \ \alpha \to 1, \ \gamma \to 1\right\}
Out[120]= \sqrt{(\sin[\theta_p[t]] h_p + \cos[\theta_p[t]] l_p + x_1[t] - x_p[t])^2 +}
                                                (-\cos[\theta_{p}[t]] h_{p} + \sin[\theta_{p}[t]] l_{p} + y_{1}[t] - y_{p}[t])^{2}
Out[121]= \sqrt{(\sin[\theta_p[t]] h_p - \cos[\theta_p[t]] l_p + x_2[t] - x_p[t])^2 +}
                                                (-\cos[\theta_{p}[t]] h_{p} - \sin[\theta_{p}[t]] l_{p} + y_{2}[t] - y_{p}[t])^{2}
Out[122]= \{\{\sin[\theta_{p}[t]] | h_{p} + \cos[\theta_{p}[t]] | l_{p} + x_{1}[t] - x_{p}[t]\},
                                    \{-\cos[\theta_{p}[t]] h_{p} + \sin[\theta_{p}[t]] l_{p} + y_{1}[t] - y_{p}[t]\},
                                    \{l_p (-Sin[\theta_p[t]] (x_1[t] - x_p[t]) + Cos[\theta_p[t]] (y_1[t] - y_p[t])) +
                                             h_{p} (Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] (x_{1}[t] - x_{p}[t]) + Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] (y_{1}[t] - y_{p}[t]))))
Out[123]= \{ \{ Sin[\theta_p[t]] | h_p - Cos[\theta_p[t]] | l_p + x_2[t] - x_p[t] \},
                                    \{-\cos[\theta_{p}[t]] h_{p} - \sin[\theta_{p}[t]] l_{p} + y_{2}[t] - y_{p}[t] \},
                                    \{h_p (Cos[\theta_p[t]] (x_2[t] - x_p[t]) + Sin[\theta_p[t]] (y_2[t] - y_p[t])\} +
                                               l_{p} (Sin[\theta_{p}[t]] (x_{2}[t] - x_{p}[t]) + Cos[\theta_{p}[t]] (-y_{2}[t] + y_{p}[t]))))
Out[124]= equations with no general forces :
```

```
\label{eq:local_local} $$\inf_{128}=$ nameChange = \{l_p \to w_p\};$$ EOM /. nameChange /. greekTermsSymetricCase // Flatten // MatrixForm // TraditionalForm
```

Out[129]//TraditionalForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix}
x_{p}''(t) \\
y_{p}''(t) \\
\theta_{p}''(t)
\end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix}
\sin(\theta_{p}(t)) h_{p} + \cos(\theta_{p}(t)) w_{p} + x_{1}(t) - x_{p}(t) \\
-\gamma + \left(1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{(\sin(\theta_{p}(t)) h_{p} + \cos(\theta_{p}(t)) w_{p} + x_{1}(t) - x_{p}(t))^{2} + (-\cos(\theta_{p}(t)) (y_{1}(t) - y_{p}(t)) - \sin(\theta_{p}(t)) (x_{1}(t) - x_{p}(t)) + h_{p}(\cos(\theta_{p}(t)) (x_{1}(t) - x_{p}(t)) + \sin(\theta_{p}(t)) (y_{1}(t) - y_{p}(t)) - \sin(\theta_{p}(t)) (x_{1}(t) - x_{p}(t)) + h_{p}(\cos(\theta_{p}(t)) (x_{1}(t) - x_{p}(t)) + \sin(\theta_{p}(t)) (y_{1}(t) - y_{p}(t))
\end{pmatrix}$$

 $\{x_p{'}(t) \to 0, \, y_p{'}(t) \to 0, \, \theta_p{'}(t) \to 0, \, x_p{''}(t) \to 0, \, y_p{''}(t) \to 0, \, \theta_p{''}(t) \to 0\}$ 

 $(\star \texttt{EquibStartConditions=}\{\texttt{x}_1 \texttt{[0]} \rightarrow \texttt{0}\,, \texttt{y}_1 \texttt{[0]} \rightarrow \texttt{0}\,, \texttt{x}_2 \texttt{[0]} \rightarrow \texttt{D}\,, \texttt{y}_2 \texttt{[0]} \rightarrow \texttt{y}_1 \texttt{[0]}\} \star)$ 

 $\text{In}[150] = \text{ EquibInputConditions} = \{x_1[t] \rightarrow 0, y_1[t] \rightarrow 0, x_2[t] \rightarrow 2 \text{ w}_p, y_2[t] \rightarrow y_1[t]\}$ 

 $\text{Out[150]= } \{ \, x_1 \, [\, t \, ] \, \to \, 0 \, , \, \, y_1 \, [\, t \, ] \, \to \, 0 \, , \, \, x_2 \, [\, t \, ] \, \to \, 2 \, \, w_p \, , \, \, y_2 \, [\, t \, ] \, \to \, y_1 \, [\, t \, ] \, \}$ 

Out[152]//TraditionalForm=

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \sin(\theta_{p}(t)) \ h_{p} - \cos(\theta_{p}(t)) \ w_{p} + 2 \ w_{p} - x_{p}(t) \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{(\sin(\theta_{p}(t)) \ h_{p} - \cos(\theta_{p}(t)) \ w_{p} - x_{p}(t))^{2} + (-\cos(\theta_{p}(t)) \ w_{p} - x_{p}(t)^{2} + (-\cos(\theta_{p}(t)) \ w_{p} - x_{p}(t))^{2} + (-\cos(\theta_{p}(t)) \ w_{p} - x_{p}(t))^{2} + ($$

ln[158]:= horizontalState =  $\{\theta_p[t] \rightarrow 0\}$ 

Out[158]=  $\{\Theta_p[t] \rightarrow 0\}$ 

In[160]:= SymetricEquibWithAssumption = SymetricEquib /. horizontalState

$$\begin{aligned} & \text{Out[160]= } \left\{ \left\{ 0 \right\}, \; \left\{ 0 \right\} \right\} \; = \; \left\{ \left\{ 2 \; \left( w_p - x_p[t] \right) \; \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{\left( w_p - x_p[t] \right)^2 + \left( -h_p - y_p[t] \right)^2}} \right) \right\}, \\ & \left\{ -\gamma + 2 \; \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{\left( w_p - x_p[t] \right)^2 + \left( -h_p - y_p[t] \right)^2}} \right) \; \left( -h_p - y_p[t] \right) \right\}, \\ & \left\{ -\alpha \; \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{\left( w_p - x_p[t] \right)^2 + \left( -h_p - y_p[t] \right)^2}} \right) \; \left( -h_p \; x_p[t] - w_p \; y_p[t] \right) - \alpha \; \left( 1 - \frac{1}{\sqrt{\left( w_p - x_p[t] \right)^2 + \left( -h_p - y_p[t] \right)^2}} \right) \; \left( h_p \; \left( 2 \; w_p - x_p[t] \right) + w_p \; y_p[t] \right) \right\} \right\} \end{aligned}$$

In[164]:= simpleEquibXYSolution =

 $Solve [ Symetric Equib With Assumption , ~ \{x_p[t] , y_p[t] \} ] ~//~Matrix Form //~Traditional Form //~T$ 

$$\begin{pmatrix} x_p(t) \to w_p & y_p(t) \to \frac{1}{2} (-\gamma - 2 h_p - 2) \\ x_p(t) \to w_p & y_p(t) \to \frac{1}{2} (-\gamma - 2 h_p + 2) \end{pmatrix}$$

 $ln[163] = Solve[SymetricEquib, {x<sub>p</sub>[t], y<sub>p</sub>[t], \theta<sub>p</sub>[t]}]$ 

Out[163]= \$Aborted

simple case testings:

$$\dot{y} = -1 \text{m/s}^2$$
 until  $\dot{y}_1 = \dot{y}_2 = 10 \text{LO}_1$   
 $\dot{y} = -1 \text{m/s}^2$  until  $\dot{y}_1 = \dot{y}_2 = 0$   
 $\dot{x}_1 = \dot{x}_2 = 1 \text{m/s}^2$  until  $\dot{x}_1 = \dot{x}_2 = 2 \text{m/s}$ 

disterbunce can be input by  $x_1+=5L0_1$  over  $\frac{1}{100 \sqrt{\omega_-}} \star$ )

(\*what needs to be done in order to keep horizontal payload? $(\theta_p[t] \rightarrow 0)$  :  ${\tt simpStep1/.\theta_p[t]} {\to} 0/.{\tt dispSimp//MatrixForm//TraditionalForm}$ 

$$\left( \begin{array}{c} \frac{k_1 \text{ rlx} \left( \sqrt{\text{rlx}^2 + \text{rly}^2} \right. - \text{LO}_1 \right)}{\sqrt{\text{rlx}^2 + \text{rly}^2}} + \frac{k_2 \text{ r2x} \left( \sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2} \right. - \text{LO}_2 \right)}{\sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2}} = m_p \text{ } \mathbf{x}_p ^{\prime\prime} \\ \\ \frac{k_1 \text{ rly} \left( \sqrt{\text{rlx}^2 + \text{rly}^2} \right. - \text{LO}_1 \right)}{\sqrt{\text{rlx}^2 + \text{rly}^2}} + \frac{k_2 \text{ r2y} \left( \sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2} \right. - \text{LO}_2 \right)}{\sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2}} = m_p \text{ } \left( \mathbf{g} + \mathbf{y}_p ^{\prime\prime} \right) \\ \\ \frac{k_1 \text{ } \left( \text{dr1} + \text{dr2} \right) \left( \sqrt{\text{r1x}^2 + \text{r1y}^2} \right. - \text{LO}_1 \right)}{2 \sqrt{\text{r1x}^2 + \text{r1y}^2}} + \frac{k_2 \text{ } \left( \text{dr3} + \text{dr4} \right) \left( \sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2} \right. - \text{LO}_2 \right)}{2 \sqrt{\text{r2x}^2 + \text{r2y}^2}} + \dot{\mathbf{h}}_p \text{ } \boldsymbol{\theta}_p ^{\prime\prime} = \mathbf{0} \right)$$

what needs to be done in order to keep horizontal payload± $\epsilon$ ? $(\theta_p[t] \rightarrow \delta\theta[t])$  :\*)