

```

public static int maxProduct(int[] arr) {
    int n = arr.length;
    int maxsf = 1;
    int minsf = 1;
    int result = 0;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        if (arr[i] > 0) {
            maxsf = maxsf * arr[i];
            minsf = Math.min(minsf * arr[i], 1);
        } else if (arr[i] == 0) {
            maxsf = 1;
            minsf = 1;
        } else {
            int temp = maxsf;
            maxsf = Math.max(minsf * arr[i], 1);
            minsf = temp * arr[i];
        }

        if (result < maxsf) {
            result = maxsf;
        }
    }
    return result;
}

```

2	3	-2	-4
0	1	2	3

$\text{maxsf} = 1$
 $\text{minsf} = 1$
 $\text{result} = 0 \neq 6$

$i=0$, $\text{maxsf} = 1 * 2 = 2$
 $\text{minsf} = (1 * 2, 1) = 1$

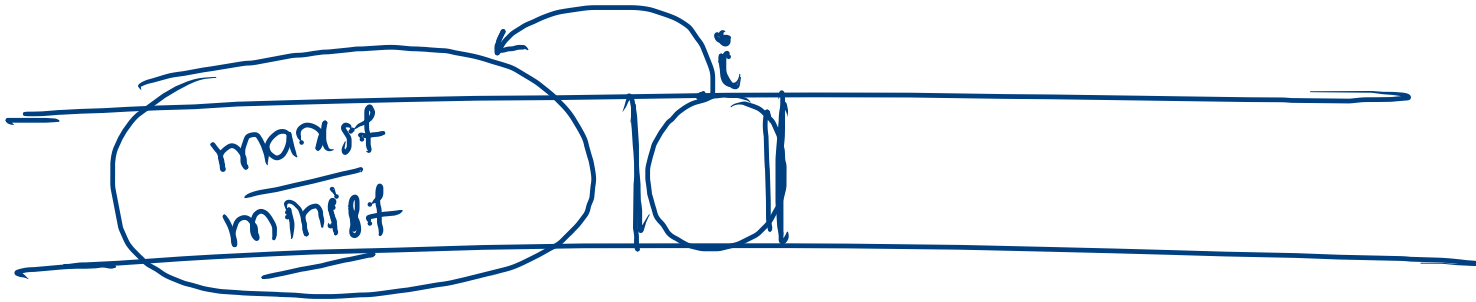
$i=1$, $\text{maxsf} = 2 * 3 = 6$
 $\text{minsf} = (1 * 3, 1) = 1$

$i=2$, $\text{maxsf} = (1 * -2, 1) = 1$
 $\text{minsf} = -12$

$i=3$, $\text{maxsf} = (-12 * -4, 1) = 48$
 $\text{minsf} = 1 * -4 = -4$

2 3 -2 4

↳ possible condition for a index 'i'



$$\rightarrow \text{maxst} = \max(\text{arr}[i] * \text{maxst}, \text{arr}[i] * \text{minst}, \text{arr}[i]) ;$$

$$\rightarrow \text{minst} = \min(\text{arr}[i] * \text{maxst}, \text{arr}[i] * \text{minst}, \text{arr}[i]) ;$$

code

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n = scn.nextInt();
    int[] arr = new int[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        arr[i] = scn.nextInt();
    }

    System.out.println(maxProduct(arr));
}

public static int maxProduct(int[] arr) {
    int minisf = arr[0];
    int maxisf = arr[0];
    int overallAns = arr[0];
    for (int i = 1; i < arr.length; i++) {
        int temp = maxisf;
        maxisf = Math.max( arr[i] , Math.max( arr[i] * maxisf, arr[i] * minisf ) );
        minisf = Math.min( arr[i] , Math.min( arr[i] * temp, arr[i] * minisf ) );
        overallAns = Math.max( overallAns, maxisf );
    }
    return overallAns;
}
```

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    int n = scn.nextInt();
    int[] arr = new int[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        arr[i] = scn.nextInt();
    }

    System.out.println(maxProduct(arr));
}

public static int maxProduct(int[] arr) {
    int minisf = arr[0];
    int maxisf = arr[0];
    int overallAns = arr[0];
    for (int i = 1; i < arr.length; i++) {
        int temp = maxisf;
        maxisf = Math.max( arr[i] , Math.max( arr[i] * maxisf, arr[i] * minisf ) );
        minisf = Math.min( arr[i] , Math.min( arr[i] * temp, arr[i] * minisf ) );
        update → overallAns = Math.max( overallAns, maxisf );
    }
    return overallAns;
}

```

2 -4 -1 3 -2 6
0 1 2 3 4 5

minisf = 2 overallans = ~~2~~ 8 ~~24~~ 36
 maxisf = 2

$i=1$, $maxisf = \max(-8, -8, -4) = -4$
 $minisf = \min(-8, -8, -4) = -8$

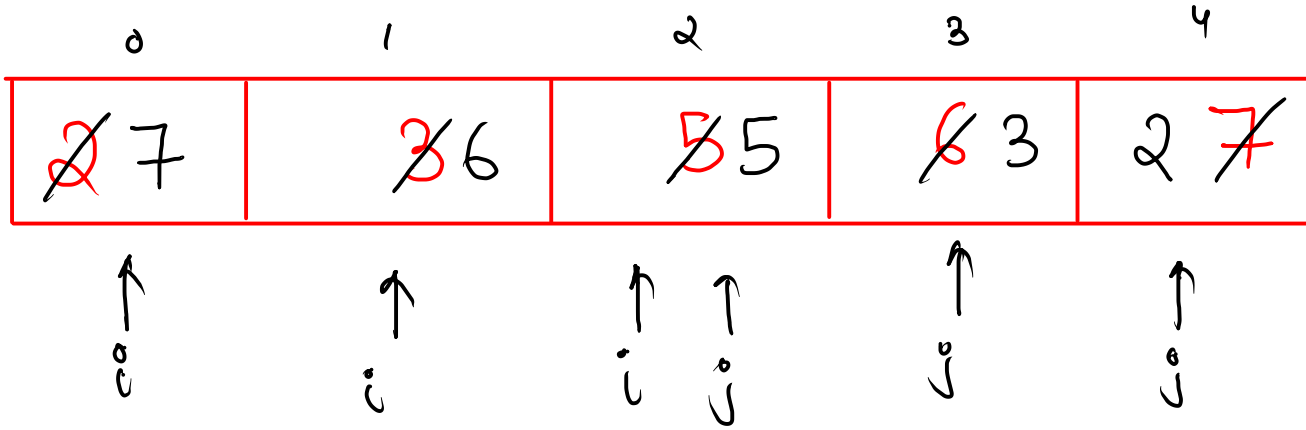
$i=2$, $maxisf = \max(4, 8, -1) = 8$
 $minisf = \min(4, 8, -1) = -1$

$i=3$, $maxisf = \max(24, -3, 3) = 24$
 $minisf = \min(24, -3, 3) = -3$

$i=4$, $maxisf = \max(-48, 6, -2) = 6$
 $minisf = \min(-48, 6, -2) = -48$

$i=5$, $maxisf = \max(36, -288, 6) = 36$
 $minisf = \min(36, -288, 6) = -288$

⇒ Two Pointer (pointer is used to point a value)
so that we will not lose it)



0 ≤ 4 , swap
1 ≤ 3 , swap
2 ≤ 2, swap

$(i \leq j)$

```
public static void reverseArray(int[] arr, int n) {  
    int i = 0;  
    int j = n - 1;  
    while (  $i \leq j$  ) {  
        int temp = arr[i];  
        arr[i] = arr[j];  
        arr[j] = temp;  
  
        i++;  
        j--;  
    }  
  
    for (int k = 0; k < n; k++) {  
        System.out.println(arr[k]);  
    }  
}
```

$i \ j$
↓ ↓

7	6	8	1	9
0	1	2	3	4
9	1	8	6	7

for($\text{int } i=0, j=n-1$; $i \leq j$; $i++, j--$) {
 swap (—————);
}

Interleaving x and y Elements

$$\frac{2N = 10}{N = 5}$$

$[x_1 \quad x_2 \quad x_3 \quad x_4 \quad x_5 \quad y_1 \quad y_2 \quad y_3 \quad y_4 \quad y_5]$

$[x_1 \quad y_1 \quad x_2 \quad y_2 \quad x_3 \quad y_3 \quad x_4 \quad y_4 \quad x_5 \quad y_5]$

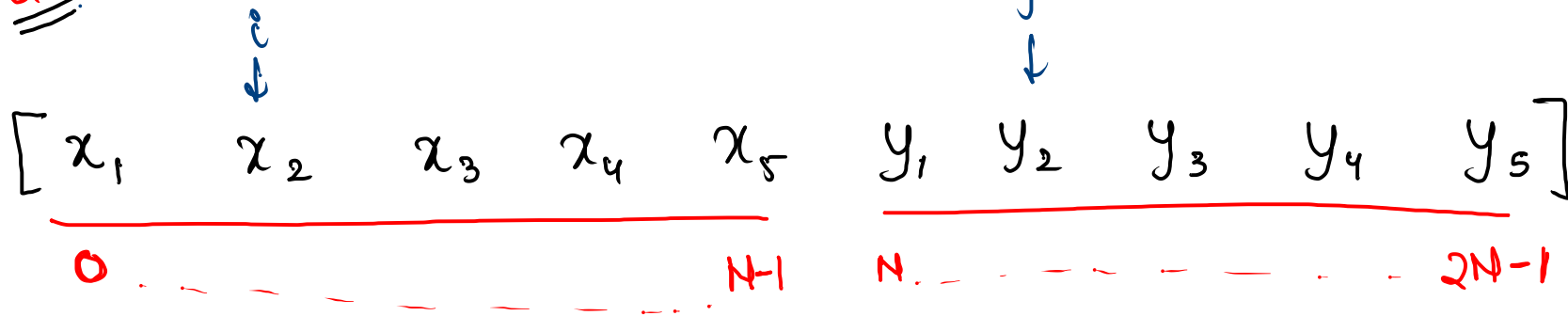
6 $\rightarrow 2N$

2	5	1	3	4	7
x_1	x_2	x_3	y_1	y_2	y_3

$$\underline{\underline{N = 3}}$$

$[2 \quad 3 \quad 5 \quad 4 \quad 1 \quad 7]$

size = 2N



ans = k

```
while ( _____ ) {  
    ans[k] = arr[i];  
    ans[k+1] = arr[j];  
    i++, j++;  
}
```


input = $2N$

size = $2N/2 = N$

```
public static int[] interleaving(int[] arr, int size) {  
    int i = 0;  
    int j = size;  
    [int[] ans = new int[2 * size];  
    int k = 0;  
    while (k < ans.length) {  
        → ans[k++] = arr[i++];  
        → ans[k++] = arr[j++];  
    }  
  
    return ans;  
}
```

1 2 3 4 5 6
0 1 2 3 4 5
↑ ↑
i j

ans

1	4	2	5	3	6
0	1	2	3	4	5

↙ x

$2N = 6$
 $N = 3$

iteration 1 : $\left[\begin{array}{l} K=0, i=0 \\ K=1, i=1 \end{array} \right]$ line 1

$\left[\begin{array}{l} K=1, j=3 \\ K=2, j=4 \end{array} \right]$ line 2

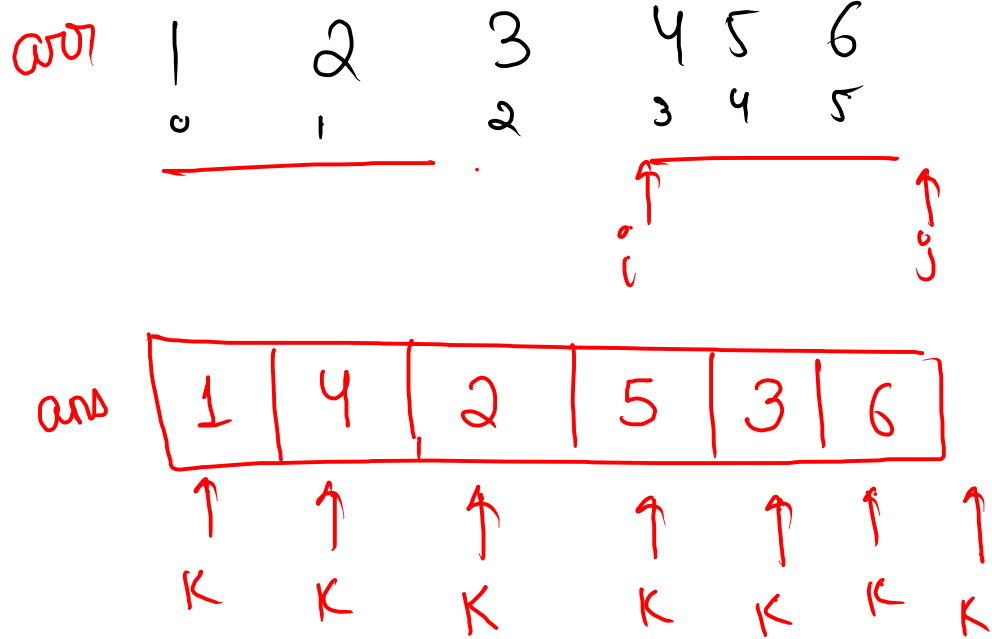
```

public static int[] interleaving(int[] arr, int size) {
    int i = 0;
    int j = size;
    int[] ans = new int[2 * size];
    int k = 0;
    while (k < ans.length) {
        ans[k] = arr[i];
        k++;
        i++;

        ans[k] = arr[j];
        k++;
        j++;
    }

    return ans;
}

```



for each loop iteration,
'k' is moving 2 times
while i and j are moving
once

k=0, i=0
k=1, i=1

Time complexity
 $O(N)$