

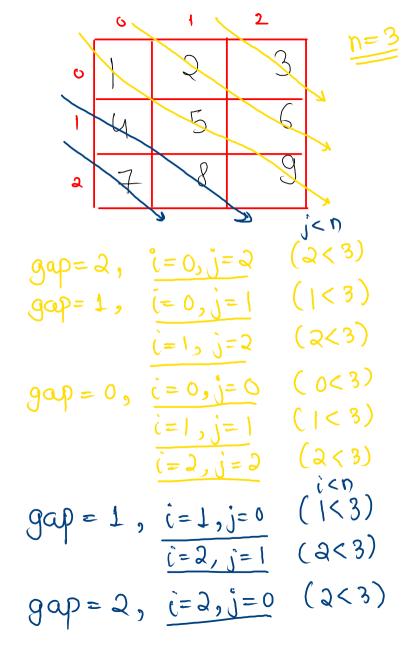
```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    int[][] arr = {
        \{1, 2, 3, 4\},\
        \{1, 5, 3, 5\},\
        {9, 8, 3, 0},
        {2, 4, 3, 9}
    };
    // 1 5 3 9 2 3 0 3 5 4
    int n = arr.length;
    for (int gap = 0; gap < n; gap++) {</pre>
        for ( int i = 0, j = gap; j < n; i++, j++) {</pre>
            System.out.print(arr[i][j] + " ");
```

$$\hat{j} = 0$$

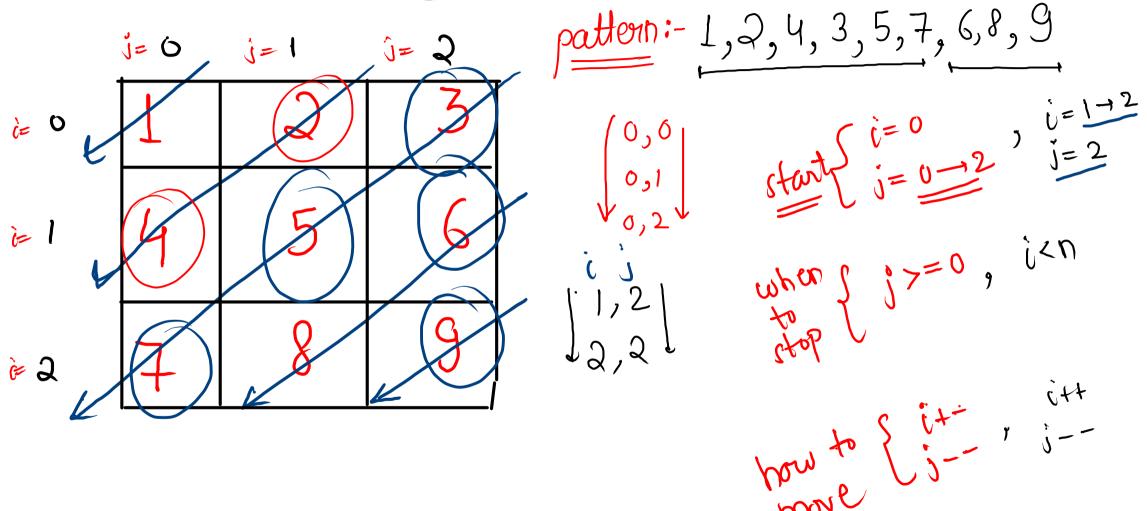
$$\hat{j} = 9$$

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
   int[][] arr = {
       \{1, 2, 3, 4\},\
       \{1, 5, 3, 5\},\
       {9, 8, 3, 0},
       {2, 4, 3, 9}
   };
   int n = arr.length;
  → for (int gap = n - 1; gap >= 0; gap--) {
     for (int i = 0, j = gap; j < n; i++, j++) {
           System.out.print(arr[i][j] + " ");
   for (int gap = 1; gap < n; gap++) {
       for ( int i = gap, j = 0; i < n; i++, j++) {
           System.out.print(arr[i][j] + " ");
```

3, 2, 6, 1, 5, 9, 4, 8, 7



Print the matrix left-diagonal wise



```
public static void solve(int[][] arr, int n) {
    for (int gap = 0; gap < n; gap++) {
        for ( int i = 0, j = gap; <math>j >= 0; i++, j--) {
            System.out.print(arr[i][j] + " ");
    for (int gap = 1; gap < n; gap++) \{
        for ( int i = gap, j = n - 1; i < n; i++, j--) {
            System.out.print(arr[i][j] + " ");
```

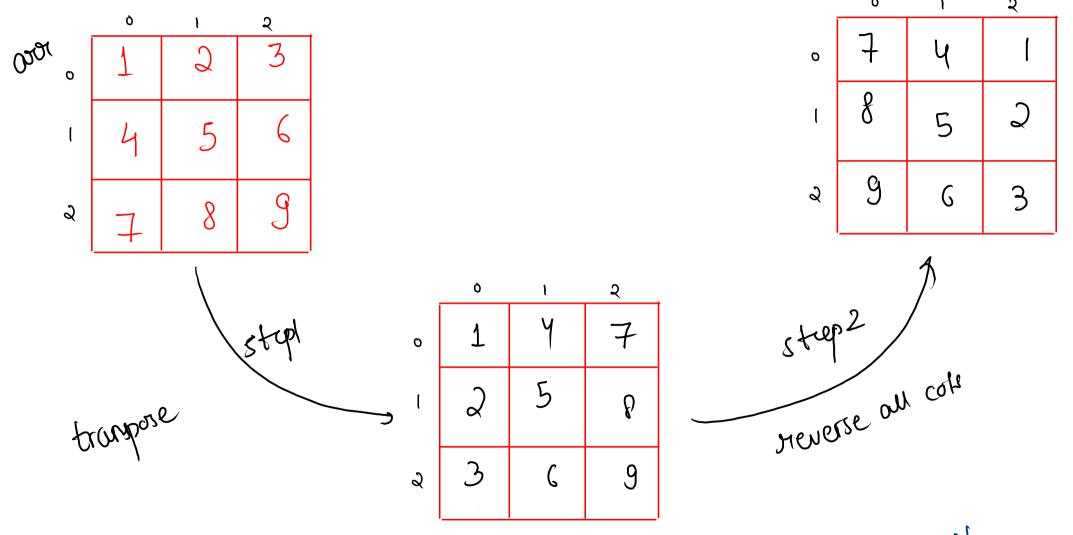
arrose

all nows will be changed to colored and all color will be changed to now.

code

```
public static void transpose(int[][] arr) {
   int n = arr.length;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       for (int j = i; j < n; j++) {
            int temp = arr[i][j];
            arr[i][j] = arr[j][i];
            arr[j][i] = temp;
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       for (int j = 0; j < n; j++) {
            System.out.print(arr[i][j] + " ");
       System.out.println();
```

Rotate The Matrix by 90 Degree



consider each now as 1d average and reverse it

```
public static void solve(int[][] arr) {
   // step 1
 transpose(arr);
   // step 2
 /reverseCols(arr);
                                                O
                                                                                    T. (= O(N2+N2)
  for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
      for (int j = 0; j < arr[0].length; j++) {
          System.out.print(arr[i][j] + " ");
      System.out.println();
                                                                                         \cong O(N^2)
public static void transpose(int[][] arr) {
                                                                       9
   int n = arr.length;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
       for (int j = i; j < n; j++) {
          int temp = arr[i][j];
          arr[i][i] = arr[i][i];
          arr[i][i] = temp;
                                                   1=0, j=ØL
                                                          Overlijlino, overlijlen-1-jj
public static void reverseCols(int[][] arr) {
   int n = arr.length;
   for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
                                                            antollo), antolles
      _for (int j = 0; j < n / 2; j++) {
          int temp = arr[i][j];
          arr[i][j] = arr[i][n - 1 - j];
          arr[i][n - 1 - j] = temp;
                                                           on [0][1], on[0][1]
```

Rotate The Matrix by 180 Degree

```
public static void solve(int[][] arr) {
   transpose(arr);
    reverseCols(arr);
    transpose(arr);
    reverseCols(arr);
    for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++) {
        for (int j = 0; j < arr[0].length; j++) {
            System.out.print(arr[i][j] + " ");
        System.out.println();
```

$$T_{0}C = 4 \times N^{2}$$

$$T_{0}C \cong O(N^{2})$$

$$S_{0}C = O(1)$$