

Search Character

(sorted)

arr = ['b', 'e', 'q', 's', 'y']

(char)

ch = 'x'

, ans = y

ch = b, ans = e

ch = 'm',

ans = q

ch = b, b > x ~~✗~~

ch = 'f',

ans = q

e e > x ~~✗~~

ch = 'z',

ans = -1

q q > x ~~✗~~

ch = 'a',

ans = b

s s > x ~~✗~~

y

y > x ✓

example

Example

arr = ['a' , 'b' , 'd' , 'f' , 'h' , 'k' , 'o' , 'p' , 'q' , 't' , 'v' , 'w' , 'x']

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

\uparrow
si

\uparrow
mid

\uparrow
ei

$$ch = w$$

pseudo code) until ($s_i \leq e_i$)

$$\text{mid} = (\text{si} + \text{ei}) / 2 ;$$
$$f_0' = ch$$

→ $0' > cb$

→ $f(0) < dn$

$$\begin{cases} \text{arr[mid]} == \text{ch} & , \text{si} = \text{mid} + 1 \\ \text{arr[mid]} > \text{ch} & , \text{ci} = \text{mid} - 1 \\ \text{arr[mid]} < \text{ch} & , \text{si} = \text{mid} + 1 \end{cases}$$

example

arr = ['a', 'b', 'd', 'f', 'h', 'k', 'o', 'p', 'q', 't', 'v', 'w', 'x']

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12

↑ ei
↑ si
↑ mid

ch = 'y'

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    char ch = scn.next().charAt(0);
    int n = scn.nextInt();
    char[] arr = new char[n];
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {
        arr[i] = scn.next().charAt(0);
    }
}
```

```
searchCharacter(arr, n, ch);
```

```
public static void searchCharacter(char[] arr, int n, char ch) {
```

```
    int si = 0;
```

```
    int ei = n - 1;
```

```
    while ( si <= ei ) {
```

```
        int mid = (si + ei) / 2;
```

```
        if ( arr[mid] <= ch ) {
```

```
            si = mid + 1;    // shift range to right
```

```
        } else {
```

```
            ei = mid - 1;    // shift range to left
```

```
        }
```

```
    if (si == n) {
```

```
        System.out.println( -1 );
```

```
    } else {
```

```
        System.out.println( arr[si] );
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

si = 0, ei = 12

mid = (0 + 12) / 2 = 6

mid = (7 + 12) / 2 = 9

mid = (10 + 12) / 2 = 11

mid = (12 + 12) / 2 = 12

'o' <= 'y'

't' <= 'y'

w <= y

x <= y

example

ch = 'c'
cur

ch

mid = (0 + 12) / 2 = 6 , 0 > c

mid = (0 + 5) / 2 = 2 , d > c

mid = (0 + 1) / 2 = 0 'a' <= c

mid = (1 + 1) / 2 = 1 'b' <= c

ans = 'd'

Find Last Occurrence

arr = [1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 5, 7, 9]



target = 3

$$\text{mid} = (0 + 9) / 2 = 4$$

$$\text{mid} = (5 + 9) / 2 = 7$$

$$\text{mid} = (5 + 6) / 2 = 5$$

$$\text{mid} = (6 + 6) / 2 = 6$$

Binary Search Upper Bound
(BSUB)

```

public static void binarySearch(int[] arr, int n, int target) {
    int si = 0;
    int ei = n - 1;
    while ( si <= ei ) {
        → int mid = (si + ei) / 2;
        if ( arr[mid] == target ) {
            if ( mid + 1 < arr.length && arr[mid] == arr[mid + 1] ) {
                si = mid + 1;
            } else {
                System.out.println(mid);
                return;
            }
        } else if ( arr[mid] > target ) {
            ei = mid - 1;
        } else {
            si = mid + 1;
        }
    }
    System.out.println(-1);
}

```

$si = 0, ei = 10$ $t = 3$

$mid = 5$

$mid = (6 + 10) / 2 = 8$

$mid = (6 + 7) / 2 = 6$

$mid = 6$

Arr [1, 2, 3, 3, 3, 3, 3, 5, 7, 9, 10]

Indices: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10

↑ si ↑ mid ↑ ei

⇒ Binary Search Lower Bound (BSLB)

```
public static void binarySearch(int[] arr, int n, int target) {  
    int si = 0;  
    int ei = n - 1;  
    while ( si <= ei ) {  
        int mid = (si + ei) / 2;  
        if ( arr[mid] == target ) {  
            if ( mid - 1 >= 0 && arr[mid] == arr[mid - 1] ) {  
                ei = mid - 1;  
            } else {  
                System.out.println(mid);  
                return;  
            }  
        } else if ( arr[mid] > target ) {  
            ei = mid - 1;  
        } else {  
            si = mid + 1;  
        }  
    }  
    System.out.println(-1);  
}
```

Find The Index of Rotation

Example 1

0	1	2	3	4	5
5	6	1	2	3	4

Ans = 1

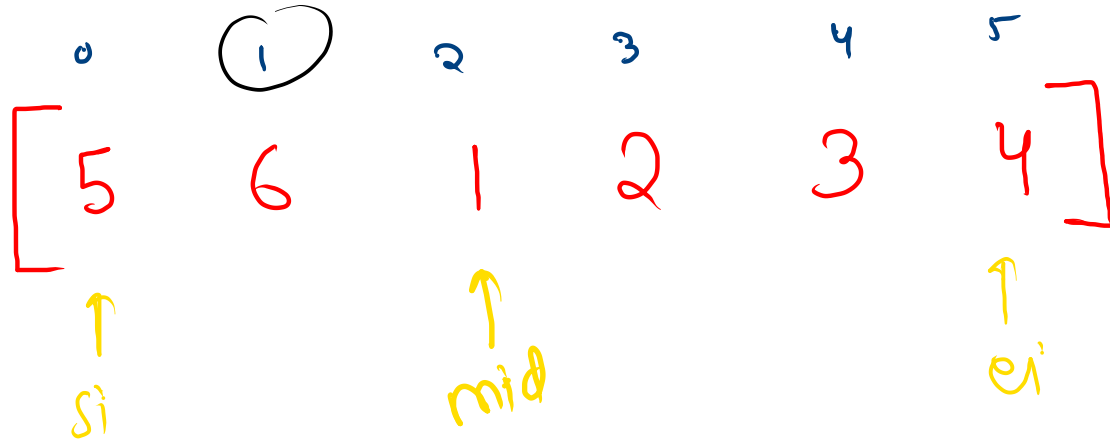
↑
mid

Example 2

→ [2 4 5 6 7]

→ [6 7 2 4 5] ans = 1

Example
1



ans = 1

```
if (arr[mid] > arr[mid+1]) {  
    sort(arr, mid);  
    return;  
} else if (arr[mid] > arr[0])  
    si = mid+1;  
else {  
    ei = mid;  
}
```