

⇒ HashMap

↳ Syntax :- `HashMap<keyDataType, valueDataType> map = new HashMap<>();`

⇒ put and remove functions of HM

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
```

```
    HashMap<String, Integer> map = new HashMap<>();
```

```
    // add elements as pair of key, value
```

```
    map.put( "Bharat", 350 );    // key, value → parameters
```

```
    map.put("SriLanka", 250);
```

```
    map.put("Australia", 300);
```

```
    map.put("Pak", 200);
```

```
    map.put("NZ", 175);
```

```
    System.out.println(map);
```

```
    // remove element from HM
```

```
    int score = map.remove("NZ");    // key → parameter
```

```
    System.out.println(map);
```

```
    System.out.println(score);
```

```
}
```

parameter
(remove fn will return value)

⇒ Replace function in HM

```
// map.replace("Australia", 310);  
map.put("Australia", 310);  
System.out.println(map);
```

(work same as put)

⇒ containsKey and containsValue

```
System.out.println(map.containsKey("Bharat"));  
System.out.println(map.containsKey("ABC"));
```

```
System.out.println(map.containsValue(310));  
System.out.println(map.containsValue(10));
```

Note:-

We can't have duplicate key in HM
but we can have duplicate value

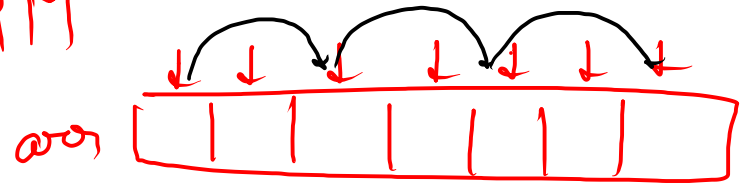
⇒ `map.isEmpty()`; // check if HM is
empty or not

⇒ `map.size()`; // returns the size
of HM

⇒ get some value for particular key

↳ `map.get(key);`

⇒ Iteration in HM



```
[ for (int i : arr)
    syso(i);
```

```
{ for (Map.Entry<String, Integer> entry : map.entrySet()) {
    String key = entry.getKey();
    Integer val = entry.getValue();
    System.out.println(key + ", " + val);
}
```

Bl = 500

→ keySet and values

```
for (String s : map.keySet()) {  
    System.out.println(s);  
}
```

→ provides
set of key

```
for (Integer i : map.values()) {  
    System.out.println(i);  
}
```

→ provides
set of values

code

∞
loop

```
public class Solution {
    public static HashMap<String, String> map;
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);

        map = new HashMap<>();

        while (true) {
            int n = scn.nextInt();
            if (n == 1) {
                String word = scn.next();
                String meaning = scn.next();
                addElement(word, meaning);
            } else if (n == 2) {
                String word = scn.next();
                printMeaning(word);
            } else if (n == 3) {
                String word = scn.next();
                removeWord(word);
            } else if (n == 4) {
                break;
            }
        }

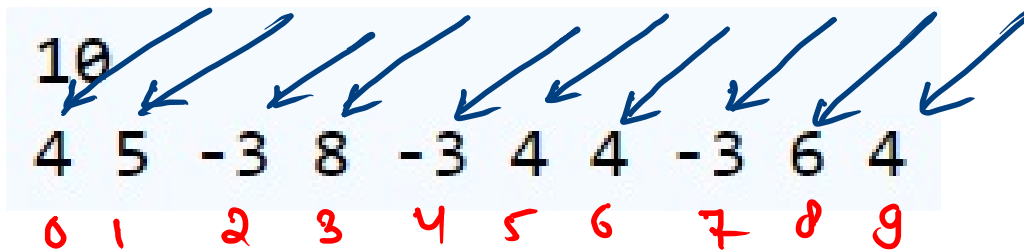
        public static void addElement(String word, String meaning) {
            map.put(word, meaning);
        }

        public static void printMeaning(String word) {
            String meaning = map.get(word);
            if (meaning == null) {
                System.out.println(-1);
                return;
            }
            System.out.println(meaning);
            // System.out.println(map.get(word) == null ? -1 : map.get(word));
        }

        public static void removeWord(String word) {
            map.remove(word);
        }
    }
}
```

while (i < n)
true
false

Same Number Same Frequency



value vs freq

HM

4 → ~~1~~ ~~2~~ ~~3~~ 4

5 → 1

-3 → ~~1~~ ~~2~~ 3

8 → 1

6 → 1

check

num = |4| = 4 }
freq = 4

map

{-3=3, 4=4, 5=1, 6=1, 8=1}

num = |-3| = 3 }
freq = 3

code

```
public static void SNSF(ArrayList<Integer> arr) {  
    HashMap<Integer, Integer> map = new HashMap<Integer, Integer>();  
    for (int i = 0; i < arr.size(); i++) {  
        int num = arr.get(i);  
        if ( map.containsKey(num) ) {  
            int freq = map.get(num);  
            map.put( num, freq + 1 );  
        } else {  
            map.put( num, 1 );  
        }  
    }  
}
```

N

$\rightarrow O(N)$
 $O(N)$

$O(N)$
 $O(N^2)$

```
ArrayList<Integer> ans = new ArrayList<>();  
for (Map.Entry<Integer, Integer> entry: map.entrySet()) {  
    int num = entry.getKey();  
    int freq = entry.getValue();  
    if ( Math.abs(num) == freq ) {  
        ans.add(num);  
    }  
}
```

```
Collections.sort(ans);  
for (int i : ans) {  
    System.out.println(i);  
}
```

}

$K \ll N$

K

$\rightarrow (K \log K)$

Time Complexity of all HM
functions are amortised $O(1)$

arr 100

$O(1) \rightarrow 1$

amortised $O(N) \rightarrow 3 \text{ or } 4$