

Arraylist

↗ triangular braces

↳ `AL<Integer> arr = new AL<>();`

↳ `arr.add(5);`

5

↳ `arr.add(6);`

5	6
---	---

↳ `arr.add(0, 7);`

7	5	6
---	---	---

↳ `arr.set(1, 2);`

7	2	6
---	---	---

↳ `arr.add(1, 3);`

7	3	2	6
---	---	---	---

↳ `arr.remove(3);`

7	3	2
---	---	---

// ↳ `arr.add(7, 3);`

error

↳ `arr.get(3);`

error

```

public static void main(String[] args) {
    ArrayList<Integer> arr = new ArrayList<>();

    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
    int t = scn.nextInt();
    for (int i = 0; i < t; i++) {
        int c = scn.nextInt();
        if (c == 1) {
            size(arr);
        } else if ( c == 2 ) {
            printAndRemoveFromLast(arr);
        } else if ( c == 3 ) {
            int x = scn.nextInt();
            printAndAddLast(arr, x);
        } else if ( c == 4 ) {
            printAndRemoveFromStart(arr);
        } else if ( c == 5 ) {
            int x = scn.nextInt();
            printAndAddAtStart(arr, x);
        } else if ( c == 6 ) {
            traverse(arr);
        } else {
            System.out.println("invalid");
        }
    }
}

```

Handwritten notes:
 A red bracket on the left side of the for loop.
 Above the for loop: 1,2,3,4,5,6
 Next to the else block: *else { System.out.println("invalid"); }*

```

public static void size(ArrayList<Integer> arr) {
    int s = arr.size();
    System.out.println(s);
}

public static void printAndRemoveFromLast(ArrayList<Integer> arr) {
    if (arr.size() == 0) {
        System.out.println("invalid-move");
        return;
    }

    int ele = arr.get( arr.size() - 1 );
    System.out.println(ele);

    arr.remove( arr.size() - 1 );
}

public static void printAndAddLast(ArrayList<Integer> arr, int x) {
    System.out.println(x);
    arr.add(x);
}

public static void printAndRemoveFromStart(ArrayList<Integer> arr) {
    if (arr.size() == 0) {
        System.out.println("invalid-move");
        return;
    }

    int ele = arr.get(0);
    System.out.println(ele);

    arr.remove(0);
}

public static void printAndAddAtStart(ArrayList<Integer> arr, int x) {
    System.out.println(x);
    arr.add(0, x);
}

public static void traverse(ArrayList<Integer> arr) {
    if (arr.size() == 0) {
        System.out.println("invalid-move");
        return;
    }

    for (int i = 0; i < arr.size(); i++) {
        System.out.print( arr.get(i) + " " );
    }
    System.out.println();
}

```

ArrayList Printing

for and for each loop

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    ArrayList<Integer> arr = new ArrayList<>();  
  
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);  
    int n = scn.nextInt();  
    for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        int ele = scn.nextInt();  
        arr.add( ele );  
    }  
  
    // using for loop  
    for (int i = 0; i < arr.size(); i++) {  
        System.out.print(arr.get(i) + " ");  
    }  
    System.out.println();  
  
    // using for each loop  
    for (Integer i : arr) {  
        System.out.print(i + " ");  
    }  
}
```

here 'i' will be index

here 'i' will be
AL value

ArrayList reverse printing

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    ArrayList<Integer> arr = new ArrayList<>();
```

```
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);
```

```
    int n = scn.nextInt();
```

```
    [ for (int i = 0; i < n; i++) {  
        int ele = scn.nextInt();  
        arr.add( ele );  
    }
```

// created arraylist

```
    // using for loop
```

```
    [ for (int i = arr.size() - 1; i >= 0; i--) {  
        System.out.print(arr.get(i) + " ");  
    }  
    System.out.println();
```

// for loop in
reverse

```
    // using for each loop
```

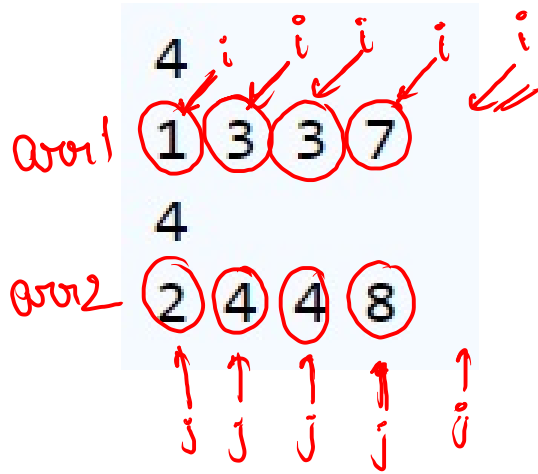
```
    Collections.reverse(arr);    // O(N)
```

```
    for (Integer i : arr) {  
        System.out.print(i + " ");  
    }
```

// reverse AL
and print

```
}
```

Merge two sorted arrays 7



```
if ( arr1[i] < arr2[j] ) {  
    ans.add( arr1[i] );  
    i++;  
} else {  
    ans.add( arr2[j] );  
    j++;  
}
```

`ans = 1 2 3 3 4 4 7 8`

```

int i = 0;
int j = 0;
while (i < arr1.length && j < arr2.length) {
    if (arr1[i] < arr2[j]) {
        ans.add( arr1[i] );
        i++;
    } else {
        ans.add( arr2[j] );
        j++;
    }
}

```

```

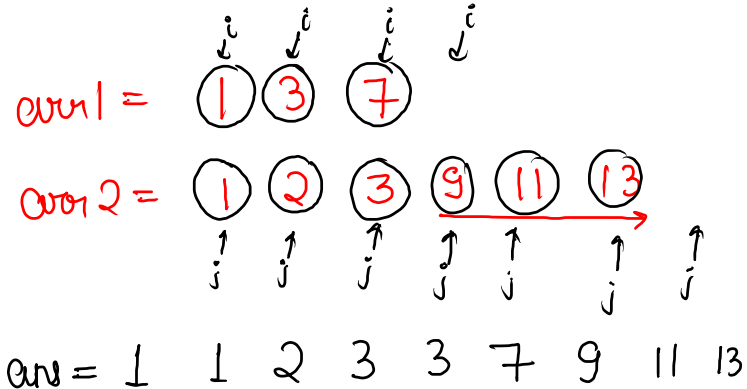
while (i < arr1.length) {
    ans.add( arr1[i] );
    i++;
}

```

```

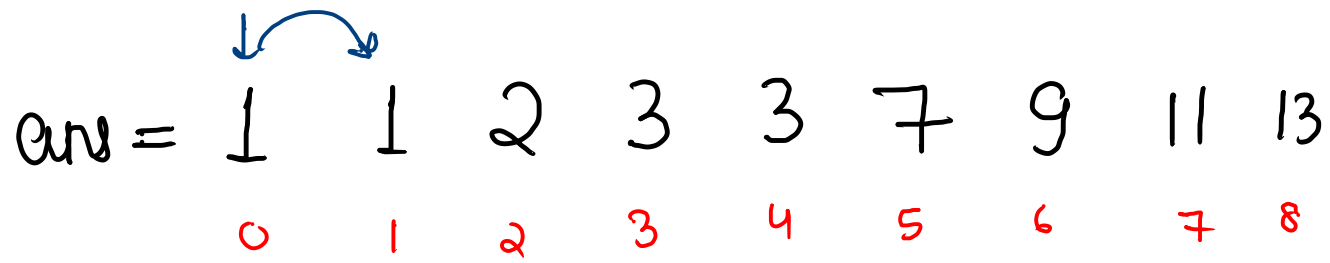
while (j < arr2.length) {
    ans.add( arr2[j] );
    j++;
}

```



(right now, we are
 only trying merge 2
 arrays into arraylist)

ans = 1 1 2 3 3 7 9 11 13
0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8



```
while ( idx < ans.size() ) {  
    if ( ans.get(idx) == ans.get(idx+1) ) {  
        ans.remove(idx);  
    } else {  
        idx++;  
    }  
}
```

code

part 1

```
public static void mergeArrays(int[] arr1, int[] arr2) {
    ArrayList<Integer> ans = new ArrayList<>();
    int i = 0;
    int j = 0;
    while (i < arr1.length && j < arr2.length) {
        if ( arr1[i] < arr2[j] ) {
            ans.add( arr1[i] );
            i++;
        } else {
            ans.add( arr2[j] );
            j++;
        }
    }

    while (i < arr1.length) {
        ans.add( arr1[i] );
        i++;
    }

    while (j < arr2.length) {
        ans.add( arr2[j] );
        j++;
    }

    // to remove duplicate
    int idx = 0;
    while (idx < ans.size() - 1) {
        if (ans.get(idx) == ans.get(idx + 1)) {
            ans.remove(idx);
        } else {
            idx++;
        }
    }

    // print
    for (Integer val : ans) {
        System.out.print(val + " ");
    }
}
```

part 2

dry run
of part 2

ans = ⁰1 ¹1 ²1 ³1 ⁴2 ⁵3 ⁶3 ⁷3 ⁸4 ⁹4

idx
↑

⁰1 ¹1 ²1 ³2 ⁴3 ⁵3 ⁶3 ⁷4 ⁸4

idx
↑

1 2 (3) 3 3 4 4
idx idx idx

1 2 (3) 3 4 4
idx

1 2 3 (4) 4
idx idx

1 2 3 4
idx

// to remove duplicate

```
int idx = 0;
while (idx < ans.size() - 1) {
    if (ans.get(idx) == ans.get(idx + 1)) {
        ans.remove(idx);
    } else {
        idx++;
    }
}
```

HW_reverse by words

0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9
↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓ ↓
"This is a sentence"

str = ~~siht~~ si a ecnetnes

ans = siht_si_a_

ans = ans + str

str = ch + str

"siht si a ecnetnes"