

Print n/3

→ from n to 0 by /3

int n = 29

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);  
    ✓ int n = scn.nextInt();  
  
    [ for (int i = n; i > 0; i = i / 3) {  
        System.out.print(i + " ");  
    }  
}
```

i = 29, (29 > 0) ✓

i = 9, (9 > 0) ✓

i = 3, (3 > 0) ✓

i = 1, (1 > 0) ✓

i = 0, (0 > 0) ✗

o/p

| | | | |
|----|---|---|---|
| 29 | 9 | 3 | 1 |
|----|---|---|---|

Print powers of 2 less than n

int n = 150

o/p:- 1 2 4 8 16 32 64 128

↳ from 1 to n by *2

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);  
    int n = scn.nextInt();  
  
    for (int i = 1; i < n; i *= 2) {  
        System.out.print(i + " ");  
    }  
}
```

o/p

| | | | | | |
|---|---|---|---|----|----|
| 1 | 2 | 4 | 8 | 16 | 32 |
|---|---|---|---|----|----|

n = 50

i=1, (1<50) ✓
i=2, (2<50) ✓
i=4, (4<50) ✓
i=8, (8<50) ✓
i=16, (16<50) ✓
i=32, (32<50) ✓
i=64, (64<50) X

Multiples of 3, 5 and Both 3 and 5

n = 20

o/p:- 3, 5, 6, 9, 10, 12, 15, 18, 20

both
↓

↳ from 1 to n by +1

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);  
    int n = scn.nextInt();
```

```
    for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++) {  
        if (i % 3 == 0 && i % 5 == 0) {  
            System.out.print(i + " ");  
        } else if (i % 3 == 0) {  
            System.out.print(i + " ");  
        } else if (i % 5 == 0) {  
            System.out.print(i + " ");  
        }  
    }  
}
```

⇒ While loop

Syntax

initialization

while (condition) {

// statement

upgradation

}

Ex 3-

```
for ( int i=0 ; i<=10 ; i++){  
    // statement  
}
```

\Leftrightarrow

```
int i=0  
while (i<=10) {  
    // statement  
    i++  
}
```

Print 0 to n

↳ from 0 to n by +1

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    → Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);  
    → int n = scn.nextInt();  
  
    → int i = 0;  
    while (i <= n) {  
        ↳ System.out.println(i);  
        ↳ i++;  
    }  
}
```

0
1
2
3
4
5

n = 5;

i = 0, (0 <= 5) ✓

i = 1, (1 <= 5) ✓

i = 2, (2 <= 5) ✓

i = 3, (3 <= 5) ✓

i = 4, (4 <= 5) ✓

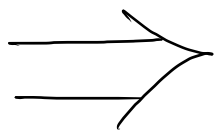
i = 5, (5 <= 5) ✓

i = 6, (6 <= 5) X

Printing 5 to N(While Loop)

↳ from 5 to N by +1

```
public static void main(String[] args) {  
    Scanner scn = new Scanner(System.in);  
    int n = scn.nextInt();  
  
    int i = 5;  
    while (i <= n) {  
        System.out.println(i);  
        i++;  
    }  
}
```



do while loop (it will always run)
atleast one time

Syntax

initialization

do {

// statement

upgradation

} while (condition);

ex:-

```
int i = 10;
```

```
do {
```

```
    Sys0(i);
```

```
    i++;
```

```
} while (i <= 6);
```

s/p

10