## SURIYA S 225229140 SUB QUERIES

SQL> select \* from dept;

DEPARTMENT	_ID	DEPART	MENT_NAME	MANAGER_	ID LOCATI	ON_ID
10 20 30 40 50 60 70 80		admininstration marketing purchasing humanresource payroll shipping sales contracting		204 205	1700 1800 1900 1700 1900 1700	
8 rows selections	ected. t * from emp	ployees;				
EMP_ID COMMISSION		LAST_NAME	HIRE_DATE	JOB_ID	SALARY	
MANAGER_ID	DEPARTMENT					
100 201			10-DEC-2021	M_P	70000	.1
101 203		bing 40	11-AUG-2021	HR	45000	.19
102 202		geller 30	24-SEP-2021	P_EMP	13000	.2
EMP_ID COMMISSION	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	HIRE_DATE	JOB_ID	SALARY	
MANAGER_ID	DEPARTMENT_	_ID				
103		green	10-SEP-2020	A_VP	25000	.16
104 201	phoebe	buffay 20	11-FEB-2021	M_VP	60000	.3
105 206		geller 70	18-MAY-2022	S_EMP	10000	.13
EMP_ID COMMISSION	_	_	HIRE_DATE	_	SALARY	
MANAGER_ID	DEPARTMENT	_ID				
106 204		kumar 50	17-MAR-2022	PY_EMP	12000	.16

107 207		prasath 80	09-OCT-2021	C_MD	45000	.18
		eshwari 70	01-SEP-2021	S_EXE	35000	.1
EMP_ID COMMISSION	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	HIRE_DATE	JOB_ID	SALARY	
MANAGER_ID	DEPARTMENT_	_ID				
109 200	rolex	_	11-NOV-2021	A_EXE	50000	.11
110 202	newlin blessy 30		09-JUN-2021	P_EXE	25000	.1
		peter 60	18-JUL-2020	SP_EXE	36000	.16
EMP_ID COMMISSION	_	_	HIRE_DATE	_		
 MANAGER_ID	DEPARTMENT	_ID				
112 207	sam	victor 80	09-JAN-2020	CNTR	40000	.14
113 206	harish		03-DEC-2021	S_MD	23000	.1

<sup>14</sup> rows selected.

### FIRST\_NAME LAST NAME \_\_\_\_\_ swetha jenifer chandler bing racheal green buffay phoebe hari prasath eshwari yoga suriya rolex blessy newlin peter joshwa sam victor harish umesh

<sup>1.</sup> write a SQL query to find those employees who receive a higher salary than the  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{SQL}}$ 

employee with ID 163. Return first name, last name.

SQL> SELECT first\_name, last\_name FROM employees WHERE salary > ( SELECT salary FROM employees WHERE emp\_id=102 );

<sup>11</sup> rows selected.

the employee whose  ${\tt ID}$  is 169. Return first name, last name, department  ${\tt ID}$  and

job ID.

SQL> SELECT first\_name, last\_name, salary, department\_id, job\_id FROM
employees WHERE job\_id = ( SELECT job\_id FROM employees WHERE emp\_id=103
);

FIRST\_NAME LAST\_NAME SALARY DEPARTMENT\_ID JOB\_ID

racheal green 25000 10 A VP

3. write a SQL query to find those employees whose salary matches the lowest

salary of any of the departments. Return first name, last name and department  $% \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) +\left( 1$ 

ID.

SQL> SELECT first\_name, last\_name, salary, department\_id FROM employees WHERE salary IN ( SELECT MIN(salary) FROM employees GROUP BY department id );

FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	SALARY	DEPARTMENT_ID	
chandler	bing	45000	40	
monica	geller	13000	30	
racheal	green	25000	10	
phoebe	buffay	60000	20	
ross	geller	10000	70	
dinesh	kumar	12000	50	
hari	prasath	45000	80	
newlin	blessy	25000	30	
joshwa	peter	36000	60	
sam	victor	40000	80	

- 10 rows selected.
- 4. write a SQL query to find those employees who earn more than the average  $\,$

salary. Return employee ID, first name, last name.

SQL> SELECT emp\_id, first\_name,last\_name FROM employees WHERE salary > (
SELECT AVG(salary) FROM employees);

# EMP\_ID FIRST\_NAME LAST\_NAME

100	swetha	jenifer
101	chandler	bing
104	phoebe	buffay
107	hari	prasath
108	yoga	eshwari
109	rolex	suriya
111	joshwa	peter
112	sam	victor

- 8 rows selected.
- 5. write a SQL query to find those employees who report to that manager whose  $\frac{1}{2}$

first name is 'Payam'. Return first name, last name, employee  ${\tt ID}$  and salary.

SQL> SELECT first\_name, last\_name, emp\_id, salary FROM employees WHERE
manager\_id = (SELECT manager\_id FROM employees WHERE first\_name =
'newlin');

monica geller 102 13000 newlin blessy 110 25000 102 13000 6. write a SQL query to find all those employees who work in the Finance department. Return department ID, name (first), job ID and department name. SQL> SELECT e.department id, e.first name, e.job id , d.department name FROM employees e , dept d WHERE e.department id = d.department id AND d.department name = 'marketing'; DEPARTMENT\_ID FIRST\_NAME JOB\_ID DEPARTMENT\_NAME 20 swetha M\_P marketing 20 phoebe M\_VP marketing 7. write a SQL query to find the employee whose salary is 3000 and reporting person's ID is 121. Return all fields. SQL> SELECT \* FROM employees WHERE salary=70000.00 and manager id=201; EMP ID FIRST NAME LAST NAME HIRE DATE JOB ID COMMISSION MANAGER\_ID DEPARTMENT\_ID 100 swetha jenifer 10-DEC-2021 M\_P 70000 .1 201 20 8. write a SQL query to find those employees whose ID matches any of the numbers 134, 159 and 183. Return all the fields. SQL> SELECT \* FROM employees WHERE emp id IN (100,103,106); EMP ID FIRST NAME LAST NAME HIRE DATE JOB ID COMMISSION MANAGER ID DEPARTMENT ID -----100 swetha jenifer 10-DEC-2021 M\_P 70000 .1 201 20 103 racheal green 10-SEP-2020 A\_VP 200 10 25000 .16 106 dinesh kumar 17-MAR-2022 PY\_EMP 12000 .16 9. write a SQL query to find those employees whose salary is in the range 10000, and 30000 (Begin and end values have included.). Return all the SQL> SELECT \* FROM employees WHERE salary BETWEEN 10000 and 30000; EMP ID FIRST NAME LAST NAME HIRE DATE JOB ID COMMISSION MANAGER ID DEPARTMENT ID \_\_\_\_\_ 102 monica geller 24-SEP-2021 P\_EMP 13000 .2 202 30

103 200	racheal	green 10	10-SEP-2020	A_VP	25000	.16
105 206	ross	geller 70	18-MAY-2022	S_EMP	10000	.13
EMP_ID COMMISSION	FIRST_NAME	LAST_NAME	HIRE_DATE	JOB_ID	SALARY	
MANAGER_ID	DEPARTMENT_	_ID				
106 204	dinesh	kumar 50	17-MAR-2022	PY_EMP	12000	.16
110 202	newlin	blessy 30	09-JUN-2021	P_EXE	25000	.1
113 206	harish	umesh 70	03-DEC-2021	S_MD	23000	.1

<sup>6</sup> rows selected.

10. write a SQL query to find those employees who get second-highest salary.

Return all the fields of the employees.

SQL> SELECT \* FROM employees WHERE emp\_id IN (SELECT emp\_id FROM
employees WHERE salary = (SELECT MAX(salary) FROM employees WHERE salary
< (SELECT MAX(salary) FROM employees)));</pre>

EM	P_ID	FIRST	_NAME	LAST	NAME	HIRE	_DATE	JOB_	± D	SALARY	
COMMIS			<del>_</del>		_		_	_	_		

# MANAGER ID DEPARTMENT ID

\_\_\_\_\_

104 phoebe buffay 11-FEB-2021 M\_VP 60000 .3 201

11. write a SQL query to find those employees who earn more than the  $\ensuremath{\operatorname{average}}$ 

salary and work in the same department as an employee whose first name
contains the letter e. Return employee ID, first name and salary.
SQL> SELECT emp\_id, first\_name , salary FROM employees WHERE salary >
(SELECT AVG (salary) FROM employees ) AND department\_id IN ( SELECT
department\_id FROM employees WHERE first\_name LIKE '%e%');

### EMP\_ID FIRST\_NAME SALARY

104 phoebe 60000

100 swetha 70000

101 chandler 45000

109 rolex 50000

12. write a SQL query to find those employees whose salary is lower than that of  $\,$ 

employees whose job title is  $\C_MD'$ . Return employee ID, first name, last name, job ID.

SQL> SELECT emp\_id,first\_name,last\_name, job\_id FROM employees WHERE
salary < ANY ( SELECT salary FROM employees WHERE job\_id = 'C\_MD' ) AND
job id <> 'C MD';

# EMP\_ID\_FIRST\_NAME LAST\_NAME JOB\_ID 105 ross geller S\_EMP 106 dinesh kumar PY\_EMP 102 monica geller P\_EMP 113 harish umesh S\_MD 103 racheal green A\_VP 110 newlin blessy P\_EXE 108 yoga eshwari S\_EXE 111 joshwa peter SP\_EXE 112 sam victor CNTR

<sup>9</sup> rows selected.