20

40

30

marketing purchasing
humanresource

```
SQL> create table deprt(department id number(10), department name
varchar(16), manager id number(10), location id number(10));
Table created.
SQL> desc deprt;
                                       Null? Type
Name
DEPARTMENT ID
                                                 NUMBER (10)
DEPARTMENT NAME
                                                 VARCHAR2 (16)
MANAGER ID
                                                 NUMBER (10)
LOCATION ID
                                                 NUMBER (10)
SQL> insert into deprt values(10, 'admininstration', 200, 1700);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into deprt values (20, 'marketing', 201, 1700);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into deprt values (30, 'purchasing', 202, 1800);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into deprt values (40, 'humanresource', 203, 1900);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into deprt values (50, 'payroll', 204, 1700);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into deprt values(60, 'shipping', 205, 1900);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into deprt values (70, 'sales', 206, 1700);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into deprt values (80, 'contracting', 207, 1700);
1 row created.
SQL> select * from deprt;
               DEPARTMENT_NAME MANAGER_ID LOCATION ID
DEPARTMENT ID
                  ______
                  admininstration 200
                                                1700
1700
          10
```

201

202

203

1800

1900

| | 50 60 70 80 | payroll shipping sales contracting | 204 205 206 207 | 1700 1900 1700 1700 | |
|---|----------------------|---|--------------------------|---|--|
| 8 rows sele | ected. | | | | |
| SQL> create table empl(emp_id number(10), first_name varchar(10), last_name varchar(10), hire_date varchar(13), job_id varchar(10), salary varchar(10), commission_pct varchar(10), manager_id number(10), department_id number(10)); | | | | | |
| Table creat | ted. | | | | |
| SQL> desc e | empl; | | Null? | Type | |
| EMP_ID LAST_NAME HIRE_DATE JOB_ID SALARY COMMISSION MANAGER_ID DEPARTMENT |) | | | NUMBER (10) VARCHAR2 (10) VARCHAR2 (10) VARCHAR2 (13) VARCHAR2 (10) VARCHAR2 (10) VARCHAR2 (10) NUMBER (10) NUMBER (10) | |
| | | pl values(100,'swe 0,0.10,201,20); | tha','jenifer' | ,'10-DEC- | |
| 1 row creat | ed. | | | | |
| | | pl values(101,'cha,0.19,203,40); | ndler','bing', | '11-AUG- | |
| 1 row creat | ted. | | | | |
| | | pl values(102,'mon .00,0.20,202,30); | ica','geller', | '24-SEP- | |
| 1 row creat | ted. | | | | |
| SQL> insert into empl values(103, 'racheal', 'green', '10-SEP-2020', 'A_VP', 25000.00, 0.16, 200, 10); | | | | | |
| 1 row creat | 1 row created. | | | | |
| | | pl values(104,'pho 00,0.30,201,20); | ebe','buffay', | '11-FEB- | |
| 1 row creat | ed. | | | | |
| <pre>SQL> insert into empl values(105,'ross','geller','18-MAY- 2022','S_EMP',10000.00,0.13,206,70);</pre> | | | | | |

1 row created.

SQL> insert into empl values(106, 'dinesh', 'kumar', '17-MAR-

2022', 'PY EMP', 12000.00, 0.16, 204, 50);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into empl values(107, 'hari', 'prasath', '09-OCT-2021', 'C_MD', 45000.00, 0.18, 207, 80);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into empl values(108, 'yoga', 'eshwari', '01-SEP-2021', 'S EXE', 35000.00, 0.10, 206, 70);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into empl values(109, 'rolex', 'suriya', '11-NOV-2021', 'A EXE', 50000.00, 0.11, 200, 10);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into empl values(110, 'newlin', 'blessy', '09-JUN-2021', 'P EXE', 25000.00, 0.10, 202, 30);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into empl values(111, 'joshwa', 'peter', '18-JUL-2020', 'SP_EXE', 36000.00, 0.16, 205, 60);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into empl values(112, 'sam', 'victor', '09-JAN-2020', 'CNTR', 40000.00, 0.14, 207, 80);

1 row created.

SQL> insert into empl values(113, 'harish', 'umesh', '03-DEC2021','S MD',23000.00,0.10,206,70);

1 row created.

SQL> select * from empl;

| EMP_ID COMMISSION | FIRST_NAME | LAST_NAME | HIRE_DATE | JOB_ID | SALARY | |
|----------------------|-------------|---------------|-------------|--------|--------|-----|
| | | | | | | |
| MANAGER_ID | DEPARTMENT_ | _ID | | | | |
| 100 201 | swetha | jenifer 20 | 10-DEC-2021 | M_P | 70000 | .1 |
| 101 203 | chandler | bing 40 | 11-AUG-2021 | HR | 45000 | .19 |
| 102 202 | monica | geller 30 | 24-SEP-2021 | P_EMP | 13000 | .2 |
| EMP_ID COMMISSION | FIRST_NAME | LAST_NAME | HIRE_DATE | JOB_ID | SALARY | |

| MANAGER_ID | DEPARTMENT | _ID | | | | |
|---|---|--|----------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|-----|
| 103 200 | racheal | green 10 | 10-SEP-2020 | A_VP | 25000 | .16 |
| 104 201 | _ | buffay 20 | 11-FEB-2021 | M_VP | 60000 | .3 |
| 105 206 | | geller 70 | 18-MAY-2022 | S_EMP | 10000 | .13 |
| EMP_ID COMMISSION | FIRST_NAME | LAST_NAME | HIRE_DATE | JOB_ID | SALARY | |
| MANAGER_ID | DEPARTMENT_ | _ID | | | | |
| | dinesh | | 17-MAR-2022 | PY_EMP | 12000 | .16 |
| 107 207 | | prasath 80 | 09-OCT-2021 | C_MD | 45000 | .18 |
| 108 206 | yoga | eshwari 70 | 01-SEP-2021 | S_EXE | 35000 | .1 |
| | FIRST_NAME | LAST_NAME | HIRE_DATE | JOB_ID | SALARY | |
| COMMISSION | | | | | | |
| | DEDADEMENT | | | | | |
| | DEPARTMENT | _ID | | | | |
| MANAGER_ID | | | 11-NOV-2021 | A_EXE | 50000 | .11 |
| MANAGER_ID 109 200 | rolex | suriya 10 | 11-NOV-2021 09-JUN-2021 | _ | | .11 |
| MANAGER_ID 109 200 110 202 | rolex | suriya 10 blessy | | P_EXE | 25000 | .1 |
| MANAGER_ID 109 200 110 202 111 205 | rolex newlin joshwa | suriya 10 blessy 30 peter | 09-JUN-2021 | P_EXE SP_EXE | 25000 36000 | .1 |
| MANAGER_ID 109 200 110 202 111 205 EMP_ID COMMISSION | rolex newlin joshwa | suriya 10 blessy 30 peter 60 LAST_NAME | 09-JUN-2021 18-JUL-2020 | P_EXE SP_EXE | 25000 36000 | .1 |
| MANAGER_ID 109 200 110 202 111 205 EMP_ID COMMISSION MANAGER_ID | rolex newlin joshwa FIRST_NAME DEPARTMENT sam | suriya 10 blessy 30 peter 60 LAST_NAME | 09-JUN-2021 18-JUL-2020 | P_EXE SP_EXE JOB_ID | 25000 36000 SALARY | .1 |

¹⁴ rows selected.

^{1.}Write a SQL query to find the first name, last name, department number, and department name for each employee.

SQL> SELECT E.first_name , E.last_name , E.department_id ,
D.department_name FROM empl E JOIN deprt D ON E.department_id =
D.department_id;

| FIRST_NAME | LAST_NAME | DEPARTMENT_ | ID | DEPARTMENT_NAME |
|--|---|-------------|--|---|
| swetha chandler monica racheal phoebe ross dinesh hari yoga rolex newlin | jenifer bing geller green buffay geller kumar prasath eshwari suriya blessy | | 40 30 10 20 70 50 80 70 | marketing humanresource purchasing admininstration marketing sales payroll contracting sales admininstration purchasing |
| | LAST_NAME | | | DEPARTMENT_NAME |
| | | | | |
| joshwa sam harish | peter victor umesh | | 60 80 70 | shipping contracting sales |

- 14 rows selected.
- 2. write a SQL query to find the first name, last name, department, for each employee $\$

SQL> SELECT E.first_name , E.last_name, D.department_name FROM empl E
JOIN deprt D ON E.department id = D.department id;

| FIRST_NAME | LAST_NAME | DEPARTMENT_NAME |
|---|---|--|
| swetha chandler monica racheal phoebe ross dinesh | jenifer bing geller green buffay geller kumar | marketing humanresource purchasing admininstration marketing sales payroll |
| hari yoga rolex newlin FIRST_NAME | prasath eshwari suriya blessy LAST_NAME | contracting sales admininstration purchasing DEPARTMENT_NAME |
| joshwa sam harish | peter victor umesh | shipping contracting sales |

- 14 rows selected.
- 3. write a SQL query to find the first name, last name, salary, and job grade for all employees.
- SQL> create table job_grades(grade_level varchar(1),lowest_sal
 varchar(10),highest varchar(10));

Table created.

```
SQL>
SQL> insert into job_grades values('A',10000.00,12000.00);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into job grades values('B',13000.00,15000.00);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into job grades values('C',20000.00,25000.00);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into job grades values('D',30000.00,39000.00);
1 row created.
SQL> insert into job grades values('E', 40000.00, 70000.00);
1 row created.
SQL> select * from job grades;
G LOWEST_SAL HIGHEST
A 10000 12000
B 13000 15000
C 20000
            25000
D 30000
            39000
            70000
E 40000
```

SQL> SELECT E.first_name, E.last_name, E.salary, J.grade_level FROM empl E JOIN job grades J ON E.salary BETWEEN J.lowest sal AND J.highest;

| FIRST_NAME | LAST_NAME | SALARY | G |
|---|--|---|-----------------------|
| ross dinesh monica racheal newlin harish yoga joshwa swetha chandler phoebe | geller kumar geller green blessy umesh eshwari peter jenifer bing buffay | 10000 12000 13000 25000 25000 23000 35000 36000 70000 45000 60000 | A A B C C C D D E E E |
| FIRST_NAME | LAST_NAME | SALARY | G - |
| hari rolex sam | prasath suriya victor | 45000 50000 40000 | E E E |
| | | | |

¹⁴ rows selected.

^{4.} Write a SQL query to find all those employees who work in department ID 80 or 40. Return first name, last name, department number and department name.

SQL> SELECT E.first_name , E.last_name , E.department_id ,
D.department_name FROM empl E JOIN deprt D ON E.department_id =
D.department id AND E.department id IN (80 , 40) ORDER BY E.last name;

FIRST_NAME LAST_NAME DEPARTMENT_ID DEPARTMENT_NAME

chandler bing 40 humanresource
hari prasath 80 contracting
sam victor 80 contracting

5. Write a SQL query to find those employees whose first name contains the letter 'z'. Return first name, last name, department_name.

SQL> SELECT E.first_name, E.last_name, D.department_name FROM empl E JOIN deprt D ON E.department_id = D.department_id WHERE E.first_name LIKE '%c%';

FIRST_NAME LAST_NAME DEPARTMENT_NAME

racheal green administration
monica geller purchasing
chandler bing humanresource

SQL> SELECT E.first_name,E.last_name,D.department_name FROM empl E JOIN
deprt D ON E.department_id = D.department_id WHERE E.first_name LIKE
'%z%';

no rows selected

6. write a SQL query to find all departments, including those without employees. Return first name, last name, department ID, department name.

SQL> SELECT E.first_name, E.last_name, D.department_id, D.department_name
FROM empl E RIGHT OUTER JOIN deprt D ON E.department_id =
D.department_id;

| FIRST_NAME | LAST_NAME | DEPARTMENT_ID | DEPARTMENT_NAME |
|---|---|----------------------------------|--|
| swetha chandler monica racheal phoebe ross dinesh hari yoga | jenifer bing geller green buffay geller kumar prasath eshwari | 40 30 10 20 70 50 | marketing humanresource purchasing admininstration marketing sales payroll contracting sales |
| rolex | suriya | 10 | admininstration |
| newlin | blessy | 30 | purchasing |

| FIRST_NAME | LAST_NAME | DEPARTMENT_ID | DEPARTMENT_NAME |
|------------|-----------|---------------|-----------------|
| | | | |
| joshwa | peter | 60 | shipping |
| sam | victor | 80 | contracting |
| harish | umesh | 70 | sales |

14 rows selected.

7. write a SQL query to find the employees who earn less than the employee of ID 182. Return first name, last name and salary.

SQL> SELECT E.first_name, E.last_name, E.salary FROM empl E JOIN empl S
ON E.salary < S.salary AND S.emp id = 111;</pre>

| FIRST_NAME | LAST_NAME | SALARY |
|------------|-----------|--------|
| | | |
| monica | geller | 13000 |
| racheal | green | 25000 |
| ross | geller | 10000 |
| dinesh | kumar | 12000 |
| yoga | eshwari | 35000 |
| newlin | blessy | 25000 |
| harish | umesh | 23000 |

7 rows selected.

 $8.\ \mathrm{write}\ \mathrm{a}\ \mathrm{SQL}\ \mathrm{query}\ \mathrm{to}\ \mathrm{find}\ \mathrm{the}\ \mathrm{employees}\ \mathrm{and}\ \mathrm{their}\ \mathrm{managers}.$ These managers do not work under any manager. Return the first name of the employee and manager.

SOL>

SQL> SELECT E.first_name AS "Employee Name" FROM empl E LEFT OUTER JOIN employee M ON E.manager_id = M.emp_id; SELECT E.first_name AS "Employee Name" FROM empl E LEFT OUTER JOIN employee M ON E.manager_id = M.emp_id

ERROR at line 1:

ORA-00942: table or view does not exist

SQL> SELECT E.first_name AS "Employee Name" FROM empl E LEFT OUTER JOIN
empl M ON E.manager id = M.emp id;

Employee N

newlin

monica

phoebe

swetha

dinesh

chandler

rolex

racheal

harish

yoga

ross

Employee N

sam

hari

joshwa

- 14 rows selected.
- 9. write a SQL query to calculate the difference between the maximum salary of the job and the employee's salary. Return job title, employee

name, and salary difference.

SQL> SELECT first_name||''||last_name AS employee_name, salary as
salary difference FROM empl;

EMPLOYEE_NAME SALARY_DIF

| swethajenifer | 70000 |
|---------------|------------|
| chandlerbing | 45000 |
| monicageller | 13000 |
| rachealgreen | 25000 |
| phoebebuffay | 60000 |
| rossgeller | 10000 |
| dineshkumar | 12000 |
| hariprasath | 45000 |
| yogaeshwari | 35000 |
| rolexsuriya | 50000 |
| newlinblessy | 25000 |
| | |
| EMPLOYEE_NAME | SALARY_DIF |
| | |
| joshwapeter | 36000 |
| samvictor | 40000 |
| harishumesh | 23000 |

14 rows selected.

10. write a SQL query to calculate the average salary, the number of employees receiving commissions in that department. Return department name, average salary and number of employees.

SQL> SELECT department_name, AVG(salary), COUNT(commission_pct) FROM deprt JOIN empl USING (department_id) GROUP BY department_name;

| DEPARTMENT_NAME | AVG (SALARY) | COUNT (COMMISSION_PCT) |
|-----------------|--------------|------------------------|
| | | |
| purchasing | 19000 | 2 |
| admininstration | 37500 | 2 |
| payroll | 12000 | 1 |
| sales | 22666.6667 | 3 |
| marketing | 65000 | 2 |
| humanresource | 45000 | 1 |
| contracting | 42500 | 2 |
| shipping | 36000 | 1 |

8 rows selected.

SQL>