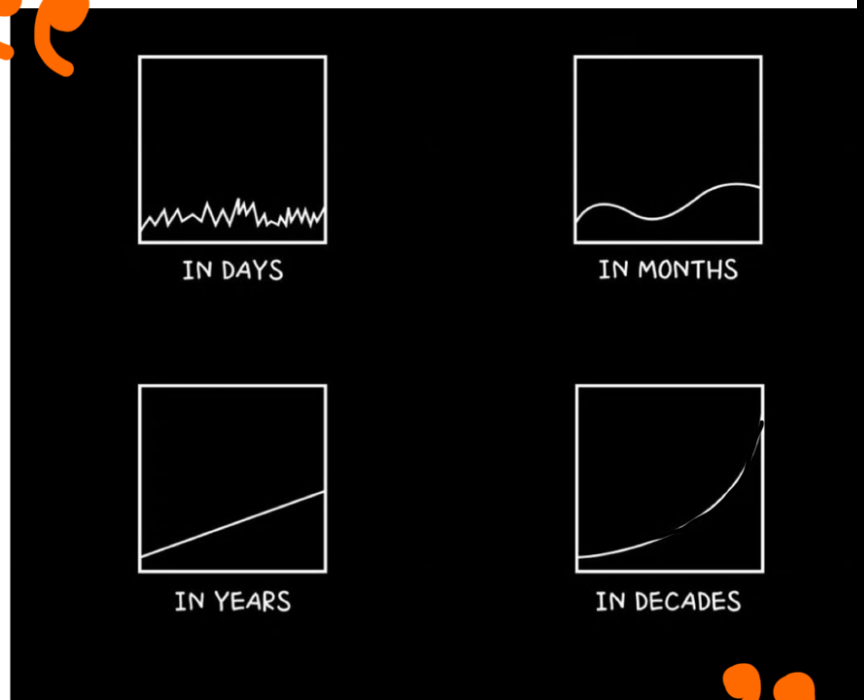


Recursion Concepts & Qns ...

Motivation (भाषण) ...



#codestorywithMIK

Facebook
Instagram } → code story with MIK

(Twitter) → CS with MIK



Company :-

 snapdeal

Power Set

Medium

Accuracy: 43.3%

Submissions: 82K+

Points: 4

Given a string s of length n , find all the possible subsequences of the string s in lexicographically-sorted order.

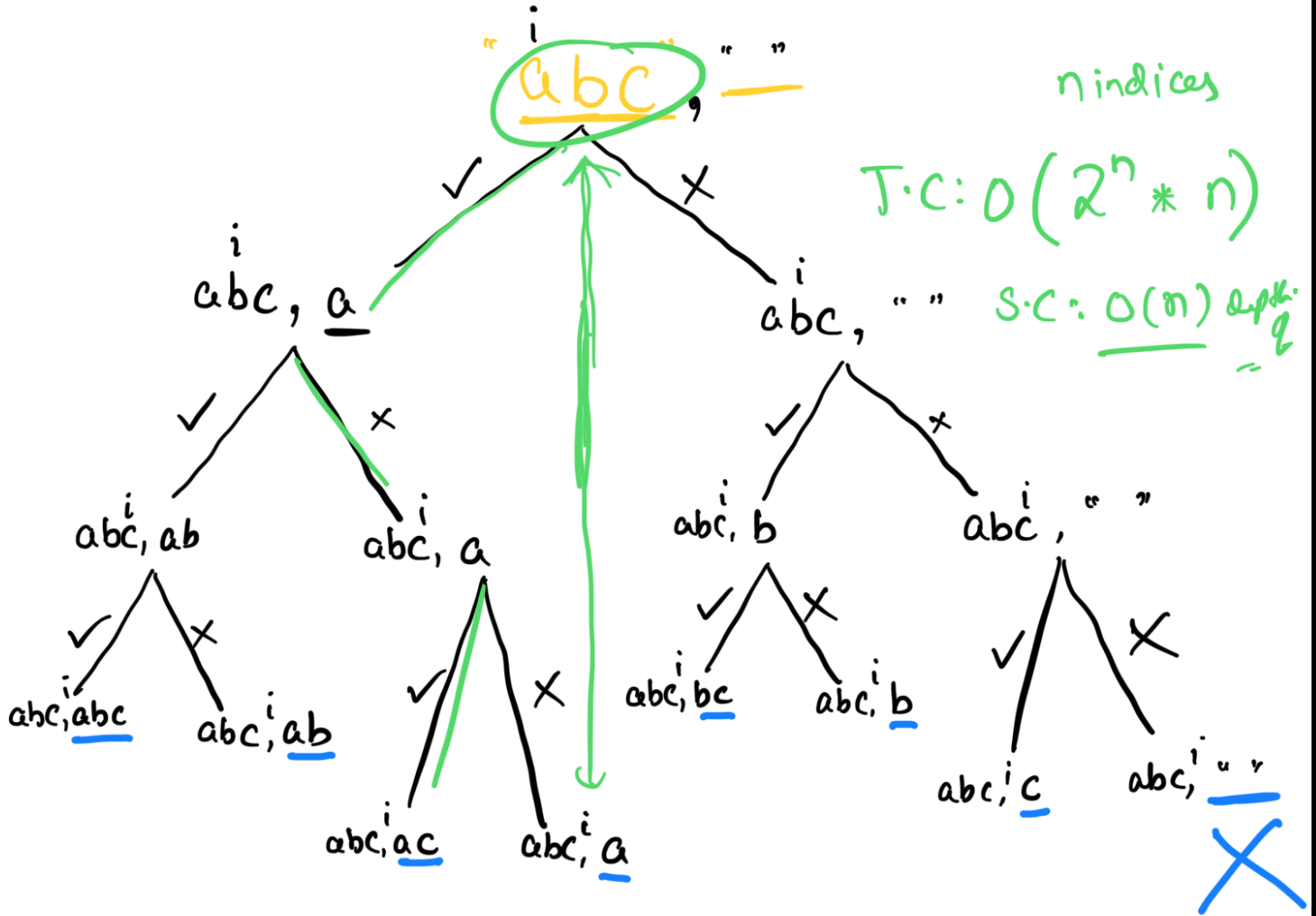
Example :- $S = "abc"$

Output = { "a", "ab", "abc", "ac", "b",
"bc", "c" }

"abc" → { "a", {a}, {b}, {c},
{ab}, {ac}, {bc}, {b} }

Recursion Tree :-

(Same as subsets)



Solve (S, cur, 0);

Solve(s, cur, idx) {

```
if (idx >= s.length()) {  
    if (curr != "") {  
        result.push-back(curr); return;  
    }  
}
```

curr.push-back(s[idx]); ←

solve(s, curr, idx+1);

undo → curr.pop-back();

solve(s, curr, idx+1);

}

sort(result.begin(), result.end());