

#### **Department of Computer Applications**

(An ISO – 9001: 2015 Certified & 'A' Grade accredited Institution by NAAC)

#### **Design and Analysis of Algorithm**

#### RCA 352: Session 2020-21

#### DAA Lab

#### **Experiment-No.2**

**Objective**: Implement the QUICK-SORT algorithm to sort the given list of N numbers and plot graph.

Scheduled Date:	Compiled Date:	Submitted Date:
14-8-2020	18-8-2020	30-8-2020

#### Algorithm:

```
procedure quickSort(left, right)
```

- 1. if right-left less then 0
- 2. return
- 3. else
- 4. pivot = A[right]
- 5. partition = partitionFunc(left, right, pivot)
- 6. quickSort(left,partition-1)
- 7. quickSort(partition+1, right)
- 8. end if

#### end procedure

```
function partitionFunc(left, right, pivot)
```

- 1. leftPointer = left
- 2. rightPointer = right 1
- 3. while True do
- 4. while A[++leftPointer] //pivot do
- 5. //do-nothing
- 6. end while
- 7. while (rightPointer > 0 && A[--rightPointer] > pivot) do
- 8. //do-nothing
- 9. end while
- 10. if (leftPointer >= rightPointer)
- 11. break
- 12. else
- 13. swap (leftPointer, rightPointer)
- 14. end if



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```
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  15. end while
  16. swap (leftPointer, right)
   17. return (leftPointer)
end function
Program:
#include<stdio.h>
#include<conio.h>
#includecess.h>
#include<alloc.h>
int count=0;
int partition(int[10],int,int);
void main()
{
void getdata(int[10],int);
void putdata(int[10],int);
void quick_sort(int[10],int,int);
int i,a[100],n;
clrscr();
printf("Enter the Size of array=\n");
scanf("%d",&n);
getdata(a,n);
printf("\nBefore soring=\n");
putdata(a,n);
quick_sort(a,0,n-1);
printf("\nAfter sorting=\n");
putdata(a,n);
printf("\n For n = %d\n value of count is %d",n,count);
getch();
void getdata(int a[10],int n)
{
int k;
printf("Enter the %d Element for sorting\n",n);
for(k=0;k<n;k++)
scanf("%d",&a[k]);
}
```



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```
void putdata(int a[10], int n)
int k;
for(k=0;k< n;k++)
printf("%d\t",a[k]);
printf("\n");
void quick_sort(int a[],int p,int r)
int q;
if(p < r)
count++;
q=partition(a,p,r);
count++;
quick_sort(a,p,q-1);
count++;
quick_sort(a,q+1,r);
count++;
int partition(int a[],int p, int r)
int x,i,j,temp;
x=a[r];
i=p-1;
count++;
for(j=p;j<=r-1;j++)
{
count++;
if(a[j] < x)
count++;
i=i+1;
count++;
temp=a[i];
count++;
a[i]=a[i];
count++;
a[j]=temp;
```



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```
}
count++;
}
count++;
temp=a[i+1];
count++;
a[i+1]=a[r];
count++;
a[r]=temp;
count++;
return(i+1);
}
```

#### Output

Input Size	Best Case	Average Case	Worst Case
5	96	63	72
10	351	143	251
15	523	404	387
20	650	305	611
25	861	497	766

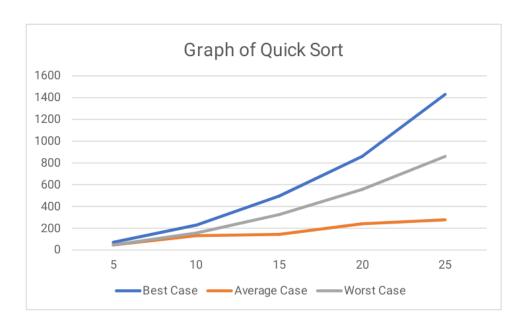


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#### **Graph:**



#### **Conclusion**

Case	Running Time : Growth of	Running Time : Growth of
	Function mathematically	Function after observing graph
Best Case	O(nlogn)	O(nlogn)
Average Case	O(nlogn)	O(nlogn)
Worst Case	$O(n^2)$	$O(n^2)$