

Supplement to: Multiple imputation of missing covariates when using the Fine–Gray model

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S1 Minimal code example

This is the minimal R code companion to section 3.4 of main manuscript. The parameters from the simulation study scenario with $p = 0.15$, random censoring, and correctly specified Fine–Gray were used to generate the example dataset below.

```
# Load libraries
library(data.table)
library(survival)
library(kmi)
library(mice)
library(smcfcs)

# Minimal dataset
head(dat, n = 10)
```

	id	time	D	X	Z
1	1	0.491195	0	1	0.126
2	2	0.028680	2	<NA>	1.266
3	3	0.910797	0	0	-1.571
4	4	0.217566	2	1	-0.500
5	5	0.132420	2	0	0.781
6	6	0.800913	2	0	-0.434
7	7	0.041653	2	<NA>	-0.844
8	8	0.036202	1	<NA>	1.564
9	9	0.046798	0	0	-1.653

```
10 10 0.997413 0 <NA> -1.196
```

```
sapply(dat, class)
```

```
      id      time      D      X      Z  
"integer" "numeric" "factor" "factor" "numeric"
```

```
nrow(dat)
```

```
[1] 2000
```

1. Add columns $\hat{H}_1(T)$ and $\hat{H}_2(T)$ to the original data, which are the marginal cause-specific cumulative hazards for each competing risk evaluated at an individual's event or censoring time (obtained using the Nelson–Aalen estimator).

```
# Add cause-specific event indicators + cumulative hazards  
dat$D1 <- as.numeric(dat$D == 1)  
dat$D2 <- as.numeric(dat$D == 2)  
dat$H1 <- nelsonaalen(data = dat, timevar = "time", statusvar = "D1")  
dat$H2 <- nelsonaalen(data = dat, timevar = "time", statusvar = "D2")
```

2. Multiply impute the potential censoring for those failing from cause 2 using {kmi}, yielding m censoring complete datasets (i.e. with “complete” V). Any completely observed covariates that are known to affect the probability of being censored should be included as predictors in the model for the censoring process. {kmi} imputes based on stratified Kaplan–Meier when Z are categorical, and based on a Cox model when at least one of Z are continuous.

```
# 5 imputed datasets  
M <- 5  
  
# Multiply impute the censoring times  
censimps <- kmi(  
  formula = Surv(time, D != 0) ~ 1, # Additional predictors added here  
  data = dat,  
  etype = D,  
  failcode = 1, # Specify event of interest  
  nimp = M  
)
```

3. In each censoring complete dataset, add an additional column $\hat{\Lambda}_1(V)$. This takes the value of the marginal cumulative subdistribution hazard for cause 1 at an individual's observed or imputed subdistribution time, obtained with the Nelson–Aalen estimator based on $I(D = 1)$ and imputed V .

```
# Preparation for covariate imputation:  
# Create list of censoring complete datasets (with imputed V)  
list_to_impute <- lapply(censimps$imputed.data, function(imp_dat) {  
  
  # Adjust new ordering from kmi (cause 2 individuals appended at bottom)  
  dat_to_impute <- cbind(censimps$original.data, imp_dat)
```


D2	0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
H1	0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
H2	0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
newtimes	0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
newevent	0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Lambda1	0	0 0 0 0	0 0 0 0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

```
# Prepare the methods:
# - Approx methods: model type for X | Z, outcome
methods_approx <- mice::make.method(data = list_to_impute[[1]])

# - SMC methods: proposal model for X | Z (need to use {smcfcs} naming)
methods_smcfcs <- mice::make.method(
  data = list_to_impute[[1]],
  defaultMethod = c("norm", "logreg", "mlogit", "podds")
)
methods_smcfcs
```

id	time	D	X	Z	D1	D2	H1
""	""	""	"logreg"	""	""	""	""
H2	newtimes	newevent	Lambda1				
""	""	""	""				

```
# Impute X in each censoring complete dataset
# (parallelise this loop for speed improvements on larger data)
listimps <- lapply(list_to_impute, function(imp_dat) {

  m <- 1
  iters <- 10

  imps_cs_approx <- mice(
    data = imp_dat,
    m = m,
    maxit = iters,
    method = methods_approx,
    predictorMatrix = predmat_cs_approx
  )

  imps_fg_approx <- mice(
    data = imp_dat,
    m = m,
    maxit = iters,
    method = methods_approx,
    predictorMatrix = predmat_fg_approx
  )

  imps_cs_smc <- smcfcs(
    originaldata = imp_dat,
    smtype = "compet",
```

```

smformula = list(
  "Surv(time, D == 1) ~ X + Z",
  "Surv(time, D == 2) ~ X + Z"
),
method = methods_smcfcfs,
m = m,
numit = iters
)

imps_fg_smc <- smcfcfs(
  originaldata = imp_dat,
  smtype = "coxph",
  smformula = "Surv(newtimes, D1) ~ X + Z",
  method = methods_smcfcfs,
  m = m,
  numit = iters
)

# Bring all the imputed datasets together
imps <- rbind.data.frame(
  cbind(method = "CCA", imp_dat),
  cbind(method = "cs_smc", imps_cs_smc$impDatasets[[1]]),
  cbind(method = "cs_approx", complete(imps_cs_approx, action = 1L)),
  cbind(method = "fg_smc", imps_fg_smc$impDatasets[[1]]),
  cbind(method = "fg_approx", complete(imps_cs_approx, action = 1L))
)
return(imps)
})

```

5. Fit the Fine-Gray substantive model in each imputed dataset (using standard Cox software with $I(D = 1)$ and imputed V as outcome variables), and pool the estimates using Rubin's rules.

```

# Bind everything together
dat_imps <- rbindlist(list_imps, idcol = ".imp")
dat_imps

```

	.imp	method	id	time	D	X	Z	D1	D2	H1	H2
1:	1	CCA	1	0.491195	0	1	0.126	0	0	0.16736459	0.55436927
2:	1	CCA	3	0.910797	0	0	-1.571	0	0	0.25761243	0.83833716
3:	1	CCA	8	0.036202	1	<NA>	1.564	1	0	0.02028935	0.09603222
4:	1	CCA	9	0.046798	0	0	-1.653	0	0	0.02606228	0.10990397
5:	1	CCA	10	0.997413	0	<NA>	-1.196	0	0	0.27549886	0.87116320

49996:	5	fg_approx	1992	0.319702	2	0	-2.670	0	1	0.12370372	0.43826433
49997:	5	fg_approx	1993	0.229071	2	0	-0.243	0	1	0.09740419	0.35023923
49998:	5	fg_approx	1994	1.836303	2	1	-0.366	0	1	0.47538639	1.23075745
49999:	5	fg_approx	1997	0.702380	2	0	0.283	0	1	0.21877205	0.71087168
50000:	5	fg_approx	1999	0.023554	2	1	1.377	0	1	0.01356742	0.06584427

```

      newtimes newevent      Lambda1
1: 0.491195      0 0.12385222
2: 0.910797      0 0.16659793
3: 0.036202      1 0.01932257
4: 0.046798      0 0.02452308
5: 0.997413      0 0.17340532
---
49996: 0.957205      0 0.17116627
49997: 0.453168      0 0.12098105
49998: 2.841599      0 0.25988878
49999: 1.170590      0 0.19454317
50000: 2.997529      0 0.26284736

```

```

# To use the usual workflow: subset one of the methods first
imps_fg_smc <- dat_imps[dat_imps$method == "fg_smc", ]

```

```

# Fit model in each imputed dataset
mods_fg_smc <- lapply(
  X = seq_len(M),
  FUN = function(m) {
    imp_m <- imps_fg_smc[imps_fg_smc$.imp == m, ]
    coxph(Surv(newtimes, D1) ~ X + Z, data = imp_m)
  }
)

```

```

# Pool results
summary(pool(mods_fg_smc))

```

```

      term estimate std.error statistic      df      p.value
1  X1 0.7768682 0.21722362  3.576352   9.883541 5.136286e-03
2   Z 0.4920664 0.06519244  7.547906 105.385333 1.659276e-11

```

```

# Alternative:
# Use (nested) {data.table} workflow to pool all methods simultaneously!
dat_mods <- dat_imps[, .(
  mod = list(coxph(Surv(newtimes, D1) ~ X + Z, data = .SD))
), by = c("method", ".imp")]
dat_mods

```

```

      method .imp      mod
1:      CCA      1 <coxph[22]>
2:   cs_smc      1 <coxph[21]>
3: cs_approx      1 <coxph[21]>
4:   fg_smc      1 <coxph[21]>
5: fg_approx      1 <coxph[21]>
6:      CCA      2 <coxph[22]>
7:   cs_smc      2 <coxph[21]>
8: cs_approx      2 <coxph[21]>
9:   fg_smc      2 <coxph[21]>
10: fg_approx      2 <coxph[21]>

```

```

11:      CCA      3 <coxph[22]>
12:   cs_smc      3 <coxph[21]>
13: cs_approx      3 <coxph[21]>
14:   fg_smc      3 <coxph[21]>
15: fg_approx      3 <coxph[21]>
16:      CCA      4 <coxph[22]>
17:   cs_smc      4 <coxph[21]>
18: cs_approx      4 <coxph[21]>
19:   fg_smc      4 <coxph[21]>
20: fg_approx      4 <coxph[21]>
21:      CCA      5 <coxph[22]>
22:   cs_smc      5 <coxph[21]>
23: cs_approx      5 <coxph[21]>
24:   fg_smc      5 <coxph[21]>
25: fg_approx      5 <coxph[21]>
      method .imp      mod

```

```
dat_mods[, summary(pool(as.list(mod))), by = "method"]
```

	method	term	estimate	std.error	statistic	df	p.value
1:	CCA	X1	0.7781281	0.17916465	4.343089	152.067624	2.554742e-05
2:	CCA	Z	0.4003856	0.10186017	3.930737	145.744472	1.304356e-04
3:	cs_smc	X1	0.6980657	0.18538543	3.765483	14.973349	1.875994e-03
4:	cs_smc	Z	0.5079436	0.06538007	7.769090	93.531830	9.965454e-12
5:	cs_approx	X1	0.6092265	0.19461615	3.130400	12.205414	8.525728e-03
6:	cs_approx	Z	0.5225790	0.06779656	7.708046	58.618467	1.775328e-10
7:	fg_smc	X1	0.7768682	0.21722362	3.576352	9.883541	5.136286e-03
8:	fg_smc	Z	0.4920664	0.06519244	7.547906	105.385333	1.659276e-11
9:	fg_approx	X1	0.6092265	0.19461615	3.130400	12.205414	8.525728e-03
10:	fg_approx	Z	0.5225790	0.06779656	7.708046	58.618467	1.775328e-10

S2 Applied data example

S2.1 Data dictionary

Table 1: Data dictionary. CMV: cytomegalovirus; HLA: human leukocyte antigen; HCT-CI: Hematopoietic stem cell transplantation-comorbidity index; MF: myelofibrosis.

Characteristic	N = 3,982
Patient age (years)	58 (52, 64)
Patient/donor CMV match	
Patient negative/Donor negative	1,142 (30%)
Other	2,715 (70%)
(Missing)	125
Donor type	
HLA identical sibling	1,183 (30%)
Other	2,795 (70%)
(Missing)	4
Hemoglobin (g/dL)	9.10 (8.10, 10.40)
(Missing)	1,873
HCT-CI risk category	
Low risk (0)	1,674 (54%)
Intermediate risk (1 – 2)	743 (24%)
High risk (≥ 3)	674 (22%)
(Missing)	891
Interval diagnosis-transplantation (years)	3 (1, 9)
Karnofsky performance score	
≥ 90	2,475 (66%)
80	986 (26%)
≤ 70	267 (7.2%)
(Missing)	254
Patient sex	
Female	1,484 (37%)
Male	2,498 (63%)
Peripheral blood (PB) blasts (%)	1.0 (0.0, 3.0)
(Missing)	2,323
Conditioning	
Standard	1,373 (35%)
Reduced	2,553 (65%)
(Missing)	56
Ruxolitinib given	
No	1,832 (66%)
Yes	931 (34%)
(Missing)	1,219
Disease subclassification	
Primary MF	2,912 (73%)
Secondary MF	1,070 (27%)
Night sweats	
No	1,256 (70%)

Yes	529 (30%)
(Missing)	2,197
T-cell depletion (in- or ev-vivo)	
No	1,012 (26%)
Yes	2,905 (74%)
(Missing)	65
Cytogenetics	
Normal	1,318 (59%)
Abnormal	910 (41%)
(Missing)	1,754
White blood cell count (WBC, x10 ⁹ /L)	7 (4, 14)
(Missing)	1,884
>10% Weight loss prior to transplantation	
No	1,329 (73%)
Yes	492 (27%)
(Missing)	2,161
Year of transplantation	2,015.0 (2,012.0, 2,018.0)

¹ Median (IQR); n (%)

S2.2 Non-parametric cumulative incidence curves

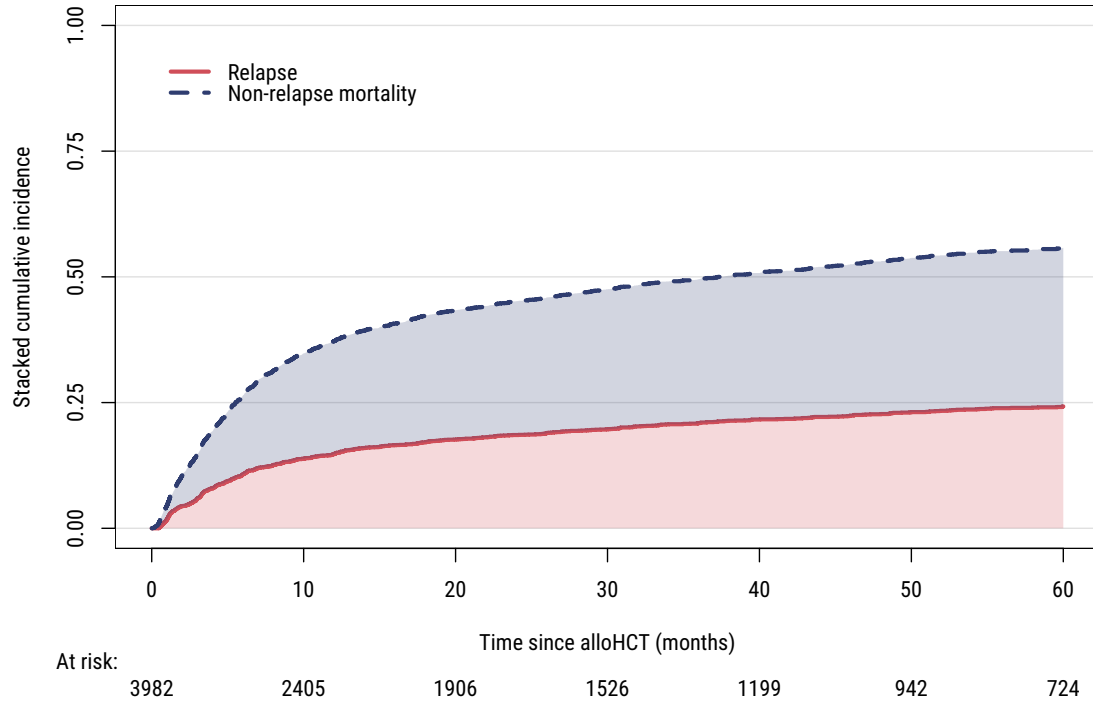


Figure 1: Stacked non-parametric cumulative incidence curves for competing relapse and non-relapse mortality, in dataset of 3982 primary and secondary myelofibrosis patients.

S2.3 Pooled regression coefficients

Table 2: Pooled log hazard ratios [log HR, 95% confidence interval] for Fine–Gray model for relapse, cause-specific Cox model relapse, and cause-specific Cox model for non-relapse mortality (NRM).

Term + method	Relapse subdist. log HR	Relapse cause-spec. log HR	NRM cause-spec. log HR
Conditioning: reduced			
CCA	0.02 [-0.33, 0.36]	0.01 [-0.33, 0.35]	0 [-0.29, 0.28]
CS-SMC	0.13 [-0.02, 0.28]	0.1 [-0.05, 0.25]	-0.05 [-0.18, 0.07]
CS-Approx	0.13 [-0.02, 0.28]	0.1 [-0.05, 0.25]	-0.05 [-0.18, 0.07]
FG-SMC	0.13 [-0.02, 0.28]	0.1 [-0.05, 0.25]	-0.06 [-0.18, 0.07]
FG-Approx	0.13 [-0.03, 0.28]	0.1 [-0.06, 0.25]	-0.05 [-0.18, 0.07]
CMV match: other			
CCA	0.04 [-0.31, 0.4]	0.05 [-0.3, 0.41]	0.09 [-0.19, 0.37]
CS-SMC	-0.1 [-0.26, 0.05]	-0.05 [-0.2, 0.11]	0.22 [0.08, 0.36]
CS-Approx	-0.1 [-0.26, 0.05]	-0.05 [-0.2, 0.11]	0.22 [0.08, 0.36]
FG-SMC	-0.1 [-0.26, 0.05]	-0.04 [-0.2, 0.11]	0.22 [0.08, 0.36]
FG-Approx	-0.11 [-0.26, 0.05]	-0.05 [-0.2, 0.11]	0.22 [0.08, 0.35]

(continued ...)

Table 2: (continued)

Term + method	Relapse subdist. log HR	Relapse cause-spec. log HR	NRM cause-spec. log HR
Cytogenetics: abnormal			
CCA	0.36 [0.04, 0.68]	0.37 [0.05, 0.68]	-0.08 [-0.35, 0.19]
CS-SMC	0.35 [0.15, 0.54]	0.35 [0.16, 0.54]	-0.07 [-0.23, 0.1]
CS-Approx	0.36 [0.17, 0.55]	0.35 [0.16, 0.54]	-0.08 [-0.25, 0.08]
FG-SMC	0.36 [0.17, 0.55]	0.36 [0.17, 0.54]	-0.06 [-0.21, 0.08]
FG-Approx	0.34 [0.17, 0.52]	0.34 [0.17, 0.51]	-0.07 [-0.22, 0.08]
Donor relation: other			
CCA	0.12 [-0.28, 0.52]	0.2 [-0.2, 0.6]	0.53 [0.18, 0.88]
CS-SMC	-0.26 [-0.41, -0.1]	-0.19 [-0.34, -0.03]	0.35 [0.21, 0.5]
CS-Approx	-0.25 [-0.41, -0.1]	-0.18 [-0.34, -0.02]	0.36 [0.21, 0.5]
FG-SMC	-0.26 [-0.41, -0.1]	-0.19 [-0.34, -0.03]	0.35 [0.2, 0.49]
FG-Approx	-0.26 [-0.41, -0.1]	-0.19 [-0.34, -0.03]	0.35 [0.2, 0.49]
Hemoglobin (per 5 g/dL)			
CCA	-0.38 [-0.85, 0.09]	-0.39 [-0.85, 0.08]	-0.12 [-0.49, 0.25]
CS-SMC	-0.24 [-0.51, 0.03]	-0.3 [-0.58, -0.03]	-0.19 [-0.42, 0.04]
CS-Approx	-0.25 [-0.53, 0.02]	-0.32 [-0.59, -0.06]	-0.19 [-0.41, 0.02]
FG-SMC	-0.25 [-0.51, 0.02]	-0.29 [-0.56, -0.02]	-0.08 [-0.28, 0.11]
FG-Approx	-0.23 [-0.5, 0.04]	-0.27 [-0.54, 0]	-0.09 [-0.29, 0.11]
HCT-CI (1 – 2)			
CCA	-0.15 [-0.53, 0.22]	-0.04 [-0.42, 0.33]	0.38 [0.08, 0.69]
CS-SMC	-0.22 [-0.42, -0.01]	-0.17 [-0.37, 0.03]	0.15 [-0.02, 0.31]
CS-Approx	-0.19 [-0.38, 0.01]	-0.14 [-0.34, 0.06]	0.15 [-0.01, 0.31]
FG-SMC	-0.22 [-0.42, -0.01]	-0.18 [-0.38, 0.02]	0.12 [-0.04, 0.28]
FG-Approx	-0.19 [-0.38, 0.01]	-0.15 [-0.35, 0.04]	0.11 [-0.05, 0.27]
HCT-CI (≥ 3)			
CCA	-0.27 [-0.7, 0.16]	-0.19 [-0.62, 0.23]	0.4 [0.07, 0.73]
CS-SMC	-0.07 [-0.28, 0.14]	-0.01 [-0.21, 0.2]	0.27 [0.1, 0.44]
CS-Approx	-0.08 [-0.28, 0.13]	-0.02 [-0.22, 0.18]	0.26 [0.1, 0.43]
FG-SMC	-0.06 [-0.27, 0.14]	-0.02 [-0.22, 0.19]	0.21 [0.05, 0.37]
FG-Approx	-0.08 [-0.28, 0.11]	-0.04 [-0.23, 0.16]	0.21 [0.05, 0.38]
Interval diagnosis to alloHCT (decades)			
CCA	0.01 [-0.24, 0.26]	0 [-0.25, 0.26]	-0.03 [-0.25, 0.19]
CS-SMC	-0.02 [-0.14, 0.09]	-0.02 [-0.14, 0.1]	0.05 [-0.05, 0.15]
CS-Approx	-0.03 [-0.14, 0.09]	-0.02 [-0.14, 0.1]	0.05 [-0.05, 0.15]
FG-SMC	-0.02 [-0.14, 0.09]	-0.02 [-0.13, 0.1]	0.05 [-0.05, 0.15]
FG-Approx	-0.02 [-0.14, 0.09]	-0.02 [-0.14, 0.1]	0.05 [-0.05, 0.15]
Karnofsky (80)			
CCA	-0.09 [-0.48, 0.31]	-0.08 [-0.48, 0.31]	0.04 [-0.27, 0.34]
CS-SMC	0.07 [-0.1, 0.24]	0.12 [-0.05, 0.28]	0.17 [0.03, 0.31]
CS-Approx	0.06 [-0.1, 0.23]	0.1 [-0.06, 0.27]	0.15 [0.01, 0.29]
FG-SMC	0.07 [-0.09, 0.24]	0.12 [-0.05, 0.29]	0.17 [0.03, 0.31]
FG-Approx	0.07 [-0.1, 0.24]	0.12 [-0.06, 0.29]	0.17 [0.03, 0.31]
Karnofsky (≤ 70)			
CCA	0.63 [0.15, 1.11]	0.79 [0.3, 1.28]	0.33 [-0.13, 0.79]
CS-SMC	0.44 [0.19, 0.69]	0.55 [0.3, 0.81]	0.31 [0.08, 0.53]
CS-Approx	0.42 [0.17, 0.67]	0.51 [0.26, 0.76]	0.26 [0.04, 0.49]
FG-SMC	0.44 [0.19, 0.7]	0.55 [0.29, 0.81]	0.32 [0.09, 0.54]
FG-Approx	0.43 [0.17, 0.68]	0.53 [0.28, 0.78]	0.31 [0.08, 0.53]
Disease subclassification: secondary MF			
CCA	-0.05 [-0.45, 0.35]	-0.02 [-0.42, 0.38]	0.07 [-0.27, 0.41]
CS-SMC	0.01 [-0.17, 0.19]	0.01 [-0.17, 0.19]	0 [-0.16, 0.15]
CS-Approx	0 [-0.18, 0.18]	0 [-0.18, 0.19]	0 [-0.16, 0.15]
FG-SMC	0 [-0.18, 0.18]	0 [-0.18, 0.18]	-0.01 [-0.16, 0.15]
FG-Approx	0 [-0.18, 0.18]	0 [-0.18, 0.18]	-0.01 [-0.16, 0.15]
Night sweats: yes			
CCA	-0.33 [-0.7, 0.04]	-0.4 [-0.77, -0.02]	-0.02 [-0.32, 0.27]

(continued ...)

Table 2: (continued)

Term + method	Relapse subdist. log HR	Relapse cause-spec. log HR	NRM cause-spec. log HR
CS-SMC	-0.18 [-0.41, 0.05]	-0.2 [-0.44, 0.03]	-0.02 [-0.23, 0.19]
CS-Approx	-0.12 [-0.36, 0.13]	-0.14 [-0.38, 0.1]	0.03 [-0.19, 0.24]
FG-SMC	-0.17 [-0.4, 0.07]	-0.18 [-0.41, 0.05]	0.01 [-0.16, 0.19]
FG-Approx	-0.16 [-0.4, 0.07]	-0.18 [-0.42, 0.05]	0 [-0.17, 0.18]
Patient age (decades)			
CCA	0.1 [-0.09, 0.28]	0.13 [-0.06, 0.32]	0.13 [-0.02, 0.28]
CS-SMC	-0.03 [-0.12, 0.05]	0.01 [-0.08, 0.09]	0.21 [0.14, 0.29]
CS-Approx	-0.03 [-0.12, 0.05]	0.01 [-0.08, 0.09]	0.21 [0.14, 0.29]
FG-SMC	-0.04 [-0.12, 0.05]	0.01 [-0.08, 0.09]	0.22 [0.15, 0.3]
FG-Approx	-0.03 [-0.12, 0.05]	0.01 [-0.08, 0.09]	0.22 [0.15, 0.3]
Patient sex: male			
CCA	-0.24 [-0.56, 0.09]	-0.18 [-0.51, 0.15]	0.39 [0.11, 0.68]
CS-SMC	-0.1 [-0.24, 0.05]	-0.06 [-0.21, 0.09]	0.18 [0.05, 0.31]
CS-Approx	-0.1 [-0.24, 0.05]	-0.06 [-0.21, 0.09]	0.18 [0.05, 0.31]
FG-SMC	-0.09 [-0.24, 0.05]	-0.06 [-0.2, 0.09]	0.18 [0.05, 0.31]
FG-Approx	-0.1 [-0.24, 0.05]	-0.06 [-0.21, 0.08]	0.18 [0.05, 0.31]
PB Blasts (per 5%)			
CCA	0.16 [-0.04, 0.36]	0.17 [-0.02, 0.37]	0 [-0.18, 0.18]
CS-SMC	0.18 [0.05, 0.31]	0.18 [0.05, 0.31]	0.01 [-0.12, 0.13]
CS-Approx	0.19 [0.07, 0.31]	0.19 [0.07, 0.32]	0.01 [-0.12, 0.13]
FG-SMC	0.17 [0.04, 0.3]	0.17 [0.05, 0.3]	-0.01 [-0.12, 0.1]
FG-Approx	0.18 [0.05, 0.32]	0.18 [0.05, 0.31]	-0.02 [-0.12, 0.09]
Ruxolitinib given: yes			
CCA	0.08 [-0.26, 0.43]	0.08 [-0.26, 0.43]	-0.05 [-0.33, 0.23]
CS-SMC	-0.02 [-0.2, 0.17]	-0.03 [-0.22, 0.16]	-0.06 [-0.21, 0.1]
CS-Approx	0.01 [-0.19, 0.2]	-0.01 [-0.2, 0.18]	-0.05 [-0.21, 0.11]
FG-SMC	-0.02 [-0.21, 0.17]	-0.03 [-0.22, 0.16]	-0.04 [-0.19, 0.11]
FG-Approx	0 [-0.19, 0.18]	-0.01 [-0.2, 0.17]	-0.04 [-0.19, 0.11]
T-cell depletion: yes			
CCA	0.2 [-0.21, 0.62]	0.16 [-0.25, 0.58]	-0.23 [-0.54, 0.08]
CS-SMC	0.3 [0.13, 0.48]	0.26 [0.09, 0.44]	-0.18 [-0.32, -0.04]
CS-Approx	0.3 [0.12, 0.48]	0.26 [0.08, 0.43]	-0.19 [-0.33, -0.05]
FG-SMC	0.31 [0.13, 0.48]	0.26 [0.09, 0.44]	-0.18 [-0.31, -0.04]
FG-Approx	0.31 [0.13, 0.48]	0.26 [0.09, 0.44]	-0.18 [-0.32, -0.04]
WBC count (log)			
CCA	0.17 [0.02, 0.33]	0.17 [0.01, 0.33]	0.02 [-0.12, 0.15]
CS-SMC	0.17 [0.09, 0.26]	0.18 [0.09, 0.27]	0 [-0.07, 0.07]
CS-Approx	0.17 [0.08, 0.26]	0.17 [0.09, 0.26]	0 [-0.08, 0.07]
FG-SMC	0.17 [0.09, 0.26]	0.18 [0.09, 0.26]	-0.01 [-0.07, 0.05]
FG-Approx	0.17 [0.1, 0.25]	0.18 [0.1, 0.26]	-0.01 [-0.08, 0.05]
Weight loss: yes			
CCA	0 [-0.37, 0.38]	0.05 [-0.33, 0.43]	0.17 [-0.13, 0.48]
CS-SMC	0.23 [-0.03, 0.49]	0.27 [0.01, 0.53]	0.16 [-0.05, 0.36]
CS-Approx	0.24 [0, 0.47]	0.28 [0.04, 0.51]	0.16 [-0.05, 0.36]
FG-SMC	0.23 [-0.01, 0.47]	0.24 [0.01, 0.48]	0.06 [-0.12, 0.24]
FG-Approx	0.24 [0, 0.48]	0.26 [0.02, 0.49]	0.06 [-0.14, 0.26]
Year of alloHCT (decades)			
CCA	-0.36 [-0.99, 0.26]	-0.41 [-1.04, 0.23]	-0.15 [-0.67, 0.37]
CS-SMC	-0.08 [-0.34, 0.18]	-0.11 [-0.37, 0.15]	-0.24 [-0.46, -0.02]
CS-Approx	-0.09 [-0.35, 0.17]	-0.12 [-0.38, 0.14]	-0.24 [-0.46, -0.02]
FG-SMC	-0.08 [-0.34, 0.17]	-0.12 [-0.37, 0.14]	-0.24 [-0.46, -0.03]
FG-Approx	-0.08 [-0.34, 0.17]	-0.11 [-0.37, 0.14]	-0.24 [-0.46, -0.03]