

LAB ASSIGNMENT-1

Q1: Write a java program that can take a positive integer greater than 2 as input and write out the number of times one must repeatedly divide this number by 2 before getting a value less than 2.

Ans. import java.util.*;

public class Q1

{

~~public static void main (String[] args)~~

{

Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);

System.out.print("Enter positive integer greater than 2: ");

int n = sc.nextInt();

int count = 0;

int x = n;

while (n > 2)

{

n /= 2;

count ++;

}

System.out.println("The no. of time the no. " +
x + " repeatedly divide by 2 is : " + count);

sc.close();

}

}

Output :

Enter positive integer greater than 2: 67
The number of times one must repeatedly divide
by 2 is 6.

Question 2: The body mass Index (BMI) is commonly used by health and nutrition professionals to estimate human body fat in populations. It is computed by taking the individual's weight (mass) in kilograms and dividing it by the square of height in metres. i.e. $BMI = \text{Weight (kg)} / \text{Height}^2 (\text{m}^2)$. Write a Java program by using conditional statement to show the category for a given BMI.

<u>Category</u>	<u>BMI</u>
Less than 18.5	Underweight
18.5 to 24.9	Normal weight
25.0 to 29.9	Overweight
30.0 to more	Obese.

Ans. import java.util.*;

public class Q2

```
{  
    public static void main (String[] args)  
    {  
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);  
        System.out.print ("Enter the weight (in kg): ");  
        double weight = sc.nextInt();  
        System.out.print ("Enter the Height (in m): ");  
        double height = sc.nextInt();  
        double bmi = weight / (Math.pow(h, 2));  
        if (bmi < 18.5)  
            System.out.println ("Underweight");  
        else if (bmi >= 18.5 && bmi < 24.9)  
            System.out.println ("Normal weight");  
    }  
}
```

```
else if (bmi >= 25.0 && bmi < 29.9)
    System.out.println("Overweight");
else
    System.out.println("Obese");
sc.close();
}
```

Output :

Enter the weight in kg: 96
Enter the height in m: 1.4.
Obese

Question 3: WAP to check whether a no. is a spy number or not.

For ex: let a no. be 132.

$$1 + 3 + 2 = 6$$

$$1 * 3 * 2 = 6$$

Ans. `import java.util.*;`
`public class Q3`

```
{  
    public static void main (String[] args)  
    {
```

```
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);  
        System.out.print ("Enter a number:");
```

```
        int n = sc.nextInt();
```

```
        int s = 0, p = 1, x = n;
```

```
        while (n > 0)
```

```
        {
```

```
            int r = n % 10;
```

```
            sum += r;
```

```
            p *= r;
```

```
            n /= 10;
```

```
        }
```

```
        if (s == p)
```

```
            System.out.println (x + " is a spy number");
```

```
        else
```

```
            System.out.println (x + " is not a spy number");
```

```
    }
```

```
}
```

Output: Enter a number: 132
132 is a spy number.

Q4: WAP that outputs all possible strings formed by using the characters 'c', 'a', 'r', 'b', 'o', 'n' exactly once.

Ans. public class Q4

```
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        String s = "carbon";
        for (int i=0; i<6; i++)
        {
            for (int j=0; j<6; j++)
            {
                for (int k=0; k<6; k++)
                {
                    for (int l=0; l<6; l++)
                    {
                        for (int m=0; m<6; m++)
                        {
                            for (int n=0; n<6; n++)
                            {
                                if (i!=j && i!=k && i!=l && i!=m && i!=n
                                    && j!=k && j!=l && j!=m && j!=n
                                    && k!=l && k!=m && k!=n
                                    && l!=m && l!=n
                                    && m!=n)
                                    System.out.println(s.charAt(i)+" "
                                        + s.charAt(j)+" "+s.charAt(k)+" "+s.charAt(l)
                                        + " "+s.charAt(m)+" "+s.charAt(n));
                            }
                        }
                    }
                }
            }
        }
    }
}
```

Output :

carbon
carbno
carobn
caronb
carnbo
carnob

(720 times)

Questions: Write a java method to calculate the sum of digits of a given number until the no. is a single digit. The method signature is as follows.

public static int sum-of-Digits(int n).

ex. $9294 = 9+2+9+4 = 24$
 $24 = 2+4 = 6 \checkmark$

Ans. import java.util.*;

public class QS

{

public static void main (String[] args)

{

Scanner sc=new Scanner (System.in);

System.out.print ("Enter a number:");

int n=sc.nextInt();

System.out.println ("Sum of the digits of "+n+" until the no. is a single digit is "+sum-of-

Digits(n));

sc.close();

}

public static int sum-of-Digits(int n)

{

int sum=0;

while (n>0)

{

int r=n%10;

sum+=r;

n/=10;

}

if (sum>=10)

{


```
        return sum-of-Digits (sum);  
    }  
    else  
    {  
        return (sum);  
    }  
}  
}
```

Output :

Enter a number = 9294
Sum of digits of 9294 until the number is
a single digit is 6.

Question 6: Write a java method, `isOdd()` that takes an integer `i` and returns true if and only if `i` is odd. You method can't use the multiplication, modulus or division operators. The method signature is as follows:
`public static boolean isOdd(int n)`.

Ans.

```
import java.util.*;  
public class Q6  
{  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);  
        System.out.print("Enter a number:");  
        int n = sc.nextInt();  
        System.out.println(n + " is odd: " + isOdd(n));  
        sc.close();  
    }  
    public static boolean (int n)  
    {  
        int x = n & 1;  
        if (x == 1)  
        {  
            return true;  
        }  
        else  
        {  
            return false;  
        }  
    }  
}
```

Output: Enter a number: 37
37 is odd: true

Question 7: Write a java program to find maximum and minimum and how many times they both occur in an array of n elements. Find out the positions where the maximum first occurs and minimum last occurs.

Ans:-

```
import java.util.*;
public class Q7
{
    public static void main (String[] args)
    {
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);
        System.out.print ("Enter no. of elements of
        Array: ");
        int a[] = new int [n];
        System.out.println ("Enter elements of array:");
        for (int i=0; i < a.length; i++)
        {
            a[i] = sc.nextInt();
        }
        int min = a[0];
        int max = a[0];
        for (int i=1; i < a.length; i++)
        {
            if (a[i] > max)
                max = a[i];
            if (a[i] < min)
                min = a[i];
        }
    }
}
```

```
System.out.println("Maximum element of  
Array is " + max + " and it has occurred " +  
count(a, max) + "times");
```

```
System.out.println("Minimum element of  
Array is " + min + " and occurs " + count(a, min)  
+ "times");
```

```
System.out.println("First occurrence of  
maximum element is at position " + indmax(a, max));
```

```
System.out.println("Last occurrence of  
minimum element is at position " + indmin(a, min));  
sc.close();
```

```
}
```

```
public static int count(int a[], int x)
```

```
{
```

```
    int count = 0;
```

```
    for (int i = 0; i < a.length; i++)
```

```
    {
```

```
        if (a[i] == maxx)
```

```
        {
```

```
            count++;
```

```
        }
```

```
    }
```

```
    return count;
```

```
}
```

```
public static int indmin(int a[], int min)
```

```
{
```

```
    int minc = 0;
```



```
for (int i=0; i<a.length; i++)  
{  
    if (min == a[i])  
    {  
        minc = i;  
    }  
}  
return (minc + 1);  
}  
public static indmax (int a[], int max)  
{  
    int maxc = 0;  
    for (int i=a.length-1; i>=0; i--)  
    {  
        maxc  
        if (max == a[i])  
        {  
            maxc = i;  
        }  
    }  
    return (maxc + 1);  
}  
}
```

Output:

Enter number of elements of Array: 5

Enter elements of array: 12 14 12 14 13.

Maximum element of Array is: 14 and occurs ~~1~~² times.

Minimum element of Array is 12 and occurs 2 times.

First occurrence of Maximum element is at position 2.

Last occurrence of minimum element is at position 3.

Question 8: Write a Java program to print $m \times n$ array in tabular format. And display sum of the elements of the array.

Ans:

```
import java.util.*;  
public class Q8  
{  
    public static void main(String[] args)  
    {  
        Scanner sc = new Scanner(System.in);  
        System.out.println("Enter no. of row:");  
        int r = sc.nextInt();  
        System.out.println("Enter no. of column:");  
        int c = sc.nextInt();  
        int a[][] = new int[r][c];  
        int sum = 0;  
        System.out.println("Enter elements of 2D  
array:");  
        for (int i = 0; i < r; i++)  
        {  
            for (int j = 0; j < c; j++)  
            {  
                int[i]  
                a[i][j] = sc.nextInt();  
            }  
        }  
        System.out.println("Array is:");  
        for (int i = 0; i < a.length; i++)
```

```
{  
    for (int j=0; j<a[i].length; j++)  
    {  
        System.out.print(a[i][j] + " ");  
    }  
    System.out.println();  
}  
for (int i=0; i<a.length  
int sum=0;  
for (int i=0; i<a.length; i++)  
{  
    for (int j=0; j<a.length; j++)  
    {  
        sum += a[i][j];  
    }  
}  
System.out.println("The sum of elements  
of 2D Array is: " + sum);  
sc.close();  
}  
}
```

Output:

Enter no. of row: 3
Enter no. of column: 3
Enter elements of 2-D array: 1 2 3 2 3 4 3 4 5
Array is:
1 2 3
2 3 4
3 4 5
The sum of elements of 2D Array is 27.

Question 9: Write a method that sums all numbers in the major diagonal in a $n \times n$ matrix of double values using following ~~ordene~~ header:
`public static double sumMajorDiagonal(double[][] m)`
Write a program that reads 4-by-4 matrix and displays the sum of all its elements on the major diagonal.

Ans.

```
import java.util.*;  
public class Q9  
{  
    public static void main (String[] args)  
    {  
        Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);  
        double a[][] = new double[4][4];  
        System.out.println ("Enter 4x4 matrix:");  
        for (int i=0; i<4; i++)  
        {  
            for (int j=0; j<4; j++)  
            {  
                a[i][j] = sc.nextDouble();  
            }  
        }  
        System.out.println ("Sum of elements in the  
major diagonal is " + sumMajorDiagonal(a));  
        sc.close();  
    }  
}
```



```
public static double sumMajorDiagonal(double m[][])  
{  
    double sum = 0;  
    for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)  
    {  
        for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++)  
        {  
            if (i == j)  
            {  
                sum += a[i][j];  
            }  
        }  
    }  
    return sum;  
}
```

Output:

Enter 4x4 matrix:

1	2	3	4.0
5	6.5	7	8
9	10	11	12
13	14	15	16

Sum of elements in the major diagonal is 34.5.

Question 10: Write a method that returns the sum of all elements in a specified column in a matrix using the following header:
`public static double sumColumn(double[][] m;
int columnIndex).`

Write a java program that reads 3x4 matrix and display the sum of each column.

Ans.

```
import java.util.*;  
public class Q10
```

```
{  
    public static void main (String[] args)
```

```
{  
    Scanner sc = new Scanner (System.in);  
    double a[][] = new double [3][4];  
    System.out.println ("Enter a 3x4 matrix:");  
    for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)  
    {  
        for (int j = 0; j < 4; j++)  
        {  
            a[i][j] = sc.nextDouble();  
        }  
    }
```

```
    System.out.println ("Sum of elements at  
column " + k + " is " + sumColumn(a, k));  
}
```

```
for (int k=0; k<4; k++)
```

```
{  
    System.out.println("Sum of elements of  
    column "+(k+1) + " is " + sumColumn(a, k));  
}  
sc.close();
```

```
}  
public static double sumColumn(double a[][],  
                                int columnIndex)
```

```
{  
    double sum=0;  
    for (int i=0; i<4; i++)  
    {  
        for (int j=0; j<4; j++)  
        {  
            if (j==columnIndex)  
            {  
                sum += a[i][j];  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

```
    return sum;
```

```
}
```

```
}
```

Output

Enter a 3-by-4 matrix

1.5 2 3 4

5.5 6 7 8

9.5 1 3 1

Sum of the elements at column 1 is 16.5
Sum of the elements at column 2 is 9.0
Sum of the elements at column 3 is 13.0
Sum of the elements at column 4 is 13.0

~~20.3.24.~~